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Historical Abstracts

1775-1945

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF THE WORLD'S PERIODICAL LITERATURE
BIBLIOGRAPHIE DES PUBLICATIONS PERIODIQUES MONDIALES
BIBLIOGRAPHIE DER ZEITSCHRIFTENLITERATUR DER WELT
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БИБЛИОГРАФИЯ МИРОВОЙ ПЕРИОДИЧЕСКОЙ ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ

世界各國期刊目錄

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TO THE MEMORY OF

Evelyn Ellen Boehm

27 April 1956 to 25 November 1958

Her short life, from birth to sudden death, was
intimately associated with HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS

NEWS ABOUT HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS

December 1958

We are happy to announce the following new members of the Advisory Board:

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Jaime Vicens Vives, University of Barcelona, Spain
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HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS' bibliographical coverage is being extended in the following areas:

SOVIET UNION

This number reflects the beginnings of a greatly expanded service on periodicals published in the USSR. In the past HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS abstracted relatively few of these. These periodicals are examined retroactively, to the first number after January 1955, in accordance with the policy regarding all periodicals added to our bibliographic service.

NEAR AND MIDDLE EAST

Very little has been done to date on periodicals from the Near and Middle East. Primarily by arrangement with the American University of Beirut HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS will introduce in the next volume a much expanded service on historical articles published in this area.

LATIN AMERICA

HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS' new extended service of abstracts of articles on the history of post-colonial Latin America is represented for the first time in this number. This service is under the direction of

G. Céspedes del Castillo, University of Sevilla.

He is assisted by Dolores Beltrán Carrión, Rocío Caracuel Moyano, F. Márquez, Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente.

With this service HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS hopes to offer complete coverage of articles from hundreds of periodicals published in Spain, Portugal and Latin America.

INDICE HISTORICO ESPAÑOL ("IHE")

Grateful acknowledgment is herewith made to J. Vicens Vives, editor of IHE and J. Rubió Lois whose collaborative arrangement with HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS gives this number of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS an especially extensive service on Spain, Portugal and colonial Latin America. Abstracts from the following persons are contained in this number:

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Español (IHE)]

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- [1] Includes abstracts on New Zealand
- [2] Includes the Near East in categories A - D
- [3] See Habsburg Empire in categories A - D
- [4] Austria in categories E and F
- [5] Includes the Near East in categories E and F
- [6] Russia is classified under Europe in categories A - D

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1. GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHICAL ARTICLES

See also: 2290, 2292, 2294, 2310, 2337, 2348, 2358, 2378, 2379, 2418, 2423, 2478, 2511, 2720, 2722, 2849, 3012, 3031, 3043, 3185

095. Debien, G. LES TRAVAUX D'HISTOIRE SUR L'ANT-DOMINIQUE, CHRONIQUE BIBLIOGRAPHIQUE (1954-56) [Historical works on San Domingo, bibliographical chronicle]. *Revue d'Histoire des Colonies* 1957 44(2): 165-166. Methodic study of works published between 1954 and 1956 dealing with the history or general aspects of life in some parts of the Antilles that are or were French.
R. Valdés del Toro

096. Dollot, René. DE QUELQUES RECENTES PUBLICATIONS SUR L'HISTOIRE DU MAROC [On some recent publications on Moroccan history]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1956 70(3): 254-263. Reviews a series of studies on Morocco and Franco-Moroccan relations published under the auspices of the Institut des Hautes-Etudes Marocaines in the years 1948-1955.
J. H. Jensen

097. Fernández Almagro, Melchor. BIBLIOGRAFIA DE HISTORIA CONTEMPORANEA DE ESPAÑA. OBRAS ESPAÑOLAS E HISPANOAMERICANAS [Bibliography of recent Spanish history. Spanish and Latin-American works]. *Lista de Estudios Políticos* (Spain) 1956 58(90): 389-396. List of 105 incomplete bibliographical cards of books and pamphlets on recent Spanish history.
J. Nadal Oller (IHE 19882)

098. García Rubio, Leandro. FICHERO DE REVISTAS. BOLETIN DE LA REAL ACADEMIA DE LA HISTORIA. INDEX DE ARTICULOS RELACIONADOS CON LA HISTORIA DIPLOMATICA [List of reviews. *Bulletin of the Real Academy of History*. Index of articles relating to diplomatic history]. *Cuadernos de Historia Diplomática* (Spain) 1955 2: 271-290. A chronological list of articles of interest for the study of diplomatic history, published in the Spanish periodical *Boletín de la Real Academia de la Historia* from its foundation in 1877 up to 1953. The subject matter of the articles is briefly outlined.
J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 11479)

099. Goslinga, Cornelius C. LA PRODUCCION BIBLIOGRAFICA EN LAS ANTILLAS NEERLANDESES, 1900-1956 [Bibliographical production in the Dutch West Indies, 1900-1956]. *Estudios Americanos* (Spain) 1956 12(60): 173-178. Bibliographical information of interest for the study of the Lesser Antilles.
G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20118)

100. Montes Moreira, António. PANORAMA INTELECTUAL: HISTORIA ECLESIASTICA [Intellectual panorama: ecclesiastical history]. *Itinerarium* (Portugal) 1955 1(1): 1-181. Bibliographical information on works published between 1953 and 1954 on subjects of general interest relating to ecclesiastical history, grouped according to subject matter.
M. Riu Riu (IHE 11470)

2101. Morales Padrón, Francisco. AMERICA EN LA BIBLIOGRAFIA ESPAÑOLA [America in Spanish bibliography]. *Estudios Americanos* (Spain) 1956 12(57/58): 81-99. Information on books and articles dealing with (Latin) America published in Spain in 1955 and 1956, classified by subject matter. A section on history is included on pp. 90-94, and other references of interest for the historian of the Indies are contained.
G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 18836)

2102. Pompa y Pompa, Antonio. NICOLAS LEON 6-XII-1859 -- 24-I-1929. *Boletín Bibliográfico de Antropología Americana* (Mexico) 1955[1956] 18(2): 295-310. Selected bibliography dealing with this Mexican historian and versatile scholar, including many works about New Spain.
G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20131)

2103. Unsigned. BIBLIOGRAFIA [Bibliography]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (5): 185-190. List of the works of Soviet oriental scholars published from 1938 to 1953 and those of Russian scientists which have been published before and have appeared in new editions. The works are classified according to country, and, within the country, according to the subject.
G. Lovas

2104. Unsigned. NOVYE KNIGI PO VOSTOKOVEDENIU [New Orientalist publications]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (1): 179-182. Bibliography of Orientalist publications that appeared in the Soviet Union in 1954, comprising the subjects history, economics, philology, philosophy and religion. The subjects are classified by country.
G. Lovas

2105. Unsigned. EDICION NACIONAL DE LAS OBRAS COMPLETAS DE MENENDEZ PELAYO [National edition of the complete works of Menéndez Pelayo]. *Revista de Archivos, Bibliotecas y Museos* (Spain) 1956 62(1): 337-341. List and summary of the 64 volumes that have so far been published in the grand edition of the works of Menéndez Pelayo published by the Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas (Madrid) (1940-1956).
J. Mercader Riba (IHE 18630)

2106. Willging, Eugene P., and Herta Hatzfeld. CATHOLIC SERIALS IN THE 19TH CENTURY IN THE UNITED STATES, A BIBLIOGRAPHICAL SURVEY AND A UNION LIST. *Records of the American Catholic Society of Philadelphia* 1957 68(3/4): 106-120. A continuation of previous bibliographies by the same authors, including in this installment periodicals in Delaware, Virginia and West Virginia.
C. G. Hamilton
See also: 1: 19, 2: 677, 3: 9, 2107, 4: 8

2. METHODOLOGY AND RESEARCH METHODS

(including PEDAGOGY and PERIODIZATION)

See also: 2143, 2229, 2230, 2242, 2291, 2317, 2330, 2331, 2340, 2420, 2428, 2504, 2759, 2779, 3206, 3257

2107. Cohen, I. Bernard (Harvard Univ.). PRESENT STATUS AND NEEDS OF THE HISTORY OF SCIENCE. Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society 1955 99 (5): 343-347. There is a crying need for exact historical information on the rise of industrial research, the relations between science and medicine, and the reactions of science to the demands of war. The great texts of science must be edited and translated. No adequate edition exists of Newton's *Principia* or of the correspondence of Lavoisier, Newton, Buffon, Laplace, Faraday, Kepler, Clerk Maxwell and scores of others. Sound investigations of the institutional development of science are needed. C. B. Joynt

2108. Ellegård, Alvar (Univ. of Gothenburg). PUBLIC OPINION AND THE PRESS: REACTIONS TO DARWINISM. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(3): 379-387. The reactions to Darwinism provide a case study in the "social history of ideas." By the use of modern statistical methods and "by ascertaining the opinions of all the various periodical publications, the nature of their public appeal, and the size of their circulation," it would be possible to reach reliable conclusions. W. H. Coates

2109. Gella, Aleksander. O SZERSZĄ KONCEPCJĘ HISTORII NAUKI [For a wider conception of the history of learning]. *Nauka Polska* 1958 6(1): 59-73. Contends that the word "learning" in the concept "history of learning" should be understood as "learning in general," learning as such, and not, as it is in most cases, the history of individual natural or humanistic sciences. The history of those sciences, and the history of learning of individual nations can only serve as ancillaries to the history of learning.

A. F. Dygnas

2110. G[il] F[arrés], O[ctavio]. CATALOGOS DE VENTAS [Catalogue of sales]. *Numario Hispánico* (Spain) 1955 4(7): 149-151. Examines the consideration the investigator must give to catalogues of the sale of coins and their use as a means of historical investigation.

J. Lluís y Navas (IHE 11421)

2111. Goldstein, Leon J. (Univ. of Maryland). A NOTE ON THE STATUS OF HISTORICAL RECONSTRUCTIONS. Journal of Philosophy 1958 55(11): 473-479. In view of disagreements among historians it is difficult to support the view that reconstructions are all logically deduced from facts. Reconstructions should, rather, be regarded as postulates to explain facts, as in the natural sciences. There would then be a guide for the search for new facts, which could confirm or disconfirm hypothesis. Answering the question which facts are relevant, the author concludes that reference must be made to general laws. He rejects Mandelbaum's view that relevance is a category of facts objectively given in the data. E. E. Kraehe

2112. Herring, Pendleton (Social Science Research Council). TOWARD AN UNDERSTANDING OF MAN. Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society 1955 99 (2): 39-45. The concern of social scientists is the development and use of methods for ordering data systematically and interpreting findings as objectively as possible. While social scientists are concerned with values, beginning with the selection of subjects for inquiry and ending with the value implications of the research findings, they are not the guardians of man's fate. They have no monopoly in their concern for the problems of man and society. The social sciences are not the rival but the auxiliary of moral purpose and normative judgment. C. B. Joynt

2113. Hopkins, James F. (Univ. of Kentucky). EDITING THE HENRY CLAY PAPERS. American Archivist 1957 20(3): 231-238. Describes the methods used and problems encountered in the current project of editing the Clay papers. C. F. Latour

2114. Ivnitskaia, T. V. K VOPROSAM VYIAVLENIIA I OTBORA DOKUMENTOV PO ISTORII SOVETSKOGO OBSHCHESTVA DLIA PUBLIKATSII [On the question of screening and selecting documents dealing with the history of the Soviet society for publication]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (3): 192-202. "The guiding principle in deciding which documents are suitable for publication is the Party and the working class. Accordingly, only such documents as reflect most faithfully the essence of historical and social phenomena and the objective logic of social development are selected. Documents containing insinuations or attacks against the Party or working class, or distorting historical reality have no place among Soviet publications. All Soviet documentary material must conform to Marxist-Leninist ideology." G. Lovas

2115. Lévy-Bruhl, Henri (Univ. of Paris), Gabriel Lepointe (Univ. of Paris), A. Cacheux, and Maxime LeMosse (Univ. of Algiers). RAYMOND MONIER VU PAR SES COLLEGUES ET ETUDIANTS [Raymond Monier as seen by his colleagues and students]. *Revue du Nord* 1958 40(158): 141-162. Four commemorative articles discussing the personality, scholarly contributions and historical method of the late Raymond Monier (1900-1956), professor of Roman and medieval history and of the history of law at the University of Lille. The entire issue is dedicated to his memory and contains many articles by former students, most of which deal with classic and medieval history. A bibliography of Monier's publications is included.

H. D. Piper

2116. Mateu y Llopis, Felipe. METODOLOGIA DE LA INVESTIGACION EN LAS BIBLIOTECAS Y ARCHIVOS [Methodology of investigation in libraries and archives]. *Boletín de la Dirección General de Archivos y Bibliotecas* (Spain) 1955 4(32): 8-11. Considerations and suggestions on the most profitable method of conducting historical investigation in libraries and archives.

V. Salavert Roca (IHE 11405)

2117. Menéndez Pelayo, M[arcelino]. DE RE BIBLIOGRAFICA [On bibliographical matters]. *Revista Interamericana de Bibliografía* (USA) 1956 6(4): 309-310. Reprint of an article by the famous writer, dealing with bibliographical tasks in general and with the qualities needed by those who undertake them.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 18634)

2118. Parton, James (Publisher, American Heritage). POPULARIZING HISTORY AND DOCUMENTARY SOURCES. American Archivist 1957 20(2): 99-109. Observations on the theme that history is primarily the story of people, who like to hear about themselves, their fellows and ancestor. C. F. Latour

2119. Passmore, J. A. (Australian National Univ., Canberra). THE OBJECTIVITY OF HISTORY. Philosophy 1958 33(125): 97-111. Defends historical objectivity by comparing history to natural science (and not to "an epistemologist's Utopia") in respect to eight criteria. The author rejects the view that history's claim to respect rests on the subjectivity of all sciences. All sciences have elements of subjectivity, and history perhaps more than most, but there are objective features too. The author demonstrates *inter alia* that historical hypotheses are not *ad hoc*, that data are not arbitrarily chosen, and that there are objective methods for choosing between diverse constructions. E. E. Kraehe

2120. Powell, W. R. LOCAL HISTORY IN THEORY AND PRACTICE. Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research 1958 31(83): 41-48. Criticizes various theories of the writing of English local history. Of the approximately 10,000 parishes, less than 3,000 have been adequately treated.

y historians. The author urges the desirability of research here modern accounts are lacking and suggests materials available and subjects which should be dealt with.

P. H. Hardacre

2121. Runge, William H. (Univ. of Virginia). THE MADISON PAPERS. American Archivist 1957 20(4): 313-17. Describes the methodology and editorial policies employed in the project of publishing the collected Madison papers, which has been in progress at the University of Chicago since 1956. C. F. Latour

2122. Sinha, S. K. (Major, 5th Gorkha Rifles). THE STUDY OF MILITARY HISTORY. Journal of the United Service Institution of India 1957 87(369): 311-315. Discusses the importance of the study of military history for a professional soldier and offers suggestions as to how the young officer should broaden the scope of his study as he advances professionally. A short bibliography is included. D. Houston

2123. Speranskii, M. N. RUSSKIE PODDELKI RUKOSEI V NACHALE XIX VEKA (BARDIN I SULAKADZEV) [Russian manuscript forgery at the beginning of the 19th century (Bardin and Sulakadzev)]. Problemy Istochnikovedeniia 1956 (5): 44-101. Examination of forged manuscripts of the first few years of the 19th century yields much information on the development of paleography and scientific textual criticism. The author quotes lists of the forgeries of Bardin and Sulakadzev and points out the main criteria for establishing the authenticity of a manuscript. G. Lovas

2124. Tapp, G. J. (Univ. of New England, New South Wales, Australia). KNOWING THE PAST. Journal of Philosophy 1958 55(11): 460-467. Makes a speculative inquiry into some of the problems of knowing the past. Stress is placed on such subjective elements as the psychic make-up of the historian, and the needs to select and simplify. The author also notes the confining effects of the literary medium of expression. With an essentially monistic approach and inhibiting the strong influence of Collingwood, the author does deprecate the historian for his failures. He acknowledges the majesty and complexity of the historian's task, in comparison to which natural science is relatively simple.

E. E. Kraehe

2125. Toynbee, Arnold. "THE WRITING OF HISTORY". Modern Literary Supplement 1958 (2946): Special Supplement. Books in a Changing World: xxiv-xxv. Discusses problems facing the historian who is called on, by the present widespread interest in the past, to present the his-

tory of the unification of the world, the dominant theme of our time. The author urges the abandonment of traditional procedures, and the search for a synoptic view. He criticizes specialization as likely to distort reality and as lacking in the needed comprehensiveness, and warns of the danger of forcing the public to turn to popularizers. The author suggests as one approach the "deliberate cultivation of intellectual versatility." P. H. Hardacre

2126. Walsh, W. H. (Merton College, Oxford). "PLAIN" AND "SIGNIFICANT" NARRATIVE IN HISTORY. Journal of Philosophy 1958 55(11): 479-484. A reply to a criticism of his book Introduction to Philosophy of History (London, 1951), in which Walsh had distinguished between mere describing and showing connections, the former being "plain" narrative, the latter "significant." The critic, A. C. Danto, had contended that there is no such distinction since even the most primitive narrative involves analysis. Walsh, citing Hume in support, replies that though no one work is without elements of both, "fact finding" and "showing connections" are still different things. E. E. Kraehe

PEDAGOGY

2127. Bartlett, Irving (Massachusetts Institute of Technology). HISTORY, GREAT BOOKS AND LIBERAL EDUCATION. New England Social Studies Bulletin 1957 14 (3): 9-13. Discusses the advantages and disadvantages of a semester course at the introductory level in college devoted to consideration of representative works of sixteen authors, such as Pope, Franklin, Smith, Kant, Voltaire, Sumner, Darwin, Huxley, Mill, Emerson and Turgenev. The author emphasizes the importance of their treatment from the standpoint of their historical background and relationship in time, one with another. W. D. Metz

2128. Maneli, Mieczysław (Warsaw Univ.). O PRZEDMIOTACH I ZADANIACH WYKŁADU HISTORII DOKTRYN POLITYCZNO-PRAWNYCH [On the subject and aim of lectures on the history of legal and political doctrines]. Życie Szkoły Wyższej 1958 6(2): 78-90. A Marxist analysis of the value of lectures on the history of legal and political doctrines, recently introduced in the law departments of the Polish universities. Basing his analysis on the writings of G. L. Seidler and K. Grzybowski, the author distinguishes materialistic and non-materialistic doctrines, and divides the latter in turn into liberal and fascist ones. The ultimate aim of these lectures seems to be to teach the students non-Marxist theories "in order to immunize them against the influences of bourgeois ideology." A. F. Dygnas

3. HISTORIOGRAPHY

See also: 2115, 2124, 2126, 2160, 2186, 2194, 2201, 2214, 2215, 2314, 2318, 2338, 2355, 2366, 2393, 2400, 2411, 2413, 2489, 2635, 3096, 3145, 3203, 3314

2129. Adamus, Jan. PROBLEMY POLSKIEGO NEOROMANTYZMU HISTORYCZNEGO [Problems of Polish historical neoromanticism]. Kwartalnik Historyczny 1958 65 (1): 16-38. Review article on K. Sreniowska Stanisław Zakrzewski. Przyczynek do charakterystyki prądów ideologicznych w historiografii polskiej 1893-1936 [Stanisław Zakrzewski: A contribution to characteristics of the ideological currents in Polish historiography, 1893-1936] (Łódź: Łódzkie Towarzystwo Naukowe, 1957). The reviewer describes the intellectual and political climate prevailing among Polish neoromantic (or fin-de-siècle) historians, stressing the acceptance of "historical intuition." He examines in detail Zakrzewski's application of intuition, and explains how Zakrzewski, though in his youth a socialist, was, conditioned by his character and temperament, destined to embrace the political ideas of Pilsudski and his camp. A. F. Dygnas

2130. Aguilera, Miguel. EL CRITERIO HISTORICO DE SUÁREZ [Suárez' historical judgment]. América Española (Colombia) 1955 (57): 93-131. Essay which attempts to assess the significance of the Colombian writer Marcos Fidel Suárez in the field of history. By means of Suárez' works

Aguilera examines his concept of historical truth and its elements, history considered as art, his judgment on historical provincialism, his position in relation to colonial historians, etc. The author concludes that "history as a task of investigation owes little to Suárez' privileged mind; but it is his debtor as an experimental science and an interpretative factor, since in the analysis of modern culture and of the varied and complicated elements which constitute it, this illustrious commentator made an effort to find the strictly historical key." Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2131. Andersons, Edgars. CELMLAUZIS LATVIJAS VESTURES LIDUMA [Pioneer of virgin lands of Latvian history]. Ceļa Zīmes 1958 38: 155-157. A survey of the activities and achievements of Arveds Švābe (Schwabe), the founder of the modern Latvian school of history. In his lifetime the distinguished historian and jurist, who just celebrated his seventieth birthday, has published fifty books and over one thousand articles devoted not only to the problems of history, but also covering certain aspects of folklore and history of law, and has presented to the reader some fine works of historical fiction and poetry. His best contributions to history

include the monumental *History of Latvia, 1800-1950*, 2 volumes, *Agrarian History of Latvia*, the *History of Communities* and his studies of medieval codes of Teutonic knights.

Author

2132. Araneda Bravo, Fidel. DON MARCELINO MENENDEZ Y PELAYO, HISTORIADOR DE LA TRADICION ESPAÑOLA [Don Marcelino Menéndez y Pelayo, historian of Spanish tradition]. *Atenea* (Chile) 1956 126(373): 287-320. Essay on Menéndez y Pelayo's concept of history and his interpretations of the Spanish past. The author emphasizes his belief in providence and his [Roman] Catholic orthodoxy.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19961)

2133. Borda Roldán, Leopoldo. JULIO MANCINI, HISTORIADOR DE BOLIVAR [Julio Mancini, the historian of Bolívar]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1955 15(48): 362-364. Some biographical information on the person of this little-known Colombian historian of the 19th century.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12820)

2134. Comas, Juan. COMISION INTERNACIONAL PARA UNA HISTORIA DEL DESARROLLO CIENTIFICO Y CULTURAL DE LA HUMANIDAD [International Commission for a History of the Scientific and Cultural Development of Humanity]. *Boletín Bibliográfico de Antropología Americana* (Mexico) 1955 18(1): 27-31. Information about the already advanced preparations to write, under the patronage of UNESCO, a six-volume history of the scientific and cultural development of humanity.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19265)

2135. Coral Velasco, Alfredo. MARCO FIDEL SUAREZ, HISTORIADOR Y BIOGRAFO [Marco Fidel Suárez, historian and biographer]. *Revista de Historia* (Colombia) 1955 6 (34/35): 161-174. A critical analysis of the historical and biographical methods used by this Colombian writer (1855-1927). A bibliography is included.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20129)

2136. Delmas, Claude. LOS HOMBRES Y SU HISTORIA [Men and their history]. *Diógenes* (Argentina) 1956 (12): 115-130. Comments on the new direction given to historical studies by the Annales school, with an account of the most recent contributions of value in the field of historiography.

Montserrat Llorens Serrano (IHE 17797)

2137. Eguchi, Bokurō (Tokyo Univ.). GEN-DANKAI NI OKERU REKISHI-GAKU NO KĀDAI [Tasks of historical science in the present stage]. *Shisō* 1958 (404): 257-271. Certain factors indicate a new stage of world history: the great role played by mass movements in preserving world peace, the rising nations in Asia and Africa and the development of science and technology that could have dreadful consequences. At this stage of history, it is the task of historical science to discuss in detail such problems as how to avoid useless sacrifices in the future. The author pays attention to the national differences in the historian's interests while considering several issues of contemporary history. He concludes that Japanese historians must investigate Japan's specific attitudes in order to shed light on the course the country should take. M. Nishikawa

2138. Eschenbacher, Herman F. A STUDY OF SOME EARLY GRADUATE SCHOOLS IN HISTORY. *New England Social Studies Bulletin* 1956 14(1): 14-21. Describes the establishment and limited growth to 1876 of graduate work in history in the United States. W. D. Metz

2139. Felice Cardot, Carlos. EN ELOGIO DE VICENTE DAVILA [In praise of Vicente Dávila]. *Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia* (Venezuela) 1956 39(156): 365-370. A speech extolling the life and works of a contemporary Venezuelan historian who studied the colonial and independence periods.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20126)

2140. García Ortiz, Laureano. HISTORIA Y ARCHIVOS [History and archives]. *Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca* (Colombia) 1956 29(106): 306-311. Critical considerations of historiographical work in Colombia

during the 19th and 20th centuries, with reference to its principal representatives.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 18806)

2141. Geremek, Bronisław. LUCIEN FEBVRE (1876-1956). *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 320-324. An obituary, giving an outline of Febvre's scholarly career, mentioning his most important works and stressing his interest in social problems and their influence on history. A short analysis of Febvre's attitude toward Marxist thought is also included. A. F. Dygnas

2142. Germanus, Gyula (Univ. of Budapest). HUNGARIAN ORIENTALISTS--PAST AND PRESENT. *Indo-Asian Culture* 1958 6(3): 291-298. Interest in Oriental studies began for Hungarian scholars in the 17th and 18th centuries through studies in the universities of Holland. It was continued in the 19th century through the interest of several Hungarian scholars in the Asiatic origins of the Hungarian peoples. Finally it has flowered in recent years in Hungarian universities into a wide interest in the history and culture of both the Near and Middle East. E. D. Johnson

2143. Heimpel, Hermann (Univ. of Göttingen). GESCHICHTE UND GESCHICHTSWISSENSCHAFT [History and the science of history]. *Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte* 1957 5(1): 1-17. Transcript of the author's opening address before the Ulm congress of German historians in 1956. The revolutionary changes of the 20th century have destroyed the individual's appreciation of the past. Without such an appreciation, especially of the recent past, he is unable to gauge the significance of current events. The view of 19th century historians, particularly of Jakob Burckhardt, are examined in the light of the difficult conditions under which history is made and written in the 20th century.

C. R. Spurgin

2144. Láscaris Comneno, Constantino. MENENDEZ PELAYO: SU CONCEPTO DE LA HISTORIA [Menéndez Pelayo: his concept of history]. *Revista de Archivos, Bibliotecas y Museos* (Spain) 1956 62(1): 169-181. Menéndez Pelayo was a great erudite historian, with flashes of temperament, but he lacked sufficient philosophical depth to confront the elaboration of the architectural synthesis of history. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 18669)

2145. Monsegú C. P., Bernardo. VALORACION FILOSOFICA DE MENENDEZ PELAYO [A philosophical appreciation of Menéndez Pelayo]. *Boletín de la Biblioteca Menéndez Pelayo* (Spain) 1956 32(1-4): 107-218. Commemorative essay including remarks about the historicism and philosophy of history of Menéndez Pelayo.

J. Pérez Ballestar (IHE 19971)

2146. Petech, Luciano. EASTERN ASIA IN EURASIAN HISTORY. *East and West* 1955 6(2): 97-104. Traces in broad outline the main trends of Middle and Far Eastern history and cultural and political interchange during the past two thousand years, and stresses the need of treating the history of the Far East as a separate branch of knowledge, independent of Sinology and Indology, though in close and continuous contact with both. C. F. Latour

2147. Riasco Gruesos, Eduardo. DOCTOR GUILLERMO HERNANDEZ DE ALBA. *Boletín de la Academia de la Historia del Valle del Cauca* (Colombia) 1957 25(107): 46-51. A laudatory biography of this contemporary Colombian historian. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20130)

2148. Ribeiro de Lessa, Clado. VIDA E OBRA DE VARNHAGEN [Varnhagen's life and work]. *Revista do Instituto Histórico e Geográfico Brasileiro* (Brazil) 1955 227: 85-236. Chapters of a work on the celebrated Brazilian historian, presenting some of the controversies between Varnhagen and his critics. The author concludes with a sketch of the other facet of his personality: the historian as a man. Bibliography and some documents from the Biblioteca Nacional in Madrid are included. Four illustrations. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12601)

2149. Roux, René. LE JUBILE D'UN EUROPEEN: ONZAGUE DE REYNOLD [A European's jubilee: Gonzague Reynold]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(4): 352-58. Surveys the career of this French-Swiss historian on the occasion of his *Festschrift*, *Gonzague de Reynold et son oeuvre. Etudes et témoignages à l'occasion de son soixante-dixième anniversaire* (Fribourg, 1955), emphasizing his grasp of the unity of European culture. J. H. Jensen
2150. Sarmiento, Domingo F. ESPIRITU Y CONDICIONES DE LA HISTORIA EN AMERICA [The spirit and conditions of History in America]. *Revista de Historia de América* (Mexico) 1956 (41): 71-87. Reprint of a short essay on historiography in America, read by the Argentine politician and writer in the Plata athenaeum in 1858. Sarmiento attempts to lay down a standard respecting the spirit and characteristics with which the history of America must be written. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 18796)
2151. Semmel, Bernard. SIR WILLIAM ASHLEY AS SOCIALIST OF THE CHAIR'. *Economica* 1957 24(96): 343-33. Ashley was one of a group of pioneer economic historians at the turn of the century. He was particularly influenced by the contemporary school of economic historians in Germany, especially by Gustav Schmoller. As an active participant in contemporary economic, social and political problems he was an exponent of protection. Based primarily on his own published writings. H. Pollins
2152. Sestan, Enrico. SALVEMINI STORICO E MAESTRO [Salvemini, historian and teacher]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1958 70(1): 5-43. Portrait of Salvemini, delineating his character and moral force. P. Pastorelli
2153. Unsigned. MAREA REVOLUȚIE SOCIALISTĂ DIN ROMANIA ȘI PROBLEMELE FUNDAMENTALE ALE ÎNȚELEGERII ISTORICE [The Great Socialist October Revolution and the fundamental problems of historical science]. *Studii. Revista de Istorie* 1957 10(5): 9-15. The influence of socialist ideology extends today, forty years after the Great Socialist October Revolution, to all spheres of mental activity, but is particularly strong in the field of history, since the founders of scientific socialism, Marx, Engels and Lenin, were themselves historians. It is imperative that historians in Rumania be well versed in Marxist-Leninist theory if the study of history is to be developed and raised to a higher level. Party bias and interests must be the guiding principle for all study. Party bias, however, should not be confused with subjectivism. Marxist historians everywhere fight against dogmatism and revisionist tendencies. I. Popinceanu
2154. Unsigned. VLADIMIR DMITRIEVICH BONCH-BRUEVICH. *Voprosy Istorii Religii i Ateizma* 1955 (3): 3-14. V. D. Bruevich (1873-1955), a member of the Communist Party since 1895 and a close associate and collaborator of Lenin, was a prominent and particularly versatile scholar and editor. His research work comprised such fields as literary history, ethnography, social history, and history of religion and atheism. Much of his work was devoted to research on Russian religious sects. He was the first to discover that the general liberation movement of the peasants was partly an ideological protest. In the last years of his life he was director of the museum for religious history and atheism in Leningrad. It was on his initiative that *Voprosy Istorii Religii i Ateizma* was published. Erna Wollert
2155. Vajnštejn, O. L. NÁJNOVŠIA BURŽOÁZNA LITERATÚRA O DEJINÁCH HISTORICKEJ VEDY [The most recent bourgeois literature on the history of historical science]. *Historický Časopis* 1957 5(3): 368-383. A Czech translation of an article originally published in *Voprosy Istorii*, 1956, No. 3 [See abstract 2: 737]. F. Wagner
2156. Voltes Bou, Pedro. EN LA MUERTE DE LUCIEN FEBVRE [On the death of Lucien Febvre]. *Punta Europa* (Spain) 1956 1(12): 110-116. An evaluation of the personality of the French historian and remarks on the significance of his school. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 17796)
2157. Whitaker, Arthur P. MIRON BURGIN, 1900-1957. *Hispanic American Historical Review* 1957 37(3): 340-345. An obituary of Miron Burgin, a Polish-American scholar, who had been chief of the Division of Research for American Republics in the Office of Intelligence Research of the United States Department of State since 1951. A bibliographer, economist and historian, Burgin was active in promoting Latin American studies in the United States. A select bibliography of his works dealing with a variety of Latin American topics is appended. D. Houston

4. PHILOSOPHY AND INTERPRETATION OF HISTORY

See also: 2137

2158. Aron, Raymond (Univ. of Paris). LA NOTION DU SENS DE L'HISTOIRE [The notion of the sense of history]. *Revue des Travaux de l'Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques et Comptes Rendus de ses Séances* 1957 110(1): 1-75. An attempt to expose certain ambiguities in contemporary Marxist and Existentialist thought by analyzing its use of the concept *sens*, which is seen to be related to a combination of historical "determinism" on the one hand, and to Providentialism on the other. To illustrate his point, the author suggests the following exercise: "Suppose that Thucydides had thought of the Peloponnesian war not only as a cause of the destruction of the Greek cities, but as the means by which a universal empire was created." J. Kuehl
2159. Bell, A. P. (Melbourne, Australia). PUBLIC SPIRIT AS THE MATERIAL OF HISTORY. *Journal of Philosophy* 1958 55(11): 467-472. Deals with an alleged difficulty in Hegel, namely the problem of "bridging the gap" between the world-spirit, a universal, and its expression in concrete, particular spirits informing historical communities. World-spirit does not exist because a world community does not exist. There is, however, need for a term to present the "generalization of the spirit of peoples." The author submits the term public spirit because it is generic in sense that it outlives individual members of a community which is differentiated into various species in the form of political, cultural, and other institutions; yet is not a "rationalist universal." E. E. Kraehe
2160. Brunello, Bruno. SULLA CONOSCENZA STORICA e la historical knowledge]. *Convivium* 1958 26(1): 84-89, and 26(3): 342-349. After observing that the knowledge of history is strongly influenced by the psychological subjectivity of the historian, discusses the possibility of giving history an objective form. In this connection the author examines the theories of Windelband. He concludes by affirming the validity of the philosophy of history, which alone makes possible the reconstruction of a universal history. P. Pastorelli
2161. López Cuesta, Domingo. CROCE Y LA LIBERTAD [Croce and liberty]. *Universidad* (Argentina) 1955 (31): 157-177. Summary of the philosophical thought of Croce, emphasizing his ideas on history and politics. Bibliography. Rocío Caracuel Moyano
2162. Mazlich, Bruce (Massachusetts Institute of Technology). HISTORY AND MORALITY. *Journal of Philosophy* 1958 55(6): 230-240. An inquiry into the meaning of Schiller's dictum "The World's History is the World's Court." This statement is typical of the age in which Rousseau and the classical economists started European thought on the road leading to Hegel, Marx and Nietzsche, all of whom in varying degrees preached the transcendence of history over morality. Against this moral relativism the author argues that while history does in fact record the constant bursting of moral systems, its goodness or badness in each case may be judged by a "higher morality." E. E. Kraehe
2163. Molnár, Erik. HISTORICKÁ KONCEPCIA FRANCÚZSKEHO OSVIETENSTVA [The historical concept of the French Enlightenment]. *Historický Časopis* 1957 5(1):

82-100. Reprint of an article which originally appeared in French in *Acta Historica. Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae* [See 2: 1886]. F. Wagner

2164. Roig Gironella, Juan, S. J. RAICES METAFISICAS DE LA REVOLUCION [Metaphysical roots of revolution]. *Espíritu* (Spain) 1955 4(14): 65-76. A study of the concepts of evolution and revolution. The normal and constructive progress of society is evolutionary. Revolution is in itself a bad thing; only accidentally can it be beneficial. The author deals with the concrete reality of Marxist revolution, to which he opposes "Christian evolution," rather than with the universal concept of revolution.

A. Alvarez Bolado S. J. (IHE 17802)

2165. Schultz, Werner. DER SINN DER GESCHICHTE BEI HEGEL UND GOETHE [The meaning of history in Hegel and Goethe]. *Archiv für Kulturgeschichte* 1957 39(2): 209-227. Hegel's system is historically oriented. He dealt with the concrete, and subordinated the unhistorical antinomy of Being and Appearance. He indulged in philosophical speculation but never apprehended reality, and he identified freedom with inner necessity. Goethe could have concurred in Hegel's recognition of the eternal within the illusion of the temporal. Both men rejected historical pragmatism and relativism, as well as the abstract rationalism of the Enlightenment. Goethe did not attempt to grasp the totality of history systematically. He sensed that "the morphology of nature is not identical with the morphology of history" and that history was "a confusion of error and power." He refrained from placing Napoleon in a specific historical setting, because he saw great men in their intentions and impelling motives. Goethe was not con-

cerned with history "as it was" nor with Hegel's Eternal. L. Kestenberg

2166. Sever de Montsonís. LA AVENTURA DE ARNOLD J. TOYNBEE [Arnold J. Toynbee's adventure]. *Bages* (Spain) 1956 4(41): 5-6. Comments on the evolution of Toynbee thought as reflected in his *A Study of History*. M. Riu Riu (IHE 1926)

2167. Tapp, E. J. THE ROLE OF THE INDIVIDUAL IN HISTORY. *Australian Quarterly* 1958 30(1): 51-64. Historically the growth of man's consciousness of his own individuality has been the most significant change he has undergone. Beginning with the ancient Near Eastern cultures history is seen as the gradual development of individualism, reaching a climax with 19th century liberalism. The shortcomings of liberalism have led men more recently to seek salvation in some form of collectivism. The role of the individual poses a central problem for the historian. At present there is a strong reaction to the "great man" theories of the 19th century, and man is seen as the blind instrument of social forces. Determinism is inadequate, however, since there is always a point at which the situation is influenced by individual action. As men have been encouraged to develop their individuality, they have come to play a more varied and determinate role in history. Thus the task of the historian of the recent past becomes increasingly complex. When the historian reflects on how each individual creates a world of his own imagining, he realizes how little he can ever know of history. The claims, then, of history to be a science are presumptuous. Nevertheless, the historian must, because of the sheer mass of material, use the resources and methods of science. D. Houston

5. ARCHIVES, LIBRARIES AND INSTITUTES

(including MEETINGS OF INTEREST TO HISTORIANS)

See also: 2116, 2235, 2300, 2305, 2313, 2319, 2326, 2333, 2346, 2362, 2367, 2398, 2424, 2442, 2447, 2470, 2529, 2630, 2673, 2707, 2735, 2942, 2953, 2977, 3093, 3099, 3278

2168. bl. PLAN INSTYTUTU HISTORII PAN NA ROK 1958 [Plan of the Historical Institute of the Polish Academy for the year 1958]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 279-282. Summary of the plan of publications, discussed at the meeting of the Institute's Council on 27 June 1957. A. F. Dygnas

2169. Babiński, Leon (Szczecin). POTRZEBY NAUKOWE POMORZA ZACHODNIEGO I SZCZECIŃSKIE TOWARZYSTWO NAUKOWE [Scholarship in Western Pomerania and the Learned Society of Szczecin (Stettin)]. *Kultura i Społeczeństwo* 1958 2(2): 63-80. Reviews the cultural life of Pomerania from the Middle Ages and describes the organization and achievements of the Learned Society of Szczecin (Stettin). A. F. Dygnas

2170. Bushev, P. P. RABOTA INSTITUTA VOSTOKOVEDENIIA AKADEMII NAUK SSR V 1954 G. I PLAN 1955 G. [The work of the Institute of Oriental Studies of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR in 1954 and its program for 1955]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (2): 158-163. Lists all subjects that have been, or are yet to be, worked on by members of the Institute and gives a survey of meetings and discussions held or planned. G. Lovas

2171. Camino Calderón, Carlos. INFORME SOBRE LOS TRABAJOS REALIZADOS POR ENCARGO DE LA UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE TRUJILLO, EN EL ARCHIVO DEL ANTIGUO OBISPADO DE TRUJILLO [Report about the work done for the National University of Trujillo in the archives belonging to the ancient bishopric of Trujillo]. *Revista Universitaria* (Peru) 1955 4(7/8): 36-56. Data about the archives and information relating to two of its collections of documents, prepared as preliminary information for a longer work. The author gives information on the contents of about fifty documents (16th and 19th centuries) of the Douglas

Camino Collection, which comprises a total of 438 papers. The Manuel Camino Calderón Collection contains 431 documents of genealogical interest.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 2011)

2172. [Carreres Zacarés, Salvador]. MEMORIA DE LA ACTUACION DEL CONFERENCIA CLUB, DEL CENTRO DE CULTURA VALENCIANA (AÑOS 1951-1956) [Report on the activity of the Lecture Club in the Culture Center of Valencia (1951-1956)]. *Anales del Centro de Cultura Valenciana* (Spain) 1956 17(38): 221-228. Account of the lectures (mostly on history, literature and art) given during the five years of the Club's existence.

Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 17816)

2173. Caruso, Angelo. INTORNO AI PRIMI TRE COMMI DELL'ART. 20 DELLA LEGGE 22 DICEMBRE 1939, N. 2006 (DISAMINA E PROPOSTE IN VISTA DELLA RIFORMA DELLA LEGISLAZIONE ARCHIVISTICA) [Concerning the first three paragraphs of Article 20 of the law of 22 December 1939 (study and proposals on the reform of archival legislation)]. *Rassegna degli Archivi di Stato* 1955 15(3): 362-374. Imposes on legal persons the obligation to make an inventory of those documents kept in their archives which are of a historical-legal nature. The author discusses the possible criteria to help in the selection of such documents and the difficulties and inconveniences that the Article does not foresee or eliminate completely. R. Valdés del Toro

2174. Chlebowczyk, Józef. POLONICA W ARCHIWACH WIEDEŃSKICH [Polonica in the archives of Vienna]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 332-335. Enumerates materials relating to Polish history preserved in the Allgemeines Verwaltungsarchiv, Vienna. The author gives the pressmarks of individual items, thus making possible inquiries and interarchival loans for students, without having to visit Vienna. A. F. Dygnas

2175. Colomer, Ignacio M. EL ARCHIVO BIBLIOGRAFICO COMARCAL DE IGUALADA [The bibliographical archive of the territory of Igualada]. *Bages* (Spain) 1955 3(27): 4. Notes on the organization and contents of the Bibliographical section of the Museum of Igualada, which comprises a specialized library, a newspaper collection and a historical archive divided into notarial, municipal and ecclesiastical sections. M. Riu Riu (IHE 11452)

2176. Díaz de Villegas, José. ACTIVIDADES DEL INSTITUTO DE ESTUDIOS AFRICANOS EN 1956 [Activities of the Institute of African Studies during 1956]. *Africa* (Spain) 1957 14(181): 2-4. An index of the lectures, publications and other activities of the Institute during 1956. M. Grau Montserrat (IHE 20493)

2177. Etchepareborde, Roberto. ACTIVIDADES DEL ARCHIVO GENERAL DE LA NACION. MOVIMIENTO DE FONDOS [Activities of the National General Archive. Movement of holdings]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 2(5): 109-118. Information on documents recently incorporated into the Archivo General de la Nación. Some of them were donated and others moved there as part of the plan to house all government's documental resources in the same archive. The author indicates what will be moved to this archive in the future. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 18818)

2178. Giannelli, Giuliana. L'INTERESSE STORICO GLI ARCHIVI E DEL MATERIALE ARCHIVISTICO E LA SUA TUTELA GIURIDICA [The historical interest of archives, archival material and its legal protection]. *Assegna degli Archivi di Stato* 1955 15(3): 352-361. The historical interest of private archives constitutes the motive for legal protection in Italian legislation. In practice, reliance over archives dispenses with a true evaluation and is limited to a presumption of interest. The declaration of "particularly important interest" brings with it the limitation of the rights of property and use. The expropriation of documents of historical-scientific importance is provided for by the legislation and can be performed by the "Soprintendenza archivistica." R. Valdés del Toro

2179. Gil Merino, Antonio. ARCHIVO REGIONAL DE GALICIA [The Regional Archive of Galicia]. *Boletín de la Sección General de Archivos y Bibliotecas* (Spain) 1955 12(2): 18-20. Notes on the history and on the contents of the archive, which are briefly listed. V. Salavert Roca (IHE 11451)

2180. Golubeva, O. D. VOSTOKOVEDNYE FONDY GOSUDARSTVENNOI PUBLICHNOI BIBLIOTEKI IM. M. E. SALTYSKOVA-SHCHEDRINA V LENINGRADE [The orientalist collections of the M. E. Saltykov-Shchedrin Public State Library in Leningrad]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (4): 145-150. Describes the main sections. Manuscripts and documentary collections, and archives on the Central Asian and Socialist Republics are among the most important ones. More detailed statements on the collections are published continuously in the periodical *Zbornik Gosudarstvennoi Publichnoi Biblioteki Im. M. E. Saltykova-Shchedrina*. G. Lovas

2181. Góra, Władysław. ZAKŁAD HISTORII PARTII KOMUNISTY KC PZPR [Institute of the Party's History in the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers Party]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 273-275. In place of the old Section of the Party's History, an Institute of the Party's History was created at the end of January 1957. The author gives a short outline of its organization, collection of archival sources, size and qualifications of the staff, and executed or projected research projects. A. F. Dygnas

2182. Gorlenko, A. F., and A. M. Ivanov. OSNOVNYE PRINCIPY FORMIROVANIYA DOKUMENTAL'NYKH ARKHOV I TSENTRAL'NOM GOSUDARSTVENNOM ARKHOVE KRASNNOI ARMII [Principles concerning the collection of documentary material of the State Central Archives of the Red Army]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (1): 207. The State Central Archives of the Red Army since 1949 considered its essential basic holdings to be documents 1) on the activity of the high command; 2) on the

activity of army unit commands; 3) referring to the activity of military district commands; 4) on the activity of the commands of army corps, divisions, brigades and regiments; 5) on the activity of individual battalions, companies and other units; 6) on the activity of partisan and Red Guardist troops; 7) relating to military training schools; 8) concerning independent military authorities, and 9) on prominent statesmen and leaders of the army. G. Lovas

2183. Iakovlev, L. I. ZADACHI SOVETSKIKH ARKHOV-NYKH UCHREZHDENII V SVETE RESHENII XX S'EZDA KPSS [The tasks of the Soviet archives as laid down in the resolutions of the twentieth congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (3): 171-178. The Soviet government has requested all ministries of the Union and of the Republics to go through all archival material in their possession which has been kept secret for no particular reason and to make this material accessible to the public. It would then be possible to study documents which can throw light on some unsolved historical problems. The documents could even be of value for economic development and scientific research. There is, however, a shortage of trained archivists and technical resources. Furthermore no general rules for the study of archival material exist. G. Lovas

2184. Kaloeva, I. A. ARKHIIVY FEDERATIVNOI NARODNOI RESPUBLIKI IUGOSLAVII I IKH PUBLIKATSII [The archives of the Federated People's Republic of Yugoslavia and their publications]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (5): 193-206. Survey of these archives and of the fields covered by their collections. G. Lovas

2185. Kolankowski, Zygmunt. (Archive, Polish Academy of Sciences). DIE SAMMLUNG UND ORDNUNG VON NACHLÄSSEN IM ARCHIV DER POLNISCHEN AKADEMIE DER WISSENSCHAFTEN [The collection and sorting of literary remains in the archive of the Polish Academy of Sciences]. *Archivmitteilungen* 1957 7(4): 121-126. Describes the procedures currently applied in Poland for a new program of acquisition of literary remains of scholars. The author outlines the purchasing, classification and recording systems used. A list of scholars whose material has been gathered is appended. Based largely on the author's personal experience and on information gathered on procedures in the Soviet Union. E. H. Boehm

2186. Kolankowski, Zygmunt. PUŚCIZNA HISTORYKÓW W ZBIORACH ARCHIWUM PAN [Legacy of historians in the Archives of the Polish Academy]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 290-300. The Archives of the Polish Academy collects, and even makes special searches for, the personal papers of prominent scholars. During the last four years (up to the end of October 1957) it was able to secure, mostly by way of purchase, the papers of about sixty scholars, including twenty-two historians. The author gives a summary description of the latter group, including collections of such persons as the literary historian Ignacy Chrzanowski, and the historians Włodzimierz Dzwonkowski, Marcei Handelsman, Stanisław Kętrzyński, Wacław Aleksander Maciejowski, Adam Skąkowski and Artur Śliwiński. A. F. Dygnas

2187. Kořalka, J[aroslav]. USTAVENÍ ČESKOSLOVENSKÉ HISTORICKÉ SPOLEČNOSTI [The establishment of the Czechoslovak Historical Association]. *Československý Časopis Historický* 1957 5(4): 812. A summary report on the constituent general assembly of the Czechoslovak Historical Association, held at the Faculty of Philosophy of Charles University in Prague on 26 June 1957. After accepting the Association's proposed bylaws, Václav Husa, the newly-elected president, gave a brief account of the organization's main objectives, emphasizing its significant role in the field of international representation. Some preparations were made for the third National Conference of Czechoslovak Historians in 1959, on the eve of the 1960 International Congress of Historians in Stockholm. F. Wagner

2188. La Concha Martínez, Ignacio de. LA ENSEÑANZA DE LA HISTORIA DEL DERECHO EN LAS UNIVERSIDADES ESPAÑOLAS [The teaching of the history of law in Spanish Universities]. *Revista del Instituto de Historia del Derecho*

(Argentina) 1955/56 (7): 113-122. Informative summary of the studies of legal history in Spain from the end of the 19th century to the present. Special reference is made to their initiator, Eduardo di Hinojosa.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 18717)

2189. Langer, William L. (Harvard Univ.). THE RUSSIAN RESEARCH CENTER AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99 (1): 34-35. A factual description of the origins, objectives and work of the Russian Research Center. Inaugurated in 1947 by a grant from the Carnegie Corporation, the Center aims to encourage scholarly study of the Soviet Union through interdisciplinary co-operation.

C. B. Joynt

2190. Latouche, Robert. VIENNE. CENTRE D'ETUDES ARCHEOLOGIQUES ET HISTORIQUES [Vienne. Center of archaeological and historical studies]. *Cahiers d'Histoire* 1956 1(4): 393-398. By a combination of propitious circumstances, the little town of Vienne in the vicinity of Lyons has become a favorable center for all kinds of archaeological and historical investigation. The author summarizes the activities of the past half century in the fields of archeology and medieval, modern and recent history.

R. Valdés del Toro

2191. Lodolini, Armando. LA CREAZIONE DI UN GRANDE ARCHIVIO (L'ARCHIVIO NAZIONALE D'ITALIA ALL'EUR) [The creation of a large archive (The Italian National Archive in the EUR)]. *Rassegna degli Archivi di Stato* 1955 15(3): 229-250. A study, prompted by the reorganization of the State Central Archive, of the problems surrounding the construction of a large archive. The following departments are considered to be necessary: 1) administration;

2) a study room, open to the public; 3) a library (which should contain works on administration, administrative history, and modern and contemporary history); 4) a room for permanent exhibitions; 5) an archival school; 6) trusteeship and related services; 7) a council chamber; 8) a restoration laboratory; 9) a workshop for microphotography; 10) sites for a pantheon for the archives of individual persons; 11) sites for secret archives; 12) sites for national and foreign information, and 13) offices for the staff.

R. Valdés del Toro

2192. Lombardo, Antonino. IL PROBLEMA DELLO SCARTO DEGLI ATTI DI ARCHIVIO [The problem of discarding the contents of archives]. *Rassegna degli Archivi di Stato* 1955 15(3): 300-316. To eliminate the contents of archives without affecting history, administration or private persons is a problem of doctrine, not of space. It is no more than a subsidiary of the great problem of state archives: the problem of methodical arrangement. This fact was recognized in the decree of May 1875, which provided for elimination through removal of documents to the central archives; elimination had to take place during the arrangement and before the inventory of documents. The decree of September 1902 gave this responsibility to the individual archives, which were to keep their documents for ten years and then select those which were to be removed to the central archives and destroy the remainder. In 1916, the ten-year holding period was reduced temporarily to five, and this reduction was declared permanent in 1933. This disorderly and anti-historical legislation was only corrected in part by the law of 1939, which should be amended by a fuller definition of the rights of state archives in this respect.

R. Valdés del Toro

2193. Maksakov, V. V., K. G. Mitiaev, A. T. Nikolaeva, and M. C. Seleznev. RAZRABOTKA VOPROSOV ARKHIVO-VEZENIIA I VSPOMOGATEL'NYKH ISTORICHESKIKH DISTSIPLIN V ISTORIKO-ARKHIVNOM INSTITUTE [Working out problems of archival science and subsidiary disciplines at the Moscow State Historical Archives Institute]. *Istoriches-kii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 213-228. A survey of dissertations dealing with the following subjects: 1) the distributions of documentary material on the history of the Soviet society;

2) theoretical and practical questions concerning archives; 3) the development of archeography; 4) the history of government authorities whose documents are kept in the archives, and 5) questions of research on sources.

G. Lovas

2194. Mark, Bernard (Jewish Historical Institute, Warsaw). O ZASOBACH ARCHIWALNYCH I PRACACH NAUKOWO-BADAWCZYCH IZRAELSKICH HISTORYKÓW [On the archives and historical research in Israel]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 313-319. General description of the source material preserved in various Israel archives and of the various research institutes in the country with more detailed accounts concerning Archijon Klali le Toldot Israel [Central Archives of Jewish History], which collects material relating to the history of the European Jew the Institute Ben Zevi, which studies the history and culture of the Jews in the East; Yad Vashem [Institute of National Remembrance], which collects materials relating to the history of the Jews during the Second World War, and Archijon Avoda [Archives of Labor], interested in the history of the Jewish labor movement. The author lists the most important Israel historians and indicates their fields of study.

A. F. Dygnas

2195. Mateu y Llopis, Felipe. NOTAS SOBRE ARCHIVOS ECLESIASTICOS Y DE PROTOCOLOS DEL REINO DE VALENCIA [Notes on ecclesiastical and notarial archives in the Valencia Kingdom]. *Revista de Archivos, Bibliotecas y Museos* (Spain) 1956 62(3): 699-737. Notes on the ecclesiastical and notarial archives preserved in Valencia together with a list of their funds. A list of documents which disappeared during the war because of various reasons, an inventory of documents and reference to the present state of reconstruction are included.

J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 1930)

2196. Mayne, L. Bruce. THE GROWTH OF BRITISH FOLK MUSEUMS. *Amateur Historian* 1957 4(1): 197-204. Folk museums in Great Britain have been developed in the 20th century largely on the Scandinavian pattern. Their aim is to preserve by the collection and display of ordinary artifacts, ways of life that are rapidly disappearing. The principal folk museums of the United Kingdom are described. Appended is a list of folk collections and a hand list of museums, giving their location, the hours that they are open to the public and the price of admission to each.

D. Houston

2197. Mercader, Joan. EL SEMINARI D'HISTORIA DE LA UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA [The history seminar at the University of Barcelona]. *Butlletí de la Societat Catalana d'Estudis Històrics* (Spain) 1953[1955] 2: 79-80. Notes on the historical work carried out by this seminar, which has resulted in the publication of *Estudios de Historia Moderna* and the *Índice Histórico Español*.

J. Rubió Lois (IHE 11442)

2198. Pérez Vila, Manuel. EL ARCHIVO DEL LIBERTADOR [The archive of the Liberator]. *Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades* (Colombia) 1957 44(510-512): 220-223. Brief background and description of the archive of Simón Bolívar, now deposited in Caracas.

D. Bushnell

2199. Pons y Marqués, Juan. EL ARCHIVO HISTORICO DE MALLORCA Y LA NUEVA CASA DE LA CULTURA [The Historical Archive of Majorca and the new House of Learning]. *Boletín de la Dirección General de Archivos y Bibliotecas* (Spain) 1955 4(34): 37-40. Brief historical description of this center, indicating its principal holdings.

V. Salavert Roca (IHE 11454)

2200. Popiołek, Kazimierz. Z PRAC ZAKŁADU HISTORII ŚLĄSKA IH PAN [On the activities of the Silesian History Institute of the Polish Academy]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 285-290. Description of the Institute's activities, published works, as well as those in preparation, problems and difficulties encountered, and plans for the future.

A. F. Dygnas

2201. Rain, Pierre. LE CINQUANTENAIRE DE LA MORT D'EMILE BOUTMY ET D'ALBERT SOREL [The fiftieth anniversary of the deaths of Emile Boutmy and Albert Sorel]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1956 70(4): 340-349. Surveys the history of the establishment, faculty, and course of the Ecole des Sciences Politiques and evokes the careers of Boutmy, its founder, and Sorel, perhaps its greatest professor and the historian of the diplomacy of the French Revolution.

J. H. Jensen

2202. Ritzler, Remigio. PROCESOS INFORMATIVOS DE LOS OBISPOS DE ESPAÑA Y SUS DOMINIOS EN EL AR-
 CIVO VATICANO [Informative proceedings of bishops in
 Spain and its dominions in the Vatican Archives]. *Anthologica*
 1956 4: 465-498. Notes the sections of the Vatican
 Archives containing informative proceedings concerning bish-
 ops in Spain and its dominions, a valuable source for episcopal
 records (16th-20th centuries). Details are given about Con-
 sistorial and Datary Proceedings, records of the Consistorial
 Congregation and of the Nunciature at Madrid (recently moved
 to the Vatican). M. Riu Riu (IHE 19679)

2203. Rojas, Ulises. EL ARCHIVO GENERAL DE
 LAS DIAS [The Indies General Archives]. *Repertorio Boya-*
se (Colombia) 1955 41(181/182):3271-3276. Information
 on the history of these archives in Sevilla and on the importance
 of their documentary holdings. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20103)

2204. Saladino, Antonio. GLI ARCHIVI PRIVATI
 [Private archives]. *Rassegna degli Archivi di Stato* 1955 15
 280-299. The problem of private archives is in fact
 limited to that of domestic archives. The history of the
 relevant legislation in Italy reflects the general history of
 the country: in the Bulls of Julius II, Pius V and Sixtus V in
 the 16th century, the sovereign authority trespassed on the
 private property of the possessors of archives only to guar-
 antee its own rights: the documents in private archives were
 stored on account of their legal nature, not their historical
 or cultural one. The same principles inspired the pontifical
 legislation of the 18th century. Only after the French Revolution
 did there occur in the archives a *momentum rerum* as well
 as a *momentum iurium*, which posed new problems for
 archival technique. The problem of private archives is in
 fact the history of Italian legislation part of the problem of the
 preservation by the State of the right to interfere in private
 property to safeguard national interests. From 1877 onwards,
 the Archives High Council tried to obtain the creation of a
 special office for the control of documentary material. The
 laws of 1909 and 1913 on the protection of works of art
 signify a step forward in this direction. Clause VII of the law
 of 22 December 1939 tackled the problem and partly solved
 it. In December 1954 the number of private archives was
 1. R. Valdés del Toro

2205. Sanchez Camacho, Joege. INFORME DE LABORES
 DE LA ACADEMIA EN EL AÑO 1956 [Report on the activi-
 ties of the Academy in the year 1956]. *Estudio* (Colombia)
 1957 (252): 309-314. Annual report of the activities of
 the Academia de Historia, Santander, Colombia. G. Céspedes del Castillo

2206. Sarrablo Agüeroles, Eugenio. INDICE SUMARIO
 DE LOS LEGAJOS DE LA SECCION DE ESTADO DEL
 ARCHIVO HISTORICO NACIONAL, EN LOS QUE SE
 ENTIENEN DOCUMENTOS O NOTICIAS DE INDOLE GE-
 NEALOGICA [Summary index of the files of the State Section
 of the National Historical Archive which contain documents
 of a genealogical nature]. *Hidalguía* (Spain) 1955
 2(2): 641-656, and (13): 953-968. An index of those
 documents (1413-1823) of genealogical interest preserved in
 the State Section of the Archivo Histórico Nacional of Spain.
 Article to be continued. J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 17882)

2207. Serejski, Marian H. REORGANIZACJA KATEDR I
 INSTYTUTÓW HISTORYCZNYCH NA UNIWEERSYTETACH.
 W STRUKTURZĄ ORGANIZACYJNĄ [Reorganization of
 chairs and institutes of history in the universities. New
 organization and structure]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958
 1(1): 261-273. Outlines the new organization and in
 an appendix publishes a list showing the changes and the actual
 structure of the chairs of history and the historical institutes,
 giving the names of the persons in charge. A. F. Dygnas

2208. Struchkov, A. A. TSENTRAL'NYI PARTIINYI
 ARKIV INSTITUTA MARKSIZMA-LENINIZMA PRI TSK
 SSS [The Central Party Archives of the Institute for Marxism-
 Leninism at the Central Committee of the Communist Party of
 the Soviet Union]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 188-200.
 Survey of the most important collections of the three main
 sections of these archives, i.e. documents written about or by
 Marx, Engels and Lenin, and on Party documents concerning
 Party history. G. Lovas

2209. Szaniawska, Wanda. INFORMACJA O ORGANI-
 ZACJI I PRACACH MUZEUM HISTORYCZNEGO W WAR-
 SZAWIE W LATACH 1951-1957 [Information about the
 organization and works of the Historical Museum in Warsaw
 during the years 1951-1957]. *Przegląd Historyczny* 1958
 49(2): 369-376. Describes the organization of the Museum
 as a research institution of Warsaw history, only barely
 touching upon the problem of its collections and exhibitions.
 The author also gives a detailed description of the Museum's
 archives, composed of excerpts, mostly modern, of various
 records, reaching back even to the medieval period, and of
 works on the history of Masovia, which also falls within the
 scope of the Museum's activity. A. F. Dygnas

2210. Unsigned. INSTYTUTY I INSTYTUCJE HISTORY-
 CZNE W NIEMIECKIEJ REPUBLICIE FEDERALNEJ [His-
 torical institutes and institutions in the German Federal
 Republic]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 326-328.
 Gives a list of sixteen institutions with a short indication of
 their scope and publications. The author omits institutes
 devoted to the study of the European East (*Ostforschung*) as
 they have been previously described in *Kwartalnik Historyczny*
 and *Przegląd Zachodni*. Based on *Geschichte in Wissenschaft*
 und *Unterricht* 1956 (7): 565-584, and *H. A. Bulletin* 1956
 27(4): 284-286. A. F. Dygnas

2211. --. [THE BRANDENBURG LANDESHAUPTARCHIV:
 HISTORY AND PRESENCE]. *Archivmitteilungen* 1958 8(1).
 Beck, Friedrich, ZUR GESCHICHTE DES BRANDENBURG-
 ISCHEN PROVINZIALARCHIVS UND HEUTIGEN LANDES-
 HAUPTARCHIVS IN POTSDAM [On the history of the former
 Brandenburg Provinzialarchiv, now Landeshauptarchiv in
 Potsdam], pp. 2-14. Schmid, Irmtraut, and Gottfried Dohme,
 DIE ABTEILUNG I DES BRANDENBURGISCHEN LANDES-
 HAUPTARCHIVS [Section I of the Brandenburg Landeshaupt-
 archiv], pp. 14-20. Knaack, Rudolf, DIE ABTEILUNG II
 DES BRANDENBURGISCHEN LANDESHAUPTARCHIVS
 [Section II of the Brandenburg Landeshauptarchiv], pp. 20-23.
 Enders, Lieselott, DIE ABTEILUNG III DES BRANDENBUR-
 GISCHEN LANDESHAUPTARCHIVS [Section III of the Branden-
 burg Landeshauptarchiv], pp. 24-27. In the first article,
 written in commemoration of the Archive's 75th anniversary, the
 author presents the historical development of the Brandenburg
 Landeshauptarchiv since its origins in the 19th century, defining
 four phases: a period of preparation since 1874; a period
 of composition and expansion after its official establishment as
 Department III of the Prussian Secret State Archive (1883-1931);
 a period of reorganization and independence from the Secret
 State Archive (1931-1945), and a post-war period of rebuilding
 under complicated political conditions. The three other arti-
 cles contain details about still extant material of the Archive's
 three sections (I, provincial government, institutions with
 central functions within the province; II, medium-level admin-
 istration; III, local authorities and institutions), about war
 losses, new accessions, and new measures to secure maximal
 proficiency of the Archive for private use and scientific re-
 search. W. Wagnath

MEETINGS

2212. Calderón Quijano, José Antonio. EL XXXII CON-
 GRESO INTERNACIONAL DE AMERICANISTAS EN COPEN-
 HAGUE [The 32nd international congress of Americanists in
 Copenhagen]. *Estudios Americanos* (Spain) 1956 12(61): 265-
 276. Information about this congress held in August 1956.
 A list of papers presented is included. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20100)

2213. Carrión Cachot, Rebeca. EL XXXII CONGRESO
 INTERNACIONAL DE AMERICANISTAS [The 32nd international
 congress of Americanists]. *Boletín Indigenista* (Mexico) 1957
 17(1): 8-12. Information about this congress held in
 Copenhagen in August 1956, and about the papers presented at
 it, with particular reference to those dealing with the Andes
 area. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20099)

2214. Leśnodorski, Bogusław. AKTA X KONGRESU NAUK
 HISTORYCZNYCH W RZYMIE [Papers of the Tenth Congress
 of Historical Sciences in Rome]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958
 65(1): 302-313. Review article on the last volume of the
 papers of the Tenth Historical Congress. Analyzing the closing

speeches of the chairmen of the sections of the Congress, the author makes general remarks about the trends and developments in various branches of the historical sciences.

A. F. Dygnas

2215. Otáhalová, L[ibuše]. DISKUSE O PROBLEMATICE NEJNOVĚJŠÍCH DĚJIN [A discussion on the problems of recent history]. *Československý časopis Historický* 1957 5(4): 807-808.

A brief survey of the conference held on 30 May 1957 by the Institute of History of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences in Prague on problems of recent history. It was ascertained that Czech and Slovak historians are, ideologically and methodologically, not prepared to deal with the questions of contemporary history on the basis of dialectical materialism. The conference emphasized the danger of both extreme approaches: empiricism and dogmatism.

F. Wagner

2216. Pompa y Pompa, Antonio. CARTA DESDE VERA-CRUZ [A letter from Veracruz]. *Estudios Americanos* (Spain) 1955 10(46): 123-132.

An account of the second round table of the 11th session of the Mexican Congress of History, with a short note on several topics concerning native history.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 12597)

2217. Pompa y Pompa, Antonio. LA XI SESION DEL CONGRESO MEXICANO DE HISTORIA [The 11th session of the Mexican Congress of History]. *Historia Mexicana* (Mexico) 1955 5(2): 291-299.

Record of the activities of this congress, held in May 1955 in the Mexican city of Culiacán.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12596)

2218. Reyman, Jan (Warsaw Univ.). XXIV MIĘDZY-NARODOWY KONGRES ORIENTALISTÓW W MONACHIUM [Twenty-fourth International Orientalist Congress in Munich]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 328-330.

Report from the Congress with stress on the historical papers read at it.

A. F. Dygnas

2219. Shyrock, Richard H. (Johns Hopkins Univ.). THE NATURE OF THE CONFERENCE. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(5): 327-331.

A summary of the proceedings of a conference on the history, philosophy and sociology of science and its implications.

C. B. Joynt

2220. Slatkin, I. I., and S. V. Kiselev. SOVESHCHANIE ISTORIKOV MONGOL'SKOI NARODNOI RESPUBLIKI, KITAISKOI NARODNOI RESPUBLIKI I SOVETSKOGO SOIUZA V ULAN-BATORE [Conference of historians from the Mongolian People's Republic, the Chinese People's Republic and the Soviet Union in Ulan Bator]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1957 (2): 211-213.

The chief objective of this conference, which was held in November 1956, was to discuss questions arising in connection with the publication of a three-volume work on the history of the Mongolian people from ancient to modern times. The disclosure of, and research on, all existing historical material in the three countries, the writing of separate treatises on individual subjects, as well as new archeological

research to be undertaken by a Soviet-Mongolian study group in 1957-1959, were among the most important topics.

Erna Wollert

2221. Torre Villar, Ernesto de la. LA TERCERA REUNION DE CONSULTA DE LA COMISION DE HISTORIA DEL INSTITUTO PANAMERICANO DE GEOGRAFIA E HISTORIA [The third consultative meeting of the Commission on History of the Pan-American Institute of Geography and History]. *Boletín Bibliográfico de Antropología Americana* (Mexico) 1955 18(1): 3-13.

Information about the topic relating to the history of America, and general scientific subjects dealt with during this meeting, held in Mexico in 1955.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20097)

2222. Unsigned. CONGRESO DE HISTORIA CENTRO-AMERICA-PANAMA [Congress of the History of Central America and Panama]. *Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia* (Ecuador) 1956 36(88): 229-236.

Information about the agenda, delegations, approved papers, resolutions, proposals, etc., connected with this congress, held in September 1956.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20101)

2223. Unsigned. O TRET'EI OB'EDINENNOI NAUCHNOI SESSII PO ISTORII NARODOV PRIBALTIKI POSLEOKTIABR'SKOGO PERIODA [On the third meeting of the scientific session for the history of the Baltic peoples in the post-October period].

RESHENIE OB'EDINENNOI NAUCHNOI SESSII PO ISTORII NARODOV PRIBALTIKI POSLEOKTIABR'SKOGO PERIODA (TALLIN, 26-30 OKTIABRIA 1954 G.) [The decision of the meeting of the scientific session for the history of Baltic peoples in the period after October (Tallin, 26-30 October 1954)].

Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (4): 149-154, and 155-158.

From 26 to 30 October 1954 the third scientific session on the history of the Baltic peoples since 1917 took place in Tallin. Part of the lectures were published in *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR*. In the resolution made at the meeting it was emphasized that "the struggle against those bourgeois falsifiers who distort the true meaning of the far-reaching changes in the life of the Baltic peoples brought about by the Soviet system should be continued with increased vigor."

G. Lovas

2224. Unsigned. RESOLUCION DE LA SEGUNDA REUNION DEL CONSEJO DIRECTIVO DEL INSTITUTO PANAMERICANO DE HISTORIA Y GEOGRAFIA [Resolution of the second meeting of the directive council of the Pan-American Institute of History and Geography]. *Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia* 1957 15(56): 203-213.

Information on this meeting, which was held in Rio de Janeiro from 3 to 9 June 1957. The program of the Commission of History is given on pages 212-213.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2225. Unsigned. TEMARIO DE LA IV REUNION PAN-AMERICANA DE CONSULTA SOBRE HISTORIA [Themes of the fourth Pan-American consultative meeting on history]. *Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia* 1957 15(54/55): 115-117.

Themes proposed by the Commission on History of the Pan-American Institute of History and Geography, for the meeting held in Cuenca, Ecuador, in November 1957.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano

NOTE

The attention of the reader is called to the Notes and News Section of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS for other information on meetings of interest to historians, and for more details, as on papers read at some of the meetings cited above.

A. GENERAL: 1775-1945

GENERAL HISTORY

Political, Social and Economic History

2226. Adler, Mortimer J. (Institute for Philosophical Research). FREEDOM: A STUDY OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CONCEPT IN ENGLISH AND AMERICAN TRADITIONS OF PHILOSOPHY. *Review of Metaphysics* 1958 (3): 380-410. A survey, both historical and analytical.

pointing out that many diverse ideologies claim to promote freedom, the author seeks to show that different concepts of freedom are meant. He distinguishes three notions: freedom as self-perfection, as in Plato; freedom as self-realization, in which external circumstances are all-important; and freedom as self-determination, as in Stoicism and free-will doctrines. The Anglo-American idea of freedom is almost entirely confined to the second category, and this impedes communication with such exponents of other traditions as Rousseau, Kant, Hegel and Marx. Clarity on these distinctions can settle many arguments and promote efforts to reconcile diverse ideas of freedom. E. E. Kraehe

2227. Alonso García, Manuel. EL SINDICATO Y SU INTEGRACION EN EL ESTADO [The trade-union and its integration in the state]. *Cuadernos de Política Social* (Spain) 55 (25): 27-64. Analysis of the problem of the relationship between the labor union and the state, with a brief study of the historical development of the unions. The establishment of the liberal democratic state put an end to the possibility of the existence of associations. A regime characterized by direct relations between the state and the individual, it could not participate in problems that, like labor problems, were not specifically political. Trade-unionism has emerged, bearing with it from the very beginning a collective feeling that was moreover considered to be of social significance. The author studies three possible attitudes of the state toward the union: ignoring its existence; combatting and achieving its suppression; integrating it into the life of the state. Historical examples of each of these attitudes are given. R. Valdés del Toro

2228. Babel, Antony. EL NUEVO MUNDO Y EUROPA [The New World and Europe]. *El Correo de la Unesco* (France) 16 10(10): 15-16. Partial reproduction of lectures by the author dealing with the European contribution to the cultural life of America. Carmen Bâncora Cañero (IHE 18785)

2229. Buczek, Karol. O TEORII BADAŃ HISTORYCZNO-ADNICZYCH [On the theory of studies of the history of colonization]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 65-86. Gives own definition of colonization, based on the theory of dialectical materialism, and analyzes several contributory concepts, such as that of the definition of the village or town. A. F. Dygnas

2230. Coats, A. W. IN DEFENCE OF HECKSCHER AND HIS IDEA OF MERCANTILISM. *Scandinavian Economic History Review* 1957 5(2): 173-187. A review and discussion of the ideas recently expressed by D. C. Coleman in an article in the *Scandinavian Economic History Review* [See abstract 3: 2246]. Coats argues from the point of view of the historian of economic ideas, and comments on the general relationship between economic conditions, ideas and policy. The general conclusion is that, despite shortcomings, Heckscher's treatment of the economic ideas of the 17th and 18th centuries should be regarded as a brilliant pioneering effort. H. Pollins

2231. Cordero Torres, José M. EL MEDITERRANEO, UN ESPACIO DE COLABORACION HISPANO-ARABE [The Mediterranean, the nexus of Spanish-Arab collaboration]. *Cuadernos Africanos y Orientales* (Spain) 1955 (31): 9-26. Examination of the geophysical, economic, political and sociological elements of the Mediterranean countries as well as the position and action of the powers in reference to

the historical (19th and 20th centuries) and present-day problems of this sea. The author advocates a Mediterranean regional organization in which Spain and the Arab countries would take part. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 12526)

2232. Emilio López, J. LA ECONOMIA DE JOHN MAYNARD KEYNES AL TRAVES DE SUS OBRAS [The economy of John Maynard Keynes as seen in his works]. *Universidad de Antioquia* (Colombia) 1955 (123): 616-631. A short biographical sketch of Keynes, a review of his principal works, and a summary of his contribution to economic thought. F. Márquez

2233. Franzel, Emil. KONSERVATIVE STAATSKUNST [Conservative statesmanship]. *Neues Abendland* 1958 13(2): 143-156. In discussing this problem, the author investigates to what extent Bismarck and Metternich acted in accordance with his idea of a conservative statesman. G. Schoebe

2234. Gillouin, René. LA REVOLTE. SES SOURCES METAPHYSIQUES ET HISTORIQUES ET SES PERSPECTIVES D'AVENIR [Revolt. Its metaphysical and historical sources and its future prospects]. *Revue des Travaux de l'Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques et Comptes Rendus de ses Séances* 1957 110(1): 109-127. Believes that the principal historical source of revolt is the person of Jean Jacques Rousseau; that its metaphysical cause is the rejection of the self-evident fact that some men are vessels of natural authority, but that there is hope for the future because France is the scene of a contemporary revival of religious thought and metaphysical speculation which may bring men to an appreciation of the necessity for finding a just mean between "acceptance" and "revolt." J. Kuehl

2235. Hegemann, Margot (Leipzig). DOCUMENTE DIN ARHIVELE REPUBLICII DEMOCRATE GERMANE CU PRIVIRE LA RELATIILE ROMINO-GERMANE PÎNA ÎN 1944 [Documents from the archives of the German Democratic Republic concerning Rumanian-German relations up to 1944]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1957 10(5): 161-170. The German Federal Republic has published a number of books dealing with the history of Rumania but there are, unfortunately, no Marxist publications among them. Archives in the German Democratic Republic contain some material on Rumania and, in particular, documents relating to such subjects as: the Revolution of 1848 in the Danubian Principalities, the Treaty of Paris, 1856, the European commission for navigation on the Danube, the arrival of King Carol I in Rumania, the certificate of his marriage to Elisabeth von Wied, and the interest of German industry in Rumanian business. The correspondence of the Prussian Embassy in Rumania is kept here as well as a very interesting document concerning the abdication of Carol I in September 1914, and there are also documents referring to the infiltration of Hitlerism into Rumania. Much work remains to be done by Rumanian and German historians in examining the history of the relations between Rumania and Germany and presenting them in their true significance. I. Popinceanu

2236. Hofbauer, Erich. BENEDIKT KAUTSKY UND DER MARXISMUS [Benedikt Kautsky and Marxism]. *Tagebuch* 1958 13(2): 8. Takes issue with Kautsky's view that Marx's revolutionary or "Jacobin" emphasis was mere youthful foolishness, and that it was not representative of the mature Marx. The author claims that Kautsky misinterpreted the source material -- Marx's own writings -- in order to make the present Austrian Socialist Party appear to be truly Marxist. E. H. Boehm

2237. Hughes, H. Stuart (Harvard Univ.). HOW DEMOCRATIC IS CHRISTIAN DEMOCRACY? THE CHURCH IN EUROPEAN POLITICS. *Commentary* 1958 25(5): 379-384. A critical discussion of Michael P. Fogarty's *Christian Democracy in Western Europe, 1820-1953* (London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1957). Hughes contends, contrary to Fogarty's

arguments, that the Christian Democratic parties are Christian first and democratic second. When Christian (largely Catholic) doctrines clash with democratic principles and policies, democracy gives way. N. Kurland

2238. Klesment, Johannes. THE ANNIVERSARY OF ENSLAVEMENT. *Baltic Review* 1957 (12): 3-13. Regards the fortieth anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution as an anniversary of injustice and enslavement. The author recalls the Bolshevik declaration on 15 November 1917 of the rights of the peoples of the Russian Empire to self-determination, and the limitation on 15 January 1918 of this declaration to the proletariat alone and the subordination to the principles of socialism, which meant that the nations formerly subjugated by Czarist Russia had the right to overthrow Czarism, but the duty to maintain close ties with the Soviet Union. This was shown by the establishment of Soviet puppet governments of Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland and other border nations shortly after the proclamation of independence by these countries. After the failure of this attempt in 1919, the Soviet Union occupied these countries in 1940 and 1945 by sheer force. This process was spoken of by Nikita Khrushchev in February 1956 as a peaceful transformation of non-Communist countries to Communism.

E. Anderson

2239. Kohn, Hans. LA CIVILISATION OCCIDENTALE [Western civilization]. *Cahiers de Bruges* 1957 7(3/4): 15-18. Preliminary report presented to the Religion and Spiritual Values Section of the Conference held by NATO in Bruges from 9 to 14 September 1957. The author maintains that Western civilization is not geographically definable and that it cannot be identified with Christianity. Based on Graeco-Roman antiquity and the Christian Middle Ages from Charlemagne to the 18th century it originated in the 17th and 18th centuries, linked also to the countries of North America and the Calvinist and bourgeois version of Christianity, as well as to the rationalism of the Enlightenment. Because of historical and geographical accidents, it has found its greatest expression in North America. R. Valdés del Toro

2240. Kotkovskii, I. VOPROSY EKONOMICHESSKOGO RAZVITIIA I SOREVNIVANIIA DVUKH SISTEM [Questions of economic development and of the competition between the two systems]. *Kommunist* 1956 33(9): 27-38. The slower industrial development of the USA, England and France is contrasted with that of the USSR, for the years 1913-1955. Socialist industry has developed at a much quicker pace than capitalist industry, and industrial development in the capitalist countries is confined mainly to the armament industry. G. Lovas

2241. Kroef, Justus M., van der. THE COLONIAL DEVIATION IN INDONESIAN HISTORY. *East and West* 1956 7(3): 251-261. In examining the views of the Dutch historians J. H. Boeke and Jan Romein concerning the social, economic and cultural impact of Western colonization on an Asian area conforming to the "General Human Pattern," rather than to Western thought patterns, concludes that the ideas of complete individualism and unchecked competition are dangerous to a society reared in the idea of communal action. The West has learned to live with its materialism; the East must learn how to do so, but not all at once, and not in the literal sense of the word.

C. F. Latour

2242. Lluf y Navas-Brusi, Jaime. LA MONEDA Y LAS VIAS DE COMUNICACION [Coins and means of communication]. *Numisma* (Spain) 1956 6(21): 33-49. Attempts to establish a connection between geography and coinage history. The author examines the influence of communications, geography, and social and legal conditions on coinage evolution. Illustrated. J. Rubió Lois (IHE 19276)

2243. Lohuizen-de Leeuw, J. E. van. THE MEETING BETWEEN EAST AND WEST. *East and West* 1956 7(1): 5-11. Reviews cultural contacts between Europe and Asia through history, and concludes that the two seem to complement each other admirably; the West by its highly developed intellectual knowledge of matter, the East by its broad and deep knowledge of man. C. F. Latour

2244. López-Amo, Angel. SOBRE EL ESTUDIO PROFUNDO DE LAS REVOLUCIONES [on the profound study of revolutions]. *Nuestro Tiempo* (Spain) 1957 4(31): 5-20. An exegesis of Donoso Cortés's ideas on revolution.

J. Reglá Capistol (IHE 19914)

2245. Marck, Siegfried (Roosevelt Univ.). EDUARD HEIMANN'S RELIGIÖS-FREIHEITLICHER SOZIALISMUS [The libertarian religious socialism of Eduard Heimann]. *Geist und Tat* 1957 12(10): 326-332. A review article on Heimann's *Vernunftglaube und Religion in der modernen Gesellschaft* (Tübingen, 1955). With references to Marck's own philosophy and publications. Intellectually, fascism was a revolt of the irrational against modern reasoning.

H. Hirsch

2246. Maslennikov, V. A. NEKOTORYE OSOBENOSTI EKONOMICHESSKOGO RAZVITIIA KOLONIAL'NYKH I ZAVISIMYKH STRAN V EPOKHU IMPERIALIZMA [Some aspects of the economic development of colonies and other dependent countries in the age of imperialism]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (4): 31-42. During the first half of the 19th century the influence of imperialism was extended to the colonies. It created everywhere a semi-feudal economic system, a mixture of feudal agrarian conditions and those arising from capitalistic industrialization. The characteristic feature of this development was the enormous impoverishment of the peasants. G. Lovas

2247. Mints, I. I. VELIKAIA SOTSIALISTICHESKAIA REVOLIUTSIA I EE MEZHDUNARODNOE ZNACHENIE [The Great Socialist Revolution and its international significance]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR* 1955 (4): 8-19. A lecture delivered at the third scientific session dealing with the history of the Baltic peoples in the period since the October Revolution. The author gives an account of the basic trends in Lenin's revolutionary theory and its influence on the people of the East. G. Lovas

2248. Novak, D. (McMaster Univ.). THE PLACE OF ANARCHISM IN THE HISTORY OF POLITICAL THOUGHT. *Review of Politics* 1958 20(3): 307-329. Shows that although anarchism viewed as a social ideology is a modern phenomenon, anarchism defined as "a belief in individual freedom and a denial of authority" can be traced back to the ancient Greeks and forward to the present era. C. B. Joy

2249. Parrish, John B. IRON AND STEEL IN THE BALANCE OF WORLD POWER. *Journal of Political Economy* 1956 64(5): 369-388. Deals with the shifts in the location of iron and steel capacity during the last 150 years. From 1800 to 1870 Great Britain produced more than half of the world's pig iron production. The period 1870-1900 was marked by a dispersion of iron and steel capacity among many rival centers. The years 1910-1950 witnessed the emergence of the USA as the foremost steel producing power. By 1950 the world had entered a fourth phase -- the era of power duopoly. The author advises the USA to maintain an annual rate of growth of between 3.5 and 4 million metric tons of steel so as not to be outpaced by the USSR. E. März

2250. Trumpa, Vincas. SOME ASPECTS OF THE BALTIC AREA PROBLEM. *Lituanus* 1958 4(1): 11-15. A survey of the history of the Baltic countries from earliest recorded evidence to the present time, with special reference to their present and future position. E. H. Boehm

2251. Vidalenc, Jean (Caen). UNE MISE AU POINT DE DIVERS PROBLEMES ANTILLAIS: LES ETATS-UNIS ET LE MARCHE HAÏTIEN [A consideration of various problems of the Antilles: the United States and the Haitian market]. *Revue d'Histoire Economique et Sociale* 1957 35 (1): 84-90. Review article on Alain Tournier's *Les Etats-Unis et le marché haïtien* (Washington, 1955), tracing the relations between the United States and Haiti from 1784 to the present. The U.S. first contested for domination of the Haitian market with France, and then with Britain; now, after many years with no serious competition, with Japan and West Germany. R. E. Cameron

2252. Wolfe, Bertram D. (New York). THE DURABILITY OF DESPOTISM IN THE SOVIET UNION (PART II). Russian Review 1958 17(3): 163-175. Continuation from a previous article [See abstract 4: 913]. The author analyzes the Soviet Union as a totalitarian state with special reference to post-war political developments. He holds that the changes of the latter period are changes "within the system" and do not affect the basic institutional framework of the Soviet state. Western intellectuals have been repeatedly misled by planned changes and tactical maneuvers and have not been sufficiently cognizant of the "institutional framework and its built-in staying powers." D. von Mohrenschildt

2253. --. [GREAT POWERS, WORLD POWERS AND POWER BLOCS]. Geschichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht 1958 9(5). Rassow, Peter, GROSSMÄCHTE, WELTMÄCHTE, MÄCHTEBLÖCKE: EINE RUNDFUNKREDE [Great powers, world powers and power blocs. A radio address], pp. 287-295. Erdmann, Karl, THESEN ZUR RÜSTUNGSPOLITISCHEN SITUATION [Theses on the armament situation], pp. 295-299. Rassow attributes the historical development of Grossmächte, Weltmächte and power blocs to advances in weapons and the emergence of the formation of an elite. In a letter and twenty-two theses Erdmann raises objections and calls for the end of the balance of power policy. F. B. M. Hollyday

2254. --. [PROBLEMS OF U.S.-EUROPEAN TENSIONS]. Annales de Bruges 1957 7(3/4). Barraclough, Geoffrey, LES CAUSES DES TENSIONS [The causes of the tensions], pp. 35-39. Silberschmidt, Max, LES ORIGINES HISTORIQUES DES TENSIONS [The historical origins of the tensions], pp. 32-35. Moulin, Léo. QUELQUES REMARQUES SUR LE RAPPORT DE M. G. BARRACLOUGH [Some remarks on the report of M. G. Barraclough], pp. 40-42. Two preliminary reports presented to the Commission on the Problems of Tensions at the conference held by NATO in Bruges from 10 to 14 September 1957. Barraclough analyzes the causes of the tensions that have confronted and still confront the USA and Europe. The most important are, besides those of a general or irrational nature, the lack of common economic interests and the nonexistence of a concrete community of civilization, the only cultural ties between the USA and Europe (e.g. the Christian, Hellenic, humanist element) being too vague and general to afford a basis for unity as a definite and precise unity. Silberschmidt analyzes three stages in the problem of tensions between the USA and Europe: the period of colonial domination, the period in which America aspired to political and economic independence and the period of American aid to Europe. In his remarks, Moulin points to the need of reinforcing the ties of the Atlantic community. R. Valdés del Toro

International Relations

See also: 2262

2255. Calvo-coressi, Peter (Council, Royal Institute of International Affairs). THE DIPLOMAT. Political Quarterly 1957 28(4): 352-361. Analyzes the qualities demanded of a successful diplomat or foreign secretary today by comparing present conditions with those prevailing in the spacious world of the 19th century, which saw Bismarck's successes. R. H. Wilde

2256. Klafkowski, Alfons. WPLYW II WOJNY ŚWIATOWEJ NA UMOWY B. RZESZY NIEMIECKIEJ [The influence of World War II on the treaties of the former German Reich]. Zegląd Zachodni 1956 12(5/6): 1-18. The competence of Germany's international treaties concluded before and during World War II was assumed after the end of the war by the Allied Control Commission. The final clarification of problems connected with treaties of the former Reich will be dealt with in the future peace treaty with Germany. In discussing the legal aspects of this problem the author recalls several precedents from the past and quotes international law experts. E. Boba

2257. Lusignan, Guy de. LA QUESTION DU SLESVIG, PROBLEME EUROPEEN [The question of Schleswig, European problem]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1955 69(2): 135-139. Outlines the history of the Schleswig-Holstein question up to the Prussian annexation in 1866 as a question in

European public law. The author then considers the moderate Danish proposals for the post-World War I plebiscites, the German handling of these votes in central and south Schleswig and the activities of the Danish "Schleswig Association" between the wars in the areas which remained German. He notes that the influx of East German refugees during and after 1945 overwhelmed the slowly growing pro-Danish minority, although Danish-German negotiations on this issue were continuing at the time of publication. J. H. Jensen

2258. Olmi, Massino. LA "GRANDE ALLEANZA" ANGLO-AMERICANA [The Anglo-American "Grand Alliance"]. Civitas 1958 9(4/5): 45-72. Examines the Anglo-American "Grand Alliance" in the light of the history of the relations between the two countries from World War I to the present. The author emphasizes how close Anglo-American collaboration has marked the most successful times of the whole West. Journal

2259. Schramm, Percy Ernst. DEUTSCHLAND UND DER OSTEN [Germany and Eastern Europe]. Geschichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht 1958 9(6): 321-338. Sketches, in seven phases, the relations of Germany with Eastern Europe. F. B. M. Hollyday

2260. Taira, Kosaku (Chuo Univ.). JAPAN'S FOREIGN RELATIONS. Contemporary Japan 1958 25(2): 185-201. Article to be continued. G. A. Lensen
See also: 3: 1045, 4: 360

Military History

2261. McGuffie, T. H. THE SWORD IN WARFARE. History Today 1958 8(7): 443-452. An illustrated account of the types and uses of the sword in warfare down through the ages, with particular emphasis on its use in the 19th century. Military sentiment prolonged its use long after its value as a combat weapon had ceased, and it was not until after World War I that it was finally discarded. E. D. Johnson

2262. Panikkar, K. M. PEACE-MAKING AND WAR-MAKING IN THE 20TH CENTURY. Journal of the United Service Institution of India 1956 86(365): 308-323. Not the character of the weapons, but the total organization of the resources of the people and their utilization by the state has created total war in the 20th century. The First World War was the first total war, because not until then was the state the repository of all power and the organizer of the whole economy. From the standpoint of technology war has been changed basically by the internal combustion engine. This has made full-scale war possible only for the most industrially advanced nations. Modern war places great strains on the total economic and human resources of even these states, and requires planned and organized hatred of the enemy. All wars thus become struggles between light and dark which do not admit of compromise. Unconditional surrender and the dictated peace are unavoidable. The object of peace has become to reconstitute the world in the image of the victor. The conditions of war in the 20th century make the conclusion of peace an impossible task. D. Houston

HISTORY BY COUNTRY OR AREA

Africa

See also: 2834

2263. Devereux, Robert (School of Advanced International Studies, Washington). SPAIN'S ROLE IN NORTH AFRICA. World Affairs Quarterly 1958 29(2): 152-176. In connection with Spain's 1956 renunciation of her Moroccan protectorate, recalls the history of Spanish colonialism in Africa, beginning late in the 15th century. Africa has been "one of the permanent factors" in Spanish policy. The present Spanish regime was installed in a revolt which began in Melilla. While now trying to hold its fragments of empire, Spain has turned to a policy of mediterraneanism, seeking to make itself politically the kind of bridge between Europe and the Arab-speaking world that it historically has been. S. E. Humphreys

2264. Gardeazábal, Fernando de. LA PROTECCION DE MENORES EN GUINEA [The protection of minors in Guinea]. Africa (Spain) 1955 12(166): 447-451. Study of this subject based on legal documents of the period since 1904, especially from the years 1948, 1950, 1952 and 1955. A chronological index of provisions made between 1863 and 1955 is given. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 12897)

2265. Ghirelli, Angelo. MONOGRAFIA DE LA KABILA DE BOKOIA [Treatise on the Kabyle of Bokoia]. Archivos del Instituto de Estudios Africanos (Spain) 1955 8(32): 27-83. A study, originally written in 1920 of the geography, ethnology, language, religion, laws, customs, political organization and religious-political influences of this Rif tribe, with a few historical notes on the period since the Middle Ages. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 12908)

2266. Hancock, W. K. (Australian National Univ.). TREK. Economic History Review 1958 10(3): 331-339. Discussion of the causes and features of the expansion of the frontier in South Africa. The author contrasts the interpretations of various historians, especially S. Daniel Neumark and P. J. van der Merwe. He suggests that studies be made of the Boers who did not trek. Some comparison with the frontier experience in Australia is included. B. L. Crapster

2267. Potekhin, I. I. ANTIIMPERIALISTICHESKOE DVIZHENIE V KOLONII ZOLOTI BEREK [Anti-imperialist movement in the colony of the Gold Coast]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (2): 61-70. The Gold Coast is used as an example of the increasing exploitation of the African peoples under British colonial domination. In the introduction the author describes the economic and political conditions of the period 1897-1945. G. Lovas

Asia

2268. Aliev, G. A. RAZVITIE SOTSIALISTICHESKOI KUL'TURY V TADZHIKISTANE [The development of Socialist culture in Tadzhikistan]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (3): 96-107. Survey of the development of Tadzhikistan culture from the 4th century B.C. to 1954, with a detailed description of cultural progress after 1917. Undocumented. G. Lovas

2269. Avarin, V. I. VELIKAIA OKTIABR'SKAIA SOTSIALISTICHESKAIA REVOLUTSIIA I VOSTOK [The Great Socialist October Revolution and the East]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (5): 3-12. The October Revolution not only liberated the Central and East Asian peoples within the area of the USSR from political and economic oppression, but also removed the conflicts between the different nationalities. At the same time it influenced all other Asian countries and peoples. Undocumented. G. Lovas

2270. Das Gupta, R. K. MAZZINI AND INDIAN NATIONALISM. East and West 1956 7(1): 67-70. Recounts the influence of Mazzini and the Italian struggle for independence on Indian nationalist leaders in the late 19th and in the 20th century. C. F. Latour

2271. Díaz-Trechuelo, M[ar]ía Lourdes. LA EMPRESA ESPAÑOLA EN FILIPINAS [The Spanish enterprise in the Philippines]. Estudios Americanos (Spain) 1956 12(57/58): 27-39. A historical study of the Spanish period of the history of the Philippines. Brief reference is made to the motives of the conquest, and to the economy, society, public administration and culture of the Philippines during this period. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19236)

2272. E. P. INTERPRETAZIONI COMUNISTE DELLA RIVOLUZIONE ASIATICA [Communist interpretations of the Asiatic revolution]. Relazioni Internazionali 1958 22(6): 151-152. Until the Second World War Western studies of recent Asian history were usually concerned with analyzing the expansion and relations of the Western powers in the area. With the growth of the forces of independence it became necessary to devote greater interest to the economic, social and political changes in the structure of the Asiatic countries. A new perspective in the historiographical problem of Asia is

provided by the Communist historiography of the USSR and China. A recent publication by members of the USSR Academy of Science, J. M. Shukow (editor): Die internationalen Beziehungen im Fernen Osten (Berlin: Akademie Verlag, 1955), dealing with the period 1870-1945, is representative of this trend. Aspects that have been neglected in Western historiography are emphasized in this work, e.g. the economic, political and cultural crisis into which the traditional Asiatic societies had fallen before Western intervention. Chinese historiography also insists on the crisis of feudal Asiatic society and the fact that it acted as an accomplice to Western imperialism.

R. Valdés del Toro

2273. Gordon, L. R. POLOZHENIE KREST'IAN VOSTOCHNOGO PAKISTANA [The situation of the peasants in East Pakistan]. Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (12): 217-256. Shows the changes which took place in the life of the Bengali peasants from the end of the 18th century to 1950 and explains the reasons for them. The author describes the various social strata within the peasantry and the poverty of the peasants, and he gives a short survey of the zamindar system and of the distribution of land. G. Lovas

2274. Grodtko, N. D. IZ ISTORII GOSUDARSTVENNOGO DOLGA INDII [On the history of the Indian public debt]. Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (12): 257-305. Indian public debts, caused by British colonial rule, increased rapidly owing to the colonial wars in which Great Britain was engaged. The author subdivides the period considered into four sections: 1) 1860-1918; 2) 1919-1940; 3) 1940-1945, and 4) the period after 1945 (to 1950). The enormous increase in debts owed by India to Great Britain has opened the door for American capital. G. Lovas

2275. Higgins, Benjamin (Massachusetts Institute of Technology). WESTERN ENTERPRISE AND THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF SOUTHEAST ASIA: REVIEW ARTICLE. Pacific Affairs 1958 31(1): 74-87. Briefly traces the impact of Western enterprise on the economic development of Southeast Asia since the 16th century. It is by no means "certain" that Western enterprise improved native living standards between 1800 and 1940. G. A. Lensen

2276. Hytten, F. C. (Commander). SHIPBUILDING IN INDIA. Journal of the United Service Institution of India 1956 86(362): 59-71. Traces the history of shipbuilding in India from earliest times to the present. A flourishing industry until the mid-19th century, it all but disappeared after 1863. D. Houston

2277. "KRGH." A WITHERED BELDAME NOW. PORTRAIT OF A SETTLEMENT. Journal of the United Service Institution of India 1956 86(362): 85-91. A short historical portrait of Balasore, a town in Orissa, which since 1893 has been the site of an ordnance proving range. The area was taken by the British in 1803 and in 1799 was the scene of an Anglo-French naval battle. D. Houston

2278. Komarov, E. N. K VOPROSU OB USTANOVLENI POSTOIANNOGO OBLOZHENIIA PO SISTEME ZAMINDARI V BENGALII [On the question of introducing a system for permanent tax assessment on the basis of the zamindar system in Bengal]. Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (12): 3-60. Discusses the motives of British colonizers, and their objectives, in introducing the "Permanent Settlement" in Bengal in 1793. The author describes Bengali agrarian legislation, which he believes has been responsible for some important features of the "zamindar system" that has been in force in Bengal to the present day. Based on A. Dow's A History of Hindustan, R. C. Dutt's The Economic History of India, and other works. G. Lovas

2279. Leont'ev, V. P. IZ ISTORII ANGLIISKOI EKSPANSII V TIBET (XVIII-XIX VV.) [Concerning the history of English expansion in Tibet (18th-19th centuries)].

ratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (16): 41-42. In the second half of the 18th century England made an attempt to penetrate into China through a section of the Chinese frontier which bordered on Tibet. A survey of the reconnaissance expeditions from 1773 to 1893 is given. The survey also includes a more detailed description of the war of 1888. G. Lovas

2280. Levkovskii, A. I. OSOBNOSTI RAZVITIIA RUPNOGO KAPITALISTICHESKOGO PREDPRINIMATEL'STVA V INDII [The peculiar development of capitalistic business in India]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (2): 7-124. Deals with British capital investment, trends in the development of Indian industry, and the activity of banks in the period from 1870 to 1945. Based on works by Indian authors. G. Lovas

2281. Mehta, G. L. VIVEKANANDA--HIS INFLUENCE ON THE AWAKENING OF MODERN INDIA. Indo-Asian Culture 1957 5(4): 379-386. Swami Vivekananda, a late 19th century Hindu philosopher and religious leader, exerted through his teachings a profound influence upon the growth of nationalism in India. Although he was not politically active, he laid the philosophical basis for the later teachings of Mahatma Gandhi and for the actions of the Indian National Congress. E. D. Johnson

2282. Pavlov, V. I. OCHERK DEIATEL'NOSTI RGOVTSSEV I ROSTOVSHCHIKOV V KOLONIAL'NOI INDII [On the activities of merchants and usurers in colonial India]. Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (12): 160. Discusses the methods employed by the merchants and usurers of the Marwar caste in Rajputana during the period of British colonial rule, 1750-1940. The Marwar bourgeoisie, dispersed over the whole of India, cannot be called the national bourgeoisie of Rajputana, because of their wide political and economic connections. On the other hand, they did not amalgamate with the nationalities among which they lived. The peculiarities of capitalistic development in India and of the Indian caste system account for this fact. G. Lovas

2283. Rupen, Robert A. MONGOLIAN NATIONALISM. Journal of the Royal Central Asian Society 1958 45(2): 157-160. For three centuries Mongolia has been at the mercy of its two neighbors, China and Russia. In this century a Mongolian nationalism has emerged, seeking either independence or some sort of protectorate status. It is strongest at the periphery of greater Mongolia, in Shilingol and Barga. It has been weakened by the split between Inner and Outer Mongolia, by the coming together of Russia and China since the flight of the Mongols from their traditional literature, and by the rise of Lamaism (Tibetan Buddhism). E. Wright

2284. Unsigned. COMMUNISM IN JAPAN. Bulletin of the Japan Society of London 1958 3(25): 14-19. Lecture delivered by Capt. M. D. Kennedy to the Japan Society of London on 22 April 1958. Marxian socialism in Japan has always labored under two serious handicaps: it has attempted to overturn the monarchy, and it has been sponsored by Japan's traditional enemy, Russia. Communism was introduced in the late 1870s, and a Communist party was organized in 1922. It was never really popular, the movement was confined to a hard core of professionals. The party was repeatedly dissolved and reorganized. Unlike Communism in other parts of Asia, it never became identified with nationalism; indeed, it was always the target of nationalist hostility. D. Houston

2285. Unsigned. OB IZUCHENII EPOKHI PROBUZHDENIIA AZII [About research on the age of the Asiatic awakening]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (6): 3-13. Soviet literature has hitherto been concerned with political and historical problems rather than with a thorough investigation of the social and economic factors conditioning the awakening of the Asiatic peoples. G. Lovas

Canada

2286. Ford, Robert A. D. (Canadian Ambassador to Colombia). CANADA, PAIS AMERICANO [Canada, American Country]. Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1957

44(510-512): 243-254. A historical, geographical and economic sketch, emphasizing Canada's special position in the Western Hemisphere. D. Bushnell

Europe

BALKANS and NEAR EAST

2287. Buda, A. TRADITSII DRUZHBY MEZHDU ALBANSKIM I RUSSKIM NARODAMI [The tradition of friendship between the Albanian and Russian peoples]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (5): 77-87. A review of Albanian-Russian friendship in reference to the relations of the two peoples from 1586 to 1912. Reference is made to the Russo-Turkish war of 1828-1829, the activity of the Russian Consul General in Central Albania, M. Khitrovo, the uprising in Mirdit in 1878 and, in this connection, to the activity of Shpeier, the Russian Consul General in Shkodër. Documented. G. Lovas

2288. Giurescu, Const. C. DESPRE RELATIILE ROMINO-EGIPTENE SI CONTRIBUTIA ROMNIEI LA CONSTRUIREA CANALULUI DE SUEZ [On the relations between Egypt and Rumania and the Rumanian contribution to the construction of the Suez Canal]. Studii. Revista de Istorie 1957 10(1): 91-109. Begins with a description of pre-historic relations between Egypt and the area which now constitutes Rumania. In modern times Rumania has had contacts with Egypt, particularly with the patriarchate of Alexandria and with the monastery of Sinai. Rumania's exports to Egypt have, also during the period in which the Suez canal was built, consisted mainly of timber and salt. Many Rumanians have visited Egypt since 1850 and most of them have described their travels and published the accounts. I. Popinceanu

2289. Toynbee, Arnold J. (Univ. of London). THE OTTOMAN EMPIRE IN WORLD HISTORY. Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society 1955 99(3): 119-126. The chief service of the Ottoman Empire was to bring unity, peace and order to Eastern Orthodox Christendom in the Balkan Peninsula and Anatolia after this area had fallen into anarchy. The modern world can learn much from two Ottoman institutions: the disciplined and dedicated supranational civil service and the system of non-territorial communal autonomy. C. B. Joynt

FRANCE

2290. Barral, Pierre. CHRONIQUE BIBLIOGRAPHIQUE: LE DEPARTEMENT DE L'ISERE DEPUIS 1788 [Bibliographical chronicle: the department of Isère since 1788]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1956 1(1): 111-118. Cites, with short commentary, about one hundred books and articles that have appeared since 1935 (the date of the publication of the last bibliography of the Dauphiné, M. Latouche's "Bulletin historique: Histoire du Dauphiné," Revue Historique 1935, vol. 175, pp. 546-570.). They all deal with the recent history of the Dauphiné. R. Valdés del Toro

2291. Chalmin, Pierre. QUELQUES REPERES POUR UNE HISTOIRE SOCIALE DE L'ARMEE FRANÇAISE AU XIX. SIECLE [Some data for a social history of the French army in the 19th century]. L'Actualité de l'Histoire 1958 (22): 18-51. Military history provides an excellent source for the social historian because of voluminous records preserved by the army. The war department was the earliest branch of the French government to keep records on a massive scale. The principal categories of war department records of use to the social historian are discussed, and some examples are given of what can be done with the type of material available. The author analyzes the reports on recruiting for the years 1818-1870: when compared with other data, they show clearly that the number of recruits increases in times of economic depression. Since the recruits are classified according to civilian trade, it is possible to determine what sectors of the economy are the most affected. The average age of different ranks of the army at various times is also discussed, as is the percentage of married soldiers, the rate of illiteracy, and the incidence

of suicide. The author concludes: "too many civilian historians ignore the army, and inversely too many military historians... neglect everything that is not purely operational." As a result, a fertile historical source is being overlooked, because in or out of the service men are basically the same. D. Houston

2292. Fournier, Gabriel. CHRONIQUE BIBLIOGRAPHIQUE: AUVERGNE [Bibliographical chronicle: Auvergne]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1956 1(4): 399-416. Analysis of the most important features of studies devoted to the history of Auvergne which appeared between 1945 and 1955. The author comments on more than a hundred titles, covering every period and aspect. R. Valdés del Toro

2293. Gonnet, Paul. ARCHIVES FISCALES ET HISTOIRE URBAINE [Fiscal archives and urban history]. Revue d'Histoire Economique et Sociale 1957 35(1): 41-51. Documents preserved in departmental archives and used originally for tax purposes can be used to study the economic and social history of cities. Data on property taxes, personal taxes, licences, etc., indicate the location of social classes and economic activities within cities. Examples from Dijon, Nice, and Beaune are given. R. E. Cameron

2294. Guichonnet, Paul. CHRONIQUE BIBLIOGRAPHIQUE: LA SAVOIE DEPUIS 1700 [Bibliographical chronicle: Savoy since 1700]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1956 1(2): 197-213. States that the last addition to the bibliography on the old Duchy was R. Avezou's "Histoire de Savoie. Publications de 1919 à 1937," contained in Revue Historique, 1939, vol. 186 (31 p.). Guichonnet gives critical references for more than one hundred books and articles that have appeared since 1937 dealing with the recent history of Savoy. R. Valdés del Toro

2295. Lorwin, Val R. REFLEXIONS SUR L'HISTOIRE DE DEUX SYNDICALISMES: SYNDICALISME FRANÇAIS ET SYNDICALISME AMÉRICAIN [Reflections on the history of two union movements: the French and the American]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 2(1): 81-86. Abbreviated version of an article which appeared in Journal of Economic History, 1957 17(1): 25-44 [See abstract 4: 140]. R. Valdés del Toro

2296. Molnar, Thomas (Brooklyn College). THE POLITICAL THOUGHT OF BERNANOS. Review of Politics 1958 20(2): 225-242. Traces the social and political forces in France between 1906 and 1948 which influenced the development of Bernanos' political ideas. C. B. Joynt

2297. Perré, Jean. LES OFFICIERS DE CARRIÈRE ET LA NATION [The professional officers and the nation]. Écrits de Paris 1957 (146): 49-58. Continuation of a previous article [See abstract 3: 413]. Criticizes the deterioration since 1870 of the status of the French professional officer through systematic impairing of his financial status by the government combined with the decline of the social quality of the officers, especially after the First World War. R. Wengraf

GERMANY

2298. Kuchinsky, J. IZMENENIE OSOBNOSTEI GERMANSKOGO IMPERIALIZMA ZA PERIOD S 1900 PO 1955 G. [Changes in the characteristics of German imperialism in the period from 1900 to 1955]. Doklady i Soobshchenia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 147-152. In 1955 West German imperialism showed essentially the same characteristics as those of the imperialism which Lenin defined for the first time in 1915. These characteristics admittedly disappeared or assumed a more moderate form in the First and Second World Wars, but once the war potential is restored after the Paris treaties of 27 March 1955 some of these characteristics, such as the existence of an efficient production apparatus controlled by industrial monopolies and increasing export of capital, will reappear. These factors are certain to influence German foreign policy. G. Lovas

2299. Merkatz, Hans-Joachim von. WANDLUNGEN DER DEUTSCHEN PARTEIEN [Changes in the German parties]. Forum 1958 5(55/56): 255-258. An essay on constitutional and party development in Germany since the mid-19th century, with reference to the contemporary scene. E. H. Boehm

GREAT BRITAIN

2300. Baker, Frank. METHODIST ARCHIVES. Amateur Historian 1957 3(4): 143-149. After a brief survey of the history and organization of the Methodist Church in England points out that at every organizational level there are archives presently available to bona fide students. The kinds of record kept at each level are described, and the addresses of the various connectional department archives are given. D. Houston

2301. Cairncross, A. K. THE ENGLISH CAPITAL MARKET BEFORE 1914. Economica 1958 25(98): 142-146. A rejoinder to an article by A. R. Hall in Economica, 24(93): 59-66 [See abstract 3: 583], which had criticized the views of, among others, Cairncross. The latter insists that the older view of the deficiencies of the English capital market before 1914 is still valid and not upset by Hall's discussion. See also: 3: 583 H. Pollins

2302. Christoph, James B. THE STUDY OF VOTING BEHAVIOR IN THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS. Western Political Quarterly 1958 11(2): 301-318. The study of the voting behavior of legislatures can produce meaningful data useful in the study of larger questions. The author refers to votes in the British House of Commons for 1836, 1850, 1860, 1871, 1881, 1894, 1899, 1924 and 1924-28 to illustrate his thesis. H. Kantor

2303. Davidson, Thomas. ANIMAL CHARM CURES AND AMULETS. Amateur Historian 1957/58 3(6): 237-248. Serious epidemics occurred among farm animals in Great Britain up to 1877, and a great variety of charms and amulets were used extensively as cures. The author describes some of these charms in detail. The need for them vanished with veterinary and agricultural progress. Their long survival was due in great measure to the farmer's unwillingness to abandon customary rituals so well established and traditionally sanctioned. D. Houston

2304. Greaves, H. R. G. (Univ. of London). BRITISH CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, 1914-1956. Political Quarterly 1957 28(4): 383-389. Discusses the changing role of the British central government during the years 1914 to 1956. "The perspective at the outbreak of the first world war belonged essentially to the nineteenth century. The functions of the state were still thought to be confined to maintaining internal order and external defence, conducting foreign relations, and controlling vast overseas territories and populations. Such rudimentary social services as existed were mainly the concern of local authorities.... There was no idea that the state should direct economic affairs..." The same attitude largely prevailed after 1922, though in the thirties "some slight government function of economic policy formulation" can be discerned. The position in 1956 and in 1914 is next compared under four headings: 1) the number of officials; 2) central co-ordination; 3) economic activities, and 4) the impact of science. This comparison illustrates "the fundamentally changing character of the activities covered by the organization of British central government." J. A. S. Grenville

2305. Green, Alan. THE ARCHIVES OF CONGREGATIONALISM. Amateur Historian 1957 4(1): 208-212. After a brief outline of the history of congregationalism in Great Britain, describes the principal church records available to British historians and indicates their location. D. Houston

2306. Hanson, A. H. (Univ. of Leeds). THE LABOUR PARTY AND HOUSE OF COMMONS REFORM. Parliamentary Affairs 1957 10(4): 454-468. First part of the article abstracted in 4: 999.

2307. Hilton, George W. THE BRITISH TRUCK SYSTEM IN THE NINETEENTH CENTURY. Journal of Political Economy 1957 65(3): 237-256. Defines the truck system as a "set of closely related arrangements whereby some form of consumption is tied to the employment contract." The system existed in Britain from the 15th century on and constituted an important social as well as political issue during the 19th century. Some forms of the truck system seem to

ear out the judgment of Sidney and Beatrice Webb that the system "was a method of circumventing a standard rate of wages set by collective bargaining." On the other hand, it seems unlikely that the system played an important role in socializing laborers to their employers through debt.

E. März

2308. MacDonagh, Oliver (St. Catherine's College, Cambridge). THE NINETEENTH-CENTURY REVOLUTION IN GOVERNMENT: A REAPPRAISAL. Historical Journal 1958 1(1): 52-67.

Theoretical discussion of the changing operations and functions of the state in 19th century Britain. The transformation from individualism to collectivism was a governmental revolution. The author believes that Benthamism, humanitarianism, industrialization, and other explanations commonly offered by historians are inadequate. He suggests that the administrative machinery was itself usually creative and had a self-generating character in promoting reforms.

S. H. Zebel

2309. Milburn, Josephine Fishel. THE FABIAN SOCIETY AND THE BRITISH LABOUR PARTY. Western Political Quarterly 1958 11(2): 319-339. Traces the history of the Fabian Society from its foundation to the present and tries to assess its influence as a corporate group.

H. Kantor

2310. Rose, R. B. BIBLIOGRAPHICAL AIDS TO RESEARCH, XV: SOME NATIONAL SOURCE FOR PROTESTANT NONCONFORMIST AND ROMAN CATHOLIC HISTORY. Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research 1958 31(83): 1-83.

Describes certain materials in the General Register Office, Somerset House, London, and in other repositories, including Nonconformists' church registers, lists of registered chapels, returns from surveys of Protestant Nonconformist places of worship, etc.

P. H. Hardacre

2311. Unsigned. SCOTLAND SINCE THE ACT OF UNION. British Survey 1957 (97): 1-24. A brief survey of the political, economic and social history of Scotland since 1707.

D. Houston

HABSBURG EMPIRE

2312. Hoor, Ernst. DAMALS IM VÖLKERKERKER... DIE NATIONALITÄTENPOLITIK IM ALTEN ÖSTERREICH (Long ago in the prison of peoples... The nationality policy in the old Austria). Forum 1958 5(55/56): 259-265. Criticizes as untenable the interpretation that the Habsburg Empire was a prison of nationalities. Even as late as the First World War all nationalities, except the Serbs, Italians and extremist Germans, opposed outright separation from the Empire. Inadequate satisfaction of Czech demands in the 19th century had ultimately led merely to a desire for equalization. The impartiality of the Crown and government was, however, vitiated by rapid Magyarization after the Ausgleich of 1867 and the uncompromising attitude of some German parties. Nevertheless, the dissolution of the Empire was the consequence of decisions made in 1918 by the Allied and Associated Powers. Uses published sources.

E. H. Boehm

2313. Hosák, L. PRAMENY K DĚJINÁM SLOVENSKA A SLOVÁCKA V STÁTNÍM ARCHIVU V BRNĚ [Sources of the history of Slovakia at the State Archives in Brno]. Historický Časopis 1958 6(2): 331-334. Abstracts, with some explanatory notes, of more important, chiefly German-language, archival sources relating to various aspects of the historical relations between Moravia and Slovakia (Hungary) from the 16th to the 19th centuries.

F. Wagner

2314. Novotný, Jan. OTÁZKY OBROZENSKÝCH VZŮSTAHŮ ČECHŮ A SLOVÁKŮ V DOSAVIDNÍ HISTORIOGRAFII [Questions of the relations between the Czechs and Slovaks during the period of the national revival as reflected in the present historiography]. Historický Časopis 1958 6(2): 269-290. A brief summary of Czech and Slovak monographic and periodical literature from the second half of the last century up to the present on the topic indicated in the title. Criticizing the concept of Czechoslovakism

(Czecho-Slovak national unity) in the works of such bourgeois historians as Jozef Škultéty, Albert Pražák, Václav Chaloupecký and Daniel Rapant, the author urges a Marxist approach in order to rewrite the common history of the Czechs and Slovaks.

F. Wagner

ITALY

2315. Dore, Giampietro. PREMESSE SPIRITUALI PER UNO STUDIO DELL'AZIONE DEI CATTOLICI [Spiritual premises for a study of the action of the Catholics]. Civitas 1956 7(9/10): 5-10. Observations on Catholic action in Italy, referring to developments since 1870.

Journal

2316. Mariotti, Maria. MOVIMENTO CATTOLICO E MONDO RELIGIOSO CALABRESE [The Catholic movement and the Calabrian religious world]. Civitas 1956 7(9/10): 107-128. After pointing out that the Catholics of Southern Italy did not possess the firm and clearly defined attitude of those of the North, the author discusses the Catholic movement in Calabria. Catholic activity in religious matters has manifested itself both in participation in the life of the Church and in a rediscovery of the original religious traditions of Calabria.

Journal

POLAND

See also: 2339

2317. Jakóbczyk, Witold. NIEKTÓRE UWAGI NAD MAKIETĄ II TOMU "HISTORII POLSKI" [Some remarks on the draft of volume two of the "History of Poland"]. Kwartalnik Historyczny 1958 65(1): 63-64. Remarks of a participant in the discussion on the draft of the "History of Poland, volume 2: 1764-1864," held in Sulejówek, 14-17 April 1957 [See abstract 4: 173]. The author criticizes mostly the division of Polish history of the 18th and 19th centuries into chronological periods.

A. F. Dygnas

2318. Jasnowski, Józef. POLAND'S PAST IN ENGLISH HISTORIOGRAPHY. Polish Review 1958 3(1/2): 21-35. An analysis of the histories of Poland by Bernard Connor (1698), an anonymous author (1762), James Fletcher (1831), Samuel A. Dunham (1831), M. Ross (1835), and William R. Morfill (1893). Since these authors, with the exception of Morfill, did not know Polish, it is necessary to ask the question how they gathered their material. The author points to the histories of Poland in Latin, German and French, notably those of M. Miechowita and M. Kromer in Latin, of Pufendorf in German and of C. C. Rulhière in French.

E. Kusielewicz

2319. Kostanecka, Halina. TOWARZYSTWO NAUKOWE PŁOCKIE 1820-1830; 1907-1957 [The Learned Society of Plock. 1820-1830; 1907-1957]. Kultura i Społeczeństwo 1958 2(2): 81-96. An outline of the history of this society, and description of its publications, library and collections. References are also made to the cultural life of Plock.

A. F. Dygnas

2320. Rządkowska, Helena. O RZĘKOMYM PESYMIZMIE W HISTORIOGRAFII POLSKI LUDOWEJ [On the so-called pessimism in the historiography of Peoples' Poland]. Kwartalnik Historyczny 1958 65(1): 57-62. Criticizing the views expressed in Henryk Wereszycki's article "The Pessimism of Wrong Theses" [See abstract 4: 172], asserts that the interpretation of Polish history by the authors of the draft of the "History of Poland, volume 2: 1764-1864" is not pessimistic. Rządkowska opposes Wereszycki's thesis that reactionary movements could be patriotic and that peasant ones were not always patriotic. She quotes widely from the writings of democratic journalists and publicists of the first half of the 19th century to show that their opinions were much the same as those criticized by Wereszycki.

A. F. Dygnas

2321. Vielrose, E. LUDNOŚĆ POLSKI OD XI DO XVIII WIEKU [The population of Poland from the 11th to 18th centuries]. Kwartalnik Historii Kultury Materialnej 1957 5(1): 3-49. Analyzes critically the population estimates made by Korzon, Pawiński, Ladenberger, Krzy-

wicki, Lowmiański and others. The author gives the following estimate of the population of pre-partition Poland: the year 1000, 670,000; 1340, 1,240,000; 1578, 3,200,000; 1662, 2,250,000; 1791, 4,980,000. J. Topolski

2322. Ziółkowski, Janusz. ROBOTNICZY I INTELIGENCJA W HISTORII SPOŁECZNEJ SOSNOWCA [Workers and intelligentsia in the social history of Sosnowiec]. *Kultura i Społeczeństwo* 1958 2(2): 36-62. Analysis of the social structure of Sosnowiec since 1877. The author assesses the changing relationship between the educated classes deriving originally from the old nobility and the workers of mostly peasant origin, both of which groups worked for foreign capitalists under the varying conditions of the Russian occupation, the German occupation during the First World War, independent Poland and the German occupation during the Second World War. A. F. Dygnas

PORTUGAL

See also: 2369

2323. Hispanófilo. SALAZARS IBERISCHE ROLLE [Salazar's Iberian role]. *Neues Abendland* 1957 12(4): 328-332. Surveys some aspects of the political, economic and cultural relations between Portugal and Spain since about 1850. The author also examines Salazar's attitude towards monarchy. Democracy is incompatible with the history and nature of the Iberian peoples. G. Schoebe

RUSSIA

See also: 2268, 2283, 2287, 2341, 2425

2324. Achminov, Herman. THE PARTY AND THE PARTY APPARATUS. *Bulletin [of the] Institute for the Study of the USSR* 1958 5(6): 12-24. Questions the view that the Party as a whole is the force which determines political development in the Soviet Union. During the Soviet period, voluntaristic concepts of Marxism-Leninism have gained strength over those of economic determinism. Developed from Lenin's concept of professionalism in revolutionary activity, the Party apparatus is seen as the force which is to "make history." Definitive formulation of the functions of the Party apparatus was given by Stalin in 1937. The apparatus is considered by the author to fall within the definition of a "class," using either "Eastern or Western" criteria. W. F. Woehrlin

2325. Bushuev, S. K. O KAVKASKOM MIURIDISME [On Caucasian Muridism]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (12): 72-79. Reviews Russo-Caucasian relations and the development of the Moslem movement in the 19th century. The author attempts to refute the view expressed in A. M. Fikman's article "On the Struggle of Caucasian Mountaineers with Czarist Colonists," *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (3): 75-84 [See abstract 2: 1313], that the Muridists were advocates of democracy in the Caucasus. He explains why it was not possible for the religious fanatics and secret vassals of the Turks and British to learn any democratic principles. Erna Wollert

2326. Dmitrieva, L. V. RUKOPISNYE MATERIALY N. A. VITASHEVSKOGO [Manuscript material of N. A. Vitashevskii]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1955 (16): 72-79. Manuscript material dealing with Yakutia is kept in the manuscript department of the Archives of the Institute of Oriental Studies. The collection includes material on history, common law, ethnography, statistics and economics. G. Lovas

2327. Dobriansky, Lev E. (Georgetown Univ.). LANDS AND NATIONS IN THE U. S. S. R. *Ukrainian Quarterly* 1958 14(1): 18-40. Russian history from the 14th century to the present day has been dominated by three secular features: 1) imperial expansion and the conquest of nations; 2) totalitarian authoritarianism and tyranny, and 3) an institutionalized Messianism expressed in a variety of ideologies. The Bolsheviks have adhered to these patterns as closely as the Czars. The Soviet Union today is composed of the Russian state and a vast internal empire of captive

nations. The captive peoples constitute a majority of the population and possess most of the natural resources.

D. Houston

2328. Hajenko, F. THE MAMAI SYSTEM OF SOCIALIST COMPETITION. *Bulletin [of the] Institute for the Study of the USSR* 1958 5(6): 29-40. In discussion of the recently introduced "Mamai system," surveys the various methods used in the Soviet Union since 1917 to increase labor productivity. Socialist competition failed to gain wide support because it rewards selected individuals without real benefits for the mass of workers. Increased productivity is attributed rather to technological developments and the increased skill of workers. W. F. Woehrlin

2329. Hook, Sidney (New York Univ.). HISTORICAL DETERMINISM AND POLITICAL FIAT IN SOVIET COMMUNISM. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(1): 1-10. An analysis to determine whether Communist policies have been guided by consideration of doctrine and whether Bolshevik political behavior can be squared with Marxist theory. Examples are cited to show that the answer to both questions is in the negative, whether one studies the economic, political, cultural or foreign policy areas. "The actual guiding doctrine... is a kind of latter-day Utopianism, a social engineering whose goals recognize no limits except physical or biological impossibility and whose means are of indefinite flexibility." C. B. Joynt

2330. Iakubovskaia, S. I. K VOPROSU OB IZUCHENII I PUBLIKATSII ISTOCHNIKOV SOVETSKOGO PERIODA [On the question of research on and publication of source material from the Soviet period]. *Problemy Istochnikovedeniia* 1955 (4): 46-59. Scholars studying the history of the USSR have neglected, or used in an arbitrary manner, the most important documents, namely, resolutions of Party Congresses, of the Central Committee, etc. In many cases the source of a document is not stated. Sources are often described and evaluated in an unscientific fashion. This can be explained by the fact that research on sources concerning the history of the Soviet period has not yet been developed into a real science. Systematic publications of archival material would be the best solution for this problem.

G. Lovas

2331. Iatsunskii, V. K. K VOPROSU O SOBIRANII I PUBLIKATSII MATERIALOV PO ISTORII UROZHAEV I TSEN V ROSSII [On the question of collecting and publishing material on the history of harvest yields and prices in Russia]. *Problemy Istochnikovedeniia* 1955 (4): 350-357. Indicates where such material can be found and how it should be used. Previous research on the development of harvest yields and prices has been inadequate. The author criticizes some of the relevant works. G. Lovas

2332. Kuz'min, M. K. K ISTORII RUSSKO-AMERIKAN-SKOI TORGOVLI [On the history of trade relations between Russia and America]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (6): 87-104. Publishes thirteen documents dealing with the preparations made for a new commercial treaty between the two countries. The Russian Minister for Trade and Industry, Timashev, and the American Secretary of State, Knox, had both played important parts in the preceding negotiations. The documents, published for the first time, are kept in the archives of the Ministry for Foreign Trade of the USSR. The introduction gives a survey of trade relations between Russia and the USA from 1832 to 1913. G. Lovas

2333. Petrov, V. A. OBZOR SOBRANIIA VORONTSO-VYKH, KHRANIASHCHEGOSIA V ARKHIVE LENINGRADSKOGO OTDELA INSTITUTA ISTORII AKADEMII NAUK SSSR [Survey of the Vorontsov Collection of the Leningrad Department of the Historical Institute of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR]. *Problemy Istochnikovedeniia* 1956 (5): 102-145. The family archives of Prince Vorontsov, consisting of books and manuscripts from the first half of the 18th to the end of the 19th century, contain numerous documents dealing with Russian domestic and foreign policy, the situation of the Russian economy, the agrarian question, the characteristics of the Russian state administration, and other subjects. The author describes the main sections of the collection. G. Lovas

2334. Ryndziunskii, P. G. BOR'BA ZA PREODOLENIE RELIGIOZNYKH VLIIANII V SHKOLE [The struggle for the elimination of religious influences in the schools]. Voprosy teorii Religii i Ateizma 1955 3: 47-86. Before the revolution many elementary schools in Russia were under the control of the Church, and religious instruction was considered very important in all schools. The Bolshevik Party regarded the overwhelming power of the clergy as a hindrance for the reactionaries which seriously impeded the educational work of the Party. After a long struggle against conservative forces, the Bolshevik Party finally succeeded in founding schools in which religion was not taught and which were neither directly nor indirectly under the influence of the Church, thus separating the Church from the state. This was particularly difficult in non-Russian districts where the population was Mohammedan or Jewish and in some Western areas where the influence of Catholicism was strong. Based on a collection of decrees and resolutions of the workers' and peasants' government concerning the education of the people, the periodical Narodnoe Prosvetshchenie [Enlightenment of the People], 1919, as well as works of Lenin and others. Erna Wollert

2335. Scheibert, Peter. DIE UTOPIE IN DER RUSSISCHEN REVOLUTION [Utopia in the Russian Revolution]. Schichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht 1958 9(5): 276-285. Discusses the Utopian nature of Russian reform proposals from Peter the Great to the death of Stalin. F. B. M. Hollyday

2336. Schönebaum, Herbert. PESTALOZZIS GELTUNG IN RUSSLAND SEIT 1827 [Pestalozzi's standing in Russia since 1827]. Jahrbücher für Geschichte Osteuropas 1958 (6): 177-200. Supplements the author's earlier article "Pestalozzi und das zeitgenössische Russland" in Jahrbücher für Geschichte Osteuropas 1941 (6): 494-507, by tracing the influence of the Swiss educational reformer Johann Heinrich Pestalozzi (1746-1827) on Russian pedagogy from 1827 to 1939. The revived interest in Pestalozzi in the 1860s was concentrated on his teaching techniques. Gradually, with later knowledge of the texts, some writers emphasized his ideal teachings. The latter approach was given special attention after the 1917 revolution. W. F. Woehrlin

2337. Trilati, T. LITERATURE ON OSSETIAN AND THE ABKHAZIANS. Caucasian Review 1958 (6): 107-126. Bibliography of printed works useful for the study of the Abkhazians, an Iranian-speaking people, now inhabiting the North Ossetian ASSR and the South Ossetian Autonomous Republic. D. Houston

2338. Unsigned. ZA TVORCHESKUIU RAZRABOTKU TEORII KPSS [On a constructive study of the history of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union]. Kommunist 1956 33 (1): 14-26. Considers all existing literature on this subject insufficient and, because of the personality cult, incorrect and not corresponding to reality. The decisive part played by the people, the working class and the Communist Party should be emphasized in the future. The events that have been recorded in the past are those in which Stalin's role is greatly exaggerated and shown in the wrong perspective. Disputes that arose within the Party should be faithfully recorded without, however, making any concessions to the Trotskyists. Much hitherto neglected research work on these issues must now be done. G. Lovas

SCANDINAVIA and BALTIC AREA

2339. Girnius, Juozas. A GLIMPSE INTO POLISH-LITHUANIAN RELATIONS. Lituanus 1957 3(12): 9-14. Makes a conciliatory plea for a Polish-Lithuanian understanding, based on mutual respect and historic ties. C. F. Latour

2340. Kjaerheim, Steinar. NORWEGIAN TIMBER EXPORTS IN THE 18TH CENTURY. A COMPARISON OF PORT BOOKS AND PRIVATE ACCOUNTS. Scandinavian Economic History Review 1957 5(2): 188-201. An investigation of the validity of using port books, illustrating the drawbacks, since "in actual fact they reveal only a

minimum of economic reality." The author shows the greater usefulness of private archives, despite the more restricted field they cover. He also suggests various problems of 18th century Norwegian foreign trade which are unsolved. H. Pollins

2341. Stalšans, K. LATVIEŠU ETNOGRAFIŠKĀ TERRITORĪJA AUSTRUMOS [Latvian ethnographic territory in the East]. Ceļa Zīmes 1958 35: 54-58. Refers to a large area in Russia historically inhabited by the Latvians and remnants of the other Baltic tribes and still containing a considerable portion of the Latvians of the present. They live particularly in such districts as Drisa, Sebeza and Osveja. When the Latvian - Soviet Russian peace treaty was signed in 1920, this area was left outside the Latvian political borders, but its inhabitants managed to preserve their Latvian character until the Second World War. Documented and statistical material. E. Anderson

SPAIN

See also: 2323

2342. Abascal Garayoa, Angel. LOS ORIGENES DE LA POBLACION ACTUAL DE PAMPLONA [Origin of the present population of Pamplona]. Geographica (Spain) 1955 [1956] (6/7): 99-185. Examines the population growth of Pamplona since 1857 in comparison with that of other Navarre centers. The author discusses the origins and possible causes of natural growth and migration in Pamplona. Statistical appendices are included. S. Llovet Reverter (IHE 19899)

2343. Alzina Caules, Jaime. INVESTIGACION ANALITICA SOBRE EL MOVIMIENTO DE POBLACION EN CATALUÑA [Analytical investigation of the movement of population in Catalonia]. Cuadernos de Información Económica y Sociológica (Spain) 1955/56 (2/3): 13-70. Continuation of a previous article [See abstract 3: 1169]. Study of the population of the city of Barcelona from 1877 to 1954. The author makes a detailed analysis of marriages, births, deaths and immigration and their connection with social phenomena. Statistical tables and graphs are included. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 18566)

2344. Alzina Caules, Jaime. LA INDUSTRIA EN CATALUÑA [Industry in Catalonia]. II. LA INDUSTRIA TEXTIL [II. The textile industry]. Cuadernos de Información Económica y Sociológica (Spain) 1955 (1): 70-75, and 1955/56 (2/3): 71-130. In the first part presents data relating to industry in Catalonia from the 1950 census. In the second part the author examines the present position of the textile industry with many references to its development since the beginning of the 20th century. Fifty-three statistical graphs and four maps showing the centers of the various industries are included. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 14016, 18764)

2345. Arbelo Curbelo, Antonio. MORTALIDAD INFANTIL ESPAÑOLA Y CRISIS DEMOGRAFICA [Spanish infantile mortality and demographic crisis]. Revista Internacional de Sociología (Spain) 1955 13(49/50): 89-104. Examines the trend of infantile mortality in this century and the great demographic crises that have interrupted that trend. Three mortality crises in recent Spanish demography are distinguished: 1898 (colonial war), 1918 (influenza epidemic) and 1939 (civil war). Between the crises there were two normal periods with the same tendencies, which are examined and compared with those of the whole period 1901-1954. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12469)

2346. Bohigas, Pedro. LA SECCION DE FONDOS DOCUMENTALES DE LA BIBLIOTECA CENTRAL DE LA DIPUTACION DE BARCELONA [The section of documental holdings of the Central Library of the Deputation of Barcelona]. Biblioteconomía (Spain) 1956 13(43): 78-88. Short description and inventory of this archive, which consists of three sections: Junta de Comercio (14th-19th centuries), Hospital General de la Santa Cruz (notarial manuals, archives of old houses of commerce, etc., of the 15th-19th centuries) and Varia (including scrolls of the 10th-13th centuries, etc.). J. Rubió Lois (IHE 17822)

2347. [Cadenas y Vicent, Vicente]. CABALLEROS DE MONTESA QUE EFECTUARON SUS PRUEBAS DE INGRESO DURANTE EL SIGLO XIX [Knights of Montesa who underwent their admission tests during the 19th century]. *Boletín de la Real Academia de la Historia* (Spain) 1957 140(1): 283-421. An account of 57 test proceedings (in reference to the two family names) for entrance into the Montesa Order in the 19th century. Based on documents from the Archivo Histórico Nacional. E. Asensio Salvadó (IHE 19887)

2348. Canellas, Angel. ARAGON EN LA HISTORIOGRAFIA DE 1950 [Aragon in the historiography of 1950]. J[erónimo] Zurita, *Cuadernos de Historia* (Spain) 1953-1955 [1956] 4/5: 131-139. A bibliography of the Aragon area, consisting mainly of works published in 1950. J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 17954)

2349. Casamayor, Enrique. LA DOCUMENTACION PEDAGOGICA EN ESPAÑA [Pedagogical documentation in Spain]. *Revista de Educación* (Spain) 1956 18(53): 87-91. Information about the origins in 1882 and the development to the present of pedagogical activities in Spain. E. Asensio Salvadó (IHE 19898)

2350. Clavijo, Salvador. ANTEDATA NAVAL A LA LEGISLACION NACIONAL DEL TRABAJO [Navy precedents of the national labor legislation]. *Revista General de Marina* (Spain) 1956 150: 481-489. An account of the Naval statutes on work in naval yards issued from 1757 to 1895. Illustrated. Nurfa Coll Juliá (IHE 19845)

2351. Díaz de Quijano, Paulino. BREVE HISTORIA DEL CUERPO DE INGENIEROS MILITARES [Short history of the Army Engineer Corps]. *Pensamiento y Acción* (Spain) 1956 7(68): 29-30. Data on the Corps' creation in 1711 by Philip V, its organization and the changes which it has undergone up to the present. Carmen Batlle Gallart (IHE 19843)

2352. Díaz de Quijano, Paulino. LA SUPREMA JERARQUIA CASTRENSE DE CAPITAN GENERAL [The highest military rank of Captain General]. *Pensamiento y Acción* (Spain) 1957 8(79): 25-26. A list of the soldiers who have attained this rank from its creation in the 16th century to 1957. Carmen Batlle Gallart (IHE 19674)

2353. Echeverría, Lamberto de. LA DIOCESIS PRIORATO DE LAS ORDENES MILITARES [The priory diocese of the military orders]. *Salmanticensis* (Spain) 1955 2(2): 299-349. A study of the historical, legal and religious aspects the military orders in Spain. The author describes the abolition of their feudal jurisdiction by the Cortes of Cádiz (1812), the vicissitudes of the 19th century, the establishment of the priory diocese in 1874 and later modifications. E. Serrafina Cirici, Sch. P. (IHE 11565)

2354. García Rámila, Ismael. LA FE NOTARIAL EN EL BURGOS ANTIGUO [Notarial authentication in old Burgos]. *Boletín de la Institución Fernán González* (Spain) 1956/57 12(134): 92-97, and (135): 183-189. An alphabetical index of the names of the registrars and public notaries whose official records are preserved in the Notarial Archives at Burgos, covering the period from the 16th to the 20th centuries. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 19676)

2355. La Calzada, Luciano de. LA HISTORIA DE ESPAÑA EN MENÉNDEZ PELAYO [The history of Spain according to Menéndez Pelayo]. *Boletín de la Biblioteca Menéndez Pelayo* (Spain) 1956 32(1-4): 219-292. An annotated lecture. The author presents an interpretation of the history of Spain in the light of Menéndez Pelayo's works centered on the central ideas of unity and variety; religiousness and secularism; devotion to that which is foreign, and nationalism. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 19960)

2356. López Guzmán, Miguel. NOTAS DE LA ECONOMIA MURCIANA. DEMOGRAFIA [Notes on the economy of Murcia, Demography]. *Industria y Comercio* (Spain) 1955 55(29): 24-29. Presents data and statistics on population censuses since the 16th century and on marriages and deaths from 1946 to 1953 in the province of Murcia. M. Gual Camarena (IHE 12086)

2357. López Guzmán, Miguel. TRADICION SEDERA MURCIANA [The tradition of silk-weaving in Murcia]. *Industria y Comercio* (Spain) 1955 55(29): 5-10. Brief account of the Murcian silk industry, which reached its peak in the 16th century, later declined and then thrived again in the 20th century. Graphs and statistics on silkworm production and on the export of cloth in the years 1940-1953 are presented. M. Gual Camarena (IHE 12091)

2358. Mansilla, Demetrio. BIBLIOGRAFIA HISTORICA SOBRE OBISPADOS, 1950-1955 [Historical Bibliography on bishoprics, 1950-1955]. *Hispania Sacra* (Spain) 1956 9(17): 215-226. Reviews, by dioceses, works of major historical interest on bishoprics. Carmen Batlle Gallart (IHE 1937)

2359. Martín Galindo, José Luis. ARRIEROS LEONESES LOS ARRIEROS MARAGATOS [Muleteers from Leon. The muleteers of Maragatería]. *Archivos Leoneses* (Spain) 1956 10(19): 153-179. Notes on the muleteers from the Leonesa district of Maragatería whose inhabitants overcame the scarcity of natural resources by their dedication to transportation. The author includes statistical data relating to the 16th century (from the Simancas Archive), to the 18th (the Catastro de Ensenada and documents in the Archivo de la Delegación leonesa de Hacienda) and to the 19th (based on dictionaries of Sebastián Miñano and Pascual Madoz and on literary testimony). Modern systems of transport have ruined the activities of the muleteers of Maragatería and resulted in the depopulation of the area. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 18300)

2360. Planas Parellada, Josefa, and M. Benita Pujol Nieva. UN INDICE DE REVISTAS EXISTENTES EN LAS BIBLIOTECAS DE BARCELONA. (CONTINUACION.) LETRAS LI-M [An index of reviews housed in the libraries of Barcelona (Continuation). Letters LI-M]. *Biblioteconomía* (Spain) 1955 12(41): 64-88. Continued from *ibid.*, 1954 11(40): 118-133. An index of 705 periodicals, many of interest to the historian, from forty-one Barcelona libraries. M. Riu Riu (IHE 11478)

2361. Quetglás Gaya Pbro., B. GREMIOS EN FELANITEX [Guilds in Felanitx]. *Studia* (Spain) 1955 27(307/308): 1-15, and (310/311): 57-75. A lecture examining the general characteristics of the organization and functioning of the Majorcan guilds (14th-19th centuries). Separate descriptions of the tailors', wool-dressers', barbers' and millers' guilds are included, and their equipment, procedure etc. are indicated. Based on material in the Archive of the Audiencia of Palma. M. Riu Riu (IHE 11561)

2362. Roca Gregori, Concepción. HISTORIA DE LA BIBLIOTECA DE LA ACADEMIA DE CIENCIAS DE BARCELONA [History of the library of the Barcelona Academy of Sciences]. *Biblioteconomía* (Spain) 1956 13(43): 72-77. Notes on the history of this library and on the origins of its holdings from the foundation of the Academy in 1754 to the present. J. Rubió Lois (IHE 17826)

2363. Sánchez de la Torre, Angel. HIDALGUIA, CONSTANTE ETERNA DE LO ESPAÑOL [Nobility, eternal Spanish constant]. *Hidalguía* (Spain) 1956 4(18): 583-592. Deals with the Spanish concept of nobility and some of its manifestations. E. Asensio Salvadó (IHE 17812)

2364. Sánchez Ruiz, José M[aría]. UNA CONCEPCION NIHILISTA DE ESPAÑA [A nihilistic conception of Spain]. *Crisis* (Spain) 1956 3(9): 57-69. Criticizes Ortega y Gasset's *España Invertebrada* for excessive generalization, misrepresentation of fact and self-contradiction. J. Pérez Ballestar (IHE 19997)

2365. Sebastián, Mariano. LA PRESION TRIBUTARIA EN ESPAÑA Y SUS EFECTOS SOBRE EL AHORRO Y LA CAPITALIZACION [The pressure of taxation in Spain and its effects on saving and capitalization]. *Revista de Derecho Financiero y de Hacienda Pública* (Spain) 1955 5(18): 197-215. Examines the development of this question from 1900 to 1954, and compares the situation in the terminal years. J. Roig Obiol (IHE 12471)

2366. Todolí, José. UNIDAD Y PLURALIDAD DE ESPAÑA [Unity and plurality of Spain]. *Revista de Filosofía* (Spain) 1956 15(58/59): 387-401. Emphasizes that Menéndez y Pelayo's historical-geographical resolution of the antithesis of centralism and separatism (the organic unity of society) coincides with the Thomist doctrine of society (the unity of order). J. Pérez Ballestar (IHE 19959)

2367. Unsigned. CONTRIBUCION AL CATALOGO GENERAL DEL ARCHIVO CAPITULAR [DE LA CATEDRAL DE BARCELONA] [Contribution to the general catalogue of the Cathedral Archive of Barcelona]. *Serium* (Spain) 1954/55 (11-15): 68-73. Inventory of 243 books of "Sposalles" or marriages from the years 1451-1905, including the books of the deanships of Vallés (18 volumes), Canadés (19 volumes) and Piera (10 volumes), and of 60 volumes of baptisms from the years 1535-1955. M. Riu Riu (IHE 11450)

2368. Unsigned. ESTADISTICAS SELECTAS [Selected statistics]. *Fomento Social* (Spain) 1956 10(41): 74-76. Statistical survey of births, marriages, deaths and vegetative life in Spain from 1900 to 1954. Graphs are included. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12467)

2369. Vandellós, José A. LA RIQUEZA Y LA RENTA DE LA PENINSULA IBERICA [The wealth and the income of the Iberian Peninsula]. *Revista de Economía Política* (Spain) 1955 6(2): 184-225. Spanish translation of an article published in 1925. The author criticizes the estimates of the wealth of Spain made by the Viscount of Eza (1916) and André Barthe (1917), and that of Portuguese wealth made by Anselmo de Andrade (1918). He presents his own estimate of the wealth of Spain and Portugal in 1914, and of Spain in 1922-23, and includes comparisons with other countries. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 12470)

2370. Velarde Fuertes, Juan. APORTACION DE FLORES DE LEMUS AL CONOCIMIENTO DE LA ESTRUCTURA ECONOMICA ESPAÑOLA [Flores de Lemus' contribution to the understanding of Spain's economic structure]. *Revista de la Universidad de Madrid* (Spain) 1956 5(19): 386. Summary of a doctoral thesis giving a synthesis of the theories of this professor and high-ranking Spanish civil servant (1876-1941) relating to rural production, railroads, banking, foreign trade, barter, prices, standard of living, population and fiscal system. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 19984)

2371. Vigón, Jorge. SOBRE EL PATRIOTISMO: MENÉNDEZ PELAYO Y ORTEGA [On patriotism: Menéndez Pelayo and Ortega]. *Punta Europa* (Spain) 1957 2(14): 44-57. Some notes on the ideas of Menéndez Pelayo and Ortega y Gisaset on fatherland, democracy and regionalism. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 19958)

SWITZERLAND

2372. Hughes, C. J. (Univ. of Leicester). THE REFERENDUM. *Parliamentary Affairs* 1957/58 11(1): 7-14. The referendum originated in Switzerland, where the direct democracy of the old Forest Cantons, the confederacies of village communities forming the Republic of the Grisons, the League and the Republic of Valais, and the Diet of the Old Confederation all contributed to the need for referring major matters back to the original sovereigns. To these basically conservative practices was added the 18th century doctrine of the sovereignty of the people. Switzerland, under the Constitution of 1874, is the only country employing the referendum in national affairs; the results have been neither settling nor radical, though in the long run the effects are significant both on the political education of the people and on the relations of the legislature and the executive. H. D. Jordan

Latin America

(including the CARIBBEAN ISLANDS)

2373. Andrade S., Francisco. CONDICION GEOGRAFICA Y POLITICA DE COLOMBIA [Geographical and political

conditions in Colombia]. *Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia* (Colombia) 1956 14(51/52): 175-198. Describes Colombia's political organization and geographical boundaries from the Conquest to the 1829 Treaty and the Mosquera-Plemento Protocol. Based on secondary material. Map. Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 20086)

2374. Astete Abril, M. Antonio. SIGNIFICADO DE LA EDUCACION EN LA VIDA DEL PUEBLO PERUANO [The significance of education in the life of the Peruvian people]. *Revista Universitaria* (Peru) 1956 45 (110): 9-148. Essay on the role played through the ages by education in Peru. The author analyzes its beginnings in the pre-Spanish era, the collapse experienced under Spanish domination and its aftereffects under the Republic. The future prospects of education in Peru are also discussed. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 18875)

2375. Beneyto, Juan. TRADICION, IDEOLOGIA Y SOCIEDAD EN LA INSTITUCIONALIZACION DE LA INDEPENDENCIA [Tradition, ideology and society in the institutionalization of independence]. *Revista de Estudios Políticos* (Spain) 1955 55(83): 149-169. Study of the doctrinal, political, social and ethnic factors regulating the formation of Spanish-American nationalities. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12811)

2376. Cáceres, Mercedes. CONFERENCIAS PRONUNCIADAS EN LIMA DURANTE EL AÑO 1953 [Lectures given in Lima during the year 1953]. *Boletín de la Biblioteca Nacional* (Peru) 1953[1956] 10(16): 369-391. A list of 541 lectures, giving the place, date, title and name of the speaker. Several of the lectures refer to the history of Peru or of America in general. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 18801)

2377. Calzada, Pascual F. HAY LUGAR PARA DIOS EN EL BENI [There is room for God in Beni]. *Misiones Franciscanas* (Spain) 1955 39(425/426): 323-324. A sketch of three hundred years of missionary work in this area in Bolivia, from the first contact in the 16th century with the savage natives of Beni (Bolivia) to the foundation of the Apostolic Vicarship in 1919. Information is given on the life and customs of three of the tribes evangelized in Beni: the Chimanes, Yuracares and Chacabos. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12626)

2378. Carvalho Neto, Paulo de. BIBLIOGRAFIA AFRO-PARAGUAYA (INFORME PRELIMINAR) [Afro-Paraguayan bibliography. (Preliminary report)]. *Boletín Bibliográfico de Antropología Americana* (Mexico) 1956 18(1): 164-170. Lists forty works relevant to the study of the history of the centers of Negro population in Paraguay. R. Valdés del Toro

2379. Carvalho Neto, Paulo. BIBLIOGRAFIA AFRO-URUGUAYA. (INFORME PRELIMINAR) [Afro-Uruguayan bibliography. (Preliminary report)]. *Boletín Bibliográfico de Antropología Americana* (Mexico) 1955[1956] 18(1): 154-164. A bibliography covering more than seventy titles dealing with the folklore and history of the Negro population of Uruguay. R. Valdés del Toro

2380. Cavalli, Fiorello. L'OPERA DELLA CHIESA NEI TERRITORI MISSIONARI DELLA BOLIVIA [The work of the Church in the missionary districts of Bolivia]. *Civiltà Cattolica* 1958 109(4): 384-398. Examines the reasons why the evangelization of the Bolivian population by the missionaries was pursued with varying degrees of intensity, and describes their work on behalf of the social progress of the natives. P. Pastorelli

2381. Correa, Ramón C. ANECDOTAS DE CARACTER HISTORICO [Historical anecdotes]. *Repertorio Boyacense* (Colombia) 1955 41(181/182): 3349-3368. Relates anecdotes referring to several Colombian historical figures: Father Basilio Vicente de Oviedo (born 1699), the patriot Manuel del Socorro Rodríguez (died 1819), General Hermógenes Maza (1792-1847), émigrés from Santa Fé de Bogotá in 1819 and viceroy Juan de Samano, Colonel Rafael Cuervo, who was active during the fight for independence, Father Francisco Margallo Duquesne (17th-18th centuries) and General Tomás Cipriano de Mosquera (1798-1878). Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20088)

2382. Correa, Ramón C. EL VALLE DE TENZA [The Tenza Valley]. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1954/55 40(177/178): 3152-3165. A historical sketch of this Colombian region from the colonial period to the present, with special reference to the independence period.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20170)

2383. Debien, Gabriel. DEL BRASIL DE HOY A LAS ANTILLAS DE OTROS TIEMPOS [From the Brazil of today to the Antilles of other times]. Estudios Americanos (Spain) 1956 11(54): 235-241. Comments on Monbeig's Pionniers et Planteurs de São Paulo (Paris, 1952). On the basis of conclusions reached in this book, Debien compares the economic and social evolution of present-day Brazil with that of the Antilles (especially San Domingo) from the end of the 18th century on.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 18790)

2384. Delgado, Jaime. LA UNIDAD DE HISPANOAMERICA [The unity of Hispanic America]. Cuadernos Hispanoamericanos (Spain) 1956 (81): 232-246. An essay on the problem of the cultural unity of Latin America, which has been affirmed since the colonial period in spite of the geographical obstacles which have always existed. The author refers to the idea of unity common to the leaders of the Revolution. A diagram periodizing the history of Latin America is included.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20082)

2385. Esteva Fabregat, Claudio. INTERPRETACION DE MEJICO [An interpretation of Mexico]. Cuadernos Hispanoamericanos (Spain) 1956 (83): 147-162. An essay of historical interpretation, intended for the general public, and comprising the period from pre-Spanish times to the present.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20094)

2386. Friede, Juan. EL PROBLEMA INDIGENA EN COLOMBIA [The native problem in Colombia]. América Indígena (Mexico) 1957 17(4): 293-319. After an analysis of the causes of the decrease in Indian population in the colonial era (loss of territory that they had hitherto occupied, obligatory work in the mines, the introduction by Europeans of new illnesses against which the natives were not immune), the author comments on the institution of resguardos, quoting Bolívar's opinion that because of them a considerable part of the Indian population was able to survive. The Republic, despite its rhetorical phrases, meant for the Indian only the continued worsening of the two chief evils from which he had suffered in the colonial era: loss of his land and the obligation to work. These two evils constitute the greatest menace to the Colombian Indian at the present time.

R. Valdés del Toro

2387. García Mellid, Atilio. INTROSPECCION AMERICANA [American introspection]. Estudios Americanos (Spain) 1955 10(48): 275-292. Essay on the historical and cultural concept of Hispanic America, its European affiliation and the development of its character away from Europe.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 12590)

2388. Gomez Ferreira, Avelino Ignacio. EVOLUCION HISTORICA DEL LAICISMO ARGENTINO [The historical evolution of Argentine secularism]. Estudios (Argentina) 1956 (472): 10-18. Summary of a lecture by a Catholic priest. The author concludes that a secular or "liberal" tradition did not exist in Argentine education prior to 1884.

G. Céspedes del Castillo

2389. Gómez H. C. M. F., Marco Tulio. PERFIL HISTORICO-SOCIOLOGICO DE CALDAS [Historical and sociological sketch of Caldas]. Virtud y Letras (Colombia) 1956 15(58): 173-185. A summary of the conquest in the first half of the 16th century and an account of the history of the modern Colombian state of Caldas.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 18899)

2390. Gómez Picón, Rafael. LA CONQUISTA FISICA DEL NUEVO CONTINENTE. LAS FUENTES DEL ORINOCO [The real conquest of the New World. The origins of the Orinoco]. Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia 1955 13(47/48): 151-167. Excerpt from Gómez Picón's Orinoco, Río de Libertad (Madrid: A. Aguado, 1953). Describes the Spanish, French, German and Latin American expeditions undertaken in the period 1759-1951 to discover the

sources of the Orinoco River. The author devotes most attention to the Franco-Venezuelan expedition of 1951 which determined the exact source and provided geological, geographical, archeological, ethnographic and other data.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión

2391. Grenón, Pedro, S. J. EL RASTREADOR EN LA HISTORIA. RELACIONES DOCUMENTALES [The scout in history. Documented accounts]. Historia (Argentina) 1955 (1): 137-152. Information on this particular type of gaucho in the period from the 16th to the 19th centuries.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12690)

2392. Herrera S., José Emilio. LA ESCUELA Y EL COLEGIO DE SAN CARLOS Y SU PASADO [The School and the College of San Carlos and its history]. Museo Histórico (Ecuador) 1956 (25): 157-161. Describes the history of this college in Quito, from its construction by the Franciscans in the 16th century to the present.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 18876)

2393. Lago Carballo, Antonio. EL TEMA DE AMERICA EN LA OBRA DE PEDRO LAIN ENTRALGO [The American theme in Pedro Lafn Entralgo's works]. Cuadernos Hispanoamericanos (Spain) 1956 (82): 5-17. Analysis of Lafn's ideas on Latin America and its history. Based on quotations from his published works, particularly those appearing since his trip to Latin America in 1948.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 2006)

2394. Levene, Ricardo. EL DERECHO PATRIO EN LAS PROVINCIAS Y LAS INFLUENCIAS REGIONALES Y NACIONALES QUE EXPLICAN SU FORMACION [National law in the provinces, and regional and national influences that explain its formation]. Historia (Argentina) 1955 1(1): 9-28. Refers to the evolution and development of Argentine law since the gaining of independence.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2395. Malca Olguín, Oscar. TRIBUNAL MAYOR DEL CONSULADO DE LA CIUDAD DE LOS REYES [The Major Tribunal of the Court of Commerce in the City of the Kings]. Revista del Archivo Nacional del Perú (Peru) 1956 20(1): 3-41. First part of a transcription, with a short commentary on the content, of the ordinances of the Lima Court of Commerce 1619, and of an unpublished 19th century manuscript (from the Archivo Nacional del Perú) with data relating to the accounts of the Court in the 18th and 19th centuries. This installment contains documents relating to the foundation of the Court, as well as the first nineteen clauses of the 19th century manuscript. Article to be continued.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19066)

2396. Nava, Ciro. EL 28 DE OCTUBRE, DIA DE SAN SIMON [28 October, St. Simon's day]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 358-365. Notes on this holiday which was celebrated in Venezuela and other countries as Bolívar's birthday during the 19th century.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19162)

2397. Nieto Cortadellas, Rafael. DOCUMENTOS SACRAMENTALES DE ALGUNOS CUBANOS ILUSTRES (INDICE GENERAL) [Religious documents of some famous Cubans (general index)]. Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional (Cuba) 1956 7(4): 163-165. An alphabetical index relating to a series of documents published in previous numbers of Biblioteca Nacional [See abstracts 3: 1189, 2392].

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20451)

2398. Obregón, Gonzalo. LA COLECCION DE MUEBLES DEL MUSEO NACIONAL DE HISTORIA [The furniture collection of the National Museum of History]. Anales del Instituto Nacional de Antropología e Historia (Mexico) 1952 [1955] 1(34): 151-156. A summary of the development of Mexican furniture from the 16th to the 19th centuries based on the pieces in the National Museum of History.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12633)

2399. Orozco, Víctor M. LOS ESTUDIOS DE FORMACION DOCENTE EN VENEZUELA [Preparation of the teaching profession in Venezuela]. Educación (Venezuela) 1956

- 7(84): 81-96. Report on the origin and evolution of the training for the teaching profession since the Revolution, and description of public schooling during the colonial period. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20160)
2400. Ortiz, Fernando. ALGUNOS DISCURSOS, PROLOGOS Y ARTICULOS DE [Some speeches, forewords and articles by]. *Revista Bimestre Cubana* (Cuba) 1955 1: 55-288. A miscellany of works written and published between 1910 and 1955 by Ortiz, a Cuban folklore specialist and historian. Included are writings dealing with Las Casas, Martí and the economic history of Havana during the colonial period. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20096)
2401. Pérez de la Riva y Pons, Francisco. EL PERIODO EN CUBA (DESDE 1764 HASTA 1902) [The periodical Cuba (from 1764 to 1902)]. *Revista del Instituto Nacional Cultura* (Cuba) 1955 1(1): 24-28. A description of the Cuban periodical from 1764 to 1902, with facsimiles of some of the pages from old (1782) and rare periodicals. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 12629)
2402. Ramírez, Jesús Emilio, S.J. LOS ALEMANES Y LAS CIENCIAS GEOLOGICAS Y GEOGRAFICAS EN COLOMBIA [The Germans and the geological and geographical sciences in Colombia]. *Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia* (Colombia) 1955 13(47/48): 213-218. Describes the activities of German geographers, geologists, botanists and naturalists in Colombia from 1801 to 1929. Dolores Beltrán Carrión
2403. Reguera Sierra, Ernesto. LA NUEVA PROVINCIA DE PATAGONIA [The new province of Patagonia]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 2(6): 35-37. Describes the origin of the names Patagonia and Tierra del Fuego and the evolution of this region's boundaries from 1520 to 1956. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20169)
2404. Restrepo Posada, José. CRONOLOGIA DE LOS BISPOS DE CARTAGENA DE INDIAS [Chronology of the bishops of Cartagena de Indias]. *Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades* (Colombia) 1955 42(487/488): 301-320. Chronological list, with short biographical notes of the bishops of Cartagena from 1534 to 1943. Based on published documents and on the information attached to the portraits of the prelates of the Basílica Menor in Cartagena. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12625)
2405. Rodríguez Molas, Ricardo. LA MUSICA Y LA DANZA DE LOS NEGROS EN EL BUENOS AIRES DE LOS SIGLOS XVIII Y XIX [Negro music and dances in 18th and 19th century Buenos Aires]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1957 2(7): 1-126. An account of the Negro societies existing in Buenos Aires in the 18th and 19th centuries, with particular attention to the prohibition of the performance by Negroes of their typical dances and songs. Some Negro poems by Luis Pérez which were published in his newspaper *Gaucha* are also included. Based on previously unpublished documents from the Archivo General de la Nación. Carmen Batlle Gallart (IHE 20370)
2406. Rodríguez Plata, Horacio. EL PENSAMIENTO DE LOS PROCERES A TRAVES DE LAS CONSTITUCIONES COLOMBIANAS [The thought of the Founders seen through the Colombian constitutions]. *Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades* (Colombia) 1957 44(510-512): 224-236. A general discussion of constitutional principles and ideals in Colombian history, especially as found in the Constitution of 1821. D. Bushnell
2407. Rubio, Angel. PANAMA: AMERICA CENTRAL O AMERICA DEL SUR [Panama: Central or South America?]. *Universidad* (Panama) 1956/57 (36): 147-152. Seen from the point of view of its structure and geography Panama belongs to Central America, but historically and geographically it is part of South America. Based on data referring to the colonial and national periods. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20095)
2408. Sarasti, Roberto. LA ZONA LIMITROFE ENTRE COLOMBIA Y ECUADOR COMPRENDIDA DESDE EL CARCHI

HASTA EL CORREGIMIENTO DE PUN [Border territories between Colombia and Ecuador from Carchi to the Pun modification]. *Revista de Historia* (Colombia) 1955 6(34/35): 80-99.

Summary of the historical evolution of the boundaries between Colombia and Ecuador (1535 to 1916). Based on material from the Obando Prefecture Provincial Archives. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20089)

2409. Tavares, F., Jr. LA ENSEÑANZA DE LA HISTORIA DEL DERECHO EN LA UNIVERSIDAD DE SANTO DOMINGO [The teaching of the History of Law in the University of Santo Domingo]. *Revista del Instituto de Historia del Derecho* (Argentina) 1955/56 (7): 127-131. Notes on the influence exercised by political events on the evolution of Dominican law, accompanied by a bibliography on the subject indicated in the title.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 18878)

2410. Tosta, Virgilio. FORMACION Y CARACTERISTICAS DE UNA SOCIOLOGIA IBERO-AMERICANA Y VENEZUELA [Formation and characteristics of an Ibero-American and Venezuelan sociology]. *Anales de la Universidad Central de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1956 41: 35-111. Essay on the sociology of Hispanic America and its origin and sources. Brief reference is made to the conquistadores, chroniclers, visitors to colonial America and outstanding personalities of the Revolution (such as Bolívar, Roscio and Gual), who all dealt in some way with social themes. Bibliography.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20152)

2411. Tovar Concha, Diego. NOTAS PARA UNA RECONSTRUCCION DE LA HISTORIA COLOMBIANA [Notes for a reconstruction of Colombian history]. *Universitas* (Colombia) 1955 (9): 301-313. First part of an interpretative essay attempting to apply a series of theoretical historical concepts to the history of Colombia from its beginnings on. Article to be continued.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 12595)

2412. Unsigned. DOCUMENTACION REFERENTE A VENEZUELA EN EL ARCHIVO GENERAL DE INDIAS [Documents referring to Venezuela in the Indies General Archive]. *Boletín del Archivo General de la Nación* (Venezuela) 1956 43(172): 409-419, and (173): 551-560. Concludes a previous article [See abstract 3: 2397]. Reproduces files 391-694 and 695-969 (documents from the 16th to 19th centuries) of the catalogue of the Audiencia of Caracas.

Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 18817)

2413. Valcárcel, Daniel. ALGUNOS PROBLEMAS ACTUALES DE LA HISTORIA DEL PERIODO HISPANICO PERUANO [Some present-day problems concerning the Spanish period of Peruvian history]. *Revista de Historia de América* (Mexico) 1956 (41): 61-63. Points out certain defects in the historiography of colonial Peru such as the preference given to the 16th century and the relative neglect of other periods, the neglect of many Peruvians who took part in the political life of Spain, and the lack of attention to economic factors. The author suggests the formation of work teams for the study of Peruvian history overcome the necessary limitations of the individual historian.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 18797)

2414. Zavala, Lauro José. REVISTA DE REVISTAS [Review of reviews]. *Boletín Bibliográfico de Antropología Americana* (Mexico) 1955 17(1): 239-331. A list, grouped by country, of review articles on anthropological themes that have recently been published. Several are of interest to the historian of the Indies.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 12611)

Middle East

See also: 2288

2415. MacLauren, E.C.B. OMAN AND THE TRUCIAL COAST. *Australian Quarterly* 1958 30(1): 65-76. Deals with the geography and politics of various areas on the coast of the Persian Gulf. A brief historical survey of the Sultanate of Muscat from 2000 B.C. to the present is included. D. Houston

2416. Rondot, P. L'EXPERIENCE BRITANNIQUE EN TRANSJORDANIE ET JORDANIE, 1920-1957 [The British experience in Trans-Jordan and Jordan, 1920-1957]. *Afrique et l'Asie* 1957 (40): 5-30. A review of British relations with Jordan from the end of World War I to the present, with some emphasis on recent developments.

C. F. Latour

United States of America

See also: 2295, 2332

2417. Brinton, Crane (Harvard Univ.). REFLECTIONS ON THE DESERTION OF THE INTELLECTUALS. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(4): 219-223. Argues that American intellectuals lack the necessary eschatology to desert the existing order of society.

At bottom, though they may criticize, they really share the faith of their fellows. In these respects they differ from the intellectuals who supported the great revolutions of the past.

C. B. Joynt

2418. Bromberg, Erik (Portland, Oregon). A BIBLIOGRAPHY OF THESES AND DISSERTATIONS CONCERNING THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST; SUPPLEMENT, 1949-1957. *Oregon Historical Quarterly* 1958 59(1): 27-74. A list of nearly a thousand theses and dissertations on the Pacific Northwest region of the United States, covering history, economics, business administration, agricultural economics, sociology, social work, anthropology, political science, geography, education, and other disciplines. C. C. Gorchels

2419. Chambers, Clarke A. (Univ. of Minnesota). THE BELIEF IN PROGRESS IN TWENTIETH-CENTURY AMERICA. *Journal of the History of Ideas* 1958 19(2): 197-224.

The Western faith in progress was held with particular exuberance in America, the land of opportunity. Through all the shocks of the 20th century and despite the American expressions of disillusionment, "the belief in progress has exhibited remarkable toughness" in America. In the mid-20th century, as earlier, the recognized prerequisites to progress are the will to believe in it and an atmosphere of free inquiry. W. H. Coates

2420. Duffy, John (Louisiana State Univ.). ONE HUNDRED YEARS OF THE NEW ORLEANS MEDICAL AND SURGICAL JOURNAL. *Louisiana Historical Quarterly* 1957 40(1): 3-24. A study of the history of an important Southern medical journal giving a sketch of the development of medicine and public health in New Orleans and Louisiana since 1844.

The author pleads for the recognition by social and economic historians of the importance to them of medical history and its source materials. Based mainly on files of the *Journal*. E. D. Johnson

2421. Gilmore, Robert C. (Univ. of New Hampshire). THE VERMONT MARBLE COMPANY: AN ENTREPRENEURIAL STUDY, 1869-1939. *New England Social Studies Bulletin* 1956 14(2): 11-20, and 1957 14(3): 14-20.

Traces the steps taken by Redfield Proctor to establish by merger in 1880 the Vermont Marble Company, a product of the union of a partnership, Dorr and Myers, the Sutherland Falls Marble Company and the Rutland Marble Company. During the next decade all the marble interests in Southern Vermont were consolidated in the Vermont Marble Company, and under succeeding presidents, Fletcher Proctor and Frank C. Partridge, the firm prospered, adjusting itself to changing conditions with wisdom and skill. W. D. Metz

2422. Glanz, Rudolf (YIVO Institute for Jewish Research). GERMAN JEWS IN NEW YORK CITY IN THE 19TH CENTURY. *Yivo Annual of Jewish Social Science* 1956/57 11: 9-38. A description of the social, economic, political, cultural and religious experiences of German-Jewish immigrants in New York City. Based largely on contemporary German-American newspapers. B. W. Korn

2423. Handy, Robert T. (Union Theological Seminary). SURVEY OF RECENT LITERATURE: AMERICAN CHURCH HISTORY. *Church History* 1958 27(2): 161-165. A bibliographical essay covering general and interpretative

works, studies on specific periods and topics, Christian thought, and denominational histories. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2424. Hill, Roscoe R. JOAQUIN LLAVERIAS Y MARTINEZ, 1875-1956. *Hispanic American Historical Review* 1957 37(3): 346-355. An obituary of Captain Joaquín Llaверías y Martínez, director of the National Archive of Cuba since 1922.

A bibliography of his works dealing with archival and Cuban history is appended. D. Houston

2425. Ivanov, A. PRAVOSLAVIE V AMERIKE [Orthodoxy in America]. *Zhurnal Moskovskoi Patriarkhii* 1955 (1): 44-54, and (3): 69-76. A survey of the activities of the Orthodox Church in the Aleutian Islands, Alaska and the USA from the second half of the 18th century to 1954. Undocumented. G. Lovas

2426. Johnson, Guy B. (Univ. of North Carolina). FREEDOM, EQUALITY, AND SEGREGATION. *Review of Politics* 1958 20(2): 147-163. A review of the problem of racial segregation in the Southern United States since the Civil War combined with a short social analysis of the problem. C. B. Joynt

2427. Levitats, Isaac. THE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT OF JEWISH SCHOOLS IN AMERICA. *Yivo Annual of Jewish Social Science* 1956/57 11: 82-104. A historical survey of various aspects of the administration of Jewish schools in the USA, largely relating to the period 1875-1925. B. W. Korn

2428. Marcus, Jacob Rader. THE PERIODIZATION OF AMERICAN JEWISH HISTORY. *Publication of the American Jewish Historical Society* 1958 47(3): 125-133. American Jewish history does not readily lend itself to periodization along the lines of general American history.

The history of American Jews as a group may well be divided into four great periods: 1) the Sephardic period (1654-1840); 2) the rise and dominance of the German Jew and the challenge to his leadership (1841-1920); 3) the advent and rise of the East European Jew and his bid for hegemony (1852-1920), and 4) the age of fusion, the epoch of the rise of the American Jew (1921 - present). F. Rosenthal

2429. Metcalf, George Reuben (St. Paul, Minnesota). AMERICAN RELIGIOUS PHILOSOPHY AND THE PASTORAL LETTERS OF THE HOUSE OF BISHOPS. *Historical Magazine of the Protestant Episcopal Church* 1958 27(1): 8-84. A comparative study of the pastoral letters and the principal currents of American religious thought from Jonathan Edwards to Reinhold Niebuhr.

Usually written by old men, the pastoral letters generally reflect the religious philosophy of the previous generation, are rarely in line with the current philosophy, and never anticipate it. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2430. Prescott, Frank W. (Univ. of Chattanooga). A FOOTNOTE ON GEORGIA'S CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY: THE ITEM VETO OF THE GOVERNORS. *Georgia Historical Quarterly* 1958 42(1): 1-25. Traces the history of the item veto in Georgia, 1869-1929.

The item veto was used by only six governors at sporadic intervals and in such varied amounts as to raise the question of the reasons for its ineffectiveness in Georgia and effectiveness in other States. No clear reason why the item veto has fallen into disuse can be ascertained. D. Houston

2431. Shipton, Clifford K. THE HEBRAIC BACKGROUND OF PURITANISM. *Publication of the American Jewish Historical Society* 1958 47(3): 140-153. Puritanism, like Judaism, was an entire culture. It was founded on the

Hebraism of the Old and New Testament, and it was characterized by the right of individual interpretation for individual and congregation, a teaching ministry rather than a priesthood, stress on education, and religious services whose only liturgy consisted of the Psalms. Puritanism might be called a translated Judaism, intellectual and optimistic, which shaped American civil society as well. F. Rosenthal

2432. Steinberg, Abraham H. JEWISH CHARACTERS IN FUGITIVE AMERICAN NOVELS OF THE 19TH CENTURY

vo Annual of Jewish Social Science 1956/57 11: 105-121. Based on an analysis of cheap fiction from about 1844 on, traces anti- and pro-Semitic types among male and female characters. Stereotyped Jews and Jewesses were an important part of ready-made fiction. B. W. Korn

2433. --. THE ROOTS OF AMERICAN NATIVISM. Catholic Historical Review 1958 44(2). Barry, Colman J., S.B. (St. John's Univ., Minnesota), SOME ROOTS OF AMERICAN NATIVISM, pp. 137-146. Higham, John (Rutgers Univ.), ANOTHER LOOK AT NATIVISM, pp. 147-158. Barry offers a reinterpretation of the anti-foreign and anti-Catholic movements in American history. He

suggests new approaches through European (especially English) background, and more interdisciplinary studies involving theology, philosophy, etc. Higham reinterprets American nativism as an ideology. He calls for a re-study of this problem in relation to American traditions of individualism and Puritanism, and in relation to "status rivalries," i.e., political, religious, economic and associational activities through which men of different ethnic backgrounds have competed for prestige and favorable positions in community life. He also suggests a re-study of nativism in light of the historical structure of American society to help explain the differences between ethnic groups. J. T. Ellis

B. 1775-1815

GENERAL HISTORY

2434. Allers, Ulrich S. ROUSSEAU'S SECOND DISCOURSE. Review of Politics 1958 20(1): 91-120. Rousseau's *Discours sur l'origine de l'inégalité des hommes* contains all of the basic elements of his political philosophy. It is therefore of signal importance in assessing his doctrines, especially as his later writings presuppose the philosophy set forth in this work. C. F. Latour

2435. Benda, Kálmán. BÓNIS GYÖRGY HAJNÓCZY-ÉRTÉKELÉS [About György Bónis' book on Hajnóczy]. *Estudok* 1956 90(4-6): 736-740. A review article positively evaluating György Bónis' *József Hajnóczy* (Budapest: Akadémiai Kiadó, 1954). The reviewer emphasizes that József Hajnóczy was the greatest Hungarian political thinker at the end of the 18th century and one of the most outstanding figures in the history of the Hungarian progressive intelligentsia. He was a forerunner of Louis Kossuth. F. Wagner

2436. Berti, Giuseppe. OTNOSHENIA MEZHDU ROSSIEI I ITALIANSKIMI GOSUDARSTVAMI [S KONTSA XVIII V. 1860 G.] [The relations between Russia and the Italian states from the end of the 18th century to 1860]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (12): 52-64. Reviews international relations during the period of Italy's fight for independence and criticizes the view of Italian historiography that Russia's influence in this period was unfavorable for the development of Italy. The author emphasizes that Russian policy indirectly supported the Italian Risorgimento in its decisive phase. Based on diplomatic documents and diaries. Erna Wollert

2437. Boyer, Ferdinand. UNE CONQUETE DE LA DIPLOMATIE DU PREMIER CONSUL: LA VENUS DE MEDICIS [A conquest of the First Consul's diplomacy: the Medici Venus]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1957 71(1): 35-36. Traces the history of the treasures of the Uffizi Palace of Florence in the hands of the Austrians, Neapolitans, and English in 1800 and 1802, and the negotiations for the transfer of the Medici Venus to Paris in 1802. Based on material in the foreign ministry archives in Paris and the archives of administrative correspondence of the Louvre. J. H. Jensen

2438. Caldora, Umberto. L'OCCUPAZIONE FRANCESE DELLA CALABRIA (1806-1815) [The French occupation of Calabria (1806-1815)]. *Historica* 1957 10(3/4): 93-103. Continuation from a previous article [See abstract 3: 2442]. Article to be continued.

2439. Dollot, Louis. DU ROI PEPIN-LE-BREF AU PRÉSIDENT COTY [From King Pepin the Short to President Coty]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1957 71(2): 140-154. Views briefly the visit of Coty to Rome (1957) and the meetings of Pius VII and Napoleon I in the perspective of previous meetings between Popes and heads of the French Republic. J. H. Jensen

2440. Durand, Gilbert. PORTRAIT PHILOSOPHIQUE DE JOSEPH DE MAISTRE [Philosophical portrait of Joseph de Maistre]. *Cahiers d'Histoire* 1956 1(3): 289-302. Explains the paradoxical and contradictory nature of the theoretical thought of this philosopher, who was a thinker obsessed by politics. The fundamental characteristics of Maistre's political thought were Catholicism (which determined his ideas on foreign policy; the great political evil was for him the destruction of unity, which caused the ruin of Christianity in favor of the nationalities) and traditionalism, which led him in the field of domestic policy to a position of political positivism, totally opposed to the Utopian ideas of Rousseau and the contractual artificiality of the Encyclopedists. R. Valdés del Toro

2441. Dvoichenko-Markov, Eufrosina. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN AND COUNT M. A. BENJOWSKI. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(6): 405-417. Describes the Polish adventurer's relations with Franklin, mainly his efforts to gain assistance for his various schemes. Based on letters in the library of the American Philosophical Society, Philadelphia, and in the Library of Congress. C. B. Joynt

2442. Flower, Desmond, and J. S. G. Simmons. VOLTAIRIANA IN THE U. S. S. R. *Times Literary Supplement* 1958 (2933): 276. Surveys research, principally by Professor V. S. Lyubinsky of Leningrad, based on Voltaire's personal library (now in the Leningrad Public Library) and numerous autograph letters from and to Voltaire (in various Russian repositories). The author cites the principal works in which the results of this research are set forth. P. H. Hardacre

2443. Hindle, Brooke, ed. (New York Univ.). WITHERSPOON, RITTENHOUSE, AND SIR ISAAC NEWTON. *William and Mary Quarterly* 1958 15(3): 365-372. A letter by Witherspoon published in 1776, with Rittenhouse's reply. Witherspoon, ignorant in science, attacked Newton on broad, philosophical grounds; Rittenhouse entered into a scientific defense of Newton. An introduction by the editor is included. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2444. John, A. H. THE LONDON ASSURANCE COMPANY AND THE MARINE INSURANCE MARKET OF THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY. *Economica* 1958 25(98): 126-141. Study of the development of marine insurance in the 18th century, showing the importance of London as its center. This was particularly significant in the growth of financial techniques which later led London to become the focus for long-term capital investment. Based on the surviving records of the London Assurance Company, founded in 1720. H. Pollins

2445. Kahn, Robert L. (Univ. of Washington). SOME UNPUBLISHED RASPE-FRANKLIN LETTERS. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(3): 127-132. A translation of five letters from the period 1777-1780 from R. E. Raspe, author of the *Baron Munchausen Tales*, to Benjamin Franklin. C. B. Joynt

2446. Lefèvre, André. GUSTAVE III DE SUEDE, CHEVALIER SERVANT DE LA COUR DE FRANCE [Gustavus III of Sweden, knight-defender of the court of France]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1957 71(1): 49-56. Examines the series of reports by the French chargé in Stockholm bearing on the efforts of Gustavus III to take an active part in a European intervention to restore Louis XVI to full power before and after Varennes. The shifts in the attitudes of Montmorin, French foreign minister who was removed in December 1791, are recorded incidentally. J. H. Jensen

2447. Lingelbach, William E. (American Philosophical Society). BENJAMIN FRANKLIN'S PAPERS AND THE AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(6): 359-380. With the co-operation of Yale University, the Philosophical Society and other institutions with large Franklin holdings, an edition of Franklin's papers is in preparation. The author describes the relations of the Society with Franklin papers over the last century and a half. C. B. Joynt

2448. Llanza, Roberto de. EL "ITINERARIO" DE DON RAFAEL DE LLANZA [Don Rafael de Llanza's "Itinerary"]. *Boletín de la Real Academia de Buenas Letras (Spain)* 1954-56[57] 26: 235-282. Copy of Llanza's travel diary, which contains a description of the adventures in the years 1806-13 of some Spaniards who having taken part in Marquis de la Romana's expedition were forced to remain with Napoleon's armies which were fighting in Europe. The diary is from a private archive. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 19903)

2449. Mazlish, Bruce. THE CONSERVATIVE REVOLUTION OF EDMUND BURKE. *Review of Politics* 1958 20(1): 21-33. After justifying the English Revolution of 1688 and the American Revolution of 1776, Burke was frightened by the French Revolution of 1789 into shifting his emphasis from justification of revolution to justification of "conservation." His new chief concern with the stabilization and preservation of society rather than its change and improvement must be considered the political counterpart of romanticism, which had turned from a search for objective, classical rules of aesthetic theory to concentration on the subjective, relative impressions experienced by the individual observer. C. F. Latour

2450. Pace, Antonio (Syracuse Univ.). THE FRANKLIN-VOLTA CORRESPONDENCE: LEGEND OR FACT? *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(6): 436-439. Advances the theory that Franklin lacked both the energy and motivation to keep in touch with Volta after their meetings in 1782. C. B. Joynt

2451. Pinochet de la Barra, Oscar. LOS DERECHOS ANTARTICOS DE CHILE A LA LUZ DE LOS TRATADOS ANGLO-ESPAÑOLES DE LOS SIGLOS XVII Y XVIII [Chile's Antarctic rights in the light of Anglo-Spanish treaties in the 17th and 18th centuries]. *Finis Terrae (Chile)* 1955 2(6): 29-36. Deals with the series of treaties of the 17th and 18th centuries between England and Spain regarding the demarcation of land and sea territory in the New World. Special mention is made of the Nootka Convention of 28 October 1790, by which England recognized the rights of Spain (and therefore of Chile, as the successor state) in the Antarctic. The author describes the foreign expeditions which searched for the Terra Australis, and Chile's claims of its legal rights when the English began to occupy the South Shetland Islands in the 19th century. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12686)

2452. Smith, Robert Sidney. THE WEALTH OF NATIONS IN SPAIN AND IN HISPANIC AMERICA, 1780-1830. *Journal of Political Economy* 1957 65(2): 104-126. Shows how Spanish and Latin American economists became acquainted with Smith's *Wealth of Nations* during the period 1780-1830. The author mentions Gaspar Melchor Jovellanos, whose economic writings, especially the treatise on agrarian reform which after his death was put on the Roman Index of prohibited books, revealed the strong influence of Smith ideas. In 1792 a partial translation of Condorcet's analysis of the *Wealth of Nations* was published. The first Spanish translation of the work, which appeared in 1794, was marred by

omissions and textual changes due to the pressure of the Inquisition. E. März

2453. Stewart, Keith (Univ. of Cincinnati). ANCIENT POETRY AS HISTORY IN THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY. *Journal of the History of Ideas* 1958 19(3): 335-347. To avoid the 18th-century stigma on antiquarianism, knowledge derived from "ancient" (i.e. classical and medieval) poems was ranked with history and thus was "worthy of public notice." The purposes of history and poetry were clearly distinguished, but poetry was recognized as an important source for social history. Based on 18th-century commentaries on ballads and other "ancient poetry." W. H. Coates

2454. Tafur Garcés, Leonardo. PRECAUSAS DE LA INDEPENDENCIA DE LAS COLONIAS HISPANOAMERICANAS. ERA AMERICANA DE LA HISTORIA [First causes of the independence of the Spanish-American colonies. The American era in history]. *Boletín del Centro de Investigaciones Históricas (Ecuador)* 1955 10(23-25): 102-110. A lecture, dealing with the following possible remote causes of the independence of Spanish America: 1) the rebellion of the Aztec Empire against Cortes; 2) Creole reactions in the ancient Inca domains from the 16th to the 18th century, and 3) the unstable political situation in Europe. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20378)

2455. Tavernier, Cl. MERE CAMILLE DE SOYECOURT ET LES "CARDINAUX NOIRS" [Mother Camille of Soyecourt and the Black Cardinals]. *Revue d'Histoire de l'Eglise de France* 1956 42(139): 237-242. Deals with the activities of Mother Camille, a Carmelite Prioress, in supporting the policies of Pope Pius VII in opposition to the religious program of Napoleon I. B. C. Weber

2456. Voltes, Pedro. EL ALMIRANTE DON LUIS CORDOBA EN EL ASEDIO DE GIBRALTAR [Admiral Don Luis de Córdoba at the siege of Gibraltar]. *Revista General de Marina (Spain)* 1956 151: 3-18. Extracts from the Admiral's diary for the period 11 September-28 October 1782 giving the combat formation of his fleet and describing the powder and munitions used. A summary of twenty-one documents in the Archivo General de Simancas referring to this siege of Gibraltar is included. The diary is preserved in the Museo Naval in Madrid. Nuria Coll Juliá (IHE 18510)

2457. Whitridge, Arnold. THE AMERICAN SLAVE-TRADE. *History Today* 1958 8(7): 462-472. A sketch of the history of the American trade in African slaves, from 1619 to 1861, with particular emphasis upon the joint efforts of the British and American navies to suppress it after 1807. The author feels that if the American government had co-operated fully with the British, the slave-trade might have been suppressed earlier, and slavery in the southern United States could not have survived without it. E. D. Johnson

HISTORY BY COUNTRY OR AREA

Africa

2458. García Figueras, Tomás. EL CORSO DE MARRUECOS Y EL INTENTO DE SU INUTILIZACION POR ESPAÑA A FINES DEL SIGLO XVIII [Privateering in Morocco and the Spanish plan to prevent it at the end of the 18th century]. *Tamuda (Spanish Morocco)* 1956 4(1): 37-51. Publishes five letters from José Ferrández de Olarte (1791) on the use of Tangier by privateers and the plan to blockade the mouth of the Martín and Lucus rivers in order to render useless these two bases of piracy in Morocco. A short introduction is included. M. Grau Montserrat (IHE 18506)

Asia

2459. Antonova, K. A. K ISTORII ROSSKO-INDIISKIKH KUL'TURNYKH SVIAZEI. IZ TETRADEI G. S. LEBEDEV

795-1797 GG.) [On the history of cultural relations between Russia and India. From the diaries of G. S. Lebedev (1795-1897)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (1): 156-195. The musician Gerasim Stepanovich Lebedev (1749-1818) lived in India from 1785 to 1797. He translated two English comedies to Bengali and founded the first Bengali theater in Calcutta in 1795. Based on twenty documents containing 1) Lebedev's memorandum and letters to various persons about his life and activities in India, and 2) some personal documents and sketches. G. Lovas

2460. Harrison, John A. (Univ. of Florida). KITA YEZO OR A DESCRIPTION OF THE ISLAND OF NORTHERN YEZO BY MAMIYA RINSO. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(2): 93-117. Translation of a work written by a Japanese official following his visit in the years 1808-09 to the sea and island area to the north of the Japanese archipelago. It is the first good scientific description of the area. C. B. Joynt

2461. Imabori, Seiji (Hiroshima Univ.). SHIN-DAI NI ERU GOKA NO KINDAIKA E NO KEISHA [The tendency of the Ho-kuo toward modernization during the Ch'ing Dynasty]. *Tōyōshi-Kenkyū* 1958 17(1): 1-49. Discusses the form of the Ho-kuo (defined as a body organized by more than ten persons who jointly carry on a commercial concern) which existed in the 18th century and the first half of the 19th century. The Ho-kuo began to appear at about the time of the Sung Dynasty, and its classical form, under which investment and management were equally shared by the partners, was established during the Ming period. In the Ch'ing Dynasty, however, partners began to appear who carried out the investment but not the management functions, a change which facilitated the tendency toward simple monetary capital investment independent from management. The function of the Ho-kuo represented an approach to the function of the modern joint stock company. M. Oyama

2462. Semenova, N. I. SEL'SKAYA OBSHCINA I DOKAL'NOE ZEMLEVLADENIE V GOSUDARSTVE INDZHIT SINGA [Rural communities and feudal land ownership in the state of Ranjit Singh]. *Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1955 (12): 61-98. Examines different types, the occurrence and the functional and social structure of village communities in Punjab during the first half of the 19th century. Based on C. L. Tupper's *Punjab Customary Law*, H. K. Trevaskis' *The Land of the Five Rivers*, and gazetteers. G. Lovas

2463. Seth, D. R. WELLINGTON'S INDIAN CAMPAIGN. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1956 86 (1): 190-198. Describes Wellington's military successes during the second Mahratta war, 1803. Wellington was victorious only because of his great personal ability, but because of disunion and inefficiency of the Mahrattas. D. Houston

Australia

2507

Europe

BALKANS and NEAR EAST

also: 2535

2464. Neacșu, I. REVOLTA PANDURILOR DIN DECEMBRIE 1814 - FEBRUARIE 1815 [The revolt of the pandours in December 1814 to February 1815]. *Studii. Revistă de istorie* 1957 10(1): 133-142. The pandours, who came from the Rumanian province Oltenia, rebelled against the Walachian Duke Ion Caragea who tried to levy taxes on them. The Duke employed Turkish troops and was unable to suppress the rebellion mainly because the pandour reactionists were at variance among themselves. The rebellion helped to weaken the feudal system, however. The movement among the pandours was finally achieved by Tudor Vladimirescu in 1821 when they fought against Turkish domination and the Greeks living in Rumania. I. Popinceanu

BELGIUM

See: 2518

FRANCE

See also: 2697, 2710, 2766

2465. Aravena, Horacio. JEAN-ANTOINE-CLAUDE CHAPTAL. *Anales de la Universidad de Chile (Chile)* 1957 (105): 181-205. Biographical sketch of this French chemist, who was especially prominent in the field of applied chemistry, and who discharged political duties under Napoleon, whose minister of the Interior he finally became. A summary of his discoveries is included. F. Márquez

2466. Arfaut. LA FORMATION DU DEPARTEMENT DE LOIR-ET-CHER [The forming of the department Loir-et-Cher]. *Annales Historiques de la Révolution Française* 1957 29(1): 34-49. The fact that the department Loir-et-Cher is composed of different regions and is so irregularly shaped can be explained largely as the result of local interest which succeeded in making its wishes heard at the National Assembly. In most cases the Committee of Division consulted the representative of the area concerned. The department boundaries, which liquidated foreign enclaves and prolongations, were realistic. G. D. Homan

2467. Barral, Pierre. UN SIECLE DE MAÇONNERIE GRENOBLOISE (1750-1850) [A century of Freemasonry in Grenoble]. *Cahiers d'Histoire* 1957 2(4): 373-395. An account of the history of the Masonic lodges in Grenoble. Under the Old Regime the Grenoble Masons sought an esoteric form of Christianity. This search continued in the 19th century, until the 1848 lodge, freed from Catholicism, claimed to possess a natural philosophy that was superior to all religions. A similar evolution occurred in the political field. The role of the Masons of Grenoble in the Revolution was of little importance. Under the First Empire, complete respect existed for established power, and it continued during the Restoration. Only after 1848 did a democratic trend become apparent in the lodges. On the social level, the structure of the lodges was greatly modified in the course of this century. After 1800 the aristocracy disappeared and the bourgeoisie provided the greatest number of Masons. About 1850 the numbers of artisans, clerks and minor officials increased. R. Valdés del Toro

2468. Bernard, Michel. REVENDICATIONS ET ASPIRATIONS DU BAS-CLERGE DAUPHINOIS A LA VEILLE DE LA REVOLUTION [Claims and aspirations of the low clergy of Dauphiné on the eve of the Revolution]. *Cahiers d'Histoire* 1956 1(4): 327-348. The development that led in the second half of the 18th century to the "priests' insurrection" can be better traced in Dauphiné than in any other French province. The wretched position of the lower clergy, especially the parish priests and their vicars, and the high clergy's hostility and lack of understanding in reference to this problem led to a profound crisis of confidence. The parochial clergy, convinced that the King and the bishops were failing in their traditional duty to protect the poor, felt it necessary to unite and co-ordinate their forces, learning the rudiments of what would be called today "union action." Henri Reymond, a priest of Saint-Georges de Vienne, who was later to be Constitutional Bishop of Grenoble, embodied and directed this trend, which explains the later fervent adhesion of the priests of the Dauphiné to the Revolution and the Civil Constitution of the Clergy. R. Valdés del Toro

2469. Besnier, R. (Univ. of Paris). LE TRANSFERT DE LA PROPRIETE DANS LES PAYS DE NANTISSEMENT A LA FIN DE L'ANCIEN REGIME [The transferral of property in those provinces where the custom of nantissement still prevailed at the close of the Old Regime]. *Revue du Nord* 1958 40(158): 195-200. Cites evidence from court records from Northeastern France showing the prevalence of the feudal custom of "nantissement" (i.e. requiring a court action for each transfer of ownership in land) well into the 18th century. H. D. Piper

2470. Bonnerot, Jean. LES MANUSCRITS DE RICHELIEU A LA SORBONNE [Richelieu manuscripts at the Sor-

bonne]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1956 70(2): 145-150. Presents an inventory of the papers of the Richelieu (du Plessis) family preserved in the Bibliothèque Victor Cousin (Sorbonne) in Paris. Authorization for the use of these papers must be obtained from the rector of the University of Paris. For the period after 1775, the papers of the Duke of Richelieu are of special interest. J. H. Jensen

2471. Boudard, René. L'AFFAIRE DU COLLIER DE LA REINE VUE PAR CHRISTOPHE SPINOLA, AMBASSADEUR DE LA SERENISSIME REPUBLIQUE DE GENES AUPRES DE LA COUR DE FRANCE [The affair of the queen's necklace, as seen by Christophe Spinola, ambassador to France of the Serene Republic of Genoa]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1956 70(2): 97-109. Summarizes the reports of Spinola on this affair (1785-1786), especially on the question whether the Cardinal de Rohan was to be subject to the jurisdiction of the parlement of Paris or to that of an ecclesiastical court. The author notes that Spinola, contrary to the judgement of other historians (including Funck-Brentano), reported that Rohan had preferred the ecclesiastical to the civil court. (While he does not indicate the provenance of his documents, they appear to be drawn from the Genoese archives.) He states that Spinola's correspondence also throws light on French policy in relation to the American Revolution, on the visit of Joseph II to France, and on the life of the French court. J. H. Jensen

2472. Bouloiseau, Marc. UNE ANECDOTE SATIRIQUE SUR ROBESPIERRE [A satirical anecdote about Robespierre]. Annales Historiques de la Révolution Française 1957 29(1): 1-5. An anecdote appearing in Sabats Jacobites (No. 6, February 1791, pp. 88-92) illustrates in a striking manner the methods used by the lampoonists of the counterrevolution. They proceeded by allusions, using terms that were only recognized by their own audience. They attacked Robespierre's private life, expressing doubt about his virtues, and maintained that a man like Robespierre could have no true friends because of his hypocrisy and lack of scruples. G. D. Homan

2473. Chinard, Gilbert (Princeton Univ.). THE APOTHEOSIS OF BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, PARIS, 1790-1791. Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society 1955 99(6): 440-473. Analyzes the eulogies delivered in Paris at the time of Franklin's death and explains the cult of Franklin as being due to his doctrine that happiness could be achieved through the practice of simple rules of conduct and to the fact that class distinctions were meaningless for Franklin. C. B. Joynt

2474. Cobb, Richard. LA COMMISSION TEMPORAIRE DE COMMUNE-AFFRANCHIE (BRUMAIRE-GERMINAL AN II) [The Temporary Commission of Commune-Affranchie (Brumaire-Germinal, Year 11)]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 2(1): 23-58. The Temporary Commission of republican vigilance established as a Commune-Affranchie occupies a special place in the history of revolutionary institutions because of the sovereignty invested in it and of the arbitrary nature of its powers and activities. In fact, the Temporary Commission owed its existence to Collot d'Herbois, who appointed its members from Paris and to Fouché, who selected those from Moulins and Nevers. The author examines the staff of this revolutionary institution and concludes that its composition is reflected in the two aspects of its activity: a puritanical and moralizing tendency, corresponding to the Nevers and Moulins group, which insisted above all on the moral aspect of its work of regeneration, and the "sans-culotte" tendency of the Parisians, who brought to Lyon the material preoccupations and the social prejudices of the artisan and the petty merchant of Paris. R. Valdés del Toro

2475. Corvisier, André. AUX APPROCHES DE "L'EDIT DE SEGUR:" LE CAS DU SIEUR DE MONGAUTIER (1779) [New light on the Edict of Ségur: the case of Sieur de Mongautier]. L'Actualité de l'Histoire 1958 (22): 10-17. The Edict of Ségur (1781) aimed to prevent members of the bourgeoisie from becoming army officers by forcing them to come up through the ranks. This measure is usually seen as one of the most characteristic acts of the aristocratic reaction. Since the time of Louis XIV, the bourgeoisie had

constituted an important portion of the officer corps. Examining the case of the Sieur de Mongautier, an impoverished nobleman, the author suggests that Louis XVI was probably motivated to issue the edict by the plight of the lower nobility. The Sieur de Mongautier belonged to an old military family and was in desperate circumstances when he applied to have his two sons placed in the already overcrowded royal military schools. His request was granted only after appeals to the king on his behalf by a high military officer, and a devoted peasant. The case is no doubt extreme, but it is indicative of conditions among the nobility. Based on materials from the French military archives. D. Houston

2476. D'Ormesson, André. LA PREMIERE RENCONTRE DANS L'HISTOIRE DES NOMS DE LOUIS XVI ET DE NAPOLEON Ier: L'ADMISSION D'ELISA BONAPARTE A LA MAISON DE SAINT-CYR [The first meeting in history of the names of Louis XVI and Napoleon I: the admission of Elisa Bonaparte to the Home of Saint-Cyr]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1955 69(2): 130-134. Traces the organization and direction of the school for impoverished girls of noble extraction at Saint-Cyr from its origin until its dissolution in 1792. From 1784 until 1792, Elisa, younger sister of Napoleon Bonaparte, was a student; she was put into her brother's care when the school was dissolved. Documents taken from the archives of the prefecture of Seine-et-Oise are used to substantiate her admission and withdrawal. J. H. Jensen

2477. Grange, H. TURGOT ET NECKER DEVANT LE PROBLEME DES SALAIRES [Turgot and Necker on the wage problem]. Annales Historiques de la Révolution Française 1957 29(1): 19-33. Turgot and Necker both believed in the so called "loi d'airain des salaires," but the consequences that they drew from it were markedly different. Turgot defined a wage as exactly that necessary for the workingman to procure his subsistence. Necker, however, understood the injustices involved in the method of arbitrarily fixing wages. He did not, as Turgot, consider the wage as an abstract element of cost of production. He regarded man as a being with certain needs and the right to live and propose state intervention in the social and economic process in order to abolish abuses. Necker's program was an early "New Deal" and Karl Marx paid discreet homage to him. G. D. Homan

2478. Hours, Henri. CHRONIQUE BIBLIOGRAPHIQUE: LYON ET LE LYONNAIS. LA VIE INTELLECTUELLE DU XVIIe SIECLE A 1789 [Bibliographical chronicle: Lyons and the Lyonnais. Intellectual life from the 16th century to 1789]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 2(4): 435-445. Critical commentary on works dealing with this period that have appeared since 1940. R. Valdés del Toro

2479. Laulan, Robert. A PROPOS DE LA FORMATION SCOLAIRE DE BONAPARTE: CE QU'ETAIT L'ENSEIGNEMENT A L'ECOLE MILITAIRE DE PARIS [Concerning Bonaparte's education: The program of the Ecole Militaire de Paris]. Revue des Travaux de l'Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques et Comptes Rendus de ses Séances 1957 110(4): 166-183. Sketches the organization and curriculum of the school attended by Napoleon from October 1784 to October 1785. The author observes that the school had but little effect on him. J. Kuehl

2480. Lefèvre, Roger. HOMMAGE A CONDILLAC [Homage to Condillac]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1956 1(4): 349-364. Speech given at the International Congress of French Societies of Philosophy in Grenoble in September 1954. The author briefly traces the life of the French philosopher, and studies the formation, development and influence of his doctrine. R. Valdés del Toro

2481. Lequeux, A. LES PROSPECTIONS HOUILLERES DANS LA FRANCE DU NORD ET LEUR CONSEQUENCES HUMAINES [The human consequences of the establishment of coal mines in the north of France]. Revue du Nord 1958 40 (158): 323-328. A detailed but undocumented summary of the founding of the coal mining industry (1716-1789) in Hainaut and the consequent demographic, economic and social impact. H. D. Piper

2482. Lestapis, A. de. AUTOUR DE L'ATTENTAT L'ADMIRAL [About the attempt to assassinate Admiral]. Annales Historiques de la Révolution Française 1957 29(1): -18. An introduction to the Henri Admiral affair, discussing in detail the three accomplices of Batz: Abbé d'Alençon, bbé de Briel, and Mme. de Lamartinière, who all had close connections with Admiral. In further articles, the author intends to demonstrate that more remains to be said about the plan to murder Collot d'Herbois. G. D. Homan
2483. Manissadjian, H. LA COMMUNAUTE DES PRETRES DE L'EGLISE DE SAINTE-FEYRE (CREUSE) [The community of priests of the Church of Saint-Feyre (Creuse)]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 2(3): 227-242. The priest community consisted of groups of priests centered on the same church, in which they performed services of a religious nature. They were particularly numerous in the Massif central, and documentary evidence of them exists for the period from the 14th century to 1790, when they were disbanded under the Civil Constitution of the Clergy. The communities had their own statutes, which were approved by the ecclesiastical authority. The parish priest performed an important role in them as the lawful leader of the community. The author examines the history of one of these communities, especially in the 18th century. R. Valdés del Toro
2484. Maxwell, Margaret (Finch College). THE DIVISION IN THE RANKS OF THE PROTESTANTS IN EIGHTEENTH CENTURY FRANCE. Church History 1958 27(2): 7-123. Examines the relations between the government and the Protestants from 1685 to 1787, with special reference to the divergent positions of the rural Church of the Desert, insisting on full religious rights, and the urban or bourgeois Protestants, content with minimum civil rights as expressed in the plan drawn up by Jacques Armand and supported by Necker. In the 1780s the Church of the Desert was weakened by internal dissension. The author concludes that there was no possibility of obtaining full religious rights by 1787 but that civil rights might have been extended to the Protestants at an earlier date, had they been united. E. Oberholzer, Jr.
2485. Molinier, J. LES CALCULS D'AGREGATS EN FRANCE ANTERIEUREMENT A 1850 [Estimates of economic aggregates in France before 1850]. Revue d'Economie Industrielle 1957 67(6): 875-897. Presents, with tables, the results of nearly one hundred attempts made between 160 and 1850 to estimate the national income of France, or the similar aggregate measure of wealth or economic activity. Many of the estimates were made in connection with the fiscal difficulties of the state. Most of them employed concepts which, in comparison with those in use today, were crude and naïve. R. E. Cameron
2486. Prévost, M. (Univ. of Lille). LES ELECTIONS JUDICIAIRES A LILLE EN 1790 [Judicial elections in Lille 1790]. Revue du Nord 1958 40(158): 357-361. Departmental archives in the city of Lille show that in France's first revolutionary election of a judiciary in 1790, four out of five judges elected in Lille were former officials of the Ancien Régime. This confirms similar studies of the results of the election in Paris and elsewhere, which indicate that this revolutionary election did not materially alter the composition of the judiciary. H. D. Piper
2487. Reinhard, Marcel (Univ. of Paris). LES NEGOTIATIONS DE LILLE ET LA CRISE DU 18 FRUCTIDOR PRES LA CORRESPONDANCE INEDITE DE COLCHEN [Negotiations at Lille and the crisis of 18 Fructidor according to unpublished correspondence of Colchen]. Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine 1958 5(1): 39-56. Analytical summary of twenty-one letters written during the summer of 1797 to Count Colchen, secretary to the French peace commission negotiating with the English at Lille. Most of the letters are from Barthélemy, member of the five-man directory, and illuminate the state of the French government immediately prior to Barras' coup d'état. H. D. Piper
2488. Rivet, Félix. AVANT LE CHEMIN DE FER: PROBLEMES DU TRANSIT RHODANIEN [Before the railway: traffic problems in the Rhone area]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 1(4): 365-392. A partial summary of a work in

preparation on steam navigation in the Saône and Rhone between 1783 and 1862. The author examines the privileged position which Napoleonic policy, by supporting land rather than maritime traffic, gave to Lyons, which was an obligatory transit point. The fall of the Empire was a hard blow to this advantageous position, especially after the creation of the new silk route, which stretched from Milan to London without touching French soil. The rapid growth of steam navigation and the railways brought an end to the importance of Lyons. R. Valdés del Toro

2489. Scheuer, Georg (Paris). STREIT UM ROBESPIERRE [Conflict over Robespierre]. Zukunft 1958 (6): 173-174. Contemporary interpretations of Robespierre's role in the French Revolution are still determined by the political position of the observer. Reference is made in particular to the varying attitudes in France and among the Bolsheviks, who emphasize their kinship with Jacobinism. E. H. Boehm

2490. Soboul, A. LA SOCIETE FRATERNELLE DU PANTHEON [The Fraternal Society of the Panthéon]. Annales Historiques de la Révolution Française 1957 29(1): 50-55. Discusses the influence of woman agitation in this Society in the fall of the Year II. This Society permitted women to participate in the debates, a prerogative which was contested by many inside and outside the organizations. Special attention is paid to the role played by Mathias Hu in this dispute. G. D. Homan

2491. Thody, Philip (Queen's Univ., Belfast). ANTOINE DE SAINT-JUST: A FASHIONABLE REVOLUTIONARY. History Today 1958 8(6): 404-412. A critical re-examination of the political career of Antoine de Saint-Just during the French Revolution, together with an evaluation of his reputation in France, particularly since 1945. E. D. Johnson

2492. Vidalenc, J. LE TRAITE DES NEGRES EN FRANCE AU DEBUT DE LA REVOLUTION [The slave trade in France at the beginning of the Revolution]. Annales Historiques de la Révolution Française 1957 29(1): 56-59. In spite of the numerous criticisms raised in the second half of the 18th century against slavery and even more against the slave trade, the latter was still important enough to attract a number of traders in the first years of the French Revolution. Its decline seems to have been caused more by political and economic factors than by criticism based on humanitarian principles. Before 1789 the government supported the slave trade by a system of premiums. The National Assembly discussed this matter but reached no agreement, and the premium system was not abolished until September 1793. Slavery itself was abolished in February 1793. G. D. Homan

2493. Vitte, Marcel. VUE GENERALE SUR LA SOCIETE MACONNAISE A LA FIN DU PREMIER EMPIRE [General view of the Mâcon society at the end of the First Empire]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1956 1(2): 173-192. After summarizing the physical environment of this social group, makes a statistical survey, based mainly on the censuses of 1812 and 1813, discusses the available data on revenue and wages, and examines the sources of production and the accumulation of wealth -- the principal factors of social evolution. The author concludes that beneath the apparent stability of a society still clinging to its old way of life, there were signs in Mâcon, from the end of the Empire on, of the triumph of a new bourgeoisie, that of the wine merchants, on the foundation of a proletariat that the latter controlled. R. Valdés del Toro

GERMANY

See also: 2519, 2522, 2555

2494. Weinryb, Bernard D. (Dropsie College). AARON WOLFSOHN'S DRAMATIC WRITINGS IN THEIR HISTORICAL SETTING. Jewish Quarterly Review 1957 48(1): 35-50. A discussion of the nature of the German-Jewish Haskalah [rationalist movement] on the basis of a recently discovered Hebrew play by Aaron Halle-Wolfssohn (1756-1835). A revision of the concept of Haskalah as an assimilative movement is indicated. B. W. Korn

GREAT BRITAIN
(including Mediterranean possessions)

See also: 2708, 2712

2495. Bargar, B. D. (Univ. of South Carolina). LORD DARTMOUTH'S PATRONAGE, 1772-1775. William and Mary Quarterly 1958 15(2): 191-200. Although the Secretary of State for the American Colonies had but few positions at his disposal, the highly coveted royal governorships were among them. A powerful intercessor with the Admiralty, Treasury, War Office and Lord North, Dartmouth received numerous requests for appointments, land grants, moneys and religious preferments. The department's influence grew during the years 1772-1775 because of the Secretary's personal prestige. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2496. Checkland, S. G. (Univ. of Glasgow). FINANCE FOR THE WEST INDIES, 1780-1815. Economic History Review 1958 10(3): 461-469. An account of the British West Indies trade. The author discusses the opposition of the planters to colonial expansion, and gives a detailed description of the workings of the elements comprising the credit system: shipowners, planters, agencies and, above all, London merchants. B. L. Crapster

2497. Cole, W. A. (Cambridge Univ.). TRENDS IN EIGHTEENTH CENTURY SMUGGLING. Economic History Review 1958 10(3): 395-409. Traces the history of smuggling (especially of tea) in 18th-century Britain, which reached its peaks in the 1740s and the late 1770s. The author concludes that its effect on legal trade, which showed declines in those periods, was significant. B. L. Crapster

2498. Corry, B. A. THE THEORY OF THE ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE IN ENGLISH CLASSICAL POLITICAL ECONOMY. Economica 1958 25 (97): 34-48. Discusses the economic effects of government expenditure as expounded by various economists in the early 19th century. The author shows the reasons why those who advocated government expenditure to offset economic depression failed to make any mark on the general body of classical economic theory as it developed in England. H. Pollins

2499. Fetter, Frank Whitson (Northwestern Univ.). THE ECONOMIC ARTICLES IN THE QUARTERLY REVIEW AND THEIR AUTHORS, 1809-1852. Journal of Political Economy 1958 66(1): 47-64, and (2): 154-170. The Quarterly Review was founded in 1809 by a group of Tories who were intent on challenging the political and economic views presented by the Edinburgh Review, the famous Whig publication. The economic articles of the Quarterly Review dealt with the main issues of the day, such as the corn laws, the poor laws and the reform of the Bank of England, from an extremist Tory point of view. Among its few contributors who aimed at impassionate economic analysis rather than defense of the established order, was the brilliant George Poulett Scrope, an early forerunner of J. M. Keynes. There is, however, strong ground for presuming that he was dropped as a regular contributor by John Wilson Croker, who served as editor-in-chief from 1832 to the middle of the century. E. März

2500. Fisher, Marvin (Univ. of Minnesota). THE PATTERN OF CONSERVATISM IN JOHNSON'S RASSELAS AND HAWTHORNE'S TALES. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(2): 173-196. Despite the obvious differences between a neo-classicist in 18th-century England and a romanticist in 19th-century America, Johnson and Hawthorne both reacted strongly to "ideas stemming from a supreme faith in man's malleability." The parallels that emerge from a comparison of Rasselas with Hawthorne's Tales "are not isolated coincidences but the result of a similar or even identical pattern of thought which includes views on psychology, religion, sin, penance, reform, or any sort of progress. Both men believed implicitly in the workings of Providence and in the futility and downright danger of attempting to alter or even hasten the inscrutable processes of a force superior to human means." W. H. Coates

2501. Kegel, Charles H. (Idaho State College). WILLIAM COBBETT AND MALTHUSIANISM. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(3): 348-362. William Cobbett was the one powerful critic whom Malthus "could not silence." Originally a Malthusian, Cobbett turned furiously on Malthus in 1807 for his faulty reasoning and the inhumanity and cruelty of his doctrine, although Cobbett's own concepts of demography were completely erroneous. He argued vehemently against the Malthusian precepts of delayed marriage, birth control, emigration and denial of relief to the poor. Cobbett was essentially defending human dignity. W. H. Coates

2502. Kellett, J. R. (Univ. of Glasgow). THE BREAK-DOWN OF GUILD AND CORPORATIVE CONTROL OVER THE HANDICRAFT AND RETAIL TRADE IN LONDON. Economic History Review 1958 10(3): 381-394. There were rear-guard efforts to perpetuate this control through the 18th century. The author traces the failure of such efforts to the final opening of the retail trades to all in 1856. B. L. Crapster

2503. Lubasz, H. M. PUBLIC OPINION COMES OF AGE. History Today 1958 8(7): 453-461. A series of cases in the British courts in the 18th century led to a reform of the libel law in that country. With the passage of the Libel Act of 1791, which placed a new interpretation on the role of the jury in libel cases, the way was opened for an enlightened public opinion to oppose governmental action without undue risk under libel and sedition laws. E. D. Johnson

2504. Marshall, J. D. THE PEOPLE WHO LEFT THE LAND. Amateur Historian 1957 4(1): 185-189. An introduction to the study of population movement in 18th-century rural England. The author describes the major sources, points out the most useful monographs, and outlines the methods of calculating population changes in an area. D. Houston

2505. Miner, Earl Roy (Univ. of California, Los Angeles). DR. JOHNSON, MANDEVILLE, AND "PUBLIC BENEFITS." Huntington Library Quarterly 1957/58 21(2): 159-166. The belief that Dr. Johnson's economic theories were largely borrowed from Mandeville's thesis that private vices produce public benefits is unsound. Johnson's attitude toward vice, virtue and the problem of charity was, on the contrary, a common sense one in the orthodox and benevolent tradition. H. D. Jordan

2506. Norris, J. M. (Univ. of British Columbia). SAMUEL GARBITT AND THE EARLY DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL LOBBYING IN GREAT BRITAIN. Economic History Review 1958 10(3): 450-460. Deals with the development of lobbying in the 18th century by local groups and trade associations. The effort of the ironmaster Samuel Garbitt and Josiah Wedgwood to establish a General Chamber of Manufactures was only briefly successful, but it did encourage the efforts of smaller groups. B. L. Crapster

2507. Roe, Michael. MAURICE MARGAROT: A RADICAL IN TWO HEMISPHERES, 1792-1915. Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research 1958 31(83): 68-78. Traces the political career of Maurice Margarot (died 1815), first president of the London Corresponding Society and an outstanding proponent of radical political reform in Britain at the time of the French Revolution. For his share in the British Convention of the Friends of the People, Margarot was convicted of sedition and sentenced to transportation. From 1794 to 1810 he was in Australia, where he maintained a running fire of criticism against the colonial authorities. On his return to Britain he renewed the agitation for reform. P. H. Hardacre

2508. Shiina, Shigeaki. SANGYŌKAKUMEI-KI NO IGIRISU NO NŌGYŌ-KŌZŌ -- JOSETSU [The agricultural structure of England during the Industrial Revolution -- introduction]. Shakai-keizai-shi-gaku 1958 24(1): 1-30. Makes a case study of the market and farming system of Middlesex, as a preparatory survey for a study of the English agricultural revolution, and gives a description of the Country Reports published by the Board of Agriculture. Production was already specialized at the end of the 18th century, but

many cases farming and commodity production were still on a small scale. On the other hand, the greater part of trade relied on markets or fairs held only on fixed days, at which jobbers played an active part. The capitalistic way of production was not yet fully developed. M. Nishikawa

HABSBURG EMPIRE

See also: 2790

2509. Fodor, Ladislau. DESPRE PROBLEMA DESCOMUNERII BRESLELOR DIN ODORHEI IN PRIMA JUMATATE A SECOLULUI AL XIX-LEA [On the problem of the decomposition of the guilds in Odorhei in the first half of the 19th century]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1958 9(1): 125-138. During the 19th century the guilds of Odorhei (Eastern Transylvania), detrimental relics of the feudal order, were in a process of deterioration. It was difficult for apprentices and journeymen to become masters, and antagonisms thus developed between the two groups. The guilds were reactionary in character during this period. Their disintegration was used mainly by the expansion of the market and the competition of capitalistic enterprises. I. Popinceanu

2510. Pascu, Șt. ASPECTE DIN SITUAȚIA ȘI LUPTA ASELOR POPULARE DIN MARAMUREȘ ÎN A DOUA JUMATATE A SECOLULUI AL XVIII-LEA [Aspects of the situation and the struggle of the Maramureș masses in the second half of the 18th century]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1957 10(2): 125-138. After the loss of its Silesian resources in 1764, Austria directed its efforts toward a more intensive exploitation of the natural resources of Transylvania. The author pays particular attention to salt mining and to the workers of the salt mines, whose food, wages and working conditions were generally intolerable. The workers, almost all of whom were peasants, often left their jobs and fled to Bukovina. This tendency became stronger after the Habsburg rebellion in 1784. The prolonged struggle of the salt mine workers of Maramureș for a better life can be studied from the records kept by the mine authorities. I. Popinceanu

2511. Romano, Salvatore Francesco. STUDI SU GIUSEPPISMO II E IL "GIUSEPPINISMO" [Studies on Joseph II and Josephinism]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1957 69(1): 110-117. A historiographical survey of works dealing with Austrian reform movements at the end of the 18th century published between 1943 and 1953. P. Pastorelli

2512. Svoboda, Jiří. KE STUDIU SOCIÁLNÍHO ROZVRSTVENÍ VENKOVSKÉHO LIDU V ČECHÁCH V DRUHÉ POLOVINĚ 18. STOLETÍ [Contribution to the study of the social stratification of the rural people in Bohemia during the second half of the 18th century]. *Československý Časopis Historický* 1957 5(3): 447-473. In examining the modern history of Bohemia, pays great attention to the socio-economic phenomena of the second half of the 18th and first half of the 19th centuries. The sharpening of class warfare and the deepening social differentiation during this period were primarily caused by two significant factors: 1) the increase of the agricultural production of the serfs, and 2) the nature of feudal ownership. Both fundamentally determined the social and economic progress of the rural areas of Bohemia. These developments occurred in an age marked by the beginning of the collapse of the feudal order and the birth of the capitalistic system. Based partly on unpublished material. F. Wagner

2513. Zelenin, V. V. VOSSTANIE SERBSKIKH KREST'AN V SREME V 1807 G. [The uprising of the Serbian peasants in Syrmia in 1807]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii i Obozreniia* 1955 (14): 3-12. The uprising of 1807 in Syrmia was caused by the victory of the Russian forces over the Turks in the war of 1806-1812 and the capture of the fortresses of Belgrade and Sabac by Serbian insurrectionists, as well as by the increased exploitation of the peasants by the landowners. G. Lovas

ITALY

2514. De Felice, Renzo. L'EVANGELISMO GIACOBINO DI CLAUDIO DELLA VALLE. CONTRIBUTO ALLA

CONOSCENZA DELL'ASPETTO RELIGIOSO DEL TRIENNIO RIVOLUZIONARIO 1796-1799 [The Jacobinic evangelism and the abbot Claudio della Valle. Contribution to the knowledge of the religious aspect of the three years of the Revolution, 1796-1799]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1957 69(2): 196-249, and 69(3): 378-410. In the first part, discusses the basic traits of Jacobinic evangelism. The followers of this political, and, above all, religious movement were called evangelici giacobini, a term which characterizes their particular religious faith. In contrast to the great majority of democrats in Italy in this period they apparently could not break with constituted authority for political reasons. Jacobinic evangelism was, however, not a movement within the Catholic Church. The three components of its ideology were enlightenment, the tradition of heresy, and the revolutionary prototype. In the second part, the author attempts to clarify the ideological and political importance of a typical representative of Jacobinic evangelism, Claudio della Valle, and his work. P. Pastorelli

2515. Díaz González, Joaquín. EL JURAMENTO DE SIMÓN BOLÍVAR SOBRE EL MONTE SACRO [Simón Bolívar's oath on Monte Sacro]. *Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela)* 1955 38(151): 280-299. Reflections on the place where Bolívar made his famous oath in the year 1805, before his master Simón Rodríguez. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12833)

2516. Díaz González, Joaquín. EL JURAMENTO DE SIMÓN BOLÍVAR SOBRE EL MONTE SACRO [Simón Bolívar's oath on Monte Sacro]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela)* 1955 15(48): 297-317. Reprint of an article originally published in *Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela)* [See abstract 4: 2515]. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12834)

2517. [Fernández] Guillén [Tato], Julio. JESUITAS [Jesuits]. *Correo Erudito (Spain)* 1957 5(37): 264. Information, based on a letter from a Spanish sea captain, about the dangerous situation of the Spaniards residing in Genoa in 1794 (particularly the expelled Jesuits), who were threatened by the French Republican party. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 19861)

NETHERLANDS

2518. Bosch, J.-W. QUELQUES REMARQUES SUR L'USAGE DE LA "MANIER VAN PROCEDUREN" DE SIMON VAN LEEUWEN EN BELGIQUE AU XVIII^e SIECLE [Some observations on the use of Simon van Leeuwen's Manner of Proceeding in Belgium during the 18th century]. *Revue du Nord* 1958 40(158): 201-208. By means of municipal library catalogues and examination of subsequent works on the same subject, shows the widespread popularity in both Holland and Belgium of this manual on civil and criminal court procedure, which appeared at Leyden in 1677 and went through seven reprintings during the next century. This gives proof of the cultural rapport that continued to exist between the two regions despite their many religious and political differences. H. D. Piper

POLAND

2519. Herbst, Stanisław. WALKI NA POGRANICZU MAZOWSZA I PODLASIA W CZERWCU I LIPCU 1794 [Fights on the borders of Masovia and Podlasie in June and July 1794]. *Przegląd Historyczny* 1958 49(2): 221-235. After his initial success, Kościuszko was defeated twice early in June 1794 and thus found himself in a strategically difficult position. He resorted to revolutionary means, issuing a proclamation on 10 June calling on all commanders to cross the Prussian and Russian frontiers in order to free the newly lost provinces. Among those who carried out this proclamation was the commander of troops on the frontier of East Prussia, Andrzej Karwowski. After initial successes the Polish forces were defeated twice by the Prussian frontier troops. However, the announcements in Warsaw of the original successes at the most difficult moments played an important political role: they raised the spirit of the Warsaw

garrison and population and contributed to successful defense of the capital. Based on notes from Warsaw archives, many of which were lost during the Second World War.

A. F. Dygnas

2520. Le'snodorskii [Leśnodorski], B. REVOLUTSION-NOE TECHENIE V VOSSTANII 1794 G. (POL'SKIE "IAKOBINTSY") [The revolutionary element in the insurrection of 1794 (Polish "Jacobins")]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1956 (19): 31-40. Little has been known in the past about the popular and Jacobinic element in the insurrection of 1794. On the basis of material from archives in Warsaw, Dresden and Vienna, the author discusses the so-called Polish Jacobins, the left wing of the insurrectionist movement, which comprised elements of the most diverse classes and educational levels. Their pronounced object was armed struggle for independence, but the aims and demands of the lower classes were also reflected in their ideology. They asked for, among other things, agrarian reform and democratization of government and advocated the idea of fraternity among the peoples. Lacking a uniform ideological and political foundation, however, they could not attempt to seize power. Erna Wollert

2521. Rakowski, Jerzy, and Zbigniew Al. Wójcik. LUDNOŚĆ NOWEJ WARSZAWY U SCHYLKU WIEKU OŚWIECZENIA [The population of the New City of Warsaw at the end of the Age of the Enlightenment]. *Przegląd Historyczny* 1958 49(2): 311-328. Analyzes the population structure of the New City of Warsaw (the borough lying immediately to the north of the Old City, or Warsaw proper). The author gives an estimate of the total population in the second half of the 18th century, and examines its class and professional structure, wealth and religious composition. Based on manuscript material from various archives.

A. F. Dygnas

2522. Wąsicki, Jan. OPIS DEPARTAMENTU KAMERY WARSZAWSKIEJ Z 1802-1803 [Description of the Department of Warsaw in 1802-1803]. *Przegląd Historyczny* 1958 49(2): 329-359. Soon after the partitions of Poland, several Prussian officials, using official statistical material, published books describing the newly acquired provinces. One of them, August Sadebeck, announced, under the name of Sirisa, a three-volume work, *Historisch-statistisch-topographische Beschreibung von Südpreußen und Neupreußen*, of which only the first volume was published, in 1798. In the State Archives of Poznań the material for volume 3 has now been found. The statistical tables for that volume, relating to the "Kammer-Departement" of Warsaw are printed here, omitting Sirisa's narrative.

A. F. Dygnas

PORTUGAL

2523. [Fernández] G[uillén] T[at], J[ulio]. LISBOA [Lisbon]. *Correo Erudito* (Spain) 1957 5(37): 272. Reproduces part of the testimony given in 1794 by a Spanish sailor who witnessed the burning down of the Royal Palace in Lisbon. Source not given. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 19876)

RUSSIA

2524. Fadeev, A. V. IZ ISTORII KREST'IAANSKOI KOLONIZATSII PREDKAVKAZ'IA V DOREFORMENNYI PERIOD (1785-1861 GG.) [On the history of peasants' settlement in the period before the agrarian reform (1785-1861)]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1956 (9): 167-178. The colonization of the almost uninhabited steppe zone in the area north of the Kuban-Terek line began simultaneously with the settlement of Cossacks, who were serving in the army, and with attempts to establish the system of large estate-ownership. These developments took place before the land reform of 1861. Russian and Ukrainian colonizers were settled in these districts. With the aggravation of the crisis of feudalism, the influx of voluntary settlers, some of whom were serfs, increased. At first the peasants settled only in the Eastern districts, near the Kuma river, but later on settlements were also made on the Western slopes of the Stavropol plateau and in

the valleys of the Egorlyk. The decisive part in the development of the steppe of the area north of the Caucasus was thus not played by the large estate owners nor by the Cossacks but by the serfs. G. Lovas

2525. Kuznetsov, I. V. K VOPROSU O KHARAKTERE DOREFORMENNOI MANUFAKTURY V ROSSII [On the question of pre-reform industry in Russia]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (10): 60-72. Historians and economists have for many years been concerned with the question whether the beginnings of Russian industry at the end of the 18th and in the early 19th centuries show features characteristic of the feudal system of serfdom or of the capitalist system. Among others, the scholar S. G. Strumilin has dealt with this subject in numerous publications. Kuznetsov holds that Strumilin is mistaken in paying attention exclusively to technical development in Russia and disregarding the form of production and the exploitation of the workers. An industry in which largely serfs are employed cannot be described as capitalist in the Marxist sense of the word. G. Liersch

2526. Mikhailov, P. I. O VOSNIKNOVENII KAPITALISTICHESKOI MANUFAKTURY V ROSSII [The rise of capitalist manufacture in Russia]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1957 (2): 75-84. Capitalist co-operation is the last stage of a development which began with manual work done by the serfs, followed by the small-scale production of goods within the feudal agrarian community. The author describes the development of the various branches of small industry in the rural areas and the emergence of commercial and industrial enterprise and of paid labor among the peasants. Rise in the ground rent and in taxes during the second half of the 18th century were some of the factors which forced the peasants to seek new sources of income. Special attention is paid to the development of the cotton industry. Based on archival material and secondary historical and economic works. Erna Wollert

2527. Ovchinnikov, P. V., and L. N. Sloboskikh (Astrakhan). NOVYE DOKUMENTY O KREST'IAANSKOI VOINE 1773-1775 V ROSSII [New documents on the peasants war of 1773-1775 in Russia]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 127-148. The first fourteen documents here published are orders given by E. I. Pugachev and his war staff. They elucidate some individual events of the rebellion from November 1773 to August 1774. The fifteenth document, dating from 1779, contains a survey of the payments which the individual provinces had to make in order to finance the war against Pugachev. G. Lovas

SCANDINAVIA and BALTIC AREA

2528. Seip, Jens Arup (Univ. of Oslo). TEORIEN OM DET OPINIONSSTYRTE ENEVELDE [Theory concerning the opinion-directed absolutism]. *Historisk Tidsskrift* (Norway) 1958 38(2): 397-463. Attempts to determine whether the change from absolutism to constitutional monarchy in 1814 was sudden or gradual. By examination of numerous writers of the last quarter of the 18th century, the author concludes that theories of democratic absolutism, popular sovereignty and other elements of the Eidsvoll Constitution in Norway of 1814 were derived in part from these men. Despite censorship, either voluntary or government-enforced books and articles appeared with relatively frank discussion of theories of independence, democratic procedures, popular sovereignty and the like. The author examines these writers and concludes that Eidsvoll and its Constitution did not represent a sudden and unusual manifestation of popular government. R. Lindgren

SPAIN

See also: 2458, 2835

2529. Cabezudo Astráin, José. COLECCION DE CARTAS REALES EN EL ARCHIVO MUNICIPAL DE TAFALLA [Collection of royal letters in the Municipal Archive of Tafalla]. *Príncipe de Viana* (Spain) 1955 16(59): 259-267. Information on the royal letters (15th-18th centuries) preserved in the Municipal Archive of Tafalla (not in chrono-

gical order), containing 38, 54 and 118 documents respectively. The documents are not indexed.

J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 11456)

2530. Calicó, F. Xavier. DUROS DE LA OCUPACION FRANCESA DE BARCELONA [Duros of the French occupation of Barcelona]. Numisma (Spain) 1956 6(23): 173-177. Gives a new classification of the coins of this period, and discusses the effects of French policies on currency in Catalonia. Illustrated. J. Llufs y Navas (IHE 19905)

2531. [Calicó, F. Xavier, and Bruno Medalló]. DUROS DE FERNANDO VII [Ferdinand VII's duros]. Numisma (Spain) 1956 6(23): 171-172. Remarks on the minting of duros under Ferdinand VII. Illustrations of two of these coins, one of them minted in Lerida and the other in Seville during the Peninsular War, are included.

J. Llufs y Navas (IHE 19911)

2532. Cortines Murube, Felipe. AUTOBIOGRAFIA DE UN PATRIOTA [Autobiography of a patriot]. Archivo Hispalense (Spain) 1956 24(76): 175-180. Analysis of the pamphlet *Servicios a la Patria del patriota y caudillo Don Tomás de Anorúa Hinojosa, natural de la villa de Olvera ...* (Cádiz, 1813), referring to his services as a spy and guerrilla during the war of independence.

A. Domínguez Ortiz (IHE 18582)

2533. Cortines Murube, Felipe. LAS COMEDIAS EN SEVILLA. UNA DEFENSA DEL TEATRO Y SU CONTESTACION [Plays in Seville. A defense of the theater and a reply]. Archivo Hispalense (Spain) 1955 (74): 205-214. Copy of a petition made by an actor in 1767 for the lifting of the ban on the theater in Seville, and the adverse reports made to the municipal government and the Archbishop. A list, dated 1815, of the plays banned by the Inquisition and royal censorship is also published. A. Domínguez Ortiz (IHE 12317)

2534. Domínguez Bordona, J. MANUSCRITOS DEL SIGLO XVIII [Eighteenth century manuscripts]. Bibliofilia (Spain) 1957 9: 34-38. Comments on a work published in 1781 by the Italian Domenico Rossi about the Spanish horse-riding of the period, with particular reference to the so-called "royal couples." Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 19875)

2535. Estremera Solé, Inmaculada. UN SUBDITO OTOMANO EN LA ESPAÑA DEL SIGLO XIX [An Ottoman subject in 19th century Spain]. Tamuda (Spanish Morocco) 1956 4(1): 100-104. Presents two documents from the Archivo Histórico Nacional: a peace treaty between Turkey and Spain (1782) and the request in 1803 by the Turkish subject Stameti Maximo to establish a factory and commercial base in a Spanish port. M. Grau Montserrat (IHE 18554)

2536. Furriols, M. LA COMPAÑIA DE SANTO TOMAS DE AQUINO, EN LA GUERRA DE LA INDEPENDENCIA [The Company of St. Thomas Aquinas in the war of independence]. AUSA (Spain) 1955/56 2(17): 289-292. An account of the military activities of a company formed by young students from the Diocesan Seminary of Vich, between 1808 and 1810, the year of its incorporation into the regular army. J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 18587)

2537. Goodman, Edward J. (Xavier Univ.). SPANISH NATIONALISM IN THE STRUGGLE AGAINST NAPOLEON. *Review of Politics* 1958 20(3): 330-346. Traces the growth of Spanish nationalism through the instrumentalities of the Cortes, the press and propaganda pamphlets. The influence of French thought upon the minds of Spanish liberals is held to be important as compared with the successful effort to portray Napoleon as a tyrant. C. B. Joynt

2538. Guerra [Guerra], Arcadio. DON JOSE GODOY, SEÑERO DE HACIENDA, Y SU HIJO DON MANUEL, PRINCEPE DE LA PAZ [Don José Godoy, Councilor of Finance, and his son, Don Manuel, later to be Prince of Peace]. *Revista de Estudios Extremeños* (Spain) 1955 11(1-4): 279-309. Describes two interventions of Godoy in 1790 on behalf of Badajoz. Based on documents in the Badajoz City Archives.

E. Asensio Salvadó (IHE 19879)

2539. Izquierdo Hernández, Manuel. INFORMES SOBRE ESPAÑA (DICIEMBRE 1807 A MARZO 1808) DEL GENTIL-HOMBRE CLAUDIO FELIPE, CONDE DE TOURNON-SIMIANE AL EMPERADOR NAPOLEON I. TRADUCCION, COMENTARIOS Y NOTAS [Notes on Spain (December 1807 to March 1808) from Claudio Felipe, Count of Tournon-Simiane, to the Emperor Napoleon I. Translation, commentary and notes]. *Boletín de la Real Academia de la Historia* (Spain) 1955 137(2): 315-357. Presents part of a book now in preparation on "Fernando de Borbón, Príncipe de Asturias, 1784-1814." In his notes, Tournon describes the royal family, tells of the conspiracy of Aranjuez, gives a detailed account of Spanish garrisons and urges Napoleon to assist Prince Ferdinand. Documents from the French National Archives. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 12383)

2540. Jiménez de Gregorio, Fernando. LA HACIENDA DE FLORIDABLANCA A SU CAIDA [Floridablanca's estate at the time of his fall]. *Anales de la Universidad de Murcia* (Spain) 1955/56 14(1/2): 213-215. A summary of the inventory of Floridablanca's real estate holdings in Murcia, prepared in 1792, when he ceased to be a minister. The author concludes that Floridablanca was unquestionably honest. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 19856)

2541. Juderías, Julián. LA CIENCIA [Science]. *Hojas de Cultura Popular Colombiana* (Colombia) 1956 (72): [13-21]. Brief summary of the development of the sciences in the 16th, 17th and 18th centuries, both in the Iberian Peninsula and in Latin America.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 18313)

2542. Juretschke, Hans. CONCEPTO DE CORTES A COMIENZOS DE LA GUERRA DE INDEPENDENCIA. CARACTER Y ACTUALIZACION [The concept of the Cortes at the beginning of the war of independence. Character and growth]. *Revista de la Universidad de Madrid* (Spain) 1955 4: 369-405. Examines the conception of the Cortes held in the first months of the war of independence. The author reviews the various political and ideological attitudes by means of an examination of the ideas of the Council of Castille and of Juan Pérez Villamil, Pedro Cevallos, Martínez Marina, Jovellanos and an anonymous author. He concludes that whereas reformist thought tied to the Cortes acquired greater cohesion from day to day, conservatism was divided. J. Vicens Vives (IHE 12385)

2543. Juretschke, Hans. LOS SUPUESTOS HISTORICOS E IDEOLOGICOS DE LAS CORTES DE CADIZ [The historical and ideological assumptions concerning the Cortes of Cádiz]. *Nuestro Tiempo* (Spain) 1955 2: 13-35. An essential factor in understanding the events of 1808 is the presence of the people in Spanish politics as a reality and a myth. Without denying the impact of the Assembly of Bayonne, this factor was enough to lead to the convocation of the Cortes. The author points out the importance of the reports of Benito Ramón de Hermida and Antonio de Capmany, particularly that of the latter, which he considers to be a forerunner of the *Manifiesto de los Persas*. A brief allusion is made to the attitude of the ecclesiastical element.

J. Vicens Vives (IHE 12386)

2544. Lacort Tolosana, Gregorio. EL SITIO DE SAN SEBASTIAN DE 1813 VISTO POR UN COMERCIANTE [The siege of San Sebastián in 1813 as seen by a tradesman]. *Boletín de la Real Sociedad Vascongada de Amigos del País* (Spain) 1956 12(1): 31-34. An annotated publication of parts of a dozen letters (23 July-24 September 1813) by an innkeeper of Renteria, giving details of the siege of and attack on San Sebastián by the English, some of whom were quartered at his establishment. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 18586)

2545. La Guerra Peña, Lope Antonio de. MEMORIAS [Memoirs]. *El Museo Canario* (Spain) 1952[1956] 13(41-44): 101-192. Annotated publication of the memoirs of Lope de la Guerra, written in La Laguna, containing information on the Canaries in the period after 1760. This instalment includes a summary of the memoirs of the years 1777, 1778 and part of 1779, which were published earlier and publishes the memoirs for 1779-1781 and the genealogy of the Guerra and Peña families. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 18549)

2546. Mariluz Urquijo, José María. UNA ACADEMIA DE DERECHO INDIANO BAJO CARLOS III [An academy of Indian law under Charles III]. *Revista del Instituto de Historia del Derecho* (Argentina) 1955/56 (7): 83-92. Gives information relating to an academy specializing in the study of the laws of the Indies, directed by the lawyer José Francisco Sánchez del Aguila. The academy was established privately in Granada in the period 1785-1789. Based on unpublished documents from the Archivo General de Indias, Seville. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19099)

2547. Martín-Granizo, León. DE LEON A OVIEDO EN 1800 [From Leon to Oviedo in 1800]. *Boletín del Instituto de Estudios Asturianos* (Spain) 1955 9(24): 97-122. Description of a journey from Leon to Oviedo at the beginning of the 19th century, drawn from a description by Jovellanos in a letter sent to the traveller Ponz.

J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 12404)

2548. Mercader, Juan. L'OFICIALITAT DEL CATALA SOTA LA DOMINACIO NAPOLEONICA [The officer corps of the Catalans under the Napoleonic rule]. *Butlletí de la Societat Catalana d'Estudis Històrics* (Spain) 1953[1955] 2: 7-22. Examines the policy of attraction developed by Augereau in Catalonia with regard to the restoration of Catalan as the official language, and the attitude of the Catalan Francophiles toward the question, and makes observations on the consequences of that policy. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12388)

2549. Mercader, Juan. UNA OCUPACION DE IGUALADA POR LOS FRANCESES (JULIO-OCTUBRE 1811) [Occupation of Igualada by the French (July-October 1811)]. *Agrupación Fotográfica de Igualada* (Spain) 1957 May: 5-7. An account of the Napoleonic occupation of Igualada. Based on Marshal Suchet's *Memoirs* and local sources.

J. Reglá Campistol (IHE 19907)

2550. Moreu-Rey, Enric. LA FIGURA D'EN SALVA I CAMPILLO VISTA A TRAVES DELS SEUS PAPERS INEDITS: EL SEU AFRANCESAMENT [The figure of Salva i Campillo viewed in the light of his unpublished papers: his Francophilism]. *Butlletí de la Societat Catalana d'Estudis Històrics* (Spain) 1953[1955] 2: 62-63. Summary of a communication. Francisco Salvá (1751-1825) cannot be described as a Francophile. He placed his mission as doctor and teacher above his country and religion.

J. Rubió Lois (IHE 12395)

2551. Noguer Musqueras, Tomás. EL MARISCAL D. JOAQUIN DE MENDOZA Y DE HERMIAGA [Marshall Don Joaquín de Mendoza y de Hermiaga]. *Revista de Gerona* (Spain) 1955 1(1): 43-55. Portrait of Marshall Mendoza (1733-1809), dealing especially with his conduct during the French siege of the castle of San Fernando de Figueras in 1794. The author attempts to show his patriotism in view of the accusations of pro-French sympathies which were levelled against him while he was political and military governor of Gerona in 1808. Based on documents from the "Casa Carles" Archive in Gerona. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 12390)

2552. Palop Marín, M[aría]. BREVE RESEÑA DEL SITIO Y TOMA DE VALENCIA POR EL GENERAL SUCHET (1812) [Short account of the siege and capture of Valencia by General Suchet (1812)]. *Saitabi* (Spain) 1952/53[1956] 9(39-42): 51-66. Refers to the siege and first dispositions of the French in Valencia. Two documents from the municipal archive of Valencia are included in the appendix. Based chiefly on the newspaper *Diario de Valencia* and an anonymous publication entitled *Los partes comunicados desde Valencia por un patriota*. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 18584)

2553. Peraza de Ayala, José. EL CONTRATO AGRARIO Y LOS CENSOS EN CANARIAS. NOTAS SOBRE APLICACION DEL DERECHO PRIVADO EN LA EDAD MODERNA [The agrarian contract and censuses in the Canaries. Notes on the application of private law in the modern age]. *Anuario de Historia del Derecho Española* (Spain) 1955 25: 257-291. Examines various details of agrarian law in the Canary Islands in the period from their incorporation under the Crown of Castile to the 18th century. Based on documents from the archives of registries and of those of various Canary Island families. J. Reglá Campistol (IHE 18298)

2554. Rumazo G., José. LA HISTORIA DE QUITO DEL P. JUAN DE VELASCO [Father Juan de Velasco's History of Quito]. *Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia* (Ecuador) 1956 36(88): 237-254. Eleven previously unpublished documents (1789-1791) from the Archivo de Indias of Seville: letters and reports concerning the royal approval of a *History of Quito* written by an Ecuadorian Jesuit.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20366)

2555. Sánchez Diana, José María. ESPAÑA Y LA POLITICA EXTERIOR DE FEDERICO II DE PRUSIA [Spain and the foreign policy of Frederick II of Prussia]. *Hispania* (Spain) 1955 15(59): 190-230. Brief sketch of the problems of European international politics in the 18th century. The author studies the beginnings of Spain's diplomatic relations with Prussia, discussing 1) the activity of the Count de Aranda, an admirer of Frederick II, to bring them into being; 2) the appointment of the first ambassadors in 1782 and their instructions; 3) the progressive rapprochement of Spain and Prussia and, 4) the support given by Floridablanca to the Fürstenbund of Frederick II. Based on previously unpublished documents from the Simancas and the National Historical Archive. Montserrat Llorens Serrano (IHE 18504)

2556. Serras, Dom Alcuí. DARRERES PROVISIONS ABACIALS EN LA CONGREGACIO TARRACONENSE [The last replenishment of the Congregation of Tarragona]. *Analecta Montserratensia* (Spain) 1954-1956 8: 455-470. Examines the continuing conflict in the period from 1761 to 1835 between the Cloistral Benedictine Congregation of Tarragona and the Royal Legislative Chamber over the filling of abbeys with elements foreign to the Congregation. Nine documents (from the Archive of Montserrat) relating to the religious and political history of the period are included.

J. Rubió Lois (IHE 12315)

2557. Solá-Morales, José M. de. LAS MINAS DE PLAT DE ROCABRUNA [The silver mines of Rocabruna]. *Pyrene* (Spain) 1956 8(58): 1621-1631. Notes on the exploitation in the 17th and 18th centuries of the silver and copper mines of Rocabruna, with some data referring to earlier periods. Based partly on documents from the archives of the Crown of Aragon. V. Salavert Roca (IHE 18296)

2558. Solar-Quintes, Nicolás A. UNA CANCION DE LA GUERRA DE LA INDEPENDENCIA [A song from the war of independence]. *Revista de Archivos, Bibliotecas y Museos* (Spain) 1955 61(2): 681-684. Reproduces and comment upon the words and music of a short patriotic song, preserved by oral tradition, referring to the events which preceded the war of independence. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 12401)

2559. Unsigned. SEMANARIO DE AGRICULTURA Y ARTES DEDICADO A LOS PARROCOS [Weekly magazine of agriculture and the arts dedicated to the priests]. *Boletín Bibliográfico Agrícola* (Spain) 1956 (36): 147-158. Note on this agricultural publication which appeared in Madrid in 1797 under the direction of the abbot Juan Antonio Melón. An account of the principal articles published in the twenty-three volumes comprising the collection of the magazine is included. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 23115)

2560. Unsigned. UN CURIOSO PLEITO LITERARIO ENTRE LA REAL ACADEMIA DE LA HISTORIA Y FRAY PEDRO DE SAN JOSE, AUTOR DE LA "ESPAÑA CATOLICA" Y DE LA "ESPAÑA VICTORIOSA": 1800-1801 [A curious literary dispute between the Royal Academy of History and Friar Pedro de San José, the author of *Catholic Spain* and *Spain Victorious: 1800-1801*]. *Boletín de la Real Academia de la Historia* (Spain) 1955 137(1): 145-166. Publishes seven documents, preserved in the Royal Academy of History, relating to the Academy's censorship of the *España Católica* and *España Victoriosa* by Friar Pedro de San José. J. Molas Batllori (IHE 12394)

2561. Vigo i Benjà, Emili. EL GRAN COMITE DE SALUT PUBLICA I CATALUNYA [The Grand Committee of Public Welfare in Catalonia]. *Butlletí de la Societat Catalana d'Estudis Històrics* (Spain) 1953[1955] 2: 65. Examines the intervention and organization of Catalonia in 1794 during the struggle of the First Coalition against revolutionary France, at the time of Dugoumier's attack on the Principality.

J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 12394)

2562. Voltes Bou, Pedro. HECHOS Y LINAJES DEL CAPITAN GENERAL DE LA ARMADA DON LUIS DE ORDOVA Y CORDOVA [The deeds and lineage of Captain general of the fleet Don Luis de Córdova y Córdova]. Idalgua (Spain) 1956 4(18): 689-704. Presents extracts of documents from the Archivo Histórico Nacional for biography of Luis de Córdova (1706-1796).

E. Asensió Salvado (IHE 18509)

Latin America

(including HAITI)

Also: 2496, 2541, 2907

2563. Alayza y Paz Soldán, [Luis]. EL BICENTENARIO DEL NACIMIENTO DE HIPOLITO UNANUE [The bicentenary the birth of Hipólito Unánue]. América Española (Colombia) 1955 18(62): 289-296. Short biography of the naturalist, geographer and politician Hipólito Unánue (1755-1845). Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12871)

2564. Alayza y Paz Soldán, Luis. LA MISION DE UNANUE [Unánue's mission]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela) 1955 38(151): 358-371. Analysis of various facets of Unánue's personality. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12872)

2565. Alig, Wallace B. SALTEADORES DEL MAR [Sea robbers]. Américas (USA) 1957 9(4): 15-18. Notes on general pirates of the 17th and 18th centuries who sailed along American coast.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20220)

2566. Alvarez Brun, Félix. LA ILUSTRACION, LA PULSION DE LOS JESUITAS Y LA INDEPENDENCIA AMERICA [The Enlightenment, the expulsion of the suits, and the independence of America]. Cuadernos americanos (Mexico) 1958 17(3): 148-167. The expulsion of the Jesuits removed the only force that could have belled the ideas spread by the Enlightenment to Spanish America. The independence movement thus developed. The author shows how this affected Peru and the other colonies. H. Kantor

2567. Alvarez Mejía, Juan, S.J. LA CUESTION DEL INDIANO INDIGENA EN LA EPOCA COLONIAL [The question of the Indian clergy in the colonial era]. Revista Javeriana (Colombia) 1955 44(220): 224-233. Examines this social and religious question by means of testimony from the 17th and 18th centuries which confirms the scarcity of nations of Indians and mestizos. The author gives information on the position of the Crown and the Church with reference to this problem.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12705)

2568. Arboleda, Gustavo. FRAY JOSE IGNACIO ORTIZ. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1957 25(109): 222-223. Publishes an extract of Ortiz' Diccionario biográfico genealógico de familias res del antiguo Departamento del Cauca. Arboleda gives graphical notes on this Franciscan, who participated in the struggle for independence in Colombia.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 23679)

2569. Avella Chaparro, Manuel. DISCURSO PRONUNCIADO EN EL PANTANO DE VARGAS, EL 25 DE JULIO 1955 [Speech delivered at the Vargas dam on 25 July 1955]. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1955 41(181/182): 277-278. Recalls some episodes of the military activities of Bolívar in Colombian territory.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20388)

2570. Camarán de Aude, María Clemencia. NOMBRE Y OBRA DE BOLIVAR [Bolívar's name and work]. Revista de la Academia Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1955 15(4): 439-446. An account of Bolívar's infancy and youth, survey of his work as a soldier and a politician. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12825)

2571. Cardona B., Cecilia. COMO CUMPLIO EL TRATADOR SIMON BOLIVAR EL JURAMENTO HECHO

EN EL MONTE SACRO EN 1805 [How the Liberator, Simón Bolívar, kept the oath he made on Monte Sacro in 1805]. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1956 29(106): 332-336. Short summary of Bolívar's work for the independence of Latin America. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19141)

2572. Caycedo, Bernardo J. LAS CENIZAS DE LOS "DERECHOS DEL HOMBRE" [The ashes of the "Rights of Man"]. Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1957 44(510-512): 237-242. An address paying homage to Antonio Nariño, whose printing of the Declaration of the Rights of Man was a cause célèbre in Bogotá in 1794. All copies were destroyed by Nariño himself, but the persecution he suffered publicized the doctrines involved, and their later application in Colombia gave the incident its true significance. D. Bushnell

2573. Cordié, Carlo. IL BARONE POMPEE-VALENTIN DE VASTHEY E L'INDIPENDENZA DI HAITI [Baron Pompée-Valentin de Vastey and the independence of Haiti]. Annali della Scuola Superiore Normale di Pisa 1957 26(3/4): 250-266. Examines the works of Baron de Vastey of Haiti. The author discusses not only their influence on the civil wars on the island at the beginning of the 19th century, but also their contribution to the controversy about colonialism in the views of certain European writers, notably Sismondi. P. Pastorelli

2574. Córdoba M., David. DON JUAN DEL CORRAL: PROCER DE LA INDEPENDENCIA [Don Juan del Corral: a leader of independence]. Universidad de Antioquia (Colombia) 1955 31(123): 565-568. Summary of the life of Don Juan del Corral (1778-1814), with special reference to his action as councilman of the Cabildo of Antioquia and later as dictator during the struggle for emancipation. Based on a biography written by José Manuel Restrepo.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12853)

2575. Cornejo Bouroncle, Jorge. PUMACAHUA EN AREQUIPA [Pumacahua at Arequipa]. Revista del Archivo Histórico del Cuzco (Peru) 1957 8(8): 1-49. Publishes about fifty documents, 1813-1816, relating to the activities of the patriots in the city of Arequipa in 1814. The documents are taken from a private collection.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20466)

2576. Correa, Ramón C. EL SABIO FRANCISCO JOSE DE CALDAS [The scholar Francisco José de Caldas]. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1956 42(185-187): 109-111. Comments on the controversial letter that Caldas (1741-1816), sentenced to death, wrote to the Cuban Pascual Enryle, justifying his intervention in the revolutionary events and pleading for pardon. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20436)

2577. Cova, J. A. ELOGIO DEL GRAN MARISCAL DE AYACUCHO [Eulogy of the Grand Marshal of Ayacucho]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela) 1955 38(150): 244-250. A speech made in the Academia Nacional de la Historia, Caracas, giving a biographical sketch of Marshal Antonio José de Sucre (1797-1830).

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12846)

2578. Despotin, Luis A. LA REVOLUCION DE MAYO Y SUS CONSECUENCIAS EN LA SITUACION DE LA CLASE TRABAJADORA [The May Revolution and its effects on the condition of the working class]. Revista del Instituto de Historia del Derecho (Argentina) 1955/56 (7): 76-82. As a result of the May Revolution the guilds, which had characterized the Spanish regime, disappeared in Argentina, and the system of labor began to acquire modern features. The author makes special reference to country workers, artisans and slaves.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19180)

2579. Deustua Pimentel, Carlos. SUPPLICAS DE DON JOSE DE LA RIVA AGÜERO (Y SANCHEZ BOQUETE) [Petitions from Don José de la Riva Agüero (y Sánchez Boquete)]. Boletín del Instituto Riva Agüero (Peru) 1953-1955 (2): 209-212. Presents three previously unpublished documents (1805-1807) from the Archivo General de Indias, giving biographical information on a Lima Creole who was later to be a conspirator in the cause of independence. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19226)

2580. Domínguez, Miguel. SINTESIS DE LA LUCHA DE INDEPENDENCIA Y SEMBLANZA DE SUS HOMBRES, EN LA PROVINCIA DE VERACRUZ [Summary of the struggle for independence, and a portrait of its leaders, in the province of Veracruz]. Universidad Veracruzana (Mexico) 1955 4 (2): 54-62. Summary of the fight for independence in this Mexican province, where the first armed uprisings took place in 1811. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19222)

2581. Echeverría, Mario León. LA INDEPENDENCIA DE MOMPOS. UNA VIEJA POLEMICA HISTORICA [The independence of Mompós. An old historical polemic]. Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1957 44 (510-512): 295-309. Defends -- against historians of Cartagena -- the traditional view that Mompós was the first city in Colombia to proclaim unconditional independence from Spain, on 6 August 1810. D. Bushnell

2582. Estévez, Alfredo, and Elia Oscar Horacio. SAN MARTIN EN CHILE [San Martín in Chile]. Universidad (Argentina) 1955 (31): 29-122. After an outline of the financial system in Chile during the colonial era, and of the state of public funds at the time of the independence movement, examines in detail the preparations for a campaign of liberation in Peru, especially the economic problem related to it and the part played by private capital in its financing. The enterprise had a double political and economic objective: the independence of the United Provinces and Chile, and the obtaining of markets for Chile. Based partly on documents from Argentine archives. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12847)

2583. Fasolino, Nicolás. LA IGLESIA EN LA EDUCACION ARGENTINA [The Church in Argentine education]. Estudios (Argentina) 1956 (479): 3-8. A lecture summarizing the activity of the Church in the period 1771-1823 on behalf of the foundation of the University of Buenos Aires and in popular education in Argentina. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19083)

2584. Fernández, Ariosto. MANUEL BELGRANO Y LA PRINCESA CARLOTA JOAQUINA. 1808 [Manuel Belgrano and Princess Carlota Joaquina. 1808]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 1(3): 79-88, and 2(5): 33-46. Presents annotated documents relating to the claims of Carlota Joaquina de Bourbon to a regency in Spanish America during Ferdinand VII's captivity in Bayonne. The first part publishes two documents of 1808: an informative report (Archivo del Museo Imperial de Petrópolis) and a letter from Belgrano (Archivo General de la Nación de Montevideo). In part two three letters, July-August 1809, (Archivo del Museo Imperial de Petrópolis) from Manuel Belgrano to the Infanta are published. The first letter reiterates the reasons of the pro-Carlota party for offering control to the Infanta. The second clarifies the situation in Buenos Aires and advocates the speedy arrival of Carlota Joaquina as the best way to deal with it. The third refers to the policy of Viceroy Hidalgo y Cisneros. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19174), and Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19175)

2585. Florit, Ernesto. EL GENERAL SAN MARTIN, UN HOMBRE EXTRAORDINARIO [General San Martín, an extraordinary man]. Universidad (Argentina) 1956 (33): 7-27. An apologetic lecture on San Martín. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19163)

2586. Foland, Frances M. (Anderson, Indiana). THE IMPACT OF LIBERALISM ON NUEVA ESPAÑA. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(2): 161-172. Napoleon's dethronement of Spanish royalty in 1808 "gave the dissatisfied criollos the stimulus and excuse for political action." Their essentially conservative movement for reform was crushed by the dominant Spanish, but this was, paradoxically, done in the name of the people. W. H. Coates

2587. Forero, Manuel José. EPISODIOS DEL LIBERTADOR [Episodes in the Liberator's life]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1955 15(48): 352-355. Some notes on the war of independence in relation to Bolívar. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12831)

2588. Furlong, Guillermo, S. J. CAUSAS Y CARACTERES DE LA INDEPENDENCIA HISPANOAMERICANA [Causes and characteristics of Spanish-American independence]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 1(4): 25-43. Comments and critical assessments of the ideas expounded at the First Spanish-American Historical Congress, held in Madrid in 1949. The author does not consider the conclusions reached by the Congress to be very sound, but stresses the clarity and calm that marked the discussions. Based on published minutes and communications of the Congress. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19116)

2589. Furlong, Guillermo, S. J. LA JUNTA DE MAYO CONTRA LA ENSEÑANZA LAICA [The May Junta and lay teaching]. Estudios (Argentina) 1956 46(473): 11-16. An account of the steps taken by the May Junta in Argentina (1810-1811) to publish for use in schools the book Tratado de las obligaciones del hombre, a synthesis of the principles Christian morality. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 191)

2590. Gandía, Enrique de. EL CONTRATO SOCIAL DE ROUSSEAU ESTUDIADO EN BUENOS AIRES DESDE 1793 [Rousseau's Contrat Social, studied in Buenos Aires since 1793]. La Nueva Democracia (USA) 1956 36(3): 12-16. Referring to a manuscript (Historical Museum, Rosario, Argentina) containing lessons on ethics given by Mariano de Medrano in 1793 in the College of San Carlos in Buenos Aires, concludes that the Contrat Social as well as the works of the canonist Martín de Azpilcueta were already known and expounded in Argentina at this time. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19097)

2591. Gandía, Enrique de. LA LEYENDA SUAREZIANA Y LA INDEPENDENCIA DE AMERICA [The reading of Suárez and the independence of America]. La Nueva Democracia 1956 36(4): 48-56. Critical analysis of Manuel Giménez Fernández' thesis concerning the preponderant influence of ideas based on the doctrines of Molina, Mariana and Suarez on the independence of Spanish America. The author believes that such ideas were formulated earlier by non-Jesuit theologians and lawyers. Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 19120)

2592. Gandía, Enrique de. TESTIMONIOS OLVIDADOS [Forgotten testimonies]. La Nueva Democracia 1956 36(2): 72-78. Enumeration and discussion of various inaccurate data in the chronological memoranda El general D. Juan Ramón Balcarce en su vida pública (1833) Memorias del general Ignacio Álvarez Thomas, referring to two leaders of Argentine independence. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 191)

2593. Gandía, Enrique de. VIDA Y MUERTE DE FRANCISCO DE PAULA CUDINA, EMISARIO DE GOYENECHÉ [Life and death of Francisco de Paula Cudina, Goyeneche emissary]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(6): 155-156. Data about the trial of the Catalan Cudina, who was sentenced to death because he was thought to be a conspirator sent by Alzaga from Buenos Aires to Montevideo in 1812. He was in reality Goyeneche's emissary. Based on previously unpublished documents from the Argentine Archivo General de la Nación. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20420)

2594. García Chuecos, Héctor. UN OLVIDADO AMIGO DE BOLIVAR [A forgotten friend of Bolívar]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 435-439. Biography of the Dominican Juan Bautista Pavageau (1766-1845?), a merchant given custody over a number of documents by Bolívar. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19157)

2595. García, Flavio A. ANDANZAS DE JOSE ANTONIO ARTIGAS [Travels of José Antonio Artigas]. Boletín Histórico (Uruguay) 1956 (70): 33-40. Biographical data about some members of the Artigas family, particularly about José Antonio Artigas, supposed uncle of the hero of Uruguayan independence. Transcription of three documents dated 1796 and 1791 (General National Archives, Buenos Aires) dealing with contraband in the Rio de la Plata territories in which the mentioned Artigas was mixed frequently. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20476)

2596. García, Flavio A. LOS ACONTECIMIENTOS RIO-PLATENSES A TRAVES DEL HISTORIAL DE SERVICIOS DE JUAN ANGEL MICHELENA Y MORENO Y JOSE RAMON OBREGON Y FRANCO (1806-1821) [The Río de la Plata events seen in the light of the service records of Juan Angel Michelena y Moreno and José Ramón Obregón Francos (1806-1821)]. *Boletín Histórico* (Uruguay) 1956 (70): 68-69. Biographical sketch of two Spanish officers who served in America, with particular emphasis on the period during which they fought against the independence movement in Río de la Plata. The author publishes six documents (from Archivo Histórico Nacional, Madrid) dated from 1815 to 1820: letters and reports of Obregón on the political and military situation in Río de la Plata in 1815, and a list of the Spanish officers who left Montevideo between 1818 and 1820.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20474)

2597. García, Flavio A. LOS ACONTECIMIENTOS RIO-PLATENSES A TRAVES DEL HISTORIAL DE SERVICIOS DE JUAN ANGEL MICHELENA Y DE JOSE RAMON OBREGON Y FRANCO (1806-1821) [Río de la Plata events seen in the light of the service records of Juan Angel Michelena and José Ramón Obregón y Francos (1806-1821)]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 2(6): 56-71. See abstract 4: 2596.

2598. García, Flavio A. SECUELAS DOCUMENTADAS DE LA JUNTA MONTEVIDEANA DE 1808 [Documentary sequel of the Montevideo Junta of 1808]. *Boletín Histórico* (Uruguay) 1956 (70): 41-67. Following a brief consideration of the governing Junta established in Montevideo on 1 November 1808, publishes four documents (from the Archivo Histórico Nacional, Madrid) bearing that date: lists of the Montevideo officials who recognized the Junta and of those who did not as well as a dispatch of Viceroy Liniers. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20473)

2599. García Rossi, Enrique. SIMON BOLIVAR. *Revista Simón Bolívar* (Colombia) 1956 1(3): 29-32. Biographical sketch of the Liberator. Article to be continued. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20387)

2600. Gargaro, Alfredo. LAS JOYAS DE LAS DAMAS ENDOCINAS NO FUERON DONADAS PARA EL EJERCITO DE LOS ANDES [The jewels of the ladies of Mendoza were not donated for the army of the Andes]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 2(5): 63-75. Documentary evidence shows that the women of Mendoza donated their jewels not to help the army of the Andes, but to equip some ships to defend Buenos Aires against the squadron sent by Fernando VII from Spain in 1815. Based on published and previously unpublished documents from the Archivo General de la Nación, Buenos Aires, and from the Archivo Histórico de Mendoza. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19179)

2601. Garzón Moreno, Ricardo. APUNTES SOBRE LA HISTORIA DE TUQUERRES [Notes on the history of Tuquerres]. *Revista de Historia* (Colombia) 1955 5(32/33): 478-593. Discourse on the history of this Colombian city and its contribution to the organization of the Department of Nariño. The author deals mainly with, and publishes documents from, the era of independence, but refers also to the pre-Spanish and colonial eras. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12638)

2602. Germán de Ribón, Segundo. EL 19 DE OCTUBRE DE 1812 EN MOMPOX [19 October 1812 in Mompox]. *Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades* (Colombia) 1955 42(491/492): 564-572. Corrects and comments on some historical errors concerning the battle of Mompox appearing in the notes of the Historical-Political Map of the Republic of Colombia, published by the "Agustín Codazzi" Institute. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19189)

2603. Goenaga, Teodosio. BOLIVAR Y ESCLAVITUD [Bolívar and slavery]. *Repertorio Boyacense* (Colombia) 1957 43(190/191): 268. Brief remarks about Bolívar's thoughts and policy in relation to slavery. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20403)

2604. González, Julio César. UN GENERAL EN JEFE DESCONOCIDO DEL EJERCITO EXPEDICIONARIO DEL

NORTE (1811) [An unknown general in chief of the Northern Expeditionary Army (1811)]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 1(4): 44-60. Notes on the political situation in Buenos Aires during the war of independence and on the reasons for the naming of Francisco del Rivero as general in chief and for keeping the appointment secret. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19178)

2605. González Navarro, Moisés. TRIPTICO DE REFORMADORES [Triptych of reformers]. *Boletín Bibliográfico [de la Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público]* (Mexico) 1955 (42): 7. Essay on the similarity of the ideas of the intendant Riaño, the Bishop Abad y Queipo and the priest of Dolores, Miguel Hidalgo, on the payment of tribute by natives and on a number of agricultural problems. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19075)

2606. Grases, Pedro. ORIGENES DE LA IMPRENTA EN CUMANÁ [Origins of printing in Cumaná]. *El Farol* (Venezuela) 1956 18(164): 28-29. Presents data showing that printing started in the Venezuelan city of Cumaná in 1810, rather than in 1812. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20487)

2607. Grenón, Pedro, S. J. APODOS HISTORICOS. RELACIONES DOCUMENTALES [Historical nicknames. Documental accounts]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1955 1(2): 97-110. Presents an alphabetical list of nicknames used between 1607 and 1864 in Córdoba, Argentina, exclusively to denominate those who led bad lives, and gives other information on this subject. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12692)

2608. Grisanti, Angel. LOS JESUITAS A QUIENES CONOCIO EL GENERAL MIRANDA (ESTEBAN DE ARTEAGA Y TOMAS BELON) [Jesuits known by General Miranda (Esteban de Arteaga and Tomás Belón)]. *Cultura Universitaria* (Venezuela) 1955 50: 135-145. A sketch of two ex-Jesuits, whom Miranda met during his travels in Italy, with emphasis on Arteaga. The author concludes that Miranda had little direct contact with the Jesuits and that he did not know the abbot Viscardo, an important figure in the emancipation of America. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12816)

2609. Guarda Geywitz, Fernando. EN TORNO AL GENERAL QUINTANILLA [Concerning General Quintanilla]. *Guadalupe* (Spain) 1955 (4): 69-81. Reflections on the resistance of Chile against the armies of independence, extolling the person and conduct of the last royalist governor, Antonio de Quintanilla y Santiago (1787-1862). Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 192116)

2610. Guevara, Héctor Humberto. CARTA DEL ARZOBISPO DE GUATEMALA DON GAYETANO FRANCO Y MONROY A SU MAJESTAD CARLOS III, INFORMAN-DOLE SOBRE ASUNTOS DE SU ARCHIDIOCESIS [Letter from the Archbishop of Guatemala, Don Cayetano Franco y Monroy to His Majesty Charles III, informing him of affairs in his archdiocese]. *Antropología e Historia de Guatemala* (Guatemala) 1956 8(2): 16-23. An annotated copy of the entire text of this letter (1784), of which only extracts have been previously published. Among other things, the Archbishop refers to the low moral conditions in the territory, the bad treatment of the Indians and the imprudent administration of the Alcaldes Mayores. The letter is from the Archivo General de Guatemala. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19087)

2611. Gutiérrez Ferreira, Pedro Pablo. EL SIGLO XVIII PERUANO [The Peruvian 18th century]. *Cuadernos Hispanoamericanos* (Spain) 1956 (82): 68-79. A historical interpretative essay that concludes that the 18th century in Peru was decadent and lacking in intellectual advancement. The author contends that even the viceroys were mediocre. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20308)

2612. Hernández, Juan C. EL LIBERTADOR EN TUNJA [The Liberator in Tunja]. *Repertorio Boyacense* (Colombia) 1955 41(181/182): 257-270. A summary of Bolívar's political and military activities with particular reference to the several visits he paid to the Colombian city of Tunja. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20390)

2613. Hernández de Alba, Guillermo. QUITO, PRIMO-GENITO DE LA LIBERTAD [Quito, the first-born of liberty]. América Española (Colombia) 1955 18(61): 151-157. A lecture containing reflections on the birth of the idea of liberty in Quito and on the putting of the idea into practice in the revolutionary designs of 1809-1810.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12864)

2614. Hernández y Sánchez-Barba, Mario. FRONTERA, POBLACION Y MILICIA. (ESTUDIO ESTRUCTURAL DE LA ACCION DEFENSIVA HISPANICA EN SONORA DURANTE EL SIGLO XVIII) [Frontier, population and militia. A structural study of Spanish defensive action in Sonora during the 18th century]. Revista de Indias (Spain) 1956 16 (63): 9-49. Examines data on cash, garrisons and military pay in Sonora for the period 1765-1785 in relation to this frontier region's geographical conditions, population, forms of residence and economic structure. Based on unpublished material from Spanish archives. Illustrated.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19067)

2615. Hispano, Cornelio. BOLIVAR EN "CASACOIMA" [Bolívar in "Casacoima"]. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1956 42(185-187): 127-130. Presents anecdotal episodes relating to Colombia's independence.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20389)

2616. Humberto Guevara, Hector. CARTA DEL ARZOBISPO DE GUATEMALA DON CAYETANO FRANCOS Y MONROY A SU MAJESTAD CARLOS III, INFORMANDOLE SOBRE ASUNTOS DE SU ARQUIDIOCESIS [Letter of the archbishop of Guatemala, Don Cayetano Francos y Monroy to His Majesty Charles III, reporting on some affairs of his archdiocese]. Antropología e Historia de Guatemala (Guatemala) 1956 8(2): 16-23. Publishes, with a brief introductory note, a document preserved in the Archivo General del Gobierno de Guatemala. Dated 15 August 1784, the letter includes a description of the formal and material state of the Church of Guatemala, alludes to the state of misery, ignorance and exploitation of the Indian despite the protective laws issued by the Crown, and concludes with the following recommendations for the correction of these and other evils: the promotion and creation of schools, the foundation of economic societies and the introduction of intendancies.

R. Valdés del Toro

2617. Jones Parra, Juan. CONSPIRACION DE GUAL Y ESPAÑA [The conspiracy Gual and España]. Anales de la Universidad Central de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 41: 205-247. Examines the development of the 1797 conspiracy of the patriots Manuel Gual and José María España, which the author interprets as an antecedent of Venezuelan independence. Seven documents (1797-1799), including the death sentence against España, are also published. Based on published documents.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20478)

2618. Keller R., Carlos. EL NORTE CHICO EN LA EPOCA DE LA FORMACION DE LA REPUBLICA [North Chico at the time of the formation of the Republic]. Revista Chilena de Historia y Geografía (Chile) 1956 123: 15-49. A demographic study of an area in Chile which now makes up the provinces of Atacama and Coquimbo, based on the population census of 1813 (published in 1953). Further data on the population during the period 1779-1952 are included.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 23691)

2619. L. G. MISCELANEA HISTORICA [Historical miscellany]. Clio (Dominican Republic) 1956 24(107): 96-100. A miscellany in which the Indian era is covered by notes referring to Friar Fernando Portillo y Torres, Primate of the Indies, in Santa Fe de Bogotá (1799), and his death (1804).

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19086)

2620. La Puente C[andamo], José A[gustín] de. EL PÉRU EN EL PENSAMIENTO DE LOS PRECURSORES [Peru in the thought of the precursors]. Mercurio Peruano (Peru) 1955 36(345): 860-878. A lecture giving as the chief cause of independence the social problem of America: the rivalry between the Spaniards and the Creoles. Reference is also made to political questions.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19121)

2621. Larrea, Carlos Manuel. DOCUMENTOS SOBRE EL CAMINO DE IBARRA A ESMERALDAS [Documents on the road from Ibarra to Esmeraldas]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de Historia (Ecuador) 1956 36(87): 120-121. Continuation of a previous article. Extract from an unpublished document written in Quito in 1785 (the original is located in the Archivo General de Indias in Seville) relating to the effort made in the colonial era to achieve communication between the capital of Ecuador and the sea.

See also: 3: 1375

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19062)

2622. Larrea, Carlos Manuel. EL ARCHIPIELAGO DE GALAPAGOS DURANTE LOS SIGLOS XVII Y XVIII. PIRATAS Y CORSARIOS. LA PESCA DE LA BALLENA [The Galápagos Islands in the 17th and 18th centuries. Pirates and privateers. Whaling]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de Historia (Ecuador) 1956 36(88): 195-208. Describes the history of the changing role of the Galápagos Islands; a haven for English and Dutch pirates and privateers in the 17th century; a center of whaling activities in the 18th century. The author refers to the description of the archipelago (1793) made by Capt. James Colnet and to the first Spanish scientific expedition that visited it (1790).

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20222)

2623. Luján Ripoll, Roger. LA SUBLEVACION DE JOSE GABRIEL CONDORCANQUI (TUPAC AMARU) [The uprising of Gabriel Condorcanqui (Tupac Amaru)]. Cultura (Peru) 1956 1(3): 53-56. Describes the imprisonment and death of the Peruvian rebel and his family in 1781.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20321)

2624. Malagón, Javier. UN DOCUMENTO DEL SIGLO XVIII PARA LA HISTORIA DE LA ESCLAVITUD EN LAS ANTILLAS [An 18th century document for the history of slavery in the Antilles]. Imago Mundi (Argentina) 1955 2(9): 38-56. Examines the genesis of the Carolina Código negro drawn up at the request of Charles III for the moral, political and economic government of the Negroes in San Domingo. The author of the charter (dated about 1784) was Agustín Emperán y Orbe, a judge of the Audiencia of San Domingo. The author studies the circumstances which motivated its compilation, and comments on the statutes concerning Negroes in the 16th century, which influenced this document. Based partly on unpublished documents from the Archivo Nacional de Cuba.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12775)

2625. Mantilla Pineda, B. LAS INSURRECCIONES COMUNERAS DEL SIGLO XVIII [The communal insurrections of the 18th century]. Universidad de Antioquia (Colombia) 1956 32(125): 181-189. Lecture given on the 175th anniversary of the revolt of the people of Socorro (Colombia) in 1781. This insurrection was a forerunner of the war of independence.

Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 19117)

2626. Mariluz Urquijo, José M[aría]. AIRES POPULARES EN LA NOCHE SALTENA [Popular airs in the Salta night]. Historia (Argentina) 1955 1(2): 93-96. Information extracted from a file concerning some hard-fought municipal elections held in 1805 in Salta, Argentina, which gave rise to humorous songs and lampoons. This document from the Archivo General de la Nación, Buenos Aires, gives the names of a number of popular musicians and the songs that were then in vogue.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12815)

2627. Mariluz Urquijo, José M[aría]. LAS IDEAS DE INDEPENDENCIA SEGUN LOS INFORMES DE DOS VIRREYES [The ideas of independence according to the reports of two viceroys]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(6): 153-154. Copies of three hitherto unpublished documents of the years 1799, 1801 and 1802 (from the Archivo General de Indias, Seville) concerning the reports sent by the Buenos Aires viceroys Marqués de Avilés and Joaquín Pino about a supposed rebellion announced by an anonymous person in 1789.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20380)

2628. Martínez Delgado, Luis. ATANASIO GIRARDOT. Estudio (Colombia) 1956 25(250): 93-100. Biographical notes on a Colombian of French descent (1791-1814) who played an outstanding part in Bolívar's armies during the struggle for independence in Colombia.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19192)

2629. Mendoza Mendoza, Saúl. ANTONIO JOSE DE UCRE, GRAN MARISCAL DE AYACUCHO [Antonio José de Sucre, Grand Marshal of Ayacucho]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 511-18. Physical and moral portrait of José Sucre (1793-1830), accompanied by a short biography. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19168)

2630. Ménier, M.-A. ARCHIVES DU MINISTERE DE LA FRANCE D'OUTRE-MER: SAINT-DOMINGUE, ABORNEMENTS, DOMAINES, RECENSEMENTS DES BIENS DOMANIAUX ET URBAINS [Archives of the Ministry for Overseas France: Santo Domingo, boundaries, estates, inventories of estate and urban property]. *Revue d'Histoire des Colonies* 1957 44(2): 223-250. Refers to a number of little-known and little-used series giving information on the forms of ownership and exploitation of land in the French part of the island of Santo Domingo and on the modifications they underwent as a result of the French Revolution. R. Valdés del Toro

2631. Millán, Luis Eduardo. PARTICIPACION DE LOS BOYACENSES EN LA REVOLUCION DE LOS COMUNEROS N 1781 [The participation of people from Boyacá in the comuneros' uprising in 1781]. *Repertorio Boyacense* (Colombia) 1956 42(188/189): 151-161. An essay on his revolution in New Granada, emphasizing the value of intervention of a large number of soldiers from the province of Boyacá and the high military qualities of these troops. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20323)

2632. Miramón, Alberto. NARIÑO EN LA INQUISICION. UN EPISODIO DESCONOCIDO DE LA VIDA DEL PRECURSOR [Nariño in the Inquisition. An unknown episode in the life of the precursor]. *Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades* (Colombia) 1957 44(510-512): 206-219. Presents some new details, from the Colombian National Archives, on the arrest and imprisonment of Antonio Nariño by the Spanish authorities, November 1809 to July 1810. D. Bushnell

2633. Monroy Garaicoa, Gustavo. EL "REAL DE LIMA" ESTUVO ACUARTELADO EN SAN ALEJO [The Real de Lima camp at San Alejo]. *Boletín del Centro de Investigaciones Históricas* (Ecuador) 1955 10(23-25): 260-2. Data, taken from documents whose source is not indicated, about the "Real de Lima," a mulatto battalion which took part in several of the revolutionary events of 1810 in different parts of the Peruvian viceroyalty. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20465)

2634. Monte, Daniel P. LA RELIGION DE FRANCISCO RAMOS MEJIA [The religion of Francisco Ramos Mejía]. *Nueva Democracia* 1956 36(3): 48-56. Comments on the ideas, of a markedly Protestant flavor, of an Argentine (1773-1828) who filled various positions in public life under Spanish domination and in the independence era. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19094)

2635. Mora Vázquez, José Manuel. CORDOBA HISTORIA-DR [Córdoba as a historian]. *Universidad de Antioquia* (Colombia) 1955 31(123): 691-700. Examines the work of General Córdoba as a historian of the war of independence in Colombia, included in the form of footnotes in the book *Aide de Camp, ou L'Auteur Inconnu. Souvenir de deux années publiques*, by Maurice de Viarz (Paris, 1832). Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12812)

2636. Muñoz, José E. LA PRIMERA EXPEDICION CIENTIFICA ESPAÑOLA DEL SIGLO XVIII [The first scientific expedition in the 18th century]. *Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia* (Ecuador) 1956 36(8): 209-225. Describes this expedition to Peru and Chile in 1778-1788 and examines *Relación de Viaje y Flora peruana y Chilensis* by Hipólito Ruiz López and José Antonio Pavón, the leaders of the expedition. These works describe scientifically the plant life and geography of Chile and Peru and give interesting data on the social and economic problems of the area. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20360)

2637. Murzio, Rodolfo. LA PRIMERA BIOGRAFIA DEL MIRANTE BROWN, DEL CORONEL JOSE TOMAS GUIDO,

PUBLICADA EN LA REVISTA PANAMA [The first biography of Admiral Brown, by Colonel José Tomás Guido, first printed in *Revista Panamá*]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1957 2(7): 11-32. Publishes, together with a brief introduction, a biography, published in 1860, of the Irish sailor (1777-1857) who helped gain the independence of Río de la Plata. Details are included about the period of Brown's life before his participation in American affairs. Based partly on material from private archives.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20415)

2638. Navarro, Nicolás Eugenio. MASONERIA DE BOLIVAR [Bolívar's Masonry]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 353-357. Refutes, with documentary quotations the thesis that the Liberator was a Freemason.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19125)

2639. Núñez, Enrique Bernardo. SANZ Y LA CAUSA FRANCESA [Sanz and the French cause]. *Crónica de Caracas* (Venezuela) 1956 6(30): 264-270. A reprint of a fragment of *Anales Diplomáticos de Venezuela*. The author refers to the plans of Miguel José Sanz, favorable to Napoleon, to send troops to Caracas. These ideas were expressed in a letter sent to Miranda in 1812. Based on published documents. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20484)

2640. Ortiz, Sergio Elías. GESTA HEROICA DEL DEPARTAMENTO DE NARIÑO [The heroic romance of the Department of Nariño]. *Revista de Historia* (Colombia) 1955 5(32/33): 536-544. Describes the evolution of this Colombian district from the pre-Spanish era to the creation of the Department.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12637)

2641. Osorio J., Marco A. LOS DOS BOLIVARES DE EDUARDO CABALLERO CALDERON [The two Bolívars of Eduardo Caballero Calderón]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 534-540. Comments on and attempts to refute Eduardo Caballero's *Los dos Bolívars*, a work in which two personalities of the Liberator were discerned: on the one hand, that of a soldier who fought the great battles for the liberty of America; on the other, that of a politician and dictator.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19145)

2642. Ots Capdequí, José María. EL REGIMEN DE MINERIA DEL NUEVO REINO DE GRANADA AL TIEMPO DE LA INDEPENDENCIA [The system of mining in the New Realm of Granada at the time of independence]. *Revista del Colegio Mayor de Nuestra Señora del Rosario* (Colombia) 1955 (438): 78-86. After a summary of native legislation concerning mines, examines its application in Colombia at the time of independence. The author pays special attention to the statutes of the inspector Mon y Velarde and to the introduction in 1803 of the mining laws of New Spain.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 12787)

2643. Paéz R., José María. EL CLERO EN LA CREACION DE COLOMBIA [The clergy in the creation of Colombia]. *Repertorio Boyacense* (Colombia) 1955 41(181/182): 3327-3334. Examines the outstanding activity of priests in favor of the independence of Colombia.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20429)

2644. Paéz R., José María. LA BANDERA DE COLOMBIA Y SU CARRERA LIBERTADORA DE NACIONES [The Colombian flag and its career as a liberator of nations]. *Repertorio Boyacense* (Colombia) 1957 43(190/191): 235-239. A speech giving information about the revolutionary events in New Granada from 1810 to the winning of independence in 1822. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20425)

2645. Parra Pérez, C. LA MONARQUIA EN LA GRAN COLOMBIA [The monarchy in Great Colombia]. *Revista Nacional de Cultura* (Venezuela) 1955 17(110): 75-87. Introduction to a book of the same title, which deals with the course followed by the partisans of the monarchic regime during the first quarter of the 19th century and with the goals of the Liberator with respect to this subject.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12841)

2646. Pérez Tenreiro, Tomás. SOBRE LA FORMACION MILITAR DE LOS LIBERTADORES [On the military preparation of the Liberators]. Revista Shell (Venezuela) 1958 7 (26): 64-69. Describes the military education and previous military service of some of the leaders of the Venezuelan independence movement. H. Kantor

2647. Pérez Vila, Manuel. EL CANONIGO MADARIAGA Y LA INQUISICION CARAQUEÑA [Canon Madariaga and the Caracas Inquisition]. Revista Nacional de Cultura (Venezuela) 1956 9(119): 105-110. Discusses a little-known document of 1804, from the Archivo Eclesiástico, Caracas, in which José Cortés de Madariaga, a canon and a leader during the revolution, reports the lack of zeal of the Caracas Inquisition, which allowed the works of such writers as Voltaire and Montesquieu to be read.

Carmen Bâncora Cañero (IHE 20479)

2648. Piedrahita, Diógenes. LA INSTITUCION DE LOS CABILDOS [The institution of cabildos]. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1955 (103): 313-318. Comments on the important role played by the cabildos of the Cauca Confederation, especially that of Cali, in the cause of independence.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12850)

2649. Pinto C., Manuel. CATEDRA LECUNIANA [The Lecunian Chair]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 545-547. Draws a parallel between Iturbide, the liberator of Mexico, and Bolívar. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19149)

2650. Quintanilla, Antonio de. AUTOBIOGRAFIA DEL MARISCAL DE CAMPO DON ANTONIO DE QUINTANILLA [Autobiography of Field Marshal Don Antonio de Quintanilla]. Anales de la Universidad de Chile (Chile) 1955 113(100): 115-157. Publishes, with notes and a short introduction, the autobiography of Quintanilla, dated 1860. This previously unpublished document, whose source is not given, is chiefly a detailed account of the war of independence in Chile, in which Quintanilla played an important military role defending the Spanish cause, first as the conqueror, with the small forces of two Chilean armies of Chiloé, and then as the guardian of this last Spanish bastion in America. The autobiography presents the war of independence as a civil conflict. The appendix contains a summary of 23 published documents referring to Quintanilla and the independence of Chile. Dolores Beltrán Carrión

2651. Ramos Pérez, Demetrio. UNA INTERPRETACION ESPAÑOLA DE BOLIVAR [A Spanish interpretation of Bolívar]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1955 15(49): 471-474. An essay depicting Bolívar as the glory of all the Spanish world and the champion of the unity of the Spanish American peoples.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12824)

2652. Riveros Tula, Aníbal. NOTAS SOBRE EL ESPIONAJE INTERNACIONAL EN EL RIO DE LA PLATA DURANTE EL SIGLO XVIII [Notes on international espionage in the Río de la Plata during the 18th century]. Historia (Argentina) 1955 1(2): 83-91. Notes referring mainly to espionage in the colony of Sacramento in the years 1716-1717, and more briefly to English contraband in the Río de la Plata during the same period. Two previously unpublished letters dated 1776 are included which show the first Spanish attempts to organize espionage in the colony. Based on documents from the Archivo General de la Nación, Buenos Aires, and the Archivo General de Indias, Seville.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12773)

2653. Rodríguez Plata, Horacio. EPISODIOS DE LA REVOLUCION DE LOS COMUNEROS. QUIEN FUE DON SALVADOR PLATA [Episodes of the revolt of the comuneros. Who was Don Salvador Plata]. Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1957 44(513-515): 367-379. Describes the family background and economic and social status of Salvador Plata, one of the apparent leaders of the comuneros' revolt in New Granada in 1781. Plata's position and outlook made him a natural royalist, compelled to join the movement against his will; his activity as "leader" was

thus inevitably dedicated to undermining the movement. Based on local records. D. Bushnell

2654. Rojas Rueda, José Manuel. GENERAL ANTONIO OBANDO. ALTISIMO EXPONENTE DEL CARACTER, EL VALOR, EL PATRIOTISMO Y LA HIDALGUÍA DE LA RAZA SANTANDEREANA [General Antonio Obando. The highest exponent of the character, valor, patriotism and nobility of the sons of Santander]. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1956 29(106): 354-357. Praises this leader (1781-1849), who fought under Bolívar's command.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19171)

2655. Roldán Luna, Gustavo. TRABAJO PRESENTADO AL TERCER CONCURSO DE HISTORIA PROMOVIDO POR LA ACADEMIA DE HISTORIA DEL VALLE DEL CAUCA [Work presented at the third historical congress promoted by the Cauca Valley Academy of History]. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1955 (103): 253-293. Describes the participation of the Cauca Confederation, from its organization in 1810 until its dissolution in 1813, in the independence movement. The author gives details of the organization of the Confederation and of its most notable personalities. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12773)

2656. R[omay], F[rancisco] L. LOS ANTIGUOS SERVICIOS DE CORREO [The old postal services]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(5): 75-76. Summary of the development of postal services in the Río de la Plata in the second half of the 18th century.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19064)

2657. R[omay], F[rancisco] L. UN DOCUMENTO INTERESANTE (1814) [An interesting document (1814)]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(5): 76. Copy of a previously unpublished document (source not given) signed by Juan Hipólito Vieytes, intendant of police and secretary of the constituent assembly, showing conditions in Buenos Aires and the state of mind of its inhabitants in the first years of the revolution. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19182)

2658. Romero Gil, Hilarión. ESTUDIOS POLITICOS Y ADMINISTRATIVOS SOBRE MEXICO Y SUS REVOLUCIONES DESDE EL AÑO 1810 HASTA EL DE 1862 [Political and administrative studies on Mexico and its revolutions from the year 1810 to 1862]. Memorias de la Academia Mexicana de la Historia (Mexico) 1956 15(3): 289-319. Presents two previously unpublished essays written in the 19th century. They refer to various aspects of the state of Mexico in the era 1810-1862. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19220)

2659. Rubio, Angel. UN MAPA DE PIRATERIA EN EL ISTMO DE PANAMA, DURANTE LOS SIGLOS XVI, XVII Y XVIII [A map of piracy in the Isthmus of Panama during the 16th, 17th and 18th centuries]. Lotería (Panama) 1956 1(13): 33-36. Publishes and discusses a map prepared to show the zones and sea lanes where the effects of piracy were most intense. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20221)

2660. Ruiz Moreno, Isidoro J. UNA REELECCION POPULAR DURANTE EL VIRREINATO. LOS ALCALDES DE LA SANTA HERMANDAD [A popular re-election under the vice-regency. The mayors of the Holy Brotherhood]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(5): 153-158. Describes the re-election in 1784 of the Creole Miguel Ruiz Moreno to the post of mayor (alcalde) of the Holy Brotherhood in the city of San Nicolás de los Arroyos, at the request of his fellow-citizens. Based on published and previously unpublished documents from the Archivo General de la Nación in Buenos Aires. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19081)

2661. Salcedo Bastardo, J. B. VISION Y REVISION DE BOLIVAR [Bolívar's vision and revision]. Revista Shell (Venezuela) 1956 5(20): 6-9. Part of a more extensive unpublished study. The author analyzes Bolívar's ideas in the political, social, legal and historical fields.

Carmen Bâncora Cañero (IHE 19147)

2662. Salcedo-Bastardo, J. L. BOLIVAR Y LOS PROBLEMAS DE LA EDUCACION [Bolívar and the peda-

gical problems]. Educación (Venezuela) 1956 17(84): 12-13. Some comments on the Liberator's attention to public instruction. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20402)

2663. Salterain y Herrera, Eduardo de. LAVALLEJA. LA REDENCION PATRIA [Lavalleya. The country's salvation]. Revista Histórica (Uruguay) 1956 25(73-75): 1-191. First part of a biography of the Uruguayan Creole Juan Antonio Lavalleja (born 1784), who was an officer under the command of Artigas from 1811 on. Article to be continued. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19230)

2664. Sánchez Pedrote, Enrique. LA IDEA DEL PODER EN DOS VIRREYES NEOGRANADINOS [The idea of power in two viceroys of New Granada]. Estudios Americanos (Spain) 1956 11(56): 405-416. Analysis of the political ideas and personality of Antonio Caballero y Góngora and Francisco de Taboada, two typical viceroys of Enlightened Spanish absolutism, who governed New Granada at the end of the 18th century. The author notes their dissimilarity, which was the result of a difference in age and personal situation. Based on previously unpublished documents from the Archivo General de Indias. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19074)

2665. Solano Lozano, Norberto. INMOLACION FECUNDA [Fruitful sacrifice]. Museo Histórico (Ecuador) 1957 9(26): 63-69. Biographical notes on Policarpa Salavarrieta (1795-1817), a heroine of Colombian independence. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20447)

2666. Solís Moncada, José. APUNTES DE MI CARTERA. EL SUPERHOMBRE AMERICANO [Jottings from my portfolio. The American superman]. Revista Simón Bolívar (Colombia) 1956 1(3): 23-27. Brief notes about Bolívar's life and work. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20386)

2667. Soriano Lleras, Andrés. ANECDOTAS DE LA TIERRA MAGNA [Anecdotes of the great war]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela) 1955 1(51): 328-330. Some biographical notes on Don Lorenzo Fernández de la Hoz, Governor of Cumaná in the years 1808-1814 and on his behavior in the war of independence. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12884)

2668. Storni, Gabriel F. SAN MARTIN, LIDER DE LA EVOLUCION Y DE LA AUTODETERMINACION DE LOS PUEBLOS DE AMERICA [San Martín, leader of the revolution and of self-determination for the peoples of America]. Universidad (Argentina) 1956 (33): 173-183. Apologetic text on the leader of the struggle for independence. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19164)

2669. Suárez, Víctor M. UN DOCUMENTO RARO Y CURIOSO DE YUCATAN [A rare and curious document from Yucatán]. Boletín Bibliográfico de la Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público (Mexico) 1957 (101): 1. Comments on, and a photographic reproduction of, a decree issued by the municipal government of Mérida on 12 May 1813, announcing the opening of a new schooling center under the auspices of this Yucatán city's seminary. Carmen Battle Gallart (IHE 20464)

2670. Terré, María Teresa. SAN MARTIN VISTO POR SU TIEMPO [San Martín seen by Sarmiento]. Universidad Argentina 1957 (35): 97-115. Comments on two biographical articles on General San Martín written by Sarmiento. The first was published in Galería de Hombres Ilustres de Chile in 1854 and the second in Galería de Ilustres Argentinas in 1857. Rocío Caracuel Moyano

2671. Tisnés, Roberto M[arfa]. EL REALISMO DE LOS PASTOS [The royalism of the people of Pasto]. Revista Colombiana de Historia (Colombia) 1955 6(34/35): 121-130. The struggle of the people of Pasto against the republicans from 1809 to 1825 was caused by geographical factors, religious motives and the behavior of the patriots. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20431)

2672. Unanue, Hipólito. UNA IDEA GENERAL DEL PERU [A general idea of Peru]. Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Lima (Peru) 1955 72: 28-32. Reprint of a

study by the famous naturalist containing a view of Peru at the end of the 18th century. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12765)

2673. Unsigned. ARCHIVO DE ARAGUA [The Archive of Aragua]. Boletín del Archivo General de la Nación (Venezuela) 1955 42(169): 555-572, (170): 95-108, and 1956 43(171): 221-236, (172): 373-385, and (173): 520-531. Indexes of documents for the years 1779-1794 preserved in the "Archive of Aragua" Section of the Archivo General de la Nación, Venezuela. They deal with trials and cases brought before the officials of the old province of Aragua.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12762), G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 17557), and Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 19053)

2674. Unsigned. DE PLATEROS, BATIHOJAS Y TIRADORES DE ORO Y PLATA. 1789 [On silversmiths, gold-beaters and makers of gold and silver wire, 1789]. Memorias de la Academia Mexicana de la Historia (Mexico) 1957 16(2): 157-159. Publishes three documents (from a private archive) referring to the participation of the silversmiths' guild in the celebration in Mexico of the taking of the oath by Charles IV. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 23706)

2675. Unsigned. DERECHOS DE FUNERALES [Funeral fees]. Revista del Archivo Histórico del Cuzco (Peru) 1957 8(8): 203-208. Copy of a tariff of fees for the funerals of persons of some means who died in the hospital. This undated document (probably from the end of the 18th or beginning of the 19th century) is from the archives of the Cuzco Benevolent Society (Sociedad de Beneficencia). Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20340)

2676. Unsigned. DOCUMENTOS PARA LA HISTORIA DE MEXICO: PROVIDENCIAS PARA LA DEFENSA DE LA PENINSULA DE BAJA CALIFORNIA EN 1795 [Documents for the history of Mexico: provisions for the defense of the peninsula of Lower California in 1795]. Boletín Bibliográfico de la Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público (Mexico) 1955 (41): 1 and 6. Copy of a document mentioning the orders given and the warnings made to the governor of California regarding the reinforcement of troops for the area's defense and the action to be taken with respect to foreign ships. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19059)

2677. Unsigned. EL BARON DE CARONDOLET Y LA APERTURA DEL CAMINO A ESMERALDAS [Baron de Carondelet and the opening of the road to Esmeraldas]. Boletín del Archivo Nacional de Historia (Ecuador) 1956 4(6): 6-17. Copy of a letter (from the Archivo General de Indias) sent in 1800 by Baron de Carondelet, president of the Quito Audiencia, to Don José Antonio Caballero, who was in the service of the king of Spain. The letter reveals the unanimous desire of the natives of Quito for the realization of a road connecting the city with the rich province of Esmeraldas. The document contains geographical, economic and social information of historical interest. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19061)

2678. Unsigned. EXPOSICION DE MARIANO VILLALOBOS SOBRE SU EXPEDICION AL PAIS DE LA CANELA [Statement by Mariano Villalobos about his expedition to the cinnamon country]. Museo Histórico (Ecuador) 1957 9(26): 28-42. Copy of the report presented by Villalobos in Quito in 1791, in which he narrates the details of his trip in Ecuador to the Canelos mountains, Copatasa, Palma and Moruna in search of cinnamon, which was plentiful in this region. The source of the document is not mentioned. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20326)

2679. Unsigned. 1799. FIESTAS RELIGIOSAS DE LOS PLATEROS [1799. The silversmiths' religious feasts]. Memorias de la Academia Mexicana de la Historia (Mexico) 1957 16(2): 162-164. Copy of a document from a private archive on the organization of religious feasts by the silversmiths of Mexico.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 23709)

2680. Unsigned. 1813. FINCAS DEL GREMIO DE PLATEROS [1813. Property of the silversmiths' guild]. Memorias de la Academia Mexicana de la Historia (Mexico)

1957 16(2): 171-173. Copy of a document from a private archive describing the property of the Mexican silversmiths. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 23708)

2681. Unsigned. GOBERNACION Y CAPITANIA GENERAL [Governorship and Captaincy General]. Boletín del Archivo General de la Nación (Venezuela) 1956 43(172): 300-314, and (173): 450-461. Presents indexes for volumes 40 and 44, containing documents of 1788, and for volume 41, with those of 1789, from the Archivo General de la Nación. See also: 2: 1138, 2408, 3: 2568

Carmen Bâncora Cañero (IHE 19076)

2682. Unsigned. INFORME SOBRE DOS ANTIGUOS MANUSCRITOS DONADOS A LA ACADEMIA POR EL DOCTOR EDUARDO SANTOS [Account of two old manuscripts donated to the Academy by Dr. Eduardo Santos]. Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1956 43(499/500): 339-341. Deals with the publication by the Colombian Academy of History of the manuscripts Libro de Ordenes de la Comandancia General de Armas de la Plaza de Santafé 1810-1814 and Relación que manifiesta el estado de la Provincia de Antioquia, both written by Francisco Silvestre in 1776.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20311)

2683. Unsigned. INTENDENCIA DEL EJERCITO Y REAL HACIENDA [Intendancy of the Army and Royal Exchequer]. Boletín del Archivo General de la Nación (Venezuela) 1955 42(169): 484-499, and 1956 43(172): 315-327, and (173): 462-474. Presents indexes of documents, 1787-88, of the Intendancy of the Army and Royal Exchequer, located in the Archivo de la Nación, Caracas.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12791), and

Carmen Bâncora Cañero (IHE 19077)

See also: 2: 1139, 3: 2569

2684. Unsigned. LA BIBLIOTECA DE DON CAMILO TORRES [The library of Don Camilo Torres]. Bolívar (Colombia) 1957 4(6): 109-113. Copy, with a short commentary, of an inventory (1802) of the library of a Colombian politician (1766-1815) who fought on the side of the forces of independence. The document is from the Archivo Nacional de Colombia.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 23810)

2685. Unsigned. LOS ABOGADOS DE LA COLONIA [Colonial lawyers]. Boletín del Archivo General de la Nación (Venezuela) 1955 42(169): 573-588. A collection of documents relating to various colonial lawyers, covering the period from 1748 to 1792.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12797)

2686. Unsigned. LOS ARRIBEÑOS [The Arribeños]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 1(3): 150. Short notes on the "Corps of Arribeños", a battalion formed by order of Viceroy Liniers (1806-1808) with Creole volunteers from the inland provinces of the Río de la Plata.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19172)

2687. Unsigned. LOS GRANADEROS DE INFANTERIA [The Infantry Grenadiers]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 1(3): 150. Notes on a company of grenadiers formed in Buenos Aires in 1808 to repel the English invasion.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19173)

2688. Unsigned. NOTICIAS DE LAS PROVINCIAS DE MARACAIBO Y BARINAS DE LA PACIFICACION, Y CIVILIDAD POLITICA MORAL DE INDIOS EN ELLAS, ALGUNOS DE LOS REINOS DE SANTA FE Y EL PERU, DE LA LIBERTAD DEL COMERCIO DE ESPAÑA A LAS DOS AMERICAS, DEL RECIPROCO POR TIERRA Y MAR DE UNAS A OTRAS PROVINCIAS EN ELLAS; DEL CONTRABANDO EN AQUELLAS PARTES; Y DE LA NECESIDAD DE NEGROS PARA EL FOMENTO DE LA AGRICULTURA EN ELLAS [Notes on the provinces of Maracaibo and Barinas, and the pacification, and the moral political civic spirit of the natives there, some of them from the realms of Santa Fe and Peru; on the freedom of trade between Spain and the two Americas; on the same by land and sea between the American provinces; on contraband in that area; and on the need for Negroes for the development of agriculture there].

Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela) 1955 38(150): 175-191. A copy, with modern spelling, of an anonymous document of 1787, which is now the property of the academicians José Nucete Sardi and is published here for the first time in its entirety. A facsimile of the first page is included. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12776)

2689. Unsigned. POBLACION. ESTADO DE LA POBLACION DE COLOMBIA [Population. State of the population of Colombia]. Anuario General de Estadística (Colombia) 1955[1956]: 21-24. Statistical summary including data about the population of New Granada in the period 1770-1825. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20328)

2690. Unsigned. RELACION EXACTA Y CIRCUNSTANCIADA DE TODOS LOS EMPLEOS POLITICOS, DE REAL HACIENDA Y MILITARES QUE HAY EN LA CIUDAD DE QUITO Y TODA SU PROVINCIA, CON DIVISION DE LOS GOBIERNOS, CORREGIMIENTOS, Y TENENCIAS QUE HAY EN LOS LUGARES DE SU DISTRITO, LO CUAL SE FORM EN CUMPLIMIENTO DE REAL ORDEN DE 12 DE MARZO DE 1783, ETC. [Exact and minute account of all the political posts, both in the Royal Exchequer and Military, in the city of Quito and all of the surrounding province, with division into governorships, corregimientos and lieutenancies that exist in parts of the territory, as formed in accordance with the Royal Decree of 12 March 1783, etc.]. Boletín del Archivo Nacional de Historia (Ecuador) 1956 4(6): 64-108.

First part of the publication of this document, from the Archivo Nacional de Historia in Quito, which contains the names and occasionally other information (on salary, length of service, etc.) on the occupants of these posts in the last quarter of the 18th century. Article to be continued.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19079)

2691. Valladares Rodríguez, Juan. DATOS SOBRE LA VIDA DEL PADRE CAMPOY Y PEREZ ANTERIORES A SU EPISCOPADO [Data on the life of Father Campoy y Pérez prior to his episcopacy]. Revista del Archivo y Biblioteca Nacionales (Honduras) 1954/55 33(5-12): 205-207. Biographical data on the Bishop of Honduras, covering the years 1794 to 1843. Based on material from the Vatican Archives. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12800)

2692. Vélez, Simón J. CONFERENCIA [Lecture]. Boletín Historial (Colombia) 1955 40(123-125): 87-93. Biographical data on José María del Castillo y Rada (1776-1835), extolling his role in the Colombian war of independence. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19191)

2693. Villanueva Urteaga, Horacio. LA JURA DE LA CONSTITUCION DE 1812 EN CAJAMARCA [The taking of the oath of allegiance to the Constitution of 1812 in Cajamarca]. Revista Universitaria (Peru) 1956 45(110): 299-307. Describes the taking of the oath of allegiance to the Constitution, and parish elections held to constitute the assembly of party electors (1812). Based on documents from a notarial archive in Cajamarca, some of which are included.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19188)

2694. Villar, Marcelino E. LA VIDA EJEMPLAR DE SAN MARTIN [The exemplary life of San Martín]. Revista de Educación (Argentina) 1956 1(9): 706-711. Discusses the ideas and moral conduct of San Martín during the course of his life.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19165)

2695. Zea, Leopoldo. BOLIVAR Y LA COMUNIDAD HISPANOAMERICANA [Bolívar and the Spanish American community]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 315-319. Essay on the Liberator's ideas on confederation.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19133)

United States of America

See also: 2924

2696. Brandenburg, David J. (American Univ.). A FRENCH ARISTOCRAT LOOKS AT AMERICAN FARMING: LA ROCHEFOUCAULD-LIANCOURT'S VOYAGE DANS LES

TATS-UNIS. *Agricultural History* 1958 32(3): 155-165. Liancourt, a French aristocrat, travelled in the United States from 1795 to 1797. The notes compiled during these travels, published in eight volumes, contain extensive comments on American farming. Liancourt's first-hand observations on farming should be used as source material by economic and agricultural historians much more extensively than they have been in the past. Based upon published source accounts.

W. D. Rasmussen

2697. Boyd, Julian P. TWO DIPLOMATS BETWEEN EVOLUTIONS: JOHN JAY AND THOMAS JEFFERSON. *Virginia Magazine of History and Biography* 1958 66(2): 131-146. Between 1784 and 1789, John Jay was Secretary of Foreign Affairs and Thomas Jefferson was Minister to France. During this period, Jay sought to draw the United States into a British orbit, while Jefferson was attempting to pull her toward France. The cross-purposes at which the two men worked is demonstrated by examining the negotiations for a consular convention with France. Franklin succeeded in negotiating one in 1784, but Jay prevented its passage by Congress. In 1786 Jefferson secured a new convention which was ratified in 1788 despite Jay's opposition. Throughout the negotiations Jay played the role of an obstructionist and showed clearly that he objected to French consuls, but not to those of other countries. Based on letters, diplomatic documents, and Congressional Journals. D. Houston

2698. Carroll, Kenneth L. (Southern Methodist Univ.). THE NICHOLITES BECOME QUAKERS: AN EXAMPLE OF UNITY IN DISUNION. *Bulletin of Friends Historical Association* 1958 47(1): 3-19. An account of the process by which the followers of Joseph Nichols (died 1773 or 1774) gradually merged with the Quakers in Maryland and North Carolina during the last quarter of the 18th century. In principles and practices the two groups were similar, differing only in matters of discipline, as, for example, in the case of a Nicholite insistence on plainness. Based on Quaker records. N. Kurland

2699. Coulter, E. Merton (Univ. of Georgia). FRANCIS MESON, AN EARLY GEORGIA MERCHANT AND PHILANTHROPIST. *Georgia Historical Quarterly* 1958 42(1): 26-43. He constructs the career of a merchant of Upper Georgia who died in 1806, a wealthy man by the standards of the time and place. Almost nothing is known about Meson, but the author traces his fortunes through various public documents, and presents an inventory of his possessions as revealed in the probate of his estate. Meson left money to found a local school. D. Houston

2700. Colbourn, H. Trevor (Library Company of Philadelphia). THOMAS JEFFERSON'S USE OF THE PAST. *William and Mary Quarterly* 1958 15(1): 56-70. Relying chiefly on the Whig historians, for whose position he found support in Tacitus and Blackstone, Jefferson studied the past in search of guidance for the future. American rights, he believed, derived from Saxon times; because America had been subject to the Norman Conquest, it was not subject to feudal land tenure. Americans, Jefferson felt, must rely on their Saxon heritage and repudiate subsequent usurpations of their rights. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2701. Crane, Verner W. (Univ. of Michigan). FRANKLIN'S "THE INTERNAL STATE OF AMERICA" (1786). *William and Mary Quarterly* 1958 15(2): 214-227. Following an introduction, presents the text of Franklin's article. The significance of this statement, hitherto overlooked, is that it shows Franklin's optimistic appraisal of the critical period. Its purpose was to remonstrate against reports of the English press concerning economic dislocations in the post-Revolutionary period. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2702. DeVoto, Bernard (Harvard Univ.). AN INFERENCE REGARDING THE EXPEDITION OF LEWIS AND CLARKE. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99: 185-194. Propounds the thesis that the Lewis and Clark expedition which crossed Louisiana and went on to the mouth of the Columbia River was regarded by Jefferson as a means of hastening the United States' expansion to the Pacific acquisition of Louisiana. C. B. Joynt

2703. Frisch, Morton J. JOHN MARSHALL'S PHILOSOPHY OF CONSTITUTIONAL REPUBLICANISM. *Review of Politics* 1958 20(1): 34-45. The essence of Marshall's philosophy was the concentration of positive political leadership in national government for the welfare of the community, which, through election and representation, must ultimately determine the broad outlines of public policy. C. F. Latour

2704. Gil F[arrés], O[ctavio]. ACERCA DEL NUMARIO NORTEAMERICANO [On American coinage]. *Numario Hispánico* (Spain) 1956 5(9): 124. Brief notes on the influence of the Spanish duro on the origin of the American dollar. J. Lluís y Navas (IHE 19665)

2705. Harrison, Lowell H. (West Texas State College). A VIRGINIAN MOVES TO KENTUCKY, 1793. *William and Mary Quarterly* 1958 15(2): 201-213. Studies the reasons for, and progress of, John Breckenridge's migration to the West. Not lure of adventure but economic advantages, notably good land and professional opportunities, induced the lawyer to emigrate from Virginia. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2706. Kahn, Robert L. (Univ. of Washington). FRANKLIN, GRIMM, AND J. H. LANDOLT. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(6): 401-404. A casual relationship led to an encounter between Landolt and Franklin which produced a description of Franklin in old age. Based on a letter in the Society's collection and on the unpublished diaries of Landolt. C. B. Joynt

2707. Martin, Dorothy V. (Burton Historical Collection, Detroit Public Library). ARCHIVES OF AN ALBANY FAMILY. *New York History* 1958 39(3): 268-272. Describes the Horatio Seymour Collection, which contains 17th and 18th century papers of the Bleecker and Collins families of Albany, as well as those of revolutionary Colonel Jonathan Forman. A. B. Rollins

2708. Moomaw, W. Hugh. THE BRITISH LEAVE COLONIAL VIRGINIA. *Virginia Magazine of History and Biography* 1958 66(2): 147-160. British colonial government was ended in Virginia in June 1775 when the governor, Lord Dunmore, fled. For the next fourteen months Dunmore attempted to carry on military and naval operations from a small flotilla anchored off the coast. The complete failure of these efforts was due in large measure to a lack of cooperation between departments of government and to friction between the civil authorities and the military commanders. These problems plagued British administration throughout North America and are illustrated in the case of Virginia by the bitter conflict between Dunmore and Captain Andrew Hamond, the local naval commander. D. Houston

2709. O'Brien, William, S. J., ed. (Georgetown Univ.). JUSTICE CUSHING'S UNDELIVERED SPEECH ON THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION. *William and Mary Quarterly* 1958 15(1): 74-94. Following an introduction, presents the text of Justice Cushing's speech. Elevated to the chair during the first part of the Massachusetts ratifying convention by Hancock's illness, Cushing remained silent but upon Hancock's return prepared a speech for delivery on the day before the final vote. The speech remained undelivered, probably because Hancock, a "prima donna," did not wish to share the glory with another major speaker and also because Cushing opposed the conciliatory amendments, notably a Bill of Rights, which Hancock advocated. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

2710. Radovskii, M. I. AVTOGRAF VENIAMINA FRANKLINA [An autograph of Benjamin Franklin]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 259-260. A Russian translation and a photocopy of a letter addressed to Richard Bache and written on 2 March 1778 during Franklin's mission in France. The letter is kept in the Saltykov-Shchedrin State Library in Moscow. G. Lovas

2711. Schlesinger, Arthur Meier (Harvard Univ.). POLITICAL MOBS AND THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(4): 244-250. Mob violence played a key role at every important turning point leading up to the war for independence. Some violence was deliberately engineered in advance by Whig leaders and some was spontaneous. Violence represented the seeds of revolution. C. B. Joynt

2712. Schmidt, Hubert G. (Rutgers Univ., Newark, New Jersey). SOME POST-REVOLUTIONARY VIEWS OF AMERICAN AGRICULTURE IN THE ENGLISH MIDLANDS. Agricultural History 1958 32(3): 166-175. Many prospective emigrants to America from English Midland farms were aided in making their decisions by letters from friends and relatives who had previously emigrated to the New World. Each "judged American agriculture largely in terms of whether he as an individual could improve his own status by moving." In the 1790s, because of wartime exactions and a rise in farm prices, many more than previously decided to move to America. Based on unpublished letters belonging to the Hunterdon County Historical Society and on loan to Rutgers University. W. D. Rasmussen

2713. Schramm, J. R. (Univ. of Pennsylvania). THE MEMORIAL TO FRANCE'S ANDRE MICHAUX. AT THE MORRIS ARBORETUM, UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society 1956 100 (2): 145-149. The growth of conservation in Pennsylvania can be traced back to the activities of the Michauxes (father and son) in New York in the period 1785-1806. C. B. Joynt

2714. Scott, Kenneth. SAMUEL CASEY, PLATERO Y FALSARIO [Samuel Casey, silversmith and forger]. Numismatist (Spain) 1954 4(11): 35-40. History of the forgeries of a New York silversmith who lived in the second half of the 18th century. Casey counterfeited some Spanish money, particularly 18th century duros.

J. Lluís y Navas (IHE 18545)

2715. White, John W. A LETTER TO THOMAS JEFFERSON. New England Social Studies Bulletin 1956 14(1): 5-13. Discusses the objectives and current practice in American education in the light of Thomas Jefferson's views on education, which are stated in some detail. W. D. Met-

C. 1815-1871

GENERAL HISTORY

See also: 2436, 2452, 2454, 2457

2716. Addison, Herbert. THOMAS WAGHORN AND THE OVERLAND ROUTE. Journal of the Royal Central Asian Society 1958 45(2): 179-185. An account of a predecessor of Ferdinand de Lesseps who campaigned for and organized the overland route from Cairo to Suez after steam had made the Gulf of Suez practicable. Despite his success, he died in poverty, and his road has experienced strange turns of fortune since his death in 1850. E. Wright

2717. Andersons, Edgars. BRITU UN FRANČU FLOTE KURZEMES PIEKRASTĒ. LATVIEŠU JŪRNIEKI KRIMAS KARĀ [British and French navies off the coasts of Courland. The Latvian sailors during the Crimean War]. Ceļa Zīmes 1958 35: 58-61. A description of the Baltic Provinces during the Crimean War, emphasizing the failure of the Russian government's attempts to mobilize the Latvians and Estonians against the French and British invaders and the effect of the blockade, bombardments and landings made by British and French naval units on the Latvian coast in 1854 and 1855, including the temporary occupation of the ports of Lepaya and Ventspils (Windau). Particular stress is placed on the formation of two Latvian gunboat flotillas to defend the fortress of Daugavgrīva (Dünabünde) and the entrances to the harbor of Riga against the British Flying Squadron of Captain Ommanney in August 1855. Author

2718. Bertier de Sauvigny, G. (Institut Catholique de Paris). METTERNICH ET CHATEAUBRIAND EN 1823: DOCUMENTS INÉDITS [Metternich and Chateaubriand in 1823: Unpublished documents]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1956 70(3): 200-212. Presents a series of letters from the Austrian government archives in Vienna. Chateaubriand maintained French control over the political aspects of the intervention in Spain and avoided subservience to the Holy Alliance powers, while claiming close agreement with the policies of the chief spokesman of the Alliance. Such subservience would have been distasteful to the liberal royalists, toward whom Chateaubriand was moving in 1823.

J. H. Jensen

2719. Caulais, Jacques. VICTOR HUGO ET KARL MARX OU DE LA PITIE A L'ACTION [Victor Hugo and Karl Marx, or from pity to action]. L'Année Politique et Economique 1957 30(138/139): 295-304. Seeks to show that Les Misérables is a lyric, prophetic French version of Das Kapital. Both Hugo and Marx were motivated essentially by pity for mankind. Not only did they share a common sensibility, but they had very similar objectives. D. Houston

2720. Divin, V. A. and Kazakov, N. I. OB OSVESHCHENII NEKOTORYKH VOPROSOV ISTORII KRYMSKOI VOINY V LITERATURE POSLEDNIKH LET [On the illumination of

some questions of the history of the Crimean War in the literature of recent years]. Voprosy Istorii 1957 (2): 141-150. On the occasion of the centenary of the defense of Sevastopol many new publications have appeared on the Crimean War, including: L. A. Gorev, Voyna 1853-1856 gg. i oborona Sevastopolia [The War of 1853-1856 and the Defense of Sevastopol] (Moscow, 1955); I. V. Bestuzhev, Krymskaia voina [The Crimean War] (Moscow, 1956); G. Semlin, Sevastopol (Moscow, 1955), and B. I. Zverev, Vydaishchiia russkii flotovodets P. S. Nakhimov [The Distinguished Russian Fleet Commander P. S. Nakhimov] (Smolensk, 1955). Recent publications have not always been exhaustive in their treatment of the subject and have not in all cases given an objective account of events, or done justice to older historic sources and documents. The aggressive intentions of the Czar, for instance, are often underestimated when compared with the policy of conquest pursued by England and France. The patriotic and defensive nature of the war is often overemphasized and heroic deeds of individuals extolled without regard for their connection with the wider context of the military structure of the Russian army and fleet. Erna Wollert

2721. Gans, Jacques. L'ORIGINE DU MOT 'SOCIALISTE' ET SES EMPLOIS LES PLUS ANCIENS [Origins of the word "socialist" and its earliest usage]. Revue d'Histoire Economique et Sociale 1957 35(1): 79-83. The first recorded mention of the word "socialist" was in a letter of 1822 to Robert Owen from one of his followers, and attributed to another follower, Joseph Applegath. The first published use of the term was in 1827, in the Owenite Co-operative Magazine. The term first appeared in a French publication, the Semeur, in 1831. By 1833 it was in fairly common usage in both French and English. R. E. Cameron

2722. Gooch, Brison D. (Massachusetts Institute of Technology). THE CRIMEAN WAR IN SELECTED DOCUMENTS AND SECONDARY WORKS SINCE 1940. Victorian Studies 1957/58 1(3): 271-279. A critical discussion of the most recent published works of the Crimean war with frequent reference to earlier works. Gooch concludes that historians are finally escaping from the biases of Kinglake and are becoming more critical of Raglan and more favorable to Napoleon III. D. Houston

2723. Gordon, Paul J. ASPECTOS ESTRUCTURALES DEL ORDEN SOCIAL CRISTIANO [Structural aspects of the Christian social order]. Cuadernos de Política Social (Spain) 1955 (25): 7-26. Analyzes the ideas of Baron W. E. von Ketteler, Bishop of Mainz and member of the German National Assembly in 1848, and compares them with those of Karl Marx. The author then considers the Catholic character of the U.S. Knights of Labor (1869-1885) and analyzes the contents of the Rerum novarum (1891). R. Valdés del Toro

2724. Krovikov, N. S. GEROICHESKAIA OBORONA SEVASTOPOLIA V 1854-1855 GG. [The heroic defense of

Sevastopol in the years 1854-1855]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1955 (5): 8-18. A review of the Siege of Sevastopol. Based primarily on printed material, including publications of the 19th century and the following more recent sources: Admiral Nakhimov, a collection of documents (Moscow, 1945); *Boevaia letopis' russkogo flota* [The War Diary of the Russian Fleet] (Moscow, 1948); A. Fedorov, *Voennoe iskusstvo Rossii i stran Zapadnoi Evropy v 50-60-kh godakh XIX v.* [The Art of Navigation in Russia and Western European Countries in the 1850s and 1860s] (Moscow, 1952). G. Lovas

2725. Laws, M. E. S. (Lieutenant Colonel). INDIA AND THE CRIMEAN WAR. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1955 86(360): 258-261. Two military missions of the Indian army served with the Turkish army in the Crimean War, and Indian officers commanded two Turkish contingents which were taken into British pay and service. The Indian army thus indirectly played an important role in the war. D. Houston

2726. Lefèvre, André. LES REPERCUSSIONS EN EUROPE OCCIDENTALE DE L'INSURRECTION DE MILAN DE 1853 [The repercussions of the Milan insurrection of 1853 in Western Europe]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(4): 29-346. Recounts the resistance of Britain, Switzerland and Sardinia to the efforts of Austria and France to achieve the suppression or control of the groups of revolutionary refugees which had been involved in the rising in Lombardy in February 1853. The author notes that Napoleon III was more concerned with preserving his good relations with Britain than with uniting completely with Austria in a counterrevolutionary sense. J. H. Jensen

2727. Mandelbaum, Maurice (Johns Hopkins Univ.). DARWIN'S RELIGIOUS VIEWS. *Journal of the History of Ideas* 1958 19(3): 363-378. When Darwin first broke away from religious orthodoxy, he thought that his evolutionary theory, dealing with secondary causes, was consistent with theism. On the defensive, even against Lyell and Gray, he attacked the doctrine of special creations. The anti-theistic implications of these attacks eventually led Darwin to "an agnosticism based on an incapacity to deny what there was no good reason for affirming." In the end, "all that prevented Darwin from denying the truth of Theism was the anti-dogmatic cast of his own mind, and his acceptance of the limitations of all human minds, considering their lowly origins." W. H. Coates

2728. Mueller, Gustav E. (Univ. of Oklahoma). THE HEGEL LEGEND OF "THESIS-ANTITHESIS-SYNTHESIS." *Journal of the History of Ideas* 1958 19(3): 411-414. The legend of "thesis, antithesis, synthesis" was first presented as "a brilliant hunch" by Professor Heinrich Moritz Healybaus in his 1835-36 lectures on speculative philosophy from Kant to Hegel. Marx "took the hunch and spread it into deadly, abstract machinery." He also misrepresented Hegel in other ways. W. H. Coates

2729. Nikitina, O. F. GEROICHESKAIA OBORONA SEVASTOPOLIA V 1854-1855 GG. [The heroic defense of Sevastopol in 1854-1855]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (6): 147-178. Presents seventeen previously unpublished documents, consisting of fragments from war diaries, commanders' reports, orders of the day and memoranda. G. Lovas

2730. Ogawa, Kōichi. TOKKUBIRU NO TAISHŪ-SHAKAI-IRON -- JIYŪ NAKI TŌGŌ E-NO KEIKŌ TO SONO KOKU-UKU NO HOSAKU [Tocqueville's theory of mass society -- the tendency toward integration without liberty and the method of overcoming it]. *Shisō* 1958 (405): 95-113. Tocqueville believed that "equalization" and "materialization" marked the tendency toward mass society in bourgeois society. The author sheds light on Tocqueville's system of values and on his methods for the realization of moral values, and contends that he regarded the enlightenment of the masses as the fundamental way to liberty. M. Nishikawa

2731. Petrash, V. V. PROEKT EKSPEDITSII K SEVERNOMU POLIUSU P. I. KRUZENSTERN (1847 G.). [P. I. Krusenstern's plan for a polar expedition (1847)]. *Istori-*

cheskii Arkhiv 1955 (2): 162-173. Publishes a document in which Krusenstern tried to explain the failure of past expeditions to the North Pole, in particular of that undertaken by William Perry, and described in detail a plan for reaching the North Pole. G. Lovas

2732. Pichois, Claude. LA MYSTERIEUSE MADAME PANAM, OU AMOUR, POLICE ET DIPLOMATIE [The mysterious Madame Panam, or love, police and diplomacy]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1957 71(2): 155-174. Examines the authenticity and authorship of a set of memoirs which claimed to show that Ernest III of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha (the father of Prince Albert of Great Britain) was the father of a natural son by a French woman and that he had failed to keep his promises of financial support. The author pays particular attention to the diplomatic and legal efforts of the prince to have the memoirs suppressed. J. H. Jensen

2733. Pirri, Pietro. IL CARDINALE ANTONELLI TRA IL MITO E LA STORIA [Cardinal Antonelli between myth and history]. *Rivista di Storia della Chiesa in Italia* 1958 12(1): 81-120. An attempt to refute unfavorable judgments which writers have passed on the private and political life of the Secretary of State of Pius IX. Based mainly on *Summarium super Introductione Causae beatificationis et canonizationis S. D. Pii IX Summi Pontificis* (Rome, 1957). P. Pastorelli

2734. Rees, J. C. (Univ. College of Swansea). A PHASE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF MILL'S IDEAS ON LIBERTY. *Political Studies* 1958 6(1): 33-44. Mill's article on "Genius" (1832) cannot be regarded as the first sign of those ideas which received their classic expression in *On Liberty*. Mill had been influenced, even before meeting Harriet Taylor, by Saint-Simonian thought, by Thomas Carlyle and by the American Unitarian W. E. Channing, whose argument has a marked similarity to Mill's exposition in *On Liberty*. M. Harrison

2735. Silió, Javier de. EL ARCHIVO HISTORICO DEL MINISTERIO DE ASUNTOS EXTERIORES DE ITALIA Y LA HISTORIA DEL SIGLO XIX ESPAÑOL. DOCUMENTOS REFERENTES A ESPAÑA EN LA "SEGRETERIA DI STATO DEGLI AFFARI EXTERI" DE CARLOS MANUEL DE CERDEÑA (1831-1849) [The historical archives in the Italian Ministry for Foreign Affairs and the history of the 19th century in Spain. Documents referring to Spain in the "State Secretariat of Foreign Affairs" of Carlos Manuel de Cerdeña (1831-1849)]. *Cuadernos de Trabajo de la Escuela Española de Historia y Arqueología en Roma* 1956 8: 159-198. Notes on the contents of these documents, which refer mainly to the most debated political questions of the period, including the Carlist War, the Portuguese problem and relations with France. J. Reglá Campistol (IHE 19910)

2736. Unsigned. IZ PEREPISKI KARLA MARKSA S VIL'GEL'MOM I NATALIEI LIBKNEKHT (IANVAR'-APREL' 1871 G.). [From the correspondence between Karl Marx and Wilhelm and Natalie Liebknecht (January-April 1871)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (3): 3-11. Five letters of the Liebknechts to Marx and Marx's letters to Natalie Liebknecht throw light on the activities of Wilhelm Liebknecht and August Bebel during the Franco-Prussian War. G. Lovas

2737. Valléry-Radot, Pasteur. PASTEUR ET LA DECOUVERTE DE LA CAUSE DES FERMENTATIONS [Pasteur and the discovery of the cause of fermentation]. *Revue de Paris* 1958 65(5): 31-40. Describes Pasteur's experiments in 1857-58 leading to the discovery of the cause of wine fermentation. During this period Pasteur perfected the scientific methods that he was to use all his life. J. A. Clarke

2738. Zverev, B. I. OSNOVNYE ITOGI KRYMSKOI VOINY V OBLASTI RAZVITIIA ORUZHIIA, TEKHNIKI I TAKTIKI FLOTA [The most important consequences of the Crimean War in the field of naval armament, engineering and tactics]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1955 (5): 53-70. The advantages of steam power, of steam boats, new artillery projectiles and of the dreadnought were demonstrated in the Crimean war. New tactics, such

as attacks on coastal fortifications, the defense of naval bases and the use of mines were developed. The distance between the two opposing front-lines during battle has increased as machine guns and the navy have been more developed. Based on material from the Central Historical War Archives and Central Archives of the Navy. G. Lovas

HISTORY BY COUNTRY OR AREA

Africa

2739. Artonne, André. UN CONSUL DE FRANCE AU MAROC: AUGUSTE BEAUMIER (1823-1876) [Auguste Beaumier, French consul in Morocco (1823-1876)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(3): 230-234. Sketches the career of a French interpreter (dragoman) and consul who served from 1847 to 1876 in Morocco and Tunis. Beaumier was a competent geographer and a translator of Arabic histories of Morocco as well as a diplomat. J. H. Jensen

2740. Crombet, Paul. ALGER AU TEMPS DES TURCS [Algiers at the time of the Turks]. *Revue de Paris* 1958 65 (6): 80-87. Memoirs of a Belgian naval officer who visited Algiers in 1817 and in 1825. J. A. Clarke

Asia

See also: 2461, 2462, 2809

2741. Harden, F. G. (Major). MADRAS RIFLEMEN. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1956 86 (363): 187-189. Describes the uniforms of the rifle regiments in the Madras army during the 19th century. D. Houston

2742. Kimura, Motoi (Meiji Univ.). HAGI-HAN NO BAI-SHIN NI TSUITE [On the subvassals of Hagi Clan]. *Rekishigaku-Kenkyū* 1958 (220): 1-10. Examines the reformers (the enlightened upper vassals) of Hagi Clan by means of a study of the subvassals who were their retainers. The subvassals of Hagi Clan received small stipends and possessed some private land. Since their social status was not very different from that of the peasants, they sympathized with them when they organized troops in Hagi Clan, and formed troops of their own. Although the subvassals could not establish their own power as long as they remained dependent on the upper vassals, their movement nevertheless exercised a progressive influence on the political leaders of Hagi Clan, though the latter of course planned for reform from above. K. Sugiyama

2743. Nath, Rajendra (Captain). GENERAL ZORAWAR SINGH. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1957 87(368): 221-228. Zorawar Singh, who enlisted as a private, eventually became a general in the army of Maharaja Ranjit Singh, ruler of the Punjab. A brilliant strategist, tactician and leader, Zorawar Singh conducted successful campaigns in Ladakh, Baltistan and western Tibet during the years 1834-41 against very great geographical and logistical odds. D. Houston

2744. Pal, Dharm. 1857 STRUGGLE. CAUSES OF FAILURE. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1957 87(368): 205-214. A general consideration of the Sepoy Rebellion, seen as India's first war of independence. This mighty effort to rid the country of foreign domination failed because of the great material disadvantages and poor leadership of the nationalist forces, which nevertheless grimly carried on the struggle against tremendous odds, never yielding to despair and never abandoning hope of ultimate victory. D. Houston

2745. Ristelhueber, René. DEBOIRES ET IMPERTINENCES D'UN MINISTRE DE FRANCE EN CHINE: LE COMTE DE LALLEMAND A PEKIN (1867-1868) [Griefs and improprieties of a French minister to China: the Count de Lallemand in Peking (1867-1868)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1957 71(1): 37-48. Recounts the problems of a

zealous, struggling diplomat in guarding the interests of France in China. These included: disputes with his colleague in the French navy, denial of an audience with the young emperor, massacres in Korea and inland China, the six-month time lag in communications with Paris, and the efforts of the French government to avoid dispersal of its forces in view of the growing tensions in Europe. J. H. Jensen

2746. Seth, D. R. THE BATTLE OF CHILLIANWALA. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1957 87 (369): 334-343. A description of a bloody battle fought in 1849 between a small British army under Lord Gough and a force of Sikhs led by Sher Singh. This was the first occasion on which a British army, led by its commander in chief personally, was defeated by an Indian army under Indian commanders. The Sikhs, however, failed to press their advantage and so ultimately lost the campaign despite their great success in the one battle. D. Houston

2747. Seth, D. R. THE BATTLE OF FEROZESHAH. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1956 86 (365): 362-371. In 1845 a British army was nearly defeated by a Sikh army despite the betrayal of the Sikh commanders. The author sees the incident as a demonstration of the necessity for good leadership to achieve success in battle. D. Houston

2748. Tiagei, G. D. IZ ISTORII PRONIKNOVENIIA EVROPEISKIKH DERZHAV V KOREIU (V 30-60-KH GODAKH XIX V.) [From the history of the penetration of the European states into Korea (in the 1830s-1860s)]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1956 (21): 39-53. Korea, which had been isolated since the middle of the 17th century, became an object of interest to the West European countries and the USA because of its raw materials and strategically important location. Catholic missionaries paved the way for international capital. The Christian faith, which gained its first adherents at the close of the 18th and the beginning of the 19th centuries, served those groups of the population that were opposed to the prevailing system as an ideological weapon. Following the execution of several French missionaries in 1866 France resorted to military intervention. The entire Korean population thereupon joined in the patriotic war of independence and the French army, though equipped with modern weapons, was defeated. Based on European and American works, diplomatic documents and letters from the Archives of Russian Foreign Policy (AVPR). Erna Wollert

2749. Welch, Richard E., Jr. (Virginia Military Institute). CALEB CUSHING'S CHINESE MISSION AND THE TREATY OF WANGHIA: A REVIEW. *Oregon Historical Quarterly* 1957 58(4): 328-357. In 1840 when restrictive trade conditions in China became almost intolerable for American traders, the U. S. Government set up a commission to work out a trade treaty with China's representatives. Caleb Cushing was selected to lead this commission. The author discusses the role of Cushing and the various difficulties in arranging the treaty of Wanghia. C. C. Gorche

2750. Wright, Mary C. (Stanford Univ.). THE ADAPTABILITY OF CH'ING DIPLOMACY. THE CASE OF KOREA. *Journal of Asian Studies* 1958 17(3): 363-381. Examines the policy of Manchu China toward Korea in the 1860s. The new policies of the Ch'ing government failed "because the task was impossible, not because Chinese diplomacy was rigid, inadaptably, uninformed, supine, or lacking in finesse." G. A. Lensen

Canada

2751. Creighton, D. G. (Univ. of Toronto). THE UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN CONFEDERATION. *Canadian Historical Review* 1958 39(3): 209-222. Discusses the proposal made in the summer of 1858 by the government of the Province of Canada, for the federal union of the whole of British North America. The author compares this with the second, similar proposal of 1864, also made by Canada, which came into effect with Canadian Confederation in 1867. He

examines the surrounding circumstances and particularly the influences from the United States in each case. Pressures resulting from the American Civil War were an important element in the success of the proposal of 1864. Author

Europe

BALKANS and NEAR EAST

2752. Haupt, Gh. PRIMELE ASOCIAȚII MUNCITOREȘTI ROMÂNIA [The first workers' associations in Rumania]. Idii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(1): 65-89. The first labor organization in Rumania was a society for mutual aid and care founded by printing-trade workers in Bucharest in 1858, which was, however, controlled by the employers. In 1865 an association of printing-trade workers was established, and in 1869 the first labor newspaper began publication. The General Association of Rumanian Workers, founded in 1872, was still under bourgeois influence. Socialist federations of workers, which were not merely organized for the purpose of insurance against sickness but also for the collection of funds for the struggle against the employers, were established in Bucharest in 1879 and in Jassy in 1880. The employers attempted to suppress them. I. Popinceanu

2753. Vasileios (Metropolitan of Lemnos). HOI KATA TA TE 1833-1900 DITELESANTES HOS SYNODIKOI ARCHIEPIS TES EKKLESIAS TES HALLADOS [The higher clergy-men, members of the Holy Synod of the Church of Greece, 1833-1900]. Ekklesia 1957 34(21-25): 416, 439, 462, 547, and 1958 35(1-3): 13, 34, 52. A complete list of all the bishops who were members of the Holy Synod of the Church of Greece from 1833 to 1900. Catherine Koumariou

FRANCE

See also: 2465, 2467, 2470, 2485, 2745, 2748, 2782, 2796, 2797, 2798, 2799

2754. Bertier de Sauvigny, G. (Institut Catholique de Paris). METTERNICH ET LA CHUTE DE CHATEAUBRIAND [1824 [Metternich and Chateaubriand's fall in 1824]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1957 71(1): 7-14. Metternich recognized the rivalry between Villele and Chateaubriand early in their collaboration. Because of his distrust of Chateaubriand's liberal connections in journalism and dislike of the independent diplomatic line of his ministry, Metternich welcomed his dismissal which followed the conflict with Villele over the conversion of the rentes. Based on Metternich documents drawn from the Haus-, Hof-, und Staatsarchiv, Vienna. J. H. Jensen

2755. Boiteux, L. A. (Académie de la Marine). CHATEAUBRIAND ET SAINT-DOMINGUE [Chateaubriand and Santo Domingo]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1957 71(1): 15-21. Examines the writings of Chateaubriand in which he recognized the significance for Europe of the new American republics. The author emphasizes Chateaubriand's opposition to the decree of 1824 which gave de jure recognition to Haitian independence; he preferred a grant of full sovereignty voted by the chambers to begin a good relationship with the freed colony. J. H. Jensen

2756. Brécy, Robert. CHARLES GILLE, LE PLUS GRAND DES CHANSONNIERS REVOLUTIONNAIRES [Charles Gille, greatest of revolutionary songwriters]. Pensée 1958 7(1): 71-79. A biographical sketch, supplemented with examples of Gille's work, which flourished during the period 1846-48. J. Kuehl

2757. Broué, Pierre. UN SAINT-SIMONIEN DANS L'ARENE POLITIQUE: LAURENT DE L'ARDECHE (1848-1852) [A disciple of Saint-Simon in the political arena: Laurent de l'Ardecche (1848-1852)]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 1(1): 59-79. Laurent was the only one of Saint-Simon's disciples who attempted to pass on from his master's philosophy to a political philosophy embracing a practical policy. After 1848 he succeeded in gaining followers from the

working classes and at least a certain degree of understanding among the upper classes. The June Days, however, destroyed this brief success: the working class did not listen to the conciliators and the bourgeoisie no longer respected the apostles. Laurent's election to the Legislative Assembly in 1849 was not the consequence of popularity, since this no longer existed, but only of tactical skill. After Napoleon III's coup d'état, Laurent expressed his confidence, but retired from political life. R. Valdés del Toro

2758. Contamine, Henry. LES CONDITIONS DU TRAVAIL MINISTERIEL DE CHATEAUBRIAND [Chateaubriand's working conditions as a minister]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1955 69(3): 193-206. Explains the organization of the foreign ministry in its new quarters on the right bank near the Madeleine, in 1823-24. Although served in the various departments by able functionaries, Chateaubriand still did for himself much of the work that would later be done by a competent staff of secretaries. The author includes some biographical material in a survey of the occupants of French diplomatic posts in the period. A Chateaubriand draft of a response to a British protest against police examinations of British subjects and a personal letter to Hyde de Neuville, French ambassador to Lisbon, on the Portuguese-Brazilian difficulties and the new French legislative term are reproduced from the archives of the Quai d'Orsay. J. H. Jensen

2759. Daumard, Adeline. UNE SOURCE D'HISTOIRE SOCIALE: L'ENREGISTREMENT DES MUTATIONS PAR DECES: LE XII^e ARRONDISSEMENT DE PARIS EN 1820 ET 1847 [A source of social history: the registers of property transfers after death: the 12th Arrondissement of Paris in 1820 and 1847]. Revue d'Histoire Economique et Sociale 1957 35(1): 52-78. The registrations of inheritances constitute an important source for social history. Data available on individuals usually include amount and composition of fortune, occupation, number and occupation of children, etc. These permit studies of social stratification, social mobility and the like. It appears that there was relatively little social mobility in the 12th Arrondissement of Paris between 1820 and 1847. The situation of the moderate and upper income groups improved, but that of the lowest income groups deteriorated. R. E. Cameron

2760. Derruau-Boniol, Simone. LE SOCIALISME DANS L'ALLIER, DE 1848 A 1914 [Socialism in Allier from 1848 to 1914]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 2(2): 115-162. The department of Allier, which elected in 1889 one of the first socialist deputies in France, had by 1914 after Haute-Vienne the largest number of extreme left-wing voters. This political trend is all the more remarkable in view of the facts that Allier is to a great extent a rural region and that its social system is largely one of large estates frequently parcelled out for cultivation, conditions recalling those of the department of France de l'Ouest, traditionally a bastion of the right-wing vote. In order to explain this rural left-wing vote, the author stresses the important role of the labor environment of Montluçon and Commeny and of its political and union leaders. The spread of mining has resulted in the diffusion of socialist ideas in a rural environment. R. Valdés del Toro

2761. Dollot, René. JEAN PONS GUILLAUME VIENNET: CHRONIQUEUR DE SON TEMPS (1777-1869) [Jean Pons Guillaume Viennet: chronicler of his times (1777-1869)]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1956 70(2): 164-173. Surveys the career of a critic, politician, sometime poet, and sturdy opponent of the romantic novel. His journal (Journal de Viennet, Pair de France, témoin de trois règnes), edited by Duke de la Force, has recently been published (Paris, 1955), thus making available a useful source for the student of the letters, society and politics of the Bourbon Restoration and the July Monarchy. J. H. Jensen

2762. Guichonnet, Paul. JULES FAVRE ET LA BATAILLE POUR LES ELECTIONS DE 1869 EN HAUTE-SAVOIE [Jules Favre and the battle for the 1869 elections in Haute-Savoie]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1956 1(1): 65-102. Examines the political life of Haute-Savoie under the Second Empire, with emphasis on the election campaign of 1869. In a department recently incorporated into France, free from

the influence of traditional parties and well-disposed to incorporation with a new country, which offered it numerous material advantages, Napoleon III might have been able to win the support of the voters. But the Empire, with its blind confidence in the future and its lack of skill, was unable to produce men and institutions capable of supporting it. This explains the success of Jules Favre's activities and the fact that the liberal movement continually gained in strength and extent. The result of the plebiscite of 1870, which was favorable to the Empire, as it was elsewhere in France, was in this sense deceptive: all the important cities of Haute-Savoie voted negatively.

R. Valdés del Toro

2763. Johnson, Douglas. THE FOREIGN POLICY OF GUIZOT, 1840-1848. University of Birmingham Historical Journal 1957 6(1): 62-87. Guizot sought to preserve the system of 1830; his fear of diplomatic isolation was outweighed by his fear of becoming dependent on left-wing groups in Paris. Since revolution in France could succeed only as a result of war or foreign adventure, he sought a course which would avoid those dangers but would be sufficiently impressive to maintain himself in power. The author divides Guizot's foreign policy into three periods: 1) during 1840-41 he exerted French influence in the settlement of the Eastern Question by threatening European statesmen with the consequences of his overthrow; 2) from 1841 to 1846, though shunning territorial annexation, he sought to keep pace with the expanding powers of Europe, and succeeded in extending French influence in the Mediterranean; 3) after 1846 he was concerned primarily with revolutionary movements in Europe and was consequently drawn into Metternich's orbit. In the application of his policy Guizot was somewhat insensitive to economic forces, was inclined to put too much faith in reason, and was on occasion overly nervous. Based on original sources.

D. Houston

2764. Leroy, Maxime. SAINTE-BEUVE, POLITIQUE ET SOCIAL [The social and political Sainte-Beuve]. Revue des Travaux de l'Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques et Comptes Rendus de ses Séances 1957 110(1): 75-95. Presents evidence to show that aside from his purely literary activities, Sainte-Beuve manifested a keen interest in social and political affairs, was a severe critic of the regime of Louis Philippe, disseminated Saint-Simonian views, published a study of Prudhon at a time when such activity was politically dangerous, and defended the intellectual independence of the universities against Imperial attacks. The author defends Sainte-Beuve against charges of being an opportunist, an envious man, and a bad son.

J. Kuehl

2765. Lesseps, Ferdinand de. NOTICE SUR MES SERVICES DIPLOMATIQUES [Review of my diplomatic services]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1957 71(2): 126-139. Survey by Ferdinand de Lesseps of his own career from 1825 to 1849, including notes on his services written by various foreign ministers. A copy of a document in the possession of the Suez Canal Company.

J. H. Jensen

2766. McBride, John (Univ. of Tennessee). BENJAMIN FRANKLIN AS VIEWED IN FRANCE DURING THE BOURBON RESTORATION (1814-1830). Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society 1956 100(2): 114-128. Accounts for the outburst of interest in Franklin during the Restoration by showing that Frenchmen were interested in Franklin's role in the American Revolution. Liberals and conservatives made use of his writings to support their particular positions on French problems.

C. B. Joynt

2767. Mayer, Jorge M. FRAGMENTOS DE UNA BIOGRAFIA. ALBERDI EN PARIS [Fragments of a biography. Alberdi in Paris]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(5): 77-95. Refers to Alberdi's trip to France in 1855 as representative of the Plata Confederation. Based mainly on Alberdi's correspondence.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano

2768. Mineka, Francis E., ed. (Cornell Univ.). JOHN STUART MILL: LETTERS ON THE FRENCH REVOLUTION OF 1830. Victorian Studies 1957/58 1(2): 137-154. Reproduces four letters, one of which was previously unpublished, by John Stuart Mill to his father. Mill visited France in August 1830, and the letters give his views on the July Revolution. They are important because "they reveal the

young Mill's enthusiasm for the cause of liberty and democracy, the penetration of his knowledge of a complicated political situation, and his admiration for the conduct of the working classes during the Revolution."

D. Houston

2769. Naquet, Alfred. LETTRE ... A PAUL ET VICTOR MARGUERITE SUR LE ROLE DE GAMBETTA EN 1870 (13 FEVRIER 1901) [Letter ... to Paul and Victor Marguerite on Gambetta's role in 1870 (13 February 1901)]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1956 70(4): 350-356. Presents a letter (edited by René Dollet) of Alfred Naquet, a member of the special armaments commission, explaining Gambetta's position in 1871. He encouraged the National Assembly to vote for continuation of the hopeless struggle against Germany, though he was convinced that the nation and the Assembly wanted peace. Naquet favored peace and believed that Gambetta's determination to continue the war was responsible for the election of the right wing assembly of 1871. Drawn from the private collection of Maurice Berard.

J. H. Jensen

2770. Potemkin, F. V. MASSOVYE DVIZHENIIA VO FRANTSII SO VREMENI LIONSKIKH VOSTANII DO REVOLIUTSII 1848 G. [Mass movements in France from the time of the Lyon insurrections up to the revolution in 1848]. Uchenye Zapiski po Novoi i Noveishei Istorii 1955 (1 5-170). Discusses three aspects of the mass movements of the French workers and peasants in the period 1831-1848: 1) the strike movement; 2) the agitation resulting from the rise in prices, and 3) resistance to the taxation policy of the July Monarchy. Based on unpublished material from the series F11 of the Archives Nationales, material from Archives of Russian Foreign Policy (AVDR), La Gazette des Tribunaux, and works by French authors.

G. Lovas

2771. Rude, Fernand. LES FOURIERISTES LYONNAIS ET LA COLONISATION DE L'ALGERIE [The Fourierists of Lyons and the colonization of Algeria]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1956 1(1): 41-64. Although Fourier's system was but little concerned with colonial problems (at the time of his death in 1837 the prospects of French colonial action appeared to be greatly reduced), two of his immediate followers and commentators, the Belgian feminist Zoé Gatti de Gamond and the Polish émigré Jean Czynski, attempted to fill this gap in his political-social thought. Inspired by them, a group of Fourierists organized in 1845 in Lyons, with a capital of 600,000 francs, a society for the exploitation without subdivision of an area of 2000-2500 hectares in Algeria. The project was viewed with great interest and sympathy by the French authorities. Article to be continued.

R. Valdés del Toro

2772. Seliger, M. (Hebrew Univ., Jerusalem). RACE-THINKING DURING THE RESTORATION. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(2): 273-282. For Augustin Thierry the "key to history" was more "the political fact of conquest" than the permanence of racial traits. His brother Amédée established "the first consistent race-theory" and was "the first to make a clear distinction between race and nation."

W. H. Coates

2773. Verdevoye, Paul. SARMIENTO EN FRANCIA [Sarmiento in France]. Universidad (Argentina) 1955 (31) 213-237. Data from Sarmiento's correspondence and "expense diary" concerning his trip to France in 1846.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano

2774. Vergnaud, Maurice. AGITATION POLITIQUE ET CRISE DE SUBSTANCES A LYON, DE SEPTEMBRE 1811 A JUIN 1817 [Political agitation and food crisis in Lyons from September 1811 to June 1817]. Cahiers d'Histoire 1957 2(2) 163-178. Describes one of the last food crises in the history of France, caused by the ruin that the war brought to the harvest of 1815 as well as by the hard climatic conditions of the winters of 1815/16 and 1816/17, coinciding with a period of political agitation and public ferment. This was one of the few rebellions faced by the Restoration monarchy.

R. Valdés del Toro

GERMANY

See also: 2494

2775. Biermann, Kurt-R. (Berlin). ALEXANDER VON HUMBOLDT ALS PROTEKTOR GOTTHOLD EISENSTEINS UND DESSEN WAHL IN DIE BERLINER AKADEMIE DER WISSENSCHAFTEN [Alexander von Humboldt as the protector of Gotthold Eisenstein and the latter's election to the Berlin Academy of Sciences]. *Forschungen und Fortschritte* 1958 (3): 78-81. Humboldt and C. F. Gauss promoted the academic career of a brilliant mathematician who lived from 1823 to 1852. Based mostly on unpublished letters.

E. H. Boehm

2776. Malinverni, Bruno. I CATTOLICI TEDESCHI DI PRONTO AL 20 SETTEMBRE 1870 [The German Catholics' relation to 20 September 1870]. *Civitas* 1956 7(9/10): 7-224. After examining the situation of the German Catholics in 1870 and their attitude toward the annexation of Rome on 20 September 1870, deals with their influence on Russian policy. *Journal*

2777. Wiener, Max. ABRAHAM GEIGER'S CONCEPTION OF THE "SCIENCE OF JUDAISM." *Yivo Annual of Jewish Social Science* 1956/57 11: 141-162. Explains the historical and theological bases of the scholarly contributions of one of the first great German-Jewish theologians (1810-1874). B. W. Korn

GREAT BRITAIN

See also: 2498, 2501, 2502, 2917, 3015

2778. Bishop, Jonathan (Univ. of California, Los Angeles). THE IDENTITIES OF SIR RICHARD BURTON: THE EXPLORER AS ACTOR. *Victorian Studies* 1957/58 1(2): 119-135. An attempt, from a psychoanalytical point of view, to reassess the personality of a British explorer, author, diplomat and civil servant. Based on Burton's published writings.

D. Houston

2779. Dyos, H. J. COUNTING THE COST OF RAILWAYS. *Amateur Historian* 1957 4(1): 191-197. Railways as an agent of social change in Great Britain in the 19th century have been largely neglected by historians. The author presents a preliminary guide for local historians who may want to embark upon such a study. Railways are considered primarily from the standpoint of how they changed the urban landscape. The principal sources for the study of the sociological impact of railways are discussed, and some of the chief objects of research identified. D. Houston

2780. Grant, Betty. TRADES COUNCILS, 1860-1914. *Amateur Historian* 1957 3(4): 160-165. Trades councils are local organizations made up of delegates from various trade societies. They began to appear in the 1860s and flourished during the 1890s. Since the councils were entirely local in scope, there is no uniformity in the available records. The author does, however, indicate what records to look for in a locality, and describes the content of different types of council records. A brief bibliography of useful works is appended, together with a list of places where trades council records can be found. D. Houston

2781. Hilton, G. W. (Stanford Univ.). THE TRUCK SYSTEM OF 1831. *Economic History Review* 1958 10(3): 470-479. The truck system, with such features as payment of wages in goods, arose in Britain to meet the needs of many employers and employees. It was opposed by many large employers who felt it gave small competitors an advantage. The Truck Act of 1831 was less effective than the changed conditions which existed by mid-century in destroying the system. B. L. Crapster

2782. Johnson, Douglas (Univ. of Birmingham). GUIZOT AND LORD ABERDEEN EN 1852. ECHANGE DE VUES SUR LA REFORME ELECTORALE ET LA CORRUPTION [Guizot and Lord Aberdeen in 1852. An exchange of views on electoral reform and corruption]. *Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine* 1958 5(1): 57-70. Presents, with critical commentary, five previously unpublished letters relating to the issue of secret ballot and other political reforms which apparently stiffened Whig opposition to suffrage reform in England. H. D. Piper

2783. Maurer, Oscar (Univ. of Texas). "PUNCH" ON SLAVERY AND CIVIL WAR IN AMERICA, 1841-65. *Victorian Studies* 1957/58 1(1): 5-28. In the 1840s *Punch* had a radical-humanitarian, anti-aristocratic bias, but by the 1860s the magazine had become much more conservative in its outlook. This change is shown clearly in its treatment of slavery and the American Civil War. Throughout the 1840s and 1850s, *Punch* satirized slavery along with other American failings, and sympathized openly with abolitionist opinion in the North. After the fall of Fort Sumter, however, it became outspokenly pro-Southern. In opposing the North, *Punch* insisted that the war was being fought in the interests of a high tariff, rather than abolition. It claimed that emancipation was pure hypocrisy, and to the end prophesied the defeat of the North. Lincoln was vilified until his death, and then quite suddenly eulogized. On the basis of evidence taken from the diaries of some of the editors, the author suggests that this sudden about-face indicates that the editors were less wholehearted in their Southern sympathies than they believed their readers to be. D. Houston

2784. Musson, A. E. (Univ. of Manchester). NEWSPAPER PRINTING IN THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION. *Economic History Review* 1958 10(3): 411-426. Traces the mechanization of the composing and printing of the *Manchester Guardian* in the 19th century. This process, which met with little opposition from employees, made possible a cheaper and larger paper. B. L. Crapster

2785. Rozhkov, B. A. O PROGRAMME CHARTISTSKOGO KONVENTA 1851 GODA [On the program of the Chartist Convention of 1851]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1957 (2): 108-122. A description of the Chartist movement, the first independent revolutionary movement of the proletariat. The author pays special attention to the period after 1848, which has up to now not been given much consideration in general historical literature. The program of the Convention of 1851 was determined largely by the wish to unite all suppressed sections of the British population under the leadership of the working class to protect them from exploitation. The working class was to gain political power through Parliamentary representation. Chartism built a bridge from Utopian communism to scientific socialism. Erna Wollert

2786. Yerofeev, N. A. CHARTISM I KOLONIAL'NAIA POLITIKA ANGLII [Chartism and Britain's colonial policy]. *Novaia i Noveishaia Istorii* 1957 1(1): 75-93. By its trenchant attacks on British imperial policy and practice the Chartist movement revealed a high level of proletarian consciousness. The Chartists did not understand, however, that the liberation of the English working class was closely related to the liberation of the colonial peoples. The Chartists had no positive program for the colonies; not once did they demand the end of British rule in India, for example. Marx was the first, in 1869, to pronounce the truth that a people cannot be free so long as it holds other peoples in bondage. The Chartists could not have discovered this truth in the 1840s and 1850s because the objective situation in the English colonies was not yet ripe for a revolutionary movement. R. V. Burks

HABSBURG EMPIRE

See also: 2509, 2512, 2754, 2805, 2811, 3030

2787. Kudáček, Jozef. P. J. ŠAĎÁRIK A JEHO KONCEPCIA PŮVODU SLOVANOV [P. J. ŠaĎárik and his concept of the origin of the Slavs]. *Historický Časopis* 1957 5(1): 59-81. A brief summary of the writings of Pavel Josef ŠaĎárik (1795-1861) in the field of Slavic languages and history from the 1830s on, based chiefly on his standard work *Slovanské starožitnosti* [Slavic Antiquities]. ŠaĎárik's work is of paramount importance for present-day scholars, and he should be regarded as one of the greatest authorities in the field of Slavic studies. F. Wagner

2788. Mann, S. E. (School of Slavonic and East European Studies, London). 'THE JOURNAL OF THE CZECH MUSEUM' AND FRANTIŠEK PALACKÝ. *Slavonic and East European Review* 1957 36(86): 81-93. Deals with the founding of *Časopis českého muzea* [The Journal of the Czech Museum] in 1827 by Palacký. The author throws light on the Czech literary and nationalist revival, which was paradoxically launched in the stifling atmosphere of the Age of Metternich. Sources not cited. V. S. Mamatey

2789. Matula, Vladimír. SNAHY O PREHLBENIE DEMOKRATICKEJ LÍNIE SLOVENSÝCH NÁRODNÝCH NOVÍN A FORMULOVANIE REVOLUČNÉHO PROGRAMU SLOVENSKEHO NÁRODNÉHO HNUTIA (1845-1848) [Efforts to deepen the democratic line of Slovenské národné noviny and the formation of the revolutionary program of the Slovak national movement (1845-1848)]. *Historický časopis* 1958 6(2): 202-223. Slovenské národné noviny [Slovak National Journal], one of the chief organs of the Slovak national movement, contains much source material concerning the political platform of Slovak nationalism during the period 1845-48. Ludovít Štur led a nonrevolutionary and compromising direction whereas the radical wing of the Slovak movement had a quite different, revolutionary approach to the socio-economic phenomena and problems of the period. Based partly on archival material.

F. Wagner

2790. Mérei, Gyula. MEZŐGAZDASÁGI ÁRUTERMELES ÉS A PARASZTSÁG HELYZETE MAGYARORSZÁGON A FEUDALIZMUS VÁLÁSÁNAK ELMÉLYÜLÉSE IDEJÉN [The production of agricultural goods and the situation of the peasantry in Hungary during the deepening of the crisis of feudalism]. *Századok* 1956 90(4-6): 591-616. A compilation of those chapters of a university textbook, now in preparation, on Hungarian history dealing with economic history of the period 1790-1849. The author discusses the relationship of agricultural production and peasantry between 1818 and 1848. As a consequence of the Vienna court's colonial policy, Hungary's agricultural products could not reach foreign markets. Although there was significant progress in the system of large-scale production, the entire system was based on the total exploitation of the serfs. In spite of Austria's hostile attitude toward Hungary's agriculture, capitalistic production methods deeply influenced village life, causing important changes in the economic and social conditions of the peasantry. Based on unpublished sources.

F. Wagner

2791. Miller, I. S. MATERIALY K ISTORII REVOLUTSIONNOI AGITATSII V ZAPADNOI GALITSII V 1846 G. [Material on the history of the revolutionary agitation in Western Galicia in 1846]. *Kratkie Soobshchenia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1955 (14): 31-48. Due to the scarcity of documents relatively little is known about the preparation of organized agitation for the uprising in Cracow and Galicia. The author publishes four propaganda pamphlets from the manuscript department of the Lvov library of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR.

G. Lovas

2792. Nefedov, I. M. KREST'IAANSKOE DVIZHENIE V ZAPADNOI GALITSII V 1832-1833 GG. [The peasant movement in Western Galicia in 1832-1833]. *Kratkie Soobshchenia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1955 (14): 49-71. Publishes part of the correspondence of the Austrian government concerning the peasant movement directed against the barshina on the Radlov estate in Galicia in 1832-33. The documents are kept in the manuscript department of the Lvov library of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR.

G. Lovas

2793. Reade, Leslie. BOMBS OVER VENICE. *History Today* 1958 8(6): 421-425. An account of an attempt by Austrian forces besieging Venice in 1849 to bomb the city by means of hot-air balloons. The bombing attempt was the idea of Franz von Uchatius, then an Austrian army lieutenant, and later an artillery general.

E. D. Johnson

2794. Sexau, Richard. KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH I. VON OESTERREICH. MONARCH, STAATSMANN, MENSCH [Francis Joseph I, Emperor of Austria, as monarch, statesman and as a person]. *Neues Abendland* 1958 13(2): 164-176. Describes Emperor Francis Joseph as a political figure. Francis Joseph was not an unenterprising bureaucrat. In the first years of his reign he ruled as an absolute monarch. He was too trustful and often misinterpreted political situations. After 1866 the "natural Austrian pessimism" about the inevitable decay of the Austrian Empire took possession of him.

G. Schoebe

2795. Tolnai, György. VÝVOJ ROL'NÍCKÉHO PRIEMYSLU A JEHO PRETVÁRANIE NA KAPITALISTICKÝ PRIEMYSEL V UHORSKU V ROKOCH 1842-1848 [The development of peasant industry and its conversion to capitalism in Hungary (1842-1848)]. *Historický časopis* 1957 5(3): 335-356. A Czech translation of an article that originally appeared in *Századok* 1956 90(4-6): 709-735 [See abstract 3: 2648].

F. Wagner

ITALY

See also: 2793

2796. Dethan, Georges (Archivist, French Foreign Ministry). LA CORRESPONDANCE DIPLOMATIQUE DE HENRI BEYLE (1830-1841) [The diplomatic correspondence of Henri Beyle (Stendhal) (1830-1841)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(2): 159-167. Critical review of the Beyle correspondence in the archives of the French foreign ministry in order to supplement and correct the material in Martineau, *Correspondance diplomatique de Stendhal* (Paris, 1934), VI-X. Three of the additional documents discovered by the author are reproduced in an annex: 1) a report to Paris (29 March 1831) on the progress of the fortifications at Civitavecchia; 2) a letter to another consul (4 April 1832) on the occupation of Ancona, and 3) a report to Paris (3 August 1841) on health and labor conditions in Italy west of the Apennines.

J. H. Jensen

2797. Dethan, Georges. UN CONSUL ET UN VICE-CONSUL. STENDHAL ET SON AGENT A ANCONE: FREDERIC QUILLIET (CORRESPONDANCE INEDITE) [A consul and a vice-consul. Stendhal and his agent at Ancona: Frederic Quilliet (Unpublished correspondence)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(4): 293-312, and 1956 70(1): 13-47. Outlines the correspondence (quoting many of the documents) exchanged between the French diplomat-novelist Stendhal and his tyro subordinate at Ancona during 1831 and 1832, when this city was a key point in the suppression of the revolutionary movement in the Papal States. Based largely on French consular archives preserved at Florence and recently returned to the archives of the French foreign ministry.

J. H. Jensen

2798. Dollot, René. DANS LE SILLAGE DE STENDHAL [In the wake of Stendhal]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(3): 247-261. Considers the career of Lysimaque Tavernier, chancellor and often administrator of the consula at Civitavecchia in the Papal States during the period (1830-1846) when Henri Beyle (Stendhal) was the titular but often absent consul in that city. Tavernier's relationship with Beyle and his activities during the Italian revolutions of 1848 are noted on the basis of documents, some quoted, brought together by DuParc, Letonnelier, Denier, et al., in *Dans le sillage de Stendhal* (Paris, 1955). A collection of four-hundred letters from Charles Defly, chancellor of the French embassy in Rome (1846-1851), of interest for the study of the Roman revolution and the French occupation, has been discovered in the possession of descendants of Tavernier now residing in Athens.

J. H. Jensen

2799. Guichonnet, Paul. LA SAVOIE ET LE ROYAUME DE SARDAIGNE (1815-1860) [Savoy and the Kingdom of Sardinia (1815-1860)]. *Cahiers d'Histoire* 1957 2(3): 279-309, and (4): 397-434. On the eve of the French Revolution Savoy was still loyal to the Kingdom of Sardinia, but this situation was altered by the bourgeois revolution of 1792-93 and the blow it dealt the clergy and nobility. When these two classes regained their importance in the Restoration, a strong movement arose in Savoy opposing France and advocating reunion with Piedmont. In the years following the reunion the clergy and nobility worked together, and the bourgeoisie, which had benefited most from the 1792-93 revolution, adjusted itself to this authoritarian regime. Only a few intellectuals remained faithful to France. The period 1848-1852 was one of great difficulty for all classes: the increasing population produced demographic congestion, and a food crisis occurred in 1846-47. Moreover, the Turin government's reforms of 1847-1848 which were supposed to prepare the state for its new role as champion of Italian unity were regarded in Savoy as an attack on the Duchy's traditional rights. The situation worsened after the first losses to Austria. A break with Cavour's Piedmont developed after 1852, and in 1860 it was legalized by a plebiscite and annexation to France.

R. Valdés del Toro

2800. Treves, Paolo. UN CONSERVATORE: MONALDO LEOPARDI [A conservative: Monaldo Leopardi]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1956 68(3): 365-389. By means of an analysis of his works, examines the political ideas of Monaldo Leopardi, concluding he was not a reactionary, as charged by his critics, but rather a conservative.

P. Pastorelli

POLAND

also: 2791

2801. Kołodziejczyk, Ryszard. RADA MIEJSKA M. ZESTOCHOWY A SPRAWA REFORMY SAMORZĄDOWEJ KRÓLESTWIE POLSKIM W LATACH 1861-1863 [The Town Council of Częstochowa and the reform of local government of 1861-1863]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 (1): 92-99. Publishes the petition of 6 December 1862 of the Town Council of Częstochowa to Marquis Wielopolski, head of the Civil Administration of the Polish Kingdom. The petition sharply criticized the decree of November 1862 of the Administrative Council, which restricted the power of the Town Councils, and complained about the slow and bureaucratic work of the higher authorities. It protested against encroachment on their powers and the uncillors stopped performing their official duties until they received Wielopolski's reply. The petition is kept in the Tytkov-Shchedrin Public Library in Leningrad.

A. F. Dygnas

2802. Kostiuszko, I. I. MATERIALY K HISTORII KREST'NOSKOGO DVIZHENIA V TSARSTVE POL'SKOM V KONCE 60-KH GODOV XIX. V. [Material dealing with the history of the peasants' movement in the Polish Kingdom toward the end of the 1860s]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1955 (17): 46-56. Presents documents from the holdings of the Executive Department of the Ministry of the Interior kept, at present, at the Central Historical Archives in Leningrad. The documents depict the struggle of the peasants against the expropriation of the former community land.

G. Lovas

2803. Kostiuszko, I. I. MATERIALY O DEIATEL'NOSTI POVSTANCHESKOI ORGANISATSII PETRA STSENNOGO [Historical material on the activities of theurrectionist organization of Piotr Ściegienny]. *Kratkie obshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1956 (20): 50-57. The peasant movement led by the Catholic priest P. Ściegienny in the Polish Kingdom during the 1840s was an important event in the history of the anti-feudal and national Polish liberation movement. The report considered here is based on recently discovered documents in the Historical Archives of the Central Committee in Moscow and taken from the chives collection of the Imperial Chancellery Office of Public Records of the years 1844-1845. The documents give evidence of the strength and size of the liberation organization. The translation of an alleged papal bull that was found among Ściegienny's possessions is of special interest. It appeals to the peasants to take part in active rebellion against their oppressors in the name of God, and it exercised a strong influence on the Polish masses.

Erna Wollert

PORTUGAL

2804. García, Flavio A. LAS CORTES DE LISBOA Y LA PROVINCIA CISPLATINA [The Lisbon Cortes and the Cisplatine Province]. *Boletín Histórico* (Uruguay) 1956 (10): 96-130. Presents the texts of the sessions of the Lisbon Cortes held during July and August 1822.

also: 3: 2636 Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20475)

RUSSIA

also: 2525, 2526, 3059, 3073, 3077

2805. Averbukh, P. A. BOR'BA VENGERSKOGO ROUDA ZA NEZAVISIMOST' V 1848-1849 GG. I PEREVAIA RUSSKAIA OBSHCHESTVENNOST' [The struggle of the Hungarian people for independence in 1848-49, and progressive Russian society]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR* 1955 (8): 16-25. Lecture presented at a 1955 meeting of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. In order to suppress the war of liberation of the Hungarian people the Austrian camarilla asked the army of Czar Nicholas I for help. This intervention was unpopular among the ordinary soldiers and the progressive officers of the Russian army and was sharply criticized by the best representatives of the Russian revolution including such democrats as Herzen and Chernyshevski. Based on

documents of the field judge advocate of the front-line army and records of military courts.

G. Lovas

2806. Bestuzhev, I. V. ZNACHENIA KRYMSKOI VOINY 1853-1856 GG. V RAZVITII RUSSKOGO VOENNOGO ISKUSSTVA [The significance of the Crimean War (1853-1856) for the development of the Russian art of war]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1955 (5): 43-52. The Crimean War led to the development of: 1) skirmish-line tactics; 2) awareness of the advantages of light (Cossack) cavalry; 3) continuous concentration of artillery fire on the most important targets; 4) new principles of fortification, and 5) combined operations of different branches of the services and of the army command.

G. Lovas

2807. Brown, Edward J. (Brown Univ.). THE CIRCLE OF STANKEVICH. *American Slavic and East European Review* 1957 16(3): 349-368. The early beginnings of almost all 19th century Russian intellectual movements, trends and schools can be found in the Stankevich circle. The author attempts "to identify the circle clearly, to define its philosophical and literary creed, and to illustrate concretely how its influence became effective in the literary world." Stankevich believed that artistic creation was the highest form of human activity. The author discusses the circle's treatment of four contemporary authors in order to illustrate its literary influence.

B. Holtman

2808. Fadeev, A. V. OBORONA SEVASTOPOLIA 1854-1855 GG. I RUSSKOE OBSHCHESTVO [The defense of Sevastopol in 1854-1855 and Russian society]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1955 (5): 19-28. Description of the attitude of various social classes toward the defense of Sevastopol. The nobility revealed a lack of patriotism. The lower and middle classes and the peasants, on the other hand, volunteered for the people's auxiliary. The peasants hoped that they would thereby be liberated from serfdom. Statements by Leo Tolstoi, Shevchenko, Pirogov, Herzen, Dobroliabov and Nekrasov are cited.

G. Lovas

2809. Fainberg, E. I. IZ ISTORII USTANOVLENIIA OFITSIAL'NYKH OTNOSHENII MEZHDU ROSSIEI I IAPONIEI [From the history of the establishment of official relations between Russia and Japan]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (3): 56-70. Gives a survey of Russo-Japanese relations in the 18th century and describes the Putiatin expedition (1852-1855) and Perry's intrigues. Based on material from the Arkhiv uneshnei politiki Rossii [Russian Archives of Foreign Policy].

G. Lovas

2810. Fedosov, I. A. IZ ISTORII OBSHCHESTVENNOGO DVIZHENIA V ROSSII V KONTSE 30. GODOV XIX. STOLETIIA [From the history of the social movement in Russia at the end of the 1830s]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (12): 80-91. Describes the isolated attempts of bourgeois intellectual groups and the army to revolt against absolutism during the reign of Nicholas I. These secret attempts show that revolutionary forces were not at that time completely suppressed in Russia. Based on literature (poems, proclamations and letters) from archives.

Erna Wollert

2811. Fedorov, A. V. (Leningrad). OTNOSHENIE PEREDOVYKH LIUDEI ROSSII K VENGERSKOI REVOLUTSII 1848-1849 GODOV [The attitude of progressive Russians toward the Hungarian revolution of 1848-49]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1957 (2): 89-96. Lenin characterized Russian Czarism in the period of the armed intervention in Hungary as a "true policeman of Europe." The author mentions such prominent Russian writers as Herzen, Chernyshevski and the poet Nekrasov who proved true friends of the Hungarian people in the "just but unequal fight against the armed reaction." He quotes from their works and letters, describes several cases of pro-Hungarian feeling in the Czarist army and stresses the significance of this Hungarian revolution for proletarian internationalism.

Erna Wollert

2812. Iatsunskii, V. K. MATERIALY O SOSTOIANII SUKONNOI PROMYSHLENNOSTI ROSSII V 1845 G. [Material on the situation of the cloth industry in Russia in 1845]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 82-126. Publishes an official account from the year 1847, containing information on

the number of cloth manufacturing plants in the various provinces, the number of machines used in all branches of the wool and cloth manufacturing industry, and statistics on the quantity of cloth produced. This material throws light on the technical and economic situation of the Russian cloth industry in the middle of the 19th century. G. Lovas

2813. Iswolsky, Helene (Fordham Univ.). "THE TAGUIL FIND" OR PUSHKIN REVISITED. *Russian Review* 1958 17 (3): 183-192. Describes a collection of letters recently discovered in Taguil, an industrial center in the Urals. These letters were written by members of the family of the historian Nicholas Karamzin, and relate to St. Petersburg society and to Pushkin, who was a friend of the Karamzin family. Using these documents, the author surveys the circumstances of Pushkin's fatal duel in January 1837.

Journal (D. von Mohrenschildt)

2814. Kafengauz, B. B. OB ISTORICHESKIKH VZGLIADAKH DEKABRISTOV [On the Decembrists' views on history] *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1956 (10): 27-49. The Decembrists' views on history resemble Radishchev's beliefs: both claimed that progressive ideas and revolutions are produced by historical development. Radishchev, however, enthusiastically endorsed the idea of a "people's revolution," such as the American War of Independence or Pugachev's rebellion, whereas the Decembrists envisaged a revolution in which the masses would not participate directly, a so-called military revolution, carried out by the army. G. Lovas

2815. Leikina-Svirskaya, V. R. ATEIZM PETRASHEV-TSEV [The atheism of the Petrashevsky group]. *Voprosy Istorii Religii i Ateizma* 1955 3: 214-236. In the 1840s a group of intellectuals of different social strata who, because of their active participation in propaganda against religion and the Church, belonged to the revolutionary democratic camp, gathered around M. V. Butashevich-Petrashkevsky, a follower of Herzen and Belinsky. They combined a view of religion as the negation of exact scientific comprehension of the laws of nature with criticism of the political reality in Russia. Petrashevsky condemned "obscurantism" and accused the reactionary powers of wanting to bar the common people from access to knowledge in order to keep them in a dependent state. Petrashevsky's propaganda became one of the most important weapons in the struggle against serfdom. Based on selected philosophical works of Herzen and Belinsky; philosophical and social political works by followers of Petrashevsky and documents from a branch of the Central Military Historical State Archives. Erna Wollert

2816. Linkov, I. I. K ISTORII CHERNOGAI-KANDIEV-SKOGO VOSSTANIIA 1861 G. [On the history of the insurrection at Chernogai-Kandievka in 1861]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (4): 133-152. At the end of March 1861, soon after the proclamation of the agrarian reform, a fairly well-organized peasant uprising took place against the landowners in the province of Penza. The author publishes sixteen documents containing reports, letters and telegrams of civil servants pertaining to the rebellion. In a petition addressed to the procurator of the province peasant women ask for permission to follow their husbands into exile in Siberia. G. Lovas

2817. Petrash, V. V., and D. T. Subbotin. IZ ISTORII REVOLIUTSIONNOGO DVIZHENIIA V RUSSKOM VOENNO-MORSKOM FLOTE (60-E GODY XIX VEKA) [On the history of the revolutionary movement in the Russian navy (the 1860s)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (5): 110-139. Publishes a document relating to the trial by court-martial of the sea-cadet Vladimir D'iakonov and the Junker Vladimir Truveler (1862). Both officers were court-martialed for the distribution of illegal writings (works of Herzen and Ogarev). G. Lovas

2818. Pogrebinskii, A. P. GOSUDARSTVENNYE FINANSY ROSSII NAKANUNE REFORMY 1861 GODA [The state finances of Russia on the eve of the reform of 1861]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (2): 100-125. Publishes a report on Russia's finances written (presumably not before December 1855) by I. A. Gagemeister, director of the

Credit Bureau in the Ministry of Finance. The document discusses in detail the Russian state budget, financial policy and some relevant legal points. G. Lovas

2819. Pokrovskii, M. V. (Krasnodar). O KHARAKTERE DVIZHENIIA GORTSEV ZAPADNOGO KAVKASA V 40-60-K GODAKH XIX VEKA [On the nature of the movement among the population of the mountainous regions of the western Caucasus from the 1840s to the 1860s]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1955 (2): 62-74. Several articles have appeared in *Voprosy Istorii* on the subject of Caucasian Muridism, but they have been concerned mainly with the eastern districts, where the Muridist movement gained its strongest support. The author discusses the reasons for the failure of the movement in the western Caucasus, particularly in Adygei Region. The main reason was the Adygei peasants' fear that Muridism would establish a new feudal order under the cloak of theocracy. Erna Wollert

2820. Polikarpov, V. D. NEIZDANNAIA RUKOPIS' L. N. TOLSTOGO [L. N. Tolstoy's unpublished manuscript *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (1): 196-202. Publishes the text of a project drafted by Tolstoi during the Crimean War for the reorganization of artillery units, together with the project's rejection by Adjutant General A. Filosofov. G. Lovas

2821. Pushkarev, L. N. KRITIKA RELIGII I TSERKVI I. A. KHUDIAKOVYM [Criticism of religion and the Church by I. A. Khudiakov]. *Voprosy Istorii Religii i Ateizma* 1955 (3): 184-213. I. A. Khudiakov, born in Kurgan in 1842, talented scholar and member of the Narodniki group, began independent scientific work while still a student. He devoted himself to research on folk literature, particularly folk tales and wrote such popular books for the enlightenment of the people as *Russkaia Knizhka* [The Russian Book] and *Samouchitel* [Textbook for Home Study]. As a revolutionary and convinced atheist he used every lawful opportunity to help free the working people from religion through his works on history and the natural sciences. His criticism of the Eastern religions and Catholicism, for instance, contained clear allusions to the Russian Orthodox Church. Based on documents and letters from the State Historical Archives in Leningrad (TSGIAL) and Moscow (TSGIAM), periodicals from the year 1864-1868, and Khudiakov's works. Erna Wollert

2822. Riurikov, B. VELIKII RUSSKII PISATEL' F. M. DOSTOEVSKII [F. M. Dostoyevsky, the great Russian writer]. *Kommunist* 1956 33(2): 89-103. An essay written on the occasion of the 75th anniversary of Dostoyevsky's death. The reconciliation (smirenii) which Dostoyevsky taught was an expression of his great indignation, a protest against the political system of his time, even though the poet was not associated with the revolutionary movement, which he denounced as a senseless political venture. G. Lovas

SPAIN

See also: 2550, 2556

2823. Aldana Fernández, Salvador. LA REVOLUCION DE 1820 EN VALENCIA [The revolution of 1820 in Valencia] *Boletín de la Sociedad Castellonense de Cultura* (Spain) 1955 31(4): 281-302. After introductory sections on "The Old Regime in Spain," "Crisis and Revolution" and "The Revolution of 1820," discusses the revolution in Valencia. Among the documents included in the appendix is an official communication from the governor, Francisco Javier Elfo, to the Ayuntamiento of Valencia. J. Ma. Jover Zamora (IHE 12408)

2824. Artola, Miguel. LA RECONSTRUCCION DE SAN SEBASTIAN [Reconstruction of San Sebastián]. *Revista de la Universidad de Madrid* (Spain) 1956 5(18): 135-191. Analyzes in detail the rebuilding after 1817 of the city of San Sebastián following its destruction by the English in 1813. Based on documents in the San Sebastián municipal archives. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 19908)

2825. Camargo Hernández, César. LA CIRCUNSTANCIA AGRAVANTE DE PREMEDITACION EN LA HISTORIA Y EN

A LEGISLACION COMPARADA [The aggravating circumstance of premeditation in history and comparative legislation]. *Boletín de Derecho Penal y Ciencias Penales* (Spain) 1955 (1): 76-88. Influenced by the French code of 1810, the Spanish accepted premeditation in crime as an aggravating circumstance in the legal codes of 1822, 1850 and 1870. The Spanish example has been followed in a number of Spanish American codes. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 12371)

2826. Eco. REPERCUSIONES DE LA GUERRA DE RIMEA [Repercussions of the Crimean War]. *Cultura* (Spain) 1955 (119): 3-4. Refers to the economic boom in the region of Valls (Tarragona) following the rise in the prices of its manufactured goods and farm products after 1855. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12412)

2827. Fernández, Felipe. EL MAS ANTIGUO MAPA DE LA POBLACION DE LA PENINSULA IBERICA [The oldest population map of the Iberian Peninsula]. *Estudios Geográficos* (Spain) 1956/57 17(65): 704-706. Reproduces and describes a map of 1856 showing the distribution of Spanish cities with a population of more than 5,000 prior to the first census in Spain (1857). S. Llobet Reverter (IHE 19917)

2828. [Fernández] Guillén [Tato], Julio. UN CORSARIO NSIOSO [A greedy privateer]. *Correo Erudito* (Spain) 1957 (37): 271. An account of the attacks by a Colombian privateer against Santa Cruz de Tenerife in 1821. Based on material in the Archivo de Marina. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 19927)

2829. F.-Riesgo, Cándido. LOS CARLISTAS EN LA ILLA DE SAMA [The Carlists in the town of Sama]. *Boletín del Instituto de Estudios Asturianos* (Spain) 1955 9 (24): 92-96. Note on some Carlist bands active in Asturias during the third Carlist War and on their members. He author describes the capture of Sama (Asturias) on 8 July 1874 by one of these bands. J. Cabestany Fort (IHE 12443)

2830. Iribarren, José María. EL COMER, EL VESTIR LA VIDA DE LOS NAVARROS DE 1817, A TRAVES DE N "MEMORIAL DE RATONERA" [How the Navarrans of 1817 ate, dressed and lived, as seen in a memorial de ratonera]. *Príncipe de Viana* (Spain) 1956 17(65): 473-486. Philological and folklore study of a 1817 memorial in the Navarre Archives. E. Ansensio Salvadó (IHE 19926)

2831. Juretschke, Hans. POSTRIMERIAS DE FERNANDO II Y ADVENIMIENTO DEL REGIMEN LIBERAL. APOSILLAS A FEDERICO SUAREZ [The last days of Fernando II and the advent of the liberal regime. Postscripts to Federico Suárez]. *Razón y Fe* (Spain) 1955 152(694): 325-34. Comments on the historiographical work of Suárez, especially on *Los sucesos de La Granja* (Madrid, 1953). Juretschke generally agrees with Suárez' thesis, but points out that it was impossible in Spain to avoid a liberal system because the conservative forces had no effective program. J. Vicens Vives (IHE 12409)

2832. Leal Fuertes, José. EL REGIMEN ESPECIAL DE LA CAPITAL DEL ESTADO EN NUESTRA LEGISLACION DEL SIGLO XIX [The special government of the capital of the state in our 19th century legislation]. *Revista de Estudios de la Vida Local* (Spain) 1956 15(87): 396-401. Comments on the separate system established for the government of Madrid by a royal decree of 14 March 1852, which made the city directly dependent on the Ministerio de la Gobernación in all matters relating to the urban police and municipal budgets and accounts. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 18571)

2833. Legaz y Lecambra, Luis. EL SOCIALISMO VISTO POR NICOMEDES PASTOR DIAZ [Socialism as seen by Nicomedes Pastor Díaz]. *Estudios de Historia Social* (Spain) 1955 3: 125-162. Pastor Díaz, a moderate statesman under Queen Isabella, was a liberal but not an individualist. The author analyzes a series of lectures by Pastor Díaz on socialism (Ateneo de Madrid, 1848-1849). J. Mercader Riba (IHE 19918)

2834. Olangua C. M. F., Augusto. CENTENARIO DE LA PREFECTURA APOSTOLICA, HOY VICARIATO DE FERNANDO POO. EL ILMO. SR. D. MIGUEL MARTINEZ Y SANZ, PRIMER PREFECTO APOSTOLICO [Centenary of the Apostolic Prefecture, now the Vicariate of Fernando Poo. His Excellency Sr. D. Miguel Martínez y Sanz, the first apostolic prefect]. *Africa* (Spain) 1955 12(160): 158-163. Gives a biographical sketch of Father Martínez (1811-1888) from Saragossa, founder of the Congregation of Servants of Mary (1851), and presents a critical account of the missionary expedition of 1856 to the islands of the Gulf of Guinea. The author also refers to subsequent missions and apostolic vicariates up to the present. A copy of a letter of 1856 from Isabella to Father Martínez is included. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 12898)

2835. Otero Pedraya, Ramón. ENSAYO SOBRE LA DESAMORTIZACION ECLESIASTICA EN TIERRAS DE ORENSE [Essay on the ecclesiastical amortization in the areas of Orense]. *Cuadernos de Estudios Gallegos* (Spain) 1955 10(30): 89-110. After a summary of information on amortization legislation (1798-1845), enumerates a large number of monasteries, abbeys, priories and other religious centers which were affected by amortization. In some cases the author indicates the amount for which they were auctioned. Undocumented. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12411)

2836. Seco, Carlos. SEMBLANZA DE UN REY CARLISTA EN LAS PAGINAS DE SU DIARIO INTIMO [A Carlist king as portrayed in the pages of his private diary]. *Revista de la Universidad de Madrid* (Spain) 1956 5(19): 323-343. A character study of the pretender Charles VII, based on a manuscript which he wrote (1870-1871) (National Library, Madrid), parts of which are included. He was outstanding as a person because of his deep faith in his mission; as a statesman, because of his advanced position in reference to the old Carlism and his opposition to some of his own followers. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 19915)

Latin America

See also: 2563, 2564, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2577, 2580, 2582, 2583, 2585, 2587, 2588, 2592, 2594, 2596, 2597, 2599, 2601, 2603, 2607, 2609, 2615, 2620, 2629, 2630, 2634, 2635, 2637, 2638, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2654, 2658, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2665, 2666, 2668, 2670, 2671, 2689, 2691, 2692, 2694, 2695, 2755, 2767, 2773

2837. Acevedo Díaz, Eduardo. EL PASO DE LOS ANDES, CAMINO A TRAVES DE CUATRO CORDILLERAS [The passage over the Andes, a route across four ranges]. *Revista de Educación* (Argentina) 1956 1(9): 491-502. Describes the route followed by the troops of San Martín and O'Higgins in crossing the Andes, the difficulties which they faced and the ways in which they overcame them. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19166)

2838. Alfaro, Ricardo J. EL CONGRESO DE PANAMA [The Congress of Panama]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 324-333. Considerations on the debates and agreements of the Congress of Panama (1826). Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19137)

2839. Bateman, Alfredo D. UNA MISION CIENTIFICA EN LOS ALBORES DE LA REPUBLICA [A scientific mission in the first days of the republic]. *Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia* (Colombia) 1956 14(50): 111-132. Refers to the work of a group of scientists under the Frenchman Boussingault (1822-1827) in Colombia, and also to the personalities of the Colombian scientists Benito Osorio, Benedicto Domínguez and Joaquín Acosta. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2840. Bounocore, Domingo. SARMIENTO Y LAS BIBLIOTECAS POPULARES [Sarmiento and popular libraries]. *Universidad* (Argentina) 1956 (33): 121-137. Praises Sarmiento's work on behalf of the establishment and development of popular libraries in Argentina. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2841. Camacho A., Angel María. EL GENERAL FRANCISCO DE PAULA SANTANDER. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1956 29(106): 349-353. Praises a leader of the independence movement in Colombia, drawing attention to his political activity and his religious spirit. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19194)

2842. Campoamor, Fernando G. MAS Y MENOS DEL DIEZ DE OCTUBRE [More or less concerning the 10th of October]. Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional (Cuba) 1956 7(4): 61-72. An account of the political situation in Cuba before 10 October 1868, justifying the revolutionary attitude. Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 19203)

2843. Carbonell, Abel. BOLIVAR Y EL CONGRESO DE PANAMA [Bolívar and the Congress of Panama]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 320-323. Notes on Bolívar's motives for excluding the United States and Argentina when he planned the Congress of Panama. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19135)

2844. Cárdenas Acosta, Pablo E. LA RESTAURACION CONSTITUCIONAL DE 1867 [The constitutional restoration of 1867]. Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1957 44(510-512): 165-205, and (513-515): 393-452. In the first part reviews the abortive effort of President Tomás C. Mosquera in 1867 to establish a dictatorship in Colombia, resulting in his own deposition on 23 May. The author pays special attention to the role in these events of General Santos Acosta, who was a personal friend of Mosquera but ultimately committed himself to the defense of the constitution. In the second part the author describes the May 1867 coup d'état which overthrew Mosquera's short-lived dictatorship, emphasizing the democratic inspiration and bipartisan appeal of the movement. He includes extracts from some contemporary newspapers and other publications, and attempts to refute various statements of Mosquera himself and of the Colombian author José María Cordovez Moure. Article to be continued. D. Bushnell

2845. Castillero, Ernesto J. HISTORIA SINTETICA DEL CONGRESO DE PANAMA DE 1826 [Synthetic history of the Congress of Panama (1826)]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 300-305. A summary of the history of this famous congress. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19138)

2846. Castro, Antonio. URQUIZA Y LA MASONERIA [Urquiza and Freemasonry]. Historia (Argentina) 1955 1(2): 29-49. Examines the circumstances which led the Argentine leader to join a Masonic lodge. The author concludes that "Urquiza (after Cepeda and the pact of 1859 which united the Argentine family) became a Freemason in 1860 to save the constitution of 1853 and preserve peace between brothers, believing, moreover, that he was not committing an act hostile to his religion, since the Catholic Church did not expressly forbid affiliation with Masonic sects." Based on published and unpublished documents from Argentine archives. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2847. Castro, Antonio. URQUIZA Y SU PUEBLO [Urquiza and his people]. Universidad (Argentina) 1955 (30): 205-227. After a short sketch of the social situation in Argentina immediately before independence, examines the personality of General Urquiza (1801-1870) as a faithful interpreter of the political ideals of his people. Reference is also made to Urquiza's principal collaborators. Dolores Beltrán Carrión

2848. Estrada M., Ligia María, and Edgar Gutiérrez F. HECHOS MAS IMPORTANTES RELACIONADOS CON LA VIDA DE DON BRAULIO CARRILLO, 1800-1876 [The most important facts relating to the life of Don Braulio Carrillo, 1800-1876]. Revista de los Archivos Nacionales de Costa Rica (Costa Rica) 1957 21(7-12): 290-323. Chronological list of documents in the Costa Rican national archives relating to the career of Braulio Carrillo, dictator-president of Costa Rica (1800-1845). Included are items of personal interest, laws and decrees and other administrative documents. Some of the documents are only listed, others fully abstracted or quoted. D. Bushnell

2849. Etchepareborda, Roberto. APUNTES BIBLIOGRAFICOS SOBRE EL ALMIRANTE BROWN [Bibliographical notes on Admiral Brown]. Historia (Argentina) 1957 2(7): 79-99. A report on 275 bibliographical cards relating to books, pamphlets, documents and newspaper articles published during the years 1890-1956 about Brown. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20416)

2850. Chacín Sánchez, Santos. INTERPRETACIONES HISTORICAS. LA CARTA DE JAUAJA [Historical interpretations. The letter from Jauja]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 519-523. Comments on the Liberator's decision in the campaign to liberate Peru to entrust General La Mar with the vanguard of the army and to assign the rear guard to Sucre. Copies of the letter from Sucre (Jauja, 1824) complaining of this change and Bolívar's reply are included. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19130)

2851. Forero, Manuel José. VIDA DE BOLIVAR. LA CAMPAÑA DE 1819 [Life of Bolívar. The campaign of 1819]. Hojas de Cultura Popular Colombiana (Colombia) 1956 (70) [34-38]. A summary of, and anecdotes relating to, the 1819 campaign in Venezuela. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19126)

2852. García Flavio, A. EN TORNO A UN DESPACHO DE CORONEL ESPAÑOL A FAVOR DE ARTIGAS [On the commissioning of Artigas as Spanish colonel]. Boletín Histórico (Uruguay) 1955 (65): 89-98. Following a short account of Artigas' military career, discusses his appointment as colonel. Villalva, who was entrusted with conveying the news to him, did not do so because he had joined the fighters for independence. Included is a photograph of the document containing the nomination. Based on documents from the Archivo Histórico Nacional, Madrid, the Archivo General de Indias, Seville, and the Archivo Militar, Segovia. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12881)

2853. García Vázquez, [Demetrio]. REPERCUSION DEL FEDERALISMO EN LA INDEPENDENCIA DEL SUR [Repercussion of federalism on Southern independence]. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1956 29(106): 285-291. Reflections on the disruptive influence of local antagonisms on the cause of independence in the upper Cauca Valley. Based on documents, some of which are included, but whose source is not given. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19198)

2854. Gargaro, Alfredo. LOS SUELDOS DE SAN MARTIN (EPISODIO HISTORICO, 1815-1816) [San Martín's salaries (a historical episode, 1815-1816)]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(6): 166-168. Presents two previous unpublished documents (Museo Mitre and the Archivo General de la Nación, Argentina), dealing with San Martín's requests that his salary be reduced to a half after his decision to leave the country in 1815, and to a third in 1816, in order to reduce the expenses of the army of independence. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 20407)

2855. Gonzalo de Saavedra, Carlos. ANTECEDENTES Y PREAMBULOS DE LA CONFERENCIA DE PRESIDENTE AMERICANOS EN PANAMA [Antecedents and prologues to the conference of American presidents in Panama]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 306-314. Examines the position and attitude of the United States in relation to the Congress of Panama, and of Bolívar with respect to the United States. Based on unpublished documents from the National Archives, Washington. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19136)

2856. Grases, Pedro. DOS CARTAS INEDITAS DE BOLIVAR [Two unpublished letters of Bolívar]. El Farol (Venezuela) 1955 16(158): 30-32. Presents two Bolívar letters and two other documents (1816-1823), referring to various military matters. The documents are from a private library. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12838)

2857. Grisanti, Angel. LA MISION CIVILIZADORA REALIZADA POR SUCRE EN EL ECUADOR. CONSTITUCION Y ESCUELAS [Sucre's civilizing mission in Ecuador.

onstitution and schools]. Cultura Universitaria (Venezuela) 1956 (57): 84-88. Presents copies of circulars sent by General Sucre to the corregidor of Quito (1822) and to the yuntamiento of Jaén directing that the oath of allegiance to the constitution be taken, and of a manuscript on the oath taken at a meeting of the Quito Cabildo (1825?). Brief reference is made to the interest shown by Sucre in education.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19217)

2858. Hagen, Víctor W. von. LAS CUATRO ESTACIONES DE MANUELA. OTOÑO [The four seasons of Manuela. Autumn]. Hojas de Cultura Popular Colombiana (Colombia) 1956 (66): [1-10], and (67): [1-6]. Continuation of previous articles [See abstract 3: 1587, 2520].

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19151)

2859. Horrego Estuch, Leopoldo. MAXIMO GOMEZ. EL MILITAR Y EL CIUDADANO [Máximo Gómez. The soldier and the citizen]. Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional (Cuba) 1956 7(3): 87-101. Lecture discussing the military activity of the patriot Máximo Gómez in the struggle for independence in Cuba, especially in 1868 and 1895, and emphasizing his civic spirit.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19208)

2860. Iduarte, Andrés. BOLIVAR Y LA CONFEDERACION AMERICANA [Bolívar and the American confederation]. Américas (USA) 1956 8(7): 2-6. Traces the origins, development and culmination of the Congress of Panama (1826) and of Bolívar's ideas on confederation.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19134)

2861. La Puente Cándamo, José A. de. REGISTRO DE CONSPIRADORES. NOTAS SOBRE LA DECLARACION DE JOSE GARCIA [A register of conspirators. Notes on the declaration of José García]. Boletín del Instituto Riva Agüero (Peru) 1953-1955 (2): 183-196. Review of a group of documents from the Menéndez Pelayo Library in Santander (some of them previously unpublished) referring to spies and conspirators at the time of the gaining of independence. A list of such persons in the year 1820 is included.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19227)

2862. Lecuna, Vicente. PAPELES DE MANUELA SAENZ [Papers of Manuela Sáenz]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 443-470. Presents private correspondence and other papers (1820-1830) of Manuela Sáenz from a private archive. The documents contradict the legend that she was at Bolívar's side during the campaign in Peru.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19150)

2863. Liévano Aguirre, Indalecio. PASO DE LOS ANDES [The passage over the Andes]. Museo Histórico (Ecuador) 1956 (25): 101-105. A note on some of the episodes in the campaign of liberation in the Andes (1819).

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19127)

2864. López Narváez, Carlos. EL PASO DE LOS ANDES [The passage over the Andes]. Museo Histórico (Ecuador) 1956 (25): 92-100. A collection of extracts from works, including eyewitness accounts, describing the famous crossing of the Andes by Bolívar's army in 1819.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19128)

2865. Lugones, Manuel. CRONICA TUCUMANA DE LA DEPENDENCIA [A Tucumán chronicle in the days of independence]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 2(5): 47-62. Commentary on the Congress of Tucumán (1816), as it would have been made by a contemporary witness, making special reference to the character of each of the deputies and the progress of each session.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19183)

2866. Mackenzie, Mauricio. LAS ULTIMAS HORAS DEL BERTADOR. SU TESTAMENTO Y SU PROCLAMA [The liberator's last hours. His will and proclamation]. Museo Histórico (Ecuador) 1956 (25): 119-129. Considerations relating to various events of the war of independence and of the last days of Bolívar's life and his political proclamation on December 1830.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19129)

2867. Martínez Delgado, Luis. CAMILO TORRES EN EL CADALSO [Camilo Torres on the scaffold]. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1956 42(183/184): 47-53. Information about the execution of a Colombian scholar by Morillo.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20444)

2868. Martínez Villamarín, Constantino. DISCURSO [Speech]. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1956 42(188/189): 169-172. Describes the battle of Pantano de Vargas (1819), one of the decisive encounters in the war for the independence of Colombia.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20428)

2869. Massini Ezcurra, José M. EL CANCIONERO ARGENTINO [The Argentine cancionero]. Universidad (Argentina) 1956 (33): 95-120. Examines a collection of popular poems with patriotic themes made between 1837 and 1838 by José Antonio Wilde under the title Cancionero Argentino. The existing copies of this little-known work are located in the Museo Mitre and the Argentine National Library. The author analyzes the content of the poems, stressing their importance as a reflection of the spirit and mentality of the country during this period.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2870. Mata, G. Humberto. MANUELITA SAENZ. LA MUJER-PROVIDENCIA DE BOLIVAR [Manuelita Sáenz. Bolívar's woman-providence]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 471-494. Notes on Manuelita Sáenz and her political activity as seen in the actions of Bolívar.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19153)

2871. Méndez, Martín. ALEJANDRO PROSPERO REVEREND, ULTIMO MEDICO DEL LIBERTADOR [Alexandre Prosper Reverend, the Liberator's last doctor]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1955 15(49): 404-417. Biography of the French doctor Prosper Reverend (1796-1881), emphasizing his intimacy with the Liberator as his personal physician.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12844)

2872. Mery Berisco, Rafael. EL CODIGO CIVIL DE LA REPUBLICA DE CHILE Y LOS TRIBUNALES DE JUSTICIA [The civil code of the Republic of Chile and the tribunals of justice]. Anales de la Universidad de Chile (Chile) 1956 (103): 43-134. A copy, with commentary, of the suggestions and observations made by the Chilean tribunals of justice or the plan for a civil code elaborated by the legislation commission and completed in 1852. The text of some of the suggestions which are preserved in the Archivo Nacional, Chile, and a private archive, are published for the first time.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2873. Mirmón, Alberto. LA INSPIRACION DE BOLIVAR EN LA DIPLOMACIA DE LA GRAN COLOMBIA [The inspiration of Bolívar in the diplomacy of Great Colombia]. Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1957 44(513-515): 361-366. Praises Bolívar's diplomatic abilities.

D. Bushnell

2874. Mosquera, Joaquín. BOLIVAR EN PATIVILCA. ¡TRIUNFAR! [Bolívar in Pativilca. To triumph!]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1955 15(48): 329-331. Reprint of a letter written in Bogotá in 1854 and addressed to Don José M. Restrepo, in which the author describes his interview with Bolívar in 1824 at Pativilca. The Blanco Azpurúa's letter is from Documentos para la Historia de la Vida Pública del Libertador de Colombia, Perú y Bolivia (Vol. IX, pp. 343-345).

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12840)

2875. Murzio, Rodolfo. EL PROCESO DEL ALMIRANTE BROWN [Admiral Brown's trial]. Historia (Argentina) 1957 2(7): 33-50. A study of Admiral Brown's trial in Buenos Aires in 1818-19. Brown was tried because of suspicions about his loyalty to the cause of Argentine independence, but the result of the trial was favorable to him. The source of the documents used, many of which are included, is not disclosed.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20418)

2876. Nucete Sardi, José. LAS CARTAS DE UN VIAJERO DEL SIGLO PASADO [Letters from a traveller in the last century]. *Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia* (Venezuela) 1955 38(150): 231-241. Commentary on Francis Hall's Letters written from Colombia during a journey from Caracas to Bogotá and thence to Santa Marta, in 1823 (London, 1824). The book consists of eight long letters containing notes on and impressions of the wealth, institutions, and other aspects of the countries he visited.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12852)

2877. Oropesa, Juan. ANTONIO JOSE DE SUCRE. Hojas de Cultura Popular Colombiana (Colombia) 1955 (60): 42-44.

Reproduction, with explanatory comments, of the report presented by Sucre to the General Assembly of the Departments of Alto Perú, held in Chuquisaca in 1825. The Bolivian nation was created in this assembly, by separating the territory of the Charcas from the government of Buenos Aires. The report reviews the position of Alto Perú after the victory of Ayacucho, and concentrates on Sucre's administration of the territory.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 12845)

2878. Ortiz Arigos de Montoya, Celia. JOSE MARIA TORRES Y SU PENSAMIENTO PEDAGOGICO [José María Torres and his pedagogic thought]. *Universidad* (Argentina) 1957 (34): 121-148.

Summarizes the work of this 19th century Spanish pedagogue in the field of public instruction in Argentina. The author examines his ideas on education as expounded in some of his works. Based on unpublished documents, some of which are transcribed, from the Archivo Histórico de Entreríos. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2879. Otero Muñoz, Gustavo. HOMENAJE DE LA ACADEMIA NACIONAL DE HISTORIA AL DOCTOR IGNACIO DE HERRERA Y VERGARA [Homage by the National Academy of History to Dr. Ignacio de Herrera y Vergara]. *Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca* (Colombia) 1956 29(106): 301-305.

A speech containing a biographical sketch of this Colombian lawyer (1769-1840), who was a member of the Junta of Santa Fé and played an active part in the cause of independence.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19193)

2880. Pardo, Ricardo C. SOUBLETTE, BRIGADIER [Soublette, brigadier]. *El Farol* (Venezuela) 1955 16(156): 24-25.

Copy, with a critical historical commentary, of a document signed by Bolívar in 1816, in which Carlos Valentín Soublette was promoted to brigadier general, having concluded the campaign in the same year.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 12843)

2881. Pérez Cabrera, José María. EL ALBUM [The Album]. *Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional* (Cuba) 1956 7(3): 63-85.

A lecture sketching the history of the literary review *El Album*, which was first published in Havana in 1838. The author describes its contributors and the articles which it published. Illustrated.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19210)

2882. Pérez Maldonado, Carlos. LA JURA DE LA INDEPENDENCIA EN MONTERREY [The oath of independence in Monterrey]. *Memorias de la Academia Mexicana de la Historia* (Mexico) 1957 16(1): 50-58.

Reproduces and comments upon the declaration of independence proclaimed in Monterrey on 18 November 1821. In the introduction an account of a newspaper of that period, *La Gaceta Imperial*, is given.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20462)

2883. Pérez Vila, Manuel. BOLIVAR Y SU CANTOR [Bolívar and the singer of his praises]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1956 16(52): 338-341.

Copy of an autograph letter from the poet José Joaquín Olmedo (17 March 1821), and of a rough draft of the Liberator's reply (13 July 1821), both of which are from the Colombian Archivo Nacional. The letters deal with the meeting in Guayaquil.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19158)

2884. Piccirilli, Ricardo. SAN MARTIN Y EL DIARIO DE ABREU. LAS TRAMITACIONES DE MIRAFLORES Y PUNCHAUCA [San Martín and Abreu's diary. The Miraflores

and Punchauca negotiations]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1957 2 (7): 127-155.

A study of the talks held by San Martín with Viceroy Pezuela in Miraflores in October 1820 and with La Serna in Punchauca in June 1821. The description of the latter meeting is based on the account written by Lieutenant Commander Manuel Abreu, a royal commissioner. Based on unpublished documents from the Archivo de Indias, Sevilla and San Martín and the Archivo Nacional in Buenos Aires. The appendix contains two letters written in March and October 1821 in Huaura and Lima and Abreu's diary (Lima, November 1821). Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20406)

2885. Piccirilli, Ricardo. SAN MARTIN Y LA DESMEMBRACION DE LA LOGIA DE LAUTARO [San Martín and the disbanding of the Lautaro Lodge]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 1(3): 89-117.

Essay on the important role played by the American Masonic lodges in the independence of the country. The author describes the rivalry existing between the more important members of the Lautaro Lodge of Buenos Aires, which resulted in its dissolution in 1819. Based on documents from the Archivo General de la Nación.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19167)

2886. Pinilla Cote, Alfonso María. ASPECTO RELIGIOSO DEL GENERAL SANTANDER [The religious aspect of General Santander]. *Revista Jarveriana* (Colombia) 1956 45(224): 101-118.

Lecture containing a brief essay on the ideology of the Colombian general Francisco de Paula Santander (1792-1842). His religious beliefs were not inspired by French Encyclopedism, but by Spanish regalism. Based on published and unpublished documents from the Vatican Archive. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19195)

2887. Porras Troconis, Gabriel. BOLIVAR EN SOLEDAD. [Bolívar in "Soledad"]. *Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela* (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 428-432.

An account of the final stage of Bolívar's life, particularly his stay in the villa "Soledad." Included are extracts from his correspondence with lieutenant Urdaneta.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19131)

2888. Riascos Grueso, Eduardo. LA AMISTAD ENTRE ANTIOQUIA Y EL CAUCA GRANDE AL TRAVES DE LA HISTORIA [The friendship between Antioquia and Cauca Grande throughout history]. *Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca* (Colombia) 1955 (103): 332-340.

Summary of the friendly relations between Antioquia and Cauca Grande, particularly during the period of independence. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12851)

2889. Rodríguez Molas, Ricardo. LA PRIMITIVA POESIA GAUCHESCA ANTERIOR A BARTOLOME HIDALGO [Primitive gauchesco poetry prior to Bartolomé Hidalgo]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1957 3(9): 139-163.

Study of gauchesco poetry before the first productions (1821) of Hidalgo, the real creator of the genre. "The first cycle of gauchesco literature was born with the patriotic *cielitos* of Independence and was interrupted by the appearance (1820-1821) of dialog written in the popular language of the country, which originated a new genre." The political press of the time also used gauchesco language. Documents on *payadores* and songs of the Río de la Plata plains, which was the subject of the first compositions in gauchesco verse, are included. Based on documents from the Archivo General de la Nación.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión

2890. Rodríguez Molas, Ricardo. LUIS PEREZ Y LA BIOGRAFIA DE ROSAS EN VERSO EN 1830 [Luis Pérez and the biography in verse of Rosas in 1830]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 2(6): 99-137.

Considerations on the obscure Argentine Luis Pérez and his activity as a newswriter and gauchesco poet defending the policy of Juan Manuel de Rosas during the years 1830 to 1834. The integral text of Pérez' biography of Rosas is given; it appeared in the periodical *El Gaucho* (1830) and can therefore be considered to be the forerunner of gauchesco poetry in Argentina. The appendix lists Pérez' periodical publications which contain interesting data for a study of the customs of the era. Based on documents from the Archivo General de la Nación, Buenos Aires. Rocío Caracuel Moyano

2891. Rodríguez Piñeres, Eduardo. LOS PRISIONEROS EL ORATORIO Y EL SITIO DE SAN AGUSTIN [The isoners of the oratory and the siege of San Agustín]. Boletín Historia y Antigüedades (Colombia) 1957 44(510-512): 1-278. Relates incidents and anecdotes of the Colombian civil war of 1860-62. D. Bushnell

2892. Rodríguez S., Juan Agustín. LA VIDA MILITAR EL CAPITAN GENERAL BERNARDO O'HIGGINS [The military life of Captain General Bernardo O'Higgins]. Revista Marina (Chile) 1956 72(595): 661-670. Historical account of the military career of Bernardo O'Higgins (1776-42) in the struggle for independence in Chile.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 19215)

2893. Rojas, Ulises. UNA CARTA INEDITA DEL BERTADOR [An unpublished letter of the Liberator]. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1955 41(179/180): 3212-13. A copy of, and comment on, a letter (from the Archivo de Indias) written by Bolívar in 1816 to congratulate Araújo on the occupation of Cumaná.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20383)

2894. Rubio Sánchez, Manuel. PUERTO DE IZTAPA O LA INDEPENDENCIA (PRIMERA PARTE) [The Cap of Iztapa, or of Independence (first part)]. Antropología e Historia de Guatemala (Guatemala) 1956 8(2): 24-49. Study of the commercial activity of this Guatemalan port in the period 1824-1852. The author also briefly discusses its story in the colonial era and its decline at the beginning of the 19th century. Based on documents from the General Archive of Guatemala.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 18867)

2895. Rumazo González, Alfonso. EL GRAN AMOR DE SUCRE: LA MARQUESA DE SOLANDA [Sucre's great love, the Marchioness of Solanda]. Revista Shell (Venezuela) 1958 27: 16-20. Reviews the life of Mariana Carcelón, who was the wife of Antonio José de Sucre (1793-1830), one of the leaders of the wars of independence in Latin America.

H. Kantor

2896. Rumazo González, Alfonso. MOMENTOS CULTURALES EN LA VIDA DE MANUELITA SAENZ [The more important moments in the life of Manuelita Sáenz]. Cultura Universitaria (Venezuela) 1956 (58): 77-84. Account of Manuelita Sáenz's participation in the movement for the independence of Peru, and particularly of her relations with Bolívar, especially during the 1822-1828 period.

G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 20394)

2897. Sáenz y Quesada, Héctor. ¡VIVIO Y MURIO UN DAUPHIN EN BUENOS AIRES? [Did a dauphin live and die in Buenos Aires?]. Historia (Argentina) 1955 1(2): 23-28. Attempt to refute the thesis advanced in Federico Zapiola's El dauphin de Buenos Aires (1954) (see 2894) that a French prince, Louis XVII, died in Buenos Aires in 1818. The person who came to Argentina in 1818 and died in Buenos Aires in 1852 -- identified by Zapiola as the Dauphin of France -- was Pierre Benoit, son of Pierre Nicolas François Benoit, a sailor, and Marie Jeanne Daut (or Dot), who was born in Calais in 1794. Based on documents from the Civil Registry of Calais.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

See also: 4: 2915

2898. Santamaría, Julio H. EL BOFETON DE OLMEDO O EL LAFONISMO CRISTIANO [The Olmedo blow and Christian Lafonismo]. Revista de la Sociedad Bolivariana de Venezuela (Venezuela) 1956 16(53): 541-544. Discussion of the political participation by Colombians and Venezuelans in the local affairs of Guayaquil in 1821.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 19218)

2899. Santiago Montserrat. SENTIDO Y MISION DEL RENASCIMIENTO EN HISPANOAMERICA [The meaning and objective of philosophical thought in Hispanic America]. Adornos Americanos (Mexico) 1958 17(1): 150-191. Analyzes the philosophical thought of Juan Bautista Alberdi (1810-1884), Argentine political leader and writer. Alberdi emphasized the necessity of studying the reality of life in order to improve conditions. He regarded philosophy not merely as contemplation, but rather as knowledge in contact with the problems facing people. Philosophy was an instrument, a means serving utilitarian ends, which Alberdi defined

as the material improvement of Argentina. The author briefly discusses Argentina under the dictatorship of Juan Manuel de Rosas (1793-1877) to contrast the situation at that time with Alberdi's proposals for Argentina's future. He concludes that philosophy in Latin America must learn from Alberdi and become the kind of knowledge that helps explain the reality of the area.

H. Kantor

2900. Silva Castro, Raúl. RAMON RENGIFO (1795-1861). Anales de la Universidad de Chile (Chile) 1957 (105): 207-250. A biographical sketch of the author of the Himno de Yungay, giving information on his activities as journalist, printer and politician. The appendix contains several of Rengifo's works of a political nature.

Francisco Márquez

2901. Tisnes, Roberto María. ANTONIO MARIA CLARET Y LOS JESUITAS DESTERRADOS DE LA NUEVA GRANADA [Antonio María Claret and the Jesuits banished from New Granada]. Revista Javeriana (Colombia) 1957 47(232): 53-62. Describes the relations between Father Claret and the Jesuits banished from Colombia in the middle of the 19th century, when Father Claret was Archbishop of Santiago de Cuba. A very brief account of the history of the Jesuits in New Granada during the colonial and independent period up to 1850 is included. Based on published documents.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19920)

2902. Tofiño, Luis Angel. DOCUMENTOS CURIOSOS. EL SABIO FRANCES J. B. BOUSSINGAULT EN CARTAGO [Curious documents. The French scholar J. B. Boussingault in Cartago]. Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca (Colombia) 1955 23(102): 174-177.

Presents four documents, dated 1827, relating to the construction of an aqueduct in the Colombian city of Cartago by the French physicist and naturalist Boussingault, who was under contract to the government of Colombia to carry out scientific explorations and to establish a school of civil and military engineering in Bogotá. The documents are from a private archive.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

2903. Torres, Alberto H. EL CONDE DE ADLERCREUTZ. SU NOTABLE ACTUACION EN CARTAGENA DURANTE LA GUERRA DE INDEPENDENCIA [The Count de Adlercreutz. His notable activity in Cartagena during the war of independence]. Boletín Histórico (Colombia) 1955 40(123-125): 78-82. A speech giving information on the war of independence in Colombia and the role played in it by the Swede Adlercreutz, with emphasis on the entry of the patriots into Cartagena de Indias (1821).

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 19190)

2904. Unsigned. ABDON CALDERON. Repertorio Boyacense (Colombia) 1956 43(188/189): 195. Describes the heroic behavior of a man close to General Sucre in the battle of Pichincha (1822).

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 20458)

2905. Unsigned. ACTA DE LA REUNION DEL CABILDO PLENO CELEBRADO EN LA CIUDAD DE PANAMA EL 26 DE SEPTIEMBRE DE 1830, DONDE SE ACORDO LA SEPARACION DE PANAMA DE LA REPUBLICA DE COLOMBIA [Minutes of the plenary session of the Cabildo held in the city of Panama on 26 September 1830, during which the separation of Panama from the Republic of Colombia was accepted]. Lotería (Panama) 1956 1(10): 59-62. A copy of the minutes of this meeting and of two related letters, dated 25 September 1830.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20424)

2906. Unsigned. CERTIFICADOS DE SERVICIOS DEL GENERAL DON MANUEL FREIRE, EN EL PERIODO DE LA INDEPENDENCIA NACIONAL [Service certificates of General Don Manuel Freire in the era of national independence]. Boletín Histórico (Uruguay) 1955 (66): 55-56. Presents facsimiles and copies of four certificates prepared in Montevideo in 1835. The documents are from the "History and Archive" section of the Army General Military Staff.

Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 12882)

2907. Unsigned. "DOCUMENTOS DEL GENERAL FRANCISCO ESTEBAN GOMEZ" ["Documents of General Francisco Esteban Gómez"]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela) 1955 38(151): 381-385.

Presents a biographical sketch of, and various documents (1843-1853) relating to, this hero of American independence. The source of the documents, some of which are published for the first time, is not indicated. Illustrated.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12887)

2908. Unsigned. LA GUERRA CIVIL DE 1823 [The civil war of 1823]. Revista de los Archivos Nacionales de Costa Rica (Costa Rica) 1957 21(7-12): 190-232. Documents from the Costa Rica national archives pertaining to the civil war of 1823 between republicans and partisans of the Mexican Empire, mainly testimony on persons charged with aiding the defeated imperialists. D. Bushnell

2909. Unsigned. LOS ESTADISTAS AMERICANOS DEL CONGRESO DE PANAMA EN 1826 [American statesmen in the Panama Congress of 1826]. Lotería (Panama) 1956 1(7): 19-29. Biographical notes on men who played an important part in the Panama Congress: Pedro Gual (1784-1862), Pedro Briceño Méndez (1794-1836), Manuel Lorenzo Vidaurre y Encalada (1733-1841), Manuel Pérez de Tudela (d. 1863), José María Michelena (end of the 18th century), Juan Domínguez Manso (1784-1854) and Pedro Molina (1777-1854). Illustrated. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20382)

2910. Unsigned. RECLAMOS PRESENTADOS POR CIUDADANOS NORTEAMERICANOS RESIDENTES EN NICARAGUA, EN 1856, AL GOBIERNO DE COSTA RICA. INTERVENCION DE DON LUIS MOLINA 1860-63 [Claims presented by U.S. citizens residing in Nicaragua in 1856 to the government of Costa Rica. Intervention of Don Luis Molina 1860-63]. Revista de los Archivos Nacionales de Costa Rica (Costa Rica) 1957 21(7-12): 233-288. Presents documents from the Costa Rican national archives on the negotiations between Costa Rica, the United States and a neutral arbiter for the settlement of claims arising from Costa Rican intervention against the William Walker filibuster regime in Nicaragua. The documents are mainly letters of Luis Molina, Costa Rica's minister in Washington. D. Bushnell

2911. Unsigned. RECURSO E INFORME DIRIGIDO A SUSANTIDAD PIO VII POR EL PROVVISOR VICARIO CAPITULAR DE ESTE OBISPADO DE GUAYANA, S.V. AÑO 1820 [An appeal and a report addressed to His Holiness Pius VII by the Vicar General of the Chapter of this Bishopric of Guayana, S.V., in the year 1820]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela) 1956 39(156): 392-403. Copy of a document from the Archivo Nacional de Colombia giving an account of the history of the bishopric of Guayana from its creation in 1791 to 1820 and emphasizing the shortage of priests brought about by the fight for independence. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 20430)

2912. Uprimy, Leopoldo. EL PENSAMIENTO FILOSOFICO Y POLITICO EN EL CONGRESO DE CUCUTA [Philosophical and political thought at the Congress of Cúcuta]. Universitas (Colombia) 1956 (10): 315-346. Part of a more extensive work, referring to the beginning of the work of the Congress of Cúcuta (1821). The author deals with the great political debates on federalism and centralism, from the point of view of constitutional history. G. Céspedes del Castillo (IHE 19197)

2913. Vegas Castillo, Manuel. LA PENSION DEL PERU AL GENERAL SAN MARTIN [General San Martín's Peruvian pension]. Cultura (Peru) 1956 1(3): 37-45. Gives information about the life pension granted to General San Martín by the Peruvian government after he decided to leave the country in 1822, a fact showing Peru's gratitude to the Argentine liberator. Dolores Beltrán Carrión (IHE 20408)

2914. Wells, William. EXPEDICION DE WALKER A NICARAGUA. UNA HISTORIA DE LA GUERRA CENTRO-AMERICANA [Walker's expedition to Nicaragua. A history of the Central American war]. Revista de los Archivos Nacionales de Costa Rica (Costa Rica) 1957 21(7-12): 329-368.

Presents miscellaneous documents, originally appearing as an appendix to Wells' Walker's Expedition to Nicaragua (New York, 1856), which has been reprinted in earlier issues of the Revista. [See abstracts 3: 474, 1608, 4: 1608]. Most are taken from U.S. official correspondence and concern the rather equivocal but sympathetic policy of the United States toward the filibuster regime established by Walker in Nicaragua. Article to be continued. D. Bushnell

2915. Zapiola, Federico. LUIS XVII MURIO EN BUENOS AIRES? (RESPUESTA AL DR. HECTOR SAENZ Y QUESADA) [Louis XVII died in Buenos Aires? (Reply to Dr. Sáenz y Quesada)]. Historia (Argentina) 1956 1(3): 67-81. Replying to the severe criticism by Sáenz y Quesada of his book Luis XVII murió en Buenos Aires? Hechos y sugerencias, Zapiola repeats his claim that Pierre Benoît, who arrived in Buenos Aires in 1818, was really the Dauphin of France. Dolores Beltrán Carrión
See also: 4: 2897

2916. --. [BOLIVAR'S "LETTER FROM JAMAICA"]. Boletín de la Academia Nacional de la Historia (Venezuela) 1955 39(150). Navarro, Nicolás E., TODAVIA EN TORNO DE LA "CARTA DE JAMAICA" [Still concerning the "letter from Jamaica"], pp. 251-257. Navarro, Nicolás E., EL DESTINATARIO DE LA CARTA DE JAMAICA. ESCLARECIMIENTO DEFINITIVO [The addressee of the letter from Jamaica. Definite clarification], (151), pp. 309-313. Gutiérrez Luzardo, Hernando, LA PRIMERA VERSION DE LA CARTA DE JAMAICA [The first version of the letter from Jamaica], pp. 314-318. Three articles concerning the letter written by Bolívar on the future of America during his stay on the island of Jamaica in 1815. The authors conclude that the addressee of the letter was the Englishman Henry Cullen. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (IHE 12835-12837)
See also: 4: 455

Middle East

2917. Bushev, P. P. ANGLIISKAYA VOENNAIA EKSPEDITSIIA V AKHVAV (EPIZOD IZ ANGLO-IRANSKOI VOINY 1856-1857 GG.) [The English war expedition to Akhvaz (an episode from the Anglo-Iranian war of 1856-1857)]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1956 (19): 65-71. Maintains that British and Iranian reports on the Anglo-Iranian war of 1856-1857 were falsified and makes corrections on the basis of facts published by the Times in 1857. The British occupation of Akhvaz, which lasted for three days, had been glorified as a heroic myth by chauvinist groups in England in order to justify Lord Palmerston's foreign policy before the people and Parliament. Erna Wollert

2918. Smilianskaia, I. M. KREST'IANSKOE VOSSTANIIE V KESRUANE (LIVAN 1859-1860) [The peasants' uprising in Kesruan (Lebanon, 1859-1860)]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (14): 31-45. Describes the peasants' uprising in northern Lebanon as a result of the antifeudal movement in Syria and the Lebanon which started already toward the end of the 18th century. After an armed fight against the sheikhs the fellahs succeeded in setting up a revolutionary body with administrative functions in Kesruan in 1859. The movement was severely affected by conflicts between the Druses and the Maronites and came to an end at the time of the French occupation. The author considers intellectual immaturity of the peasants, the overwhelming power of feudalism and of the Turkish government and also the influence of West European countries to be the chief causes for its failure. Erna Wollert

United States of America

See also: 2500, 2703, 2749, 2751, 2783, 2855

2919. Arrington, Leonard J. (Utah State Univ.). PLANNING AN IRON INDUSTRY FOR UTAH, 1851-1858. Huntington Library Quarterly 1957/58 21(3): 237-260. Systematically exploring the natural resources of their region, the Mormon Church soon found Iron Mountain and in 1850-51 inaugurated the "Iron Mission" as an important

terprise to be given high priority. Though much industry, sacrifice and capital were devoted to the Mission and the Deseret Iron Company, the difficulties were prodigious and its accomplishments small. Almost ten years of labor at a cost of about \$150,000 failed to produce a commercial supply of iron. Large-scale production from Iron Mountain did not begin until 1923. H. D. Jordan

2920. Bell, Irvin Wiley, ed. (Emory Univ.). THE LETTERS OF WARREN AKIN, CONFEDERATE CONGRESSMAN. PART I. Georgia Historical Quarterly 1958 42(1): 92.

Though the Congressman Warren Aiken did nothing of importance during the eighteen weeks he attended Congress at Richmond, his letters are important because of the extreme paucity of surviving material on the Confederate Congress. The four letters reproduced here are to Aiken's wife and to a friend, and they deal mostly with personal matters. However, they do indicate the extreme difficulties faced in Richmond, and one contains an unusually flattering portrait of Jefferson Davis. Article to be continued.

D. Houston

2921. Bolino, August C. (St. Louis Univ.). THE ROLE OF MINING IN THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF IDAHO TERRITORY. Oregon Historical Quarterly 1958 59 (3): 116-151.

Gold discoveries in Idaho Territory in the early 1860s changed the course of Idaho's economic development, because the only permanent white residents in Idaho up to 1860 were the missionaries and the Mormons who had settled in the southern regions. The author gives details of the gold and silver rushes and the technical mining developments which brought settlers and industry to many areas of Idaho. Statistics are presented to show the yield of Idaho mines. C. C. Gorchels

2922. Bridges, Hal, ed. A LEE LETTER ON THE "OST DISPATCH" AND THE MARYLAND CAMPAIGN OF 1862. Virginia Magazine of History and Biography 1958 66 (3): 161-168.

A copy of Special Order No. 191 issued by General Robert E. Lee on 9 September 1862 fell into the hands of McClellan and helped frustrate Lee's Maryland Campaign. In 1868 General D. H. Hill, on whose camp site the order was found, declared in print that he had never received a copy of the order and, moreover, that the loss of the dispatch did not account for Lee's defeat. Instead it so mystified and confused McClellan that Lee's army was spared from destruction. Bridges presents a letter written by Lee to Hill in February 1868 in which Lee refuted Hill's assertions. Lee claimed that the order was sent to Hill and that the information gained from it did help McClellan. The loss of the dispatch was thus "an injury to Confederate arms."

D. Houston

2923. Dancy, James M. REMINISCENCES OF THE CIVIL WAR. Florida Historical Quarterly 1958 37(1): 66-

An eyewitness account of the Civil War in Florida by a Confederate soldier who was in some of the most important battles. G. L. Lycan

2924. Dumond, Dwight L. (Univ. of Michigan). FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT TRILOGY IN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE. Negro History Bulletin 1958 21(8): 192, 187-

Traces the American faith in natural rights protected by law back to the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution and the Fourteenth Amendment. In the recent segregation decisions the Supreme Court revitalized the Fourteenth Amendment and broadened the judicial concept of equal protection under the law. Undocumented. L. Gara

2925. Elkinton, J. Passmore. TO OHIO ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO: EXCERPTS FROM THE JOURNAL OF JAMES ELKINTON. Bulletin of Friends Historical Association 1958 47(1): 38-45.

Journal of a trip from Philadelphia to Somerton, Ohio, in August and September 1856. N. Kurland

2926. Farrell, Brian. BELLONA AND THE GENERAL: ANDREW JACKSON AND THE AFFAIR OF MRS. EATON. Literary Today 1958 7(8): 474-484.

The reputation of a cabinet member's wife, who was also a tavern-keeper's daughter, brought about a social conflict during the administra-

tion of Andrew Jackson that was to have serious political results. Making use of this incident, Secretary of State Martin Van Buren was able to secure political supremacy over Vice President John C. Calhoun, and thus pave the way for his own election to the presidency in 1836. E. D. Johnson

2927. Gates, Paul W. (Cornell Univ.). ADJUDICATION OF SPANISH-MEXICAN LAND CLAIMS IN CALIFORNIA. Huntington Library Quarterly 1957/58 21(3): 213-236.

Congressional and administrative neglect of the serious problem of land titles in California preceded the passage of the Land Act of 1851. Though it has been consistently misrepresented and unfairly condemned as robbing the claimants under pre-1846 grants, examination of the litigation and adjudications under this act show that it was not an unfair squatters' weapon, as so often asserted, but that other causes were mainly responsible for the losses suffered by old Californians.

H. D. Jordan

2928. Ketcham, Ralph L., ed. JEFFERSON AND MADISON AND THE DOCTRINES OF INTERPOSITION AND NULLIFICATION: A LETTER OF JOHN QUINCY ADAMS. Virginia Magazine of History and Biography 1958 66(2): 178-182.

Reproduces a letter written by John Quincy Adams to Edward Everett in 1832, in which Adams commented on the roles of Jefferson and Madison in inspiring the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1798-1800. Adams concluded that "Jefferson was the father of South Carolina Nullification, which points directly to the dissolution of the Union. Madison shrunk from his conclusions, but I think admitted rather too many of his premises." Finally, Adams refuted the doctrines of interposition and nullification on the grounds that State legislatures, like Congress, could exercise only powers granted to them by the people. He denied that the people had delegated the right to declare acts of Congress unconstitutional to the State legislatures. D. Houston

2929. Large, David (Univ. of Dublin). AN IRISH FRIEND AND THE CIVIL WAR. Bulletin of Friends Historical Association 1958 47(1): 20-29.

An account of the opinions on the South and slavery of Joshua E. Todhunter, an Irish Quaker who did business in New York during the American Civil War, as revealed in letters written to Jonathan Pim in Dublin. Todhunter urged British intervention in favor of the South, arguing that Southern independence was the only true means for attaining the eventual abolition of slavery and the protection of the Negro from the hostility of the white race in America. N. Kurland

2930. Merrill, David Shepard. THE EDUCATION OF A YOUNG PIONEER IN THE NORTHERN ADIRONDACKS. New York History 1958 39(3): 238-255.

A memoir, written about 1935, of pioneer life in the Adirondacks in the 1860s and 1870s. The author describes in detail hunting and farming life. A. B. Rollins

2931. Muir, Andrew Forest. THE BATTLE OF ATLANTA AS DESCRIBED BY A CONFEDERATE SOLDIER. Georgia Historical Quarterly 1958 42(1): 109-111.

A letter written by J. I. Cain, a common soldier, to his father. D. Houston

2932. Nicholls, William H. SOME FOUNDATIONS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN THE UPPER EAST TENNESSEE VALLEY, 1850-1900. Journal of Political Economy 1956 64(4): 277-302.

Those counties of the Upper Tennessee Valley which are now more industrialized enjoyed certain "original" advantages in terms of a superior endowment in agricultural as well as mineral resources. It appears probable that the capital accumulation required for the early industrial development of these counties resulted from their superior natural resources. However, these original advantages tended to diminish during the period 1870-1900. The author concludes that the present divergence in the industrial development among the counties of the Upper Tennessee Valley is not sufficiently explained by the original inequality of endowment with agricultural resources. E. März

2933. Soulé, Leon G. (Tulane Univ.). THE CREOLE-AMERICAN STRUGGLE IN NEW ORLEANS POLITICS, 1850-1862. Louisiana Historical Quarterly 1957 40(1): 54-83.

A brief survey of internal politics in the city of New Orleans

in the decade preceding the Civil War, with emphasis on the struggle for domination between the French-American Creoles, who controlled the Democratic Party, and the English-Americans who controlled the American, or Know-Nothing, Party. By 1858 the American Party was firmly in control, due largely to the increased migration of voters to Louisiana from the other States. In 1862, in the face of occupation by Northern forces, the two parties finally united as Democrats. E. D. Johnson

2934. Wight, Willard E., ed. LETTERS OF THE BISHOP OF SAVANNAH. *Georgia Historical Quarterly* 1958 42(1): 93-106. Reproduces fifteen letters written by

Jean Marcel Pierre Auguste Verot, Bishop of Savannah, to his friend Patrick N. Lynch, Bishop of Charleston, during the years 1861-65. The letters show that the Catholic clergy performed their regular religious duties despite the increasing hardships of the war. D. Houston

2935. Wooster, Ralph A. (Lemar St. College, Beaumont, Texas). THE FLORIDA SECESSION CONVENTION. *Florida Historical Quarterly* 1958 36(4): 373-385. The election of Lincoln in 1860 brought a majority of Floridians to favor immediate secession. The motion to delay action until Georgia and Alabama seceded failed. G. L. Lyan

D. 1871-1918

GENERAL HISTORY

2936. Aron, Willy. NOTES ON SIGMUND FREUD'S ANCESTRY AND JEWISH CONTACTS. *Yivo Annual of Jewish Social Science* 1957/57 11: 286-295. A presentation of Jewish aspects of Freud's background and life, featuring facsimiles of his parents' marriage contract, his father's Hebrew notation in the family Bible of his birth and a poem by his father celebrating his achievements. B. W. Korn

2937. Beneyto, Juan. LAS PROVINCIAS DE ULTRAMAR. NOTAS PARA EL ESTUDIO DE LA ORGANIZACION ADMINISTRATIVA DE LAS ANTILLAS Y LAS FILIPINAS EN EL SIGLO XIX [The overseas provinces. Notes for a study of the administrative organization of the Antilles and the Philippines in the 19th century]. *Revista de Estudios de la Vida Local (Spain)* 1955 14(81): 369-381. Describes the origin and structure of the administrative regime in Cuba, Porto Rico, Santo Domingo and the Philippines up to the time of their separation from Spain. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 12586)

2938. Berge, François, ed. LE MINISTRE LEON BOURGEOIS ET LA POLITIQUE ETRANGERE DE MARCELLIN BERTHELOT AU QUAI D'ORSAY (2 NOVEMBRE 1895-29 MARS 1896) [Leon Bourgeois' ministry and the foreign policy of Marcellin Berthelot at the Quai d'Orsay (2 November 1895-29 March 1896)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1957 71(2): 94-125. Publishes the notes of the French president on the activities of Berthelot as foreign minister and on the resignation of the Bourgeois government in April 1896 as a result of the hostile votes of the senate. In the introduction the editor (Faure's grandson) emphasizes Faure's belief that the president had the function of maintaining harmony between the effective legislative branches and the ministry on the basis of the supremacy of the chamber in order to insure a united front in foreign affairs, and his strong interest in eastern Mediterranean problems, especially Egypt. Berthelot's incapacity put foreign affairs into the hands of Faure and Bourgeois during the winter of 1895/96. The negotiations on Franco-Russian co-operation in the Eastern Question and on the British position in Egypt and the Sudan during these months are described. J. H. Jensen

2939. Campus, Eliza. EUROPA ÎN PERIOADA PRE-GATIRII ȘI ÎNFĂPTUIRII MARII REVOLUȚII SOCIALISTE DIN OCTOMBRIE [Europe in the period of the preparation and the realization of the Great Socialist October Revolution]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1957 10(5): 17-42. The defeat of Czarism was the result of the uprising of the masses in Russia in February 1917. The impact of the Russian Revolution extended to the French army, whose soldiers refused to continue fighting. The Russian Revolution was the signal for a world revolution: there were insurrections in Germany, particularly in the fleet, and the capitalist regime was shaken to its very foundations. Workers' organizations in England found an increasing number of supporters, strikes took place in France, and in Italy the masses also rebelled. In April 1917 delegates from the Socialist parties in England and France began to come to Russia in order to

persuade the Russian workers to persevere in their struggle. The Russian Revolution of 1917 has created the foundation for the revolutionary struggles of subsequent decades. I. Popinceanu

2940. Charles-Roux, Jules. PASSAGE AU CANAL DU ROI ET LA REINE D'ANGLETERRE ALLANT AUX INDES [Passage by the King and Queen of England through the Canal on their way to India]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1957 71(1): 57-63. Describes the condition of the Suez Canal facilities as well as the festivities held at the time of the passage of George V and his queen on their way to India in November 1911. J. H. Jensen

2941. Crispini, Franco. LA "QUESTIONE ORIENTALE" NEL PENSIERO POLITICO DI BENEDETTO MUSOLINO [The "Eastern Question" in the political thought of Benedetto Musolino]. *Historica* 1957 10(5/6): 162-171. Musolino patriot and Italian member of parliament, was convinced of the necessity of backing up the Ottoman Empire as a bulwark against Russian design on the Dardanelles. For a time he advocated a plan to re-erect a Jewish national state in Palestine. Under this plan the area, though dominated by Constantinople, would be protected by Britain and thus contribute to the consolidation of the Turkish Empire. P. Pastorelli

2942. Dethan, Georges (Archivist, French Foreign Ministry). LE RAPPROCHEMENT FRANCO-ITALIEN APRES LA CHUTE DE CRISPI JUSQU'AUX ACCORDS BARRERE-VISCONTI-VENOSTA SUR LE MAROC ET LA TRIPOLITAINE (1896-1900), D'APRES LES ARCHIVES DU QUAI D'ORSAY [The Franco-Italian reconciliation between the fall of Crispi and the agreements on Morocco and Tripoli of Barrère and Visconti-Venosta (1896-1900), according to the archives of the Quai d'Orsay]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1956 70(4): 323-339. Emphasizes the importance of the commercial agreements of 1896 and 1898 in opening the way for these political accords; gives much of the credit for these agreements to Albert Billot and King Umberto I, rather than to Barrère, who merely reaped his predecessor's hard work. The favorable attitudes of the left parties and the chambers of commerce in Italy are cited. While the British-French African agreement of 1899 stimulated the North African settlement between France and Italy, the real motivating force was the formation of popular movements in both countries in favor of a rapprochement. The author also discusses the projected topical arrangement for the Quai d'Orsay archives for the period 1896-1914, soon to be opened to researchers, and notes other sources (Barrère private correspondence [*Revue de Paris*, 1937] and Billot's memoirs) for this period. J. H. Jensen

2943. Easum, Chester V. (Univ. of Wisconsin). WOODROW WILSON: ZU SEINEM HUNDERTJÄHRIGEN GEBURTSTAG AM 28. DEZEMBER 1956 [Woodrow Wilson in commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of his birth on 28 December 1956]. *Jahrbuch für Amerikastudien* 1957 2: 8-18. Deals with the Calvinist and idealistic background of Wilson's policy and stresses his singlehanded con-

of the executive. Among the factors leading to America's entry into the War, commercial interests were of minor importance. Wilson fought a "war to end the war," a war against "militarism and autocracy" rather than one against monarchy. He is portrayed as more of a realist and Germanophile than generally acknowledged. A bibliography on works by and on Wilson is included. Annette Kuhn

2944. Edgar-Bonnet, G. FERDINAND DE LESSEPS ET LES ETATS-UNIS (PANAMA, 1879-1889) [Ferdinand de Lesseps and the United States (Panama, 1879-1889)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1956 70(4): 289-322. Begins by suggesting that Lesseps' age was a key factor in his Panama failure. U.S. opposition is then discussed in detail; its two chief sources were the patriotic fear of ultimate French control of the canal and the commercial interests' fear that the new transcontinental rail lines would lose much of their freight business. The author deals with the forms that this opposition took, the efforts to influence the Columbian government, threats of actual intervention, and the bringing of pressure to bear on European investors by means of false reports of failure and increased expenses (as well as the competition of a fabricated Honduras canal company organized in the United States), especially the latter. The brief U.S. military occupation (1884-1885) which suppressed a local revolution, the failure of Lesseps' lottery scheme, and a U.S.-inspired collapse of the prices of his stock brought the enterprise to ruin. Emphasis is placed on the financial, rather than the technical failure of the French enterprise. J. H. Jensen

2945. Erusalimskii, A. O VOENNYKH BLOKAKH V EVROPE [On war pacts in Europe]. *Mezhdunarodnaia Zhizn'* 1955 (3): 37-56. Discusses the Austro-German Alliance (1879), the Triple Alliance (Austria-Hungary, Germany, Italy, 1882), the Franco-Russian convention (1893), the Anglo-French Entente Cordiale (1904), the Berlin-Rome Axis and the Anti-Comintern Pact (1938). The author states that the formation of blocs in Europe was always followed by bloody wars and that the ratification of the 1955 Paris treaties would lead to a similar result. G. Lovas

2946. Generales, Minos D. (San Diego State College). SUEZ--NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY AND INTERNATIONAL WATERWAYS. *World Affairs Quarterly* 1958 29(2): 177-190. Examines the 1888 Convention on the Suez Canal in light of other riparian treaties and of conditions affecting the convention since it was put into effect. The author doubts that the canal has ever been "international." S. E. Humphreys

2947. Hinsley, F. H. REVIEW ARTICLE: BISMARCK, SALISBURY AND THE MEDITERRANEAN AGREEMENTS OF 1887. *Historical Journal* 1958 1(1): 76-81. Study of Anglo-German diplomacy, 1886-1887. The author deals with the Mediterranean Agreements as the products of complex diplomatic maneuvering between Salisbury, who needed German support in order to end Britain's dangerous isolation after the occupation of Egypt, and Bismarck, who sought to tie Britain to the Triple Alliance after his security system had been badly shaken by new Balkan crises and by the Boulanger movement in France. The author concludes that Salisbury eventually won a victory over his rival, wresting important concessions from him, and was thereby able to dominate international relations in the years 1888-1891. S. H. Zebel

2948. Iatsunskii, V. K. VOPROSY ISTOCHNIKOVEENIIA V TRUDAKH V. I. LENINA PO SOTSIAL'NO-EKONOMICHESKOI ISTORII [Problems concerning the research in sources in Lenin's works on social and economic history]. *Problemy Istokhnikovedeniia* 1955 (4): 3-19. Attempts to show which sources Lenin used in his works on economic problems. Lenin treated critically all sources that he used, evaluated them and then drew his far-reaching conclusions. He believed that the Zemstvo statistics were particularly valuable. G. Lovas

2949. Ioffe, A. E. OTNOSHENIE FRANTSII, ANGLII I SHA K ZAGOVORU KORNILOVA [The share of France, England and USA in Kornilov's conspiracy]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istории AN SSSR* 1956 (10): 60-77.

Maintains that the Western powers actively participated in the preparation and carrying out of the coup d'état by Kornilov. Based on Western and Russian newspapers and memoirs and diaries of D. R. Francis, Lloyd George, Buchanan and others. G. Lovas

2950. Ionescu, Matei, and Corina Patrascu. CU PRIVIRE LA POZITIA UNOR PUTERI EUROPENE FAȚA DE RASCOALA DIN 1907 [On the attitude of some European powers toward the uprising of 1907]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1957 10(1): 7-34. The peasants' uprising in Rumania in 1907 caused concern in the press of European countries which feared for their capital investments in Rumania. The Habsburg Empire was determined to intervene with its military forces in order to suppress the insurrection. France and England favored the Rumanian government, and the Ottoman and Austrian governments and the Vatican exploited the domestic troubles of the Rumanian kingdom for the ends of their own anti-Bulgarian policy. I. Popinceanu

2951. Khrenov, I. A. VLIANIE RUSSKOI REVOLUTSII 1905-1907 GG. NA SLAVIANSKIE STRANY [The influence of the Russian revolution of 1905-1907 on the Slavic countries]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1956 (20): 3-12. The first Russian revolution, which Lenin called the "dress rehearsal for the October Revolution of 1917" was the first people's revolution of the imperialist epoch demonstrating the hegemony of the proletariat. It had an enormous international significance. The impact was particularly strong on the national movement for freedom in the suppressed Slavonic countries. The armed insurrection in Lodz, the mass demonstrations and demands for universal franchise in the Czech industrial areas, increasing revolutionary activities in Bulgaria, and strikes in all these countries were evidence of this impact. Erna Wollert

2952. Komarov, E. N. V. I. LENIN OB ANGLIISKOI GOSPODSTVE V INDII [V. I. Lenin on the British rule in India]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (2): 40-46. Survey of Lenin's remarks on British colonial policy and on the resistance of the Indian population against British oppression in the period 1900-1923. Based on V. I. Lenin's Complete Works, fourth edition. G. Lovas

2953. Komarov, N. S. SOZDANIE I DEIATEL'NOST' BIBLIOTEKI I ARKHIVA RSDRP V ZHENEVE (1904 - IANVAR' 1906 GG.) [The foundation of the library and archives of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party in Geneva and the work of the library (1904 - January 1906)]. *Istoricheski Arkhiv* 1955 (1): 229-239. Through the establishment of the library and archives of the S. D. Party Lenin's literary work which was not been published before his death, as well as some important documents on the Party's history have been saved. The collection was supposed to have gone to Russia in 1906. Part of the packed books and writings were kept in Stockholm until 1912 but then disappeared. The most valuable part of the collection now belongs to the Kuklin Library. G. Lovas

2954. Manfred, A. S. O ROLI G. V. PLEKHANOVA V MEZHDUNARODNOM REVOLIUTSIONNOM DVIZHENII V 90-X GODAKH XIX V. [The role of G. V. Plekhanov in the international revolutionary movement of the 1890s]. *Novaia i Noveishaia Istoriia* 1957 1(1): 94-111. Plekhanov's role in the international revolutionary movement should no longer be passed over in silence. In the early days, before he turned Menshevik, Plekhanov made a substantial contribution to the movement. He represented the Russian Marxists at the meetings of the Second International and wrote a classic defense of the Jacobin dictatorship, and his brochure attacking the Anarchists is still a standard work. It should also not be forgotten that Plekhanov led the attack against Bernstein's revisionism, though the definitive analysis of revisionism was the work of V. I. Lenin. R. V. Burks

2955. Martini, Angelo. UNA MONUMENTALE EDIZIONE DELL'ENCICLICA "RERUM NOVARUM" [A monumental edition of the encyclical *Rerum Novarum*]. *Civiltà Cattolica* 1958 109(3): 277-286. Deals with the publication of the critical edition of Leo XIII's encyclical *Rerum Novarum* (Rome: Edizioni di Storia e Letteratura, 1957). This edition

contains all material relating to the encyclical from the first draft to the final official text. P. Pastorelli

2956. Menczer, Béla. DER NIEDERGANG DES MONARCHISTISCHEN EUROPA [The decline of monarchist Europe]. *Neues Abendland* 1958 13(2): 127-142. Attempts to show that the three monarchies of Central and Eastern Europe--the victims of World War I--did not cause the war. In certain instances the diplomacy of monarchist Europe prevented wars from breaking out, and it insured that those wars that were unavoidable were short. G. Schoebe

2957. Mindlin, I. B. PEREKHOD G. V. PLEKHANOVA OT NARODNICHESTVA K MARKSIZMU [G. V. Plekhanov's transition from Populism to Marxism]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (12): 3-16. Describes the complex and erratic career of Gregori Valentinovich Plekhanov, who was at first an adherent of the Narodniki movement and later became a convinced Marxist. The author points out that several Russian scholars have failed to see Plekhanov's importance as a philosopher and pioneer of scientific proletarian socialism. He describes the different phases of Plekhanov's social and political struggle in Russia and during exile. Plekhanov was the first Russian to advocate educational work by a mass party in contrast to the political method of individual terror used by other groups. Erna Wollert

2958. Mnukhina, P. S. OTKLIKI V STRANAKH ZAPADNOI EVROPY NA SOBYTIIA 9 IANVARIA 1905 G. V PETERBURGE [Responses in Western Europe to the events of 9 January 1905 in Petersburg]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1955 (6): 77-89. A survey of the anti-Czarist demonstrations and the political action of the proletariat, peasants and soldiers in Austria-Hungary, Germany, England and France in 1905. The author also evaluates the attitude of government circles in these countries. G. Lovas

2959. Olivar Bertrand, Rafael. REPERCUSIONES EN ESPAÑA DE LA PRIMERA GUERRA MUNDIAL [Repercussions of the First World War in Spain]. *Cuadernos de Historia Diplomática* (Spain) 1956 3: 3-49. An analysis of the Spanish desire to remain neutral during World War I and of the economic and social repercussions of the political situation in Morocco and the Guinea territories, following the French and English attack. Based mainly on documents, mostly letters in the Archivo Maura.

Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 20001)

2960. Pankratova, A. M. MEZHDUNARODNOE ZNACHENIE PERVOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. [The international significance of the first Russian Revolution 1905-1907]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii SSSR* 1955 (8): 5-18. Examines the response to the Revolution of 1905, discussing the views of Adler and Kautsky, the strike movement in Austria-Hungary and Germany, the reactions of government circles, and revolutionary activity in Iran, Turkey and China. G. Lovas

2961. Pérez, Lorenzo (O. F. M.). LOS ULTIMOS DE FILIPINAS: TRES HEROES FRANCISCANOS [The last men in the Philippines: three Franciscan heroes]. *Archivo Ibero-Americano* (Spain) 1956 16(63): 265-354 and (64): 393-420. With an introduction by Father Antolín Abad Pérez, O. F. M. Describes the defense of the church in Baler, Luzón, in 1898-99, during the Spanish-American War. The author emphasizes the role of three Franciscans of the mission: Cándido Gómez Carreño, Juan López and Félix Minaya. Brief notes on Franciscan missions in the Luzón area are also included. Article to be continued. Montserrat Llorens Serrano (IHE Montserrat Llorens Serrano (IHE 20491)

2962. Smirnova, V. A. G. V. PLEKHANOV V MEZHDUNARODNOM SOTSIALISTICHESKOM DVIZHENII (1883-1900) [G. V. Plekhanov in the international socialist movement (1883-1900)]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (12): 17-34. One of the greatest historical merits of the "Osvobozhdenie truda" [Emancipation of Labor] group, founded by Plekhanov in 1883, was the establishment of international relations and concord between the Russian Marxists and the international socialist movement. Using the correspondence between Marx and Engels and Russian politicians, European socialist

press reports, minutes of the Second International (at whose meetings Plekhanov was often present) and Plekhanov's own works, the author gives an account of his activities during the period, following his emigration, especially after Marx's death. Although he turned away from Marxism at the time of the First World War and the Russian Revolution, his role in the history of the West European and Russian workers' movement was very important. Erna Wollert

2963. Unsigned. DOKUMENTY G. V. PLEKHANOVA. K 100-LETIIU SO DNIA ROZHDENIIA (1856-1956 GG.) [Documents concerning G. V. Plekhanov. On the one hundred anniversary of his birth (1856-1956)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (6): 3-28. Presents 25 letters from the years 1883-1914 containing information on Plekhanov's work as philosopher and revolutionary. The documents throw light on his relations with important personalities of the Russian workers' movement and on his position with regard to differences which arose within the Party. G. Lovas

2964. Unsigned. NOVYE DOKUMENTY V I. LENINA [New documents of V. I. Lenin]. *Kommunist* 1956 33(5): 29-40. Documents published include: 1) the "Project of the third item in the general political part of the program (for the program commission of the eighth Party congress)" (1919), in which Lenin described the granting of democratic rights to the masses as the main task of the Communist Party; 2) the letter to N. Osinskii (1922); 3) eight letters to the editor of *Pravda* (1912-1914), and 4) the essay "Polozhenie del v partii" [The situation of the Party] (1911). G. Lovas

2965. Unsigned. NOVYE PIS'MA FRIDRIKHA ENGEL'SA (IZ PEREPISKI E ENGEL'SA S LAUROI LAFARG 1882-1892 GG.) [Friedrich Engels' unpublished letters (from the correspondence of Friedrich Engels and Laura Lafargue, 1882-1892)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (2): 6-30. Presents the Russian translation of twelve letters in which Engels appealed to the French Socialists to help prevent the outbreak of a new war. He censured severely the policy of General Boulanger, French war minister at the time. He asked the Guesde group of left socialists to take a clear position with reference to Boulanger. G. Lovas

2966. Unsigned. O REFERATAKH V. I. LENINA ZA GRANITSEI [Lenin's lectures delivered abroad]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (2): 3-25. Publishes: 1) letters of Lenin and the drafts of his lectures; 2) letters of members of foreign Bolshevik groups discussing Lenin's lectures, and 3) reminiscences of persons who were present when the lectures were delivered. Most of the documents are published for the first time. G. Lovas

2967. Usenko, G. MEZHDUNARODNOE-PRAVOVOE ZNACHENIE DEKRETA O MIRE [The significance of the Decree of Peace in international law]. *Mezhdunarodnaia Zhizn'* 1955 (11): 75-82. The Decree of Peace was one of the first and most important deeds of the Soviet government after the October Revolution. The concept of "democratic peace," i.e. peace without annexations or indemnity, as well as the terms "annexation" and "aggressive war" were defined in this document for the first time. Secret diplomacy was repudiated. This document has to some degree determined the text of the Covenant of the League of Nations and that of the Charter of the United Nations. G. Lovas

WORLD WAR I

2968. Beyer, Franz. DIE SEESCHLACHT VOR DEM SKAGERRAK AM 31. MAI - 1. JUNI 1916 [The naval battle of the Skagerrak, 31 May - 1 June 1916]. *Nationalpolitisches Forum* 1958 7(5): 17-19. The Battle of Jutland was a British victory, but the last before British dominance of the seas was replaced by American control. F. B. M. Hollyday

2969. Ioffe, A. E. VOENNYE POSTAVKI SSHA, ANGLII I FRANTSII ROSSII PRI VREMENNOM PRAVITEL'STVE (MART-OKTIABR' 1917 G.) [Arms supplies of the USA, England and France to Russia at the time of the Provisional Government (1917)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (3): 150-180.

presents 38 documents which show that the Entente delayed and greatly reduced arms shipments to Russia. Even war materials which had been paid for in foreign currency were not delivered. The documents include letters and telegrams in which Russian authorities asked for speedier delivery of the goods; and reports on shipments received or expected and payments made in advance, and extracts from the protocols of the Inter-Allied Supplies Committee. G. Lovas

2970. Ivanova, M. N. GERMANSKAIA AGRESSIIA V IRANE V GODY PERVOI MIROVOI VOINY [German aggression in Iran during the First World War]. Kratkie Soobshchenia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1956 (19): 14-27. At the beginning of the 20th century one aspect of Germany's interest in Iran had already become clear: Iran was regarded not only as a goal of economic expansion but also as a mobilization area against Russia. At the beginning of the First World War Iran repeatedly declared its neutrality but it was ignored by Turkey because of German intrigues. German agents prepared a coup d'état in Teheran in 1915, which failed because Russian troops were advancing. Until 1917, when forces of the Entente had occupied the whole country, German influence was confined to South Iran only. Based on Mezhdunarodnye otnosheniia v epokhu imperializma and Iran's Neutrality (Teheran, 1918). G. Lovas

2971. Terraine, John. THE BATTLE OF AMIENS, AUGUST 8, 1918. History Today 1958 8(8): 519-526. Considers this one day's fighting on the Western front in World War I as the decisive turning point that led to the final defeat of Germany. Tanks, artillery, effective planning and preparation on the part of the British generals, as well as the courage and initiative of the Allied forces were the causes of the Allied victory at Amiens. E. D. Johnson

HISTORY BY COUNTRY OR AREA

Africa

See also: 2739, 3002

2972. Moreno Moreno, José A. DON FERNANDO COLOMBO Y DE LEON, SUBGOBERNADOR DE BATA 1902-1904 [Don Fernando Colombo y de León, vice-governor of Bata (1902-1904)]. Africa (Spain) 1955 12(162): 272-275. Notes on the position of Guinea in 1901-1902 and the behavior of Colombo's predecessors in the post of vice-governor. The author refers to some aspects of the activity of Colombo (died 1904), particularly the exploration he conducted in 1903 in the interior of the country in order to study political conditions. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 12896)

2973. Oliver, Roland. SALISBURY, RHODES ET JOHNSTON [Salisbury, Rhodes and Johnston]. Revue Belge de Philologie et d'Histoire 1957 35(3/4): 726-745. Studies the relations among these three men concerning British acquisition and early government of Nyasaland and present-day Northern Rhodesia, 1888-1893. The Marquis of Salisbury used Sir Harry H. Johnston to extend British control in the interior of East Africa, which Johnston was eager to do. Rhodes entered by helping to finance Johnston's operations. Hardly altruistic, Rhodes thereby hoped to enlarge his personal empire. A quarrel provoked by Rhodes in 1893 separated him from Johnston and Nyasaland. The author concludes that Salisbury and Johnston had more far-sighted and humane views than the megalomaniac Rhodes. Based on papers of the three men and archives of the Foreign Office and British South African Company. J. M. Laux

Asia

See also: 3083, 3100, 3188

2974. Bedniak, I. I. ANTIVOENNYE VYSTUPLENIIA IAPONII V PERIOD RUSSKO-IAPONSKOI VOINY 1904-1905 GG. [Anti-war activities in Japan during the Russo-Japanese war 1904-1905]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (1): 71-81. Deals with the activities of the Socialist League, the society Kai'min-sha, the newspaper Kei'min-jimbun later called Chokugen. A detailed description of the demonstrations of 5-6 September 1905 in Tokyo is included. Based on published works. G. Lovas

2975. Belov, E. A., and V. I. Danilov. VLIANIE RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. NA KITAI [The influence of the Russian revolution of 1905-1907 on China]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (6): 14-28. Influenced by the Russian revolution Sun Yat-sen founded the Tung-men-hui Party and its organ, the newspaper Min-pao, in 1905. The Chinese revolution of 1911-1913 can be traced back directly to events in Russia. The author discusses the activities of Yüan Shih-k'ai. Based on published works. G. Lovas

2976. Castañeda, Vicente. MANILA EN 1875 [Manila in 1875]. Bibliofilia (Spain) 1957 9: 39-48. Some notes about the urban configuration and social life of Manila in 1875. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 20490)

2977. Gol'dberg, N. M. INDIISKIE ZHURNALY IASNOPOLIANSKOI BIBLIOTEKI KAK ODIN IZ ISTOCHNIKOV IZUCHENIIA NATSIONAL'NOOSVOBODITEL'NOGO DVIZHENIIA V INDII [The Indian periodicals of the library in Yasnaya Polyana as a source for research on the Indian national liberation movement]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (4): 116-130. An important collection of Indian periodicals and some Indian books of 1896-1910 are housed in the Tolstoi Museum. The author describes the newspaper Free Hindustan. G. Lovas

2978. Lee, Je Mu. IWAYURU "NIKKAN HEIGŌ"-"KYŌSEN" ZEN NI OKERU NIHON TEIKOKU-SHUGI NI YORU CHŌSEN SHOKUMINCHIKA NO KISOTEKI SHO SHIHYŌ [Basic characteristics of the colonization of Korea by Japanese imperialism before the so-called union of Japan and Korea in 1910]. Shakaikagaku-Kenkyū 1958 (9): 1-34. The basic characteristics of the colonization of Korea by Japanese imperialism prior to the so-called union of Japan and Korea were: 1) the growth of Japanese land-ownership through the illegal seizure of the Koreans' land (mainly the expropriation of state land by Tōyō Takushoku Kaisha, a colonization company), which from the beginning, corresponding to the nature of Japan's rule over Korea, was of a military character; 2) the establishment of financial control by the Daiichi Bank, and 3) the subordination of Korea to Japan in import and export trade, etc. The author also refers to the anti-colonization struggle of the Korean people against control by Japanese imperialism. K. Sugiyama

2979. Leont'ev, V. P. VOORUZHENNAIA ANGLIISKAIA INTERVENTSI'A V TIBETE (1903-1904 GG.) [The English intervention in Tibet (1903-1904)]. Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (11): 37-63. Deals with the motives for the British intervention in Tibet and their unsuccessful attempt to establish firm political rule there. The British expedition, at first disguised as a peaceful mission, led to open war for England's imperialist and colonial interests. After initial successes (the Treaty of Lhasa, 1904) the British encountered the passive resistance of all sections of the population and had to fight against Tibetan and Chinese partisans. A major, though indirect, reason for the English failure to reach their objectives -- which were also opposed by the other European powers -- was the general revolutionary struggle then starting in Asia and especially in China. Erna Wollert

2980. Motoyama, Yukihiro (Kyoto Univ.). MORI ARINORI NO KOKKASHUGI TO SONO KYŌIKU SHISŌ [Nationalism and educational ideas of Arinori Mori]. Jimbun-Gakuhō 1958 (18): 83-108. Analyzes the ideas of Arinori Mori, the founder of the modern educational system in Japan. With the political change of the 14th year of the Meiji era as a turning point, the educational policy of the Meiji government shifted its stress from the intellectual formation of the individual to the moral and physical education of the nation. Because Mori already had a strong national feeling it was possible for him to accept the new national principle. The peculiar modern character of his educational policy lies in the fact that he closely connected the principle of enlightenment and the principle of regulation within the framework of his national feeling. K. Sugiyama

2981. North, M. THE KOREAN PROTECTORATE AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF JAPANESE IMPERIALISM. Bulletin of the Japan Society of London 1958 3(24): 14-21. The annexation of Korea in 1910 made Japan a continental power. The resulting change in viewpoint and status now ap-

pears to have been disastrous since it involved the country in a chain of events which led to its downfall as a great power in 1945. A study of the period of the protectorate over Korea, 1905-1910, shows that annexation resulted from a combination of diverse economic, historical and emotional factors. A weak and divided Korea had long been considered by the Japanese nationalists as a danger to Japan. After China and Russia had been driven from Korea, the protectorate was a natural development, but it failed because the Japanese underestimated Korean nationalism and the hostility with which Koreans viewed the Western innovations which Japan was introducing. The assassination of Prince Ito by Korean nationalists brought the protectorate to an end and led to outright annexation. In the long run the protectorate played an important part in the development of Japanese imperialism, because during this period the imperialists became aware of the fact that Japan was the strongest single power in the Far East. D. Houston

2982. Reisner, I. M. RUSSKAIA REVOLIUTSIIA 1905-1907 GG. I PROBUZHDENIE AZII [The Russian revolution of 1905-1907 and the awakening of Asia]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (2): 14-30. Describes briefly the prevailing economic and political situation in the Asian countries and the immediate effect of the Russian revolution on Turkey, Iran, China, Korea, Mongolia, Afghanistan and India. Based on Novaia istoria stran zarubezhnogo vostoka (Moscow, 1952); Ivanov, Ocherk istorii Irana (Moscow, 1952); Sobotsinskii, Persiia (Moscow, 1913), and on Indian newspapers.

G. Lovas

2983. S.N.S. 86 YEARS AGO. ON THE DEFENSE OF THE NORTHEASTERN FRONTIER. Journal of the United Service Institution of India 1957 87(367): 143-147. A reprint of an article which appeared in the Journal of the United Service Institution of India in 1871. The extent of the northeastern frontier of India was too great and the available forces too small to carry on a purely defensive policy. The author presents a plan for the development of a small but highly efficient and mobile force capable of carrying out a policy of rigid repression. D. Houston

2984. Unsigned. SOME VICTORIANS IN JAPAN. Bulletin of the Japan Society of London 1958 3(24): 26-30. A lecture delivered to the Japan Society of London on 10 December 1957 by G. F. Hudson. The author discusses the careers of a number of British subjects resident in Japan during the late 19th century. These include the diplomat Sir Harry Parkes, the historian and editor Captain Francis Brinkley, the philologist Basil Hall-Chamberlain, the historian James Murdoch and the missionary and philologist John Batchelor. D. Houston

2985. Unsigned. 87 YEARS AGO. DEBATE ON THE EDUCATION OF STAFF OFFICERS. Journal of the United Service Institution of India 1957 87(369): 350-356. A reprint of an article appearing in the Journal of the United Service Institution of India in 1871. At a meeting of the United Service Institution of India held at Simla in 1871 a number of officers debated the question of the kind of preparation necessary for the competent staff officer. It was agreed that too much theoretical knowledge was undesirable and that the essential requirements for a staff officer were that he be a gentleman, a bold rider, active in his habits, and able to write a good hand. D. Houston

2986. Vasilevskaia, V. S. NEKOTORYE VOPROSY IAPONSKOGO REZHIMA V KOREE V 1904-1905 GG. [Some questions on the Japanese regime in Korea in 1904-1905]. Kratkie Soobshchenia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (16): 57-67. The intentions of Japanese imperialism to conquer Korea were one of the decisive causes of the war with Russia in 1904. Japan's decision to establish a protectorate over Korea was already made in May 1904. However, fear of the growing national liberation movement in Korea and the uncertainty about the outcome of the war with Russia forced the Japanese government to adopt preparatory economic and political measures (seizure of land and currency reform). Under an agreement of 17 November 1905, Korea became a Japanese protectorate. G. Lovas

Europe

BALKANS and NEAR EAST

See also: 2752, 3080

2987. Anghel, Al. (Craiova). UNELE ASPECTE PRIVIND RASCOALA TATANEASCA DIN 1907 DIN FOSTUL JUD. DOLJ [Some aspects of the peasants' insurrection of 1907 in the former district of Dolj]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(2): 43-67. The rural district of Dolj was the main center of the peasants' insurrection which took place in 1907 on the right bank of the lower part of the Olt River. Unequal distribution of land was one of the causes of the insurrection. The peasantry of this district had reached a condition not much removed from that of an agrarian proletariat. Various agitators, called "students" by the people, incited the peasants to rebel. The struggle of the peasants of Dolj had radical features in so far as the insurrectionists wanted to exterminate the large estate owners, their tenants and even their administrative staffs. However, the situation of the peasants after the insurrection changed very little. I. Popinceanu

2988. Arutiunov, G. A. K PREBYVANIU POTEMKIN-TSEV V EMIGRATSII [On the exile of the sailors of the "Potemkin"]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (3): 134-149. Publishes for the first time sixteen documents, including letters from members of the crew of "Potemkin" who went to Rumania after the revolution of 1905, letters and notes by the sailor Matiushenko and the statutes of the community founded at Câmpân. G. Lovas

2989. Coman, C. ATITUDINEA MINISTRULUI AUSTRO-UNGARIEI LA BUCUREȘTI FAȚA DE RASCOALA DIN 1907 REFLECTATA ÎN RAPOARTELE SALE DIPLOMATICE [The attitude of Austria-Hungary's minister in Bucharest toward the insurrection of 1907, as reflected in his diplomatic reports]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(2): 189-200. Analyzes the correspondence exchanged in 1907 between Aehrenthal and the Austrian minister in Bucharest, the Duke of Schönburg-Hartenstein. The latter demand intervention by the Austrian army in Rumania in case Rumania's own forces proved insufficient to suppress the insurrection and approved of all reprisal measures necessary to crush the rebellion. Such intervention had the backing of some circles in Rumania. Schönburg advised the Austrian exporters to be cautious until conditions were more stable. In his reports he also emphasized, however, that the living conditions of the Rumanian peasants were poor. Copies in German of eight letters from Schönburg to Aehrenthal, 3 April-8 August 1907, are included. I. Popinceanu

2990. Ionescu, Matei. DESPRE ÎNSEMNATATEA ȘI URMARILE RASCOALEI DIN 1907 [On the significance and consequences of the insurrection of 1907]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(2): 7-29. The insurrection of the Rumanian peasants, though unsuccessful, had important political and economic consequences. It caused a re-grouping of political forces and parties in Rumania. On the other hand, it demonstrated once again that the peasants can achieve nothing unless they unite with, and are led by, the proletariat. I. Popinceanu

2991. Khitrova, N. I. SOTSIAL'NO-EKONOMICHESKOE RAZVITIE CHERNOGORII V KONTSE XIX - NACHALE XX V. I KONSTITUTSIIA 1905 G. [The economic and social development of Montenegro at the close of the 19th and at the beginning of the 20th century, and the constitution of 1905]. Kratkie Soobshchenia Instituta Slavianovedeniia 1956 (20): 85-94. At the time under discussion the kingdom of Montenegro, a backward agrarian country, experienced changes which resulted in the expropriation of farmers and increased social differentiation. The proletariat of the industrial areas was only just emerging. In the years 1905-1907 the liberal bourgeoisie, influenced by the Russian revolution, established a constitutional government, which, however, failed to make any important reforms. The reacti

was victorious in 1907. The economic development of Montenegro began only in 1945, when it was annexed to the newly established Federated Republic of Yugoslavia. Erna Wollert

2992. Kosev, D. VLIANIE PERVOI RUSSKOI REVOLUTSII 1905-1907 GG. V BOLGARI [The influence of the first Russian revolution of 1905-1907 on Bulgaria]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia 1956 (20): 25-33. The first Russian revolution exercised a strong influence on revolutionary movements among the Bulgarian workers and the political consciousness of the Bulgarian people, despite the fact that at the beginning of the 20th century the situation in Bulgaria was not revolutionary, although the rural sections of the population were discontent with capitalist developments. The Bulgarian working class, brought up in the spirit of the solidarity of proletarian internationalism by the radical wing of the Socialist Party, provided material and moral support for the Russian revolution in the way of collections of money, demonstrations and strikes. Marxist thought began to take root and there was much enthusiasm in Bulgaria over the victorious October Revolution ten years later. Based on material in the Communist Party archives, Sofia.

Erna Wollert

2993. Maciu, Vasile. CU PRIVIRE LA RAZBOIUL INTRU INDEPENDENTA ROMINIEI [On the Rumanian war of independence]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 (4): 111-133. Older Rumanian historians have always connected Rumania's struggle for independence with such personalities as King Carol I, Ion C. Bratianu, M. Ghalniceanu and C. A. Rosetti, and have ignored the role played by social classes. Russia was the only great power willing to grant independence to Rumania. During the war of independence (the Russo-Turkish war of 1877-1878) the ties of comradeship between the Rumanian and Russian soldiers were strengthened. On 9 May 1877 Rumania proclaimed its independence from Turkish domination. In the Treaty of San Stefano, 1878, Rumania received Dobrudja from Russia and in return had to cede the southern part of Bessarabia to Russia. The demands of the Rumanian delegates at the Berlin Congress of 1878, which confirmed the independence of Rumania, were ignored. The Russian people gave valuable help to the Rumanians in their struggle for independence.

I. Popinceanu

2994. Miller, A. F. BURZHUAZNAIA REVOLIUTSIIA 1908 G. V TURTSII [The bourgeois revolution of 1908 in Turkey]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (6): 29-45. Describes the terroristic rule of Abdul Hamid II (1876-1909) and the formation of liberal Ottoman organizations (Young Turks) and discusses the revolutionary events of 1908-1909. Based on Turkish, British and Russian sources. G. Lovas

2995. Mioc, Damaschin. DESPRE ROLUL CLUBURILOR SOCIALISTE IN PREGATIREA RASCOALEI DIN 1907 [On the role of the Socialist club in the preparation of the insurrection of 1907]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(2): 1-42. About 1898 Socialist clubs were already organized among the peasants in the rural districts of Walachia by the Rumanian Social Democratic Party. In 1907 these groups were the main nuclei of the insurrection.

I. Popinceanu

2996. Ochak, I. D. IZ ISTORII RUSSKO-SERBSKIKH REVOLIUTSIONNYKH SVIAZEI KONTSA XIX I NACHALA XX VV [On the history of the revolutionary relations between Russia and Serbia at the end of the 19th and the beginning of the 20th century]. Istoricheski Arkhiv 1956 (5): 207-209. In the 1880s and 1890s many Serbian students in Russia had contact with the Russian revolutionary movement. The author refers specifically to E. Kočović, M. Nikolić, A. Banković and D. Popović. Several Russian revolutionaries probably found refuge in Serbia at the same time. Up to the present the material bearing on this subject has not been published or studied. G. Lovas

2997. Polo, S. VLIANIA VELIKOI OKTIABR'SKOI REVOLIUTSIONNOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII NA ALBANIU [The influence of the Great Socialist October Revolution on Albania]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (5):

88-99. After the October Revolution of 1917 the Soviet Government published the secret treaty concluded in London in 1915 under which Albanian territory was to be divided between Italy, Greece, Serbia and Montenegro. After its publication in the Russian press the Albanian people started to fight against the Italian occupation forces. Events in Soviet Russia affected Albania in other ways too: the uprising of the Albanian peasants in 1922 was due to the influence of the Soviet Russian land reform on the Albanian peasantry. The author describes the rebellion of leftist groups in 1927 and the assumption of power by Ahmed Zogu in 1927.

G. Lovas

2998. Roller, M. RUSSKAIA REVOLIUTSIIA I POD'EM KREST'IANSKOGO DVIZHENIIA V 1905-1907 GG. V RUMYNII [The Russian revolution and the development of the peasants' movement in Rumania in 1905-1907]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 107-120. In February 1907 there were uprisings of the peasants in northern Moldavia owing to the influence of the Russian revolution. About 40,000 peasants besieged the town of Jassy on 4 March. In Walachia and Oltenia the peasants also rose in rebellion. The liberal government, which succeeded the conservatives on 12 March 1907, mobilized an army of 140,000 men and suppressed the revolt. War Minister Avarescu and Minister of the Interior Bratianu then made reprisals. G. Lovas

2999. Tveritinova, A. S. MLADOTURKI I PANTIUR-KIZM [The Young Turks and Pan-Turkism]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1956 (22): 66-74. Describes the ideology of Pan-Slavism and Pan-Turkism as it was propagated by the Young Turks in 1909-1918, and mentions, among other things, their contacts with Japanese imperialists. Hoping to gain territorial compensations, the Young Turks made their country a vassal of German imperialism during the First World War. Independent economic and political development began after the national struggle for freedom, which lasted for four years. Based on Turkish press reports which have been preserved in Istanbul and not been previously used in Soviet literature. Erna Wollert

3000. Valuiskii, A. M. NOVYE ARKHIVNY DOKUMENTY O NARODNYKH VOLNENIIAKH V MALOI AZII V PERIOD RUSSKOI REVOLUTSII 1905-1907 GG. [New archival documents on the popular disturbances in Asia Minor during the time of the Russian revolution of 1905-1907]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1956 (22): 88-91. The national bourgeoisie, representing the interests of the whole population, led the insurrectionist movement of the masses in Asia Minor during the first Russian revolution. The material, published for the first time and taken from the Russian Archives on Foreign Policy, consists of translations of appeals made by the Erzurum Mohammedan revolutionary committee to the army and to all Mohammedans. They show that the leaders of the rebellion demanded only constitutional monarchy. They were opposed to foreign intervention and demanded abolition of obsolete absolutist practices.

Erna Wollert

3001. Voznesenskii, V. D. K VOPROSU O VLIANII RUSSKOGO REVOLIUTSIONNOGO DVIZHENIIA NA BOLGAR-SKOE RABOCHEE DVIZHENIE (1910-1912 GG.) [Concerning the influence of the Russian revolutionary movement on the Bulgarian workers' movement (1910-1912)]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia 1955 (17): 3-13. The newspaper Rabotnicheskii Vestnik [Workers' Journal] illustrates how the Bulgarian workers' movement received a new uplift from the Russian revolutionary movement. Political demonstrations took place in protest against the conviction of deputies of the Second Duma and against the events on the Lena River. Rabotnicheskii Vestnik also published the documents of the sixth conference of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party and the text of Lenin's lecture.

G. Lovas

FRANCE
(and MONACO)

See also: 2760

3002. Dollot, René. DE TANGER AU QUAI D'ORSAY (JANVIER 1910-MAI 1911) [From Tangier to the Quai d'Orsay (January 1910-May 1911)]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1955 69(4): 313-328, and 1956 70(2): 125-144. Recollections of the European diplomatic colony at Tangier and of their relations with some of the Moslem dignitaries in that city. The author also discusses his superiors during the brief period when he was ad interim secretary to the director of political affairs of the French foreign ministry; this was a period when the director was becoming more and more the permanent chief of the ministry under the difficulties imposed by the ministerial instability of the Third Republic. The author describes the organization and personalities of the Direction d'Amerique and the chancellery of the ministry, where he also served briefly in 1911. J. H. Jensen

3003. Laroche, Jules. COMMENT FUT NEGOCIE LE TRAITE FRANCO-MONEGASQUE DU 17 JUILLET 1918 [How the Franco-Monacan treaty of 17 July 1918 was negotiated]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1955 69(4): 289-292. Recounts how the desire of Prince Albert of Monaco to designate a natural granddaughter as an heir made possible a revision of the French position in reference to the enclave principality which was highly favorable to France, especially because of increased military jurisdiction. The author was the French negotiator. J. H. Jensen

3004. Manfred, A. Z. RUSSKAIA REVOLIUTSIIA 1905-1907 GG. I POD'EM REVOLIUTSIONNOGO DVIZHENIIA VO FRANTSII [The Russian revolution of 1905-1907 and the growth of the revolutionary movement in France]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 130-144. Meetings at which solidarity with the Russian workers was professed were held in France. Money was collected in various French towns to help the Russian workers, and representatives of the progressive intelligentsia founded the "Society of the Friends of the Russian People." Strikes took place (e. g. in the coal mining industry in 1906 and in Paris on 1 May 1906), and the French socialist parties united. Based on French newspapers. G. Lovas

3005. Naquet, Alfred. UNE LETTRE INEDITE D'ALFRED NAQUET (13 SEPTEMBRE 1885) [An unpublished letter of Alfred Naquet (13 September 1885)]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1955 69(2): 150-153. A complaint by a radical, Boulangiste deputy about the splintering of the party system under the Third Republic for making parliamentary democracy unworkable. He advocated a strong executive on the model of the executive under the U. S. Constitution. The letter is drawn from the private collection of Maurice Bérard. J. H. Jensen

3006. Unsigned. LETTRES DE HENRI FOURNIER A GEORG CHRISTIAN SILBERT [Henri Fournier's letters to Georg Christian Silbert]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1956 70(2): 110-124, and (3): 229-238. A collection of letters written by the French minister to Italy in 1872-73 to the Norwegian representative at the Swedish court. Fournier was a liberal in politics and religion and his letters reveal sympathy with the Italian government, antipathy to the temporal power of the Pope, and opposition to the clerical tendencies of the French government of the period. The letters are preserved with the Silbert papers in the library of the University of Oslo. J. H. Jensen

3007. Yokoyama, Makoto (Tokyo Univ.). DERUKASSE NI OKERU FURANSU GAIKO-SEISAKU NO TENKAN [Reorientation of French policy under Delcassé's ministry]. Kokka-gakkai-zasshi 1956/57 70(1/2): 1-47, (9): 662-704, and 71(4): 416, 444, (9): 885-914. A detailed survey of Delcassé's diplomacy. After 1870, the two most important aims of French foreign policy were revanche against Germany and colonial expansion. About the turn of the century, particularly after the Morocco crises, France began to clash with Germany even in the colonial field, where the relations of the two countries had previously been good. This change

resulted in a noteworthy reorientation of French foreign policy, which paved the way for the encirclement of Germany by the Allied and Associated Powers. M. Nishikawa

GERMANY

See also: 2777, 3221

3008. Gaponov, P. M. (Voronezh). ANTIMILITARIST-SKIE VYSTUPLENIIA KARLA LIBKNEKHTA NAKANUNE PERVOI MIROVOI VOINY [Karl Liebknecht's appearance as an antimilitarist before World War I]. Voprosy Istorii 1957 (2): 32-45. An account of Karl Liebknecht's revolutionary activities directed against militarism and reactionary Junkerdom, describing in detail his fight against Krupp and other monopolists. Liebknecht was the only Social Democratic member who used the Reichstag as a tribunal to unmask the warmongers and those in Germany who supplied them with arms. Although backed by the individual socialist organizations, which opposed militarism, he received no support from the opportunist center faction of the Party. Based on Social Democratic press reports, debates held in the Reichstag in 1912-1913 and Liebknecht's own essays. Erna Wollert

3009. Hayashi, Kentarō (Tokyo Univ.). BISUMARUKU NO SHIKKYAKU O MEGURU SHOMONDAI [The problems connected with Bismarck's fall]. Shigaku-zasshi 1958 67 (2): 96-157. After examining the causes of Bismarck's fall, refers to its social significance. The author makes a comparative study of materials and works published since the formulation of Hans Delbrück's thesis and attempts to synthesize the views of E. Gagliardi and E. Zechlin. Although the plan for a coup d'état can be found in Bismarck's political thought, it was not until February 1890, after his unexpected defeat in a general election, that he thought of putting it into practice. Wilhelm II did not oppose a coup d'état either, but he reversed his views between the end of February and the beginning of March 1890. Labor policy played a great role in this change. The author concludes that although the immediate cause of the conflict between the Kaiser and the Chancellor was the divergence of their tactics against the Socialists, the basic cause was the collision of their views on labor legislation. Differences in the ideas of the two are closely connected with the development of Hochkapitalismus, some of whose characteristics may be noticed in the strikes which occurred in the Ruhr area in 1889, which the author also discusses. M. Nishikawa

3010. Krauss, Karl. VOM WERDEN, WESEN UND WIRKEN DES PREUSSISCHEN GENERALSTABES [On the growth, character and influence of the Prussian General Staff]. Geschichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht 1958 9 (5): 257-276. Concludes a previous article [See abstract 4: 1163]. The author discusses Prussian strategy and strategic planning from 1864-1918, emphasizing that the General Staff was not only the product of the reactionary power of old Prussianism, and concludes that the military were mainly responsible for German defeat in the First World War. F. B. M. Hollyday

3011. Miyake, Masaki. FURIDORIHI NAUMANN TO TAISHU-SHAKAI -- GENDAI DOITSU NO SEIJI-TEKI SHOMONDAI [Friedrich Naumann and mass society -- some political questions of modern Germany]. Shiso 1958 (410): 1153-1166. Discusses the works of Friedrich Naumann and examines his views on the political questions of modern Germany, which developed the characteristics of mass society. Naumann tried to combine socialism and nationalism and to organize a united front ranging from Bassermann to Bebel. In contrast to Rathenau, his attitude toward the masses was optimistic. He had no insight into morbid aspects of mass society. The author calls attention to some similarities and differences in the principles of Naumann and Nazism. M. Nishikawa

3012. Morsey, Rudolf. BISMARCK UND DER KULTURKAMPF. EIN FORSCHUNGS- UND LITERATURBERICHT 1945-1957. UNTER VERWENDUNG NEUEN MATERIALS [Bismarck and the Kulturkampf. A research and bibliography]

al report, 1945-1957, based on the use of new material]. *Archiv für Kulturgeschichte* 1957 39(2): 230-270.

The prodigious source materials available on the Kulturkampf have produced no definitive work, though interest in Bismarck's politics has never flagged. Anglo-Saxon writers have produced works which extend scholarship without using primary sources, but they contain numerous lacunae and typographical errors. Some German works analyze the political parties of the period, others examine in detail the position of the Catholic Church in Prussia. Not all doctoral dissertations on the subject have used primary sources. A few authors treat the Kulturkampf sociologically; and some detect in it Bismarck's Church-State viewpoint. The effects of the struggle on a single community have been scrutinized. Some of the works impress because of their organization, and others have successfully used archival materials. Unpublished works by Windthorst and Vatican manuscripts have not yet been exploited. L. Kestenberg

3013. Schwarzschild, Steven S. THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALISM OF HERMANN COHEN. Hebrew Union College Annual 1956 27: 417-438. A discussion of the political sociology of the German-Jewish philosopher (1842-1918) and his relationship with certain theological concepts characteristic of his writings. B. W. Korn

3014. Stern, L. VLIHANIE PEROVOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII NA RAZVITIE REVOLUTSIONNOI BOR'BY V GERMANII [The influence of the first Russian revolution on the development of the revolutionary struggle in Germany]. Doklady Nauchshcheniia Instituta Istarii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 121-129. The Russian revolution gave rise to disputes within the ranks of the German Social Democracy. At the Party congress of 23-29 September 1905 in Jena, the left wing of the Party, presented by Rosa Luxemburg, Karl Liebknecht, Clara Zetkin, August Bebel and others, prevailed. At the Mannheim Party congress of 23-29 September 1906, however, the leadership of the Party surrendered to the reformists: the demand for a general strike to demonstrate the solidarity of the Russian workers was rejected. In spite of this, the enemies of German militarism failed because of the feeling of solidarity and the revolutionary attitude of the German working class. Thus, in 1905 William II could not intervene directly in support of Czarism. G. Lovas

GREAT BRITAIN

See also: 2778, 2780, 2784, 2979

3015. Haines, George, IV (Connecticut College). GERMAN INFLUENCES UPON SCIENTIFIC INSTRUCTION IN ENGLAND, 1867-87. *Victorian Studies* 1957/58 1(3): 215-231. British scientists and scholars became alarmed at the threat of German economic competition two decades before British industrialists were aware of German potentialities. The scientists saw German success in the war of 1866 as an indication that England had already fallen dangerously behind in education and science. Their fears led to twenty years of agitation which brought about the reform of old educational institutions and the founding of new ones, the introduction of laboratory instruction in Great Britain, and the extension of technical education. Pressure for change was brought to bear through Parliament and the press and by means of the introduction of experimental courses. During this period British scientists ceased to be amateurs, and by the time business men became aware of the threat of German technological rivalry, the foundations for scientific and technical education had been securely laid. D. Houston

3016. Harrison, J. F. C. (Univ. of Leeds). THE VICTORIAN GOSPEL OF SUCCESS. *Victorian Studies* 1957/58 1(3): 155-164. Victorian success literature was found in magazines, biographies and inspirational and practical self-help books. Two major themes were played upon: the gospel of work and the doctrine of self-help. The qualities necessary for success were hard work, thrift, punctuality, early rising, alertness, prudent marriage, self-education and piety. Self-help was originally a working-class device aimed at inspiring some of the cultural and material benefits denied workers by industrial society. It became ultimately the middle-class reply to workers' demands for better social

conditions. Thus what had once been an expression of working-class collectivism was incorporated in the dominant individualist philosophy of the middle class, which saw in it a means of strengthening independent citizenship as opposed to ideas of collective or communal responsibility for social ills. To present this social philosophy in a popular form was one of the main achievements of the literature of success.

D. Houston

3017. Hugodot, M. L'OPINION PUBLIQUE ANGLAISE ET L'AFFAIRE DE FACHODA [English public opinion and the Fashoda affair]. *Revue d'Histoire des Colonies* 1957 44 (2): 113-137. Extract from a report submitted for the Diploma of Higher Studies in History. By means of the contemporary English press the author examines the attitude of English public opinion toward the Marchand mission. Indignation at French perfidy was tempered by a certain feeling of admiration for the audacity of Marchand's expedition. In general, the English public supported the Government's intransigent attitude, and the eventual consequence of the Fashoda episode was a renewal of the anti-French feelings that England had forgotten fifty years earlier.

R. Valdés del Toro

3018. Reckitt, Maurice B. WHEN DID "VICTORIANISM" END? *Victorian Studies* 1957/58 1(3): 268-271. Argues that from almost every point of view the period 1887-1914 in English history has a unity of its own. Therefore, from the standpoint of historical periodization the "Victorian Age" ended a dozen years before the Queen died. D. Houston

HABSBURG EMPIRE

See also: 2794, 2989, 3045

3019. Černý, Bohumil. VÝVOJ LIHOVARSTVÍ V ČESKÝCH ZEMÍCH (PŘÍSPĚVEK K DĚJINÁM ZEMĚDĚLSTVÍ) [The development of the distilling industries in the Czech lands (a contribution to the history of agriculture)]. *Československý časopis Historický* 1957 5(4): 688-727. Briefly touches on political conditions in the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy during the second half of the 19th century and those of the Czech lands between the turn of the century and the pre-Munich period to explain primarily the role and power position of the powerful Agrarian Party. The progress of the distilling industries related to agriculture is reviewed within this political framework, chiefly by means of unpublished material. F. Wagner

3020. César, Jaroslav. OHLAS VELKÉ ŘÍJNOVÉ SOCIÁLISTICKÉ REVOLUCE NA ČESKÉM VENKOVĚ V LETECH 1917-1920 [The echo of the Great Socialist October Revolution in the Czech rural areas during the years 1917-1920]. *Československý časopis Historický* 1957 5(4): 616-632. The Great Socialist October Revolution had a significant role in revolutionizing the population of the rural areas of Bohemia, particularly in 1920, when a series of strikes and other demonstrations occurred. Class warfare developed throughout the country during the period 1917-1920. The Czech agrarian proletariat went far in the direction of revolutionary ideas and methods, although the still-dominant Social Democracy, including its left wing, was not prepared to meet such problems. Based on archival sources. F. Wagner

3021. Egyed, A. DESPRE MIȘCAREA MUNCITOREASCĂ DIN TRANSILVANIA ÎNTRE ANII 1880-1890 [On the Transylvanian workers' movement in the years 1880-1890]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1957 10(4): 33-56. The government, representing the large estate owners and the bourgeoisie, arrested workers who tried to organize labor movements in this period. The fact that labor organizations were illegal greatly impeded the workers' struggle in Hungary, which began with the foundation of workers' relief funds. The General Workers' Party was founded in May 1880 in Budapest, and illegal organizations emerged later, particularly in the Transylvanian cities. Transylvanian workers arranged several strikes for a ten-hour working day, prohibition of work on Sundays, and higher wages, but most of them failed. After the establishment of the Second International in Paris the Transylvanian workers obtained some relief. Internationalism took root more and more in the working classes. At a congress

of 7-8 December 1890 in Budapest the General Workers' Party became the Social Democratic Party of Hungary. Among its aims were nationalization of the means of production and the international unity of the workers; mention was not yet made of the dictatorship of the proletariat. I. Popinceanu

3022. Gogina, K. P. POD'EM RABOCHEGO I DEMOKRATICHESKOGO DVIZHENIIA V CHEKHII V 1905 G. [The progress of the democratic and proletarian movement in the Czechoslovak districts in 1905]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia 1956 (20): 76-84. Presents a detailed picture of the economic and social development of the Czech and Slovak districts within Austria-Hungary in 1905. The author emphasizes the strong influence which the first Russian revolution exercised on the Czechoslovak proletariat in its struggle for political rights. Based partly on Czech, Russian and Austrian periodicals and statistics. Erna Wollert

3023. Hanák, P. VLIANIE RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. NA REVOLIUTSIONNIU BOR'BU V ENGER-SKOGO NARODA [The influence of the Russian revolution of 1905-1907 on the revolutionary struggle of the Hungarian people]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 94-106. The Hungarian people responded quickly to the Russian revolution. From March to May 1905 general strikes, including one of the metal workers of Budapest, were organized throughout the country. In the summer of 1905 agricultural workers in Western Hungary rose, but the rebellion was suppressed by government troops. The Russian revolution had a bearing on the struggle for universal suffrage in the summer of 1905. The revolutionary movement of the Hungarian people in 1905-1907 failed because it was led by the opportunist leaders of the Social Democratic Party. G. Lovas

3024. Hollaender, Albert E. J. "THE ROAD TO MAYERLING." Times Literary Supplement 1958 (2936): 320. Comments on an unsigned review of Richard Barkeley's The Road to Mayerling (London, 1958), which had expressed a preference for Carl Count Lonyay's Rudolf: The Tragedy of Mayerling (1950). Hollaender criticizes the latter work as not based on original research and misleading in its apparatus, and discusses some of the sources for Crown Prince Rudolf's biography. A copy of a contemporary British Foreign Office document appraising the consequences of Rudolf's suicide is included. P. H. Hardacre

3025. Jindra, Zdeněk. K ROZVOJI ČESKÉHO BANKOVNÍHO KAPITÁLU PŘED PRVNÍ SVĚTOVOU VÁLKOU [Contribution to the development of Czech banking capital prior to World War I]. Československý Časopis Historický 1957 5(3): 506-526. Deals with the progress of the leading Czech banking institutions between 1900-1913, with special regard to their financial advancement during the years 1907-1913, when Czech banking capital overcame the preponderance of German capital on the domestic money market. Post-war Czechoslovak imperialism was deeply rooted in the Czech economic development of 1900-1913. Based on published material. F. Wagner

3026. Kautsky, Benedikt. LE DEVELOPPEMENT DU SOCIALISME DEMOCRATIQUE EN AUTRICHE [The development of democratic socialism in Austria]. Revue Socialiste 1958 (116): 388-411. Traces the development of Social Democracy in Austria from the union of the moderates and radicals at Hainfeld in 1889 to the Second World War. Based on the memoirs of prominent Socialists and the party press. J. A. Clarke

3027. Kodedova, O. K VOPROSU O VLIANII PEROVOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII NA REVOLIUTSIONNOE DVIZHENIE V CHESHKIKH ZEMLIAKH I V SLOVAKII [On the question of the influence of the first Russian revolution on the revolutionary movement in the Czechoslovak districts and in Slovakia]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia 1956 (20): 34-39. The domestic situation in the semi-absolutist, economically backward Habsburg monarchy at the beginning of the 20th century resembled in many respects that prevailing in Czarist Russia. The first Russian revolution gave an enormous stimulus to the workers' movement in the Czechoslovak districts and Slovakia and marks a new phase in the

struggle of the working class. The final outcome of this was to be, later on, the formation of the truly revolutionary Czechoslovak Communist Party. Erna Wollert

3028. Křížek, Jurij. KRISE CUKROVARNICTVÍ V ČESKÝCH ZEMÍCH V OSMDESÁTÝCH LETECH MINULÉHO STOLETÍ A JEJÍ VÝZNAM PRO VZRŮST ROLNICKÉHO HNUTÍ (Pokračování) [The crisis in sugar manufacture in the Czech lands during the 1880s and its importance for the growth of agrarian crisis (Continuation)]. Československý Časopis Historický 1956 4(2): 270-298, and 1957 5(3): 473-506. A study in the development of the peasant movement in the 1880s. The acceleration of capitalism in Czech agriculture had a great positive effect on the growing of sugar beets and sugar manufacture, and also on intensive farming generally. The result was an agricultural crisis, the social decomposition of villages, and the decrease of agricultural population. The contemporary agricultural crisis was deepened by the sugar manufacturing crisis, which in turn greatly changed the social and economic structure of Czech villages between 1880-1890. F. Wagner

3029. Murase, Okio (Seikei Univ.). HITTORĀ-SHUGI NO KEISEI-KATEI -- ŌSUTORIA-HAN-GARĪ-TEIKOKU TO WAKAKI HITTORĀ [The process of the formation of Hitler's Austria-Hungary and the young Hitler]. Shisō 1956 (390): 1433-1447. Study of Hitler's life and thought up to his volunteering for the army in 1914. The author throws light on the development in Hitler's thoughts of such doctrines as antiparlamentarism, antidemocracy, German racial supremacy and anti-Semitism. Stressing the racial conflicts, he presents some aspects of the political and social history of Austria-Hungary which colored Hitler's ideas. Based mainly on the biography by W. Görlitz and H. A. Quint. M. Nishikawa

3030. Šolle, Zdeněk. K POČÁTKŮM DĚLNICKÉHO HNUTÍ V PRAZE [Beginnings of the workers' movement in Prague]. Československý Časopis Historický 1957 5(4): 664-687. Because of the advanced economic and cultural conditions of the Czech and German nationalities in the Czech lands, the nationalist struggles were very intense, a fact which also affected the labor movement. In addition to Brno and Liberec, Prague played an important role as a center of the Czech workers' movement from the beginning (between the 1840s and 1870s). The author describes various developments in the labor organizations of Prague, particularly in the cotton manufacturing industry, using unpublished sources. The Commune of Paris had a great influence on the Czech pioneers of socialism. F. Wagner

3031. Unsigned. 40. VÝROČÍ VELKÉ ŘÍJNOVÉ SOCIALISTICKÉ REVOLUCE [The fortieth anniversary of the Great Socialist October Revolution]. Československý Časopis Historický 1957 5(4): 615-616. An editorial on the occasion of the fortieth anniversary of the October Revolution, also evaluating some recently published Czechoslovak works on the effects of the Revolution on Czechoslovakia. The author emphasizes the significance of a scientific conference on the same topic to be held by the Czechoslovak-Soviet Institute of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences in collaboration with other leading historical institutes. F. Wagner

3032. Vanhelleputte, Michel. LE PATRIOTISME AUTRICHIEN DE HUGO VON HOFMANNSTHAL ET LA PREMIÈRE GUERRE MONDIALE [The Austrian patriotism of Hugo von Hofmannsthal and the First World War]. Revue Belge de Philologie et d'Histoire 1957 35(3/4): 683-704. Discusses the political views of Hofmannsthal. J. M. Laux

3033. Vincze, Géza. ADY ÉS AZ OROSZ FORRADALMI MOZGALMAK [Ady and the Russian revolutionary movement]. Századok 1956 90(4-6): 657-666. Analyzes the prose writings and poems (1899-1915) of the Hungarian Endre Ady in order to show how he was influenced by Russian revolutionary events and ideas. F. Wagner

ITALY

See also: 3006

3034. Bassi, Giuseppina. BREVI NOTE SUL MOVIMENTO CATTOLICO A SIENA [Brief notes on the Catholic movement in Siena]. *Civitas* 1956 7(9/10): 169-179.

Examines the Catholic movement in Siena, from its origins to the First World War. The author examines the attitude of the local Catholic press, particularly toward the problem of Italian intervention in the war. Journal

3035. Berselli, Aldo. LA QUESTIONE FERROVIARIA E LA "RIVOLUZIONE PARLAMENTARE" DEL 18 MARZO 1876 [The railway question and the "parliamentary revolution" of 18 March 1876]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1958 70(2): 188-38. Article to be continued.

3036. Berselli, Aldo. LE TRATTATIVE PER UNA COMBINAZIONE MINISTERIALE TRA MARCO MINGHETTI E QUINTINO SELLA (1874-1875) [Negotiations for an agreement between the ministers Marco Minghetti and Quintino Sella (1874-1875)]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1956 68(3): 390-424. In June 1873, after the fall of the Lanza cabinet, a dispute between Sella, the former minister of finance, and Minghetti rose over the question of the financial policy necessary to achieve a balanced budget. Sella opposed a tax reform, fearing that it would jeopardize tax revenue, and advocated new taxes instead. Minghetti recognized the need for a tax reform and hoped to gain increased revenue from the reform. The most prominent representatives of the moderate party made efforts of conciliation, especially since they wanted the parliamentary support of the entire right wing for the government. A first attempt to induce Sella to join the Minghetti ministry, was made in the summer of 1874 but failed because of Sella's intransigence. A second attempt in the spring of 1875, in which the King intervened personally, failed again. Sella disapproved of that part of the government program which dealt with the financial problem, and refused to take over ministerial duties. The final negotiations, however, settled the dispute between the two men. Based on unpublished documents of Minghetti, kept in the library of Bologna.

P. Pastorelli

3037. Berselli, Aldo. P.B. CASOLI, L'OPERA DEI CONGRESSI E LA DEMOCRAZIA CRISTIANA [P.B. Casoli, the work of the congresses and Christian Democracy]. *Civitas* 1956 7(9/10): 86-106. Examines the life and the work of Pier Biagio Casoli, a native of Modena, in reference to the events of the Italian Catholic movement, in the second half of the 19th century. Casoli's attitude was one of intransigence and at the same time of consistency and straightforwardness.

Journal

3038. Cifrè, Cosmo. VOCI DEL MOVIMENTO CATTOLICO IN SICILIA AGLI INIZI DEL SECOLO [Voices of the Catholic movement in Sicily at the beginning of the century]. *Civitas* 1956 7(9/10): 180-196. An examination of the Catholic movement in Sicily at the beginning of the 20th century, devoting special attention to the position of the semi-official organ of the Catholic movement in Palermo, *Il Centro*, a periodical which did not reject the tactical convergence of Catholics with the forces of moderate conservatism; and of *la Montagna*, a periodical edited by young people which held an intransigent position and had a Christian democratic program. Journal

3039. Rossini, Giuseppe. UN CONTRIBUTO ALLA BIOGRAFIA DI GIUSEPPE DONATI [A contribution to the biography of Giuseppe Donati]. *Civitas* 1956 7(9/10): 65-85. Discusses Donati's collaboration with Prezzolini's *La Voce* and Salvemini's *L'Unità*, and his subsequent work for *Il Risorgimento* and *L'Azione*. The appendix contains a series of letters from Eligio Cacciaguerra to Beniamino Palumbo clarifying the spirit and the orientation of *L'Azione* and referring also to Donati's work. Journal

3040. Schilirò, Vincenzo. LA CASSA RURALE ED ARTIGIANA E LA ELEVATION DELLE CLASSI LAVORATICI SICILIANE [The rural and artisans' bank and the elevation of the Sicilian working class]. *Civitas* 1956 7(9/10): 37-200. Examines the work done by the Cassa Rurale e

Artigiana on behalf of the Sicilian working class. It was established in 1895 by the first Regional Congress of Sicilian Catholics for the purposes of granting loans to artisans on advantageous terms, collective purchasing of implements, and individual or collective purchasing of land. Journal

3041. Scoppola, Pietro. IL MODERNISMO POLITICO IN ITALIA: LA LEGA DEMOCRATICA NAZIONALE [The political modernism in Italy: the National Democratic League]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1957 69(1): 61-109. In the first few years of the 20th century the Church encouraged Catholics, in view of the growing pressure by the socialist movement, to take an active part in political life by joining the moderate wing of the Liberals. A group of young Catholics who did not agree with this new orientation founded the National Democratic League in 1905. The author investigates the connection between the program of the League and the broader movement of modernism, discussing the political and religious aspects of the League's program. He concludes that "it is not possible to reject political modernism and to attribute the movement of the dissident Christian Democrats exclusively and simply to a growth in the political maturity of the Catholics, but that, on the other hand, the League cannot be considered outside this maturation process. The National League and the People's Party represent, though on different levels, two factors which were essential for the development of the Italian laity to the degree of maturity necessary for a democratic life." P. Pastorelli

3042. Tintori, Ubaldo. LE ALLEANZE AMMINISTRATIVE FRA CATTOLICI E LIBERALI A LUCCA ALLA FINE DELL'OTTOCENTO [The administrative alliance between Catholics and Liberals in Lucca at the end of the 19th century]. *Civitas* 1956 7(9/10): 129-168. Demonstrates the importance of the evolution of the Catholic program for administrative elections from 1880 to 1900. The author shows that the split between the Italian state and the Catholic laity was not as serious on the administrative level, where the possibility of free development was guaranteed, as it appeared to be on the political level. Journal

3043. Valiani, Leo. LA STORIA DEL MOVIMENTO SOCIALISTA IN ITALIA DALLE ORIGINI AL 1921. STUDI E RICERCHE NEL DECENNIO 1945-1955 [History of the social movement in Italy from its origin to 1921. Studies and researches in the decade 1945-1955]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1956 68(3): 447-510 and 68(4): 620-669. A survey of the most important relevant archives with a critical evaluation of general works on the socialist movement in Italy and studies on its individual phases. P. Pastorelli

POLAND

3044. Danishevskii, T. SOVMESTNAIA BOR'BA TRUDIASHCHIKHSIA POL'SHI I ROSSII PROTIV SAMODERZHAVIA, ZA NATSIONAL'NOE I SOTSIAL'NOE OSVOBOZHDENIE [Common struggle of the workers in Poland and Russia against absolutism, for national and social liberation]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1956 (9): 80-93. Describes the activities of the leftist Social Democratic Party of Poland and Lithuania and of the Polish Socialists (the followers of Pilsudski) in the period 1905-1907. The Social Democrats declared their solidarity with the Russian workers whereas the Polish Socialist Party wanted a war between Russia and Poland. G. Lovas

3045. Dunin-Wasowicz, Krzysztof. LUDOWCY GALICYJSZY W CZASIE PIERWSZEJ WOJNY ŚWIATOWEJ [The Galician Peasant Party during the First World War]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 39-56. At the outbreak of the war the Peasant Party was split into two factions: the Polish Peasant Party "Piast" and the Polish Peasant Party (Left Wing). Both factions originally belonged to the "independence camp," whose aim was the regaining of Poland's independence, in contrast to the National Democracy or Conservative Party, which advocated the incorporation of the Polish Kingdom into the Habsburg Empire, and the latter's change from a dual to a triple monarchy. The "Piast," which was more influential with the Austrian authorities and the other Polish parties, joined the Naczelny Komitet Narodowy [Central National Committee], which supported the formation

of a Polish legion to fight on the Austrian side. However, already in the winter of 1914 its leaders came to an understanding with the National Democracy, and adopted a pro-coalition attitude. On 16 May 1917 the "Piast", together with the Socialists and the National Democracy, voted the resolution that "the only aim of the Polish nation is the regaining of independence." The Polish Peasant Party (Left Wing), led by the rather erratic Jan Stapinski, left the Naczelny Komitet Narodowy in April 1916. After a period of inactivity Stapinski supported for a time the pro-Austrian orientation, but by October 1918 he was on the side of the "Piast" and the other parties favoring independence. He succeeded in ending the split within the peasant parties, subordinating his party to the "Piast," but that union was again broken in 1919.

A. F. Dygnas

3046. Kormanova, Zh. REVOLUTSIIA 1905-1907 GG. NA POL'SKIH ZEMLIakh (POPYTKA OBOBSHCENIIA ISTORICHESKOGO KHODA REVOLUTSII) [The revolution of 1905-1907 in the Polish districts (An attempt at a compressed representation of the history of the revolution)]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1956 (20): 13-24. The objective conditions prior to the Polish revolution resembled closely those of Russia. The Polish bourgeois democratic revolution was a broadly based national liberation movement. Historically, the Russian revolution was the Russian people's and the Bolshevik Party's contribution toward the social and national liberation of the Polish people. Erna Wollert

3047. Krzywoblocka, Bozena. UGRUPOWANIE LEWICOWE W KRÓLESTWIE PO REWOLUCJI PAŹDZIERNIKOWEJ W RAPORTACH MINISTERSTWA SPRAW WEWNĘTRZNYCH RADY REGENCYJNEJ [Left-wing parties in the Polish Kingdom after the October Revolution, as reflected in the reports of the Ministry of the Interior of the Regency Council]. *Kwartalnik Historyczny* 1958 65(1): 100-112. Prints six reports preserved among the private papers of Jan Stecki, who was Minister of the Interior in the period described. The reports, which cover the period 22 December 1917-8 October 1918, deal with the attempts to co-ordinate the activities of four left-wing parties: the Polish Socialist Party (Revolutionary Faction), the Polish Socialist Party (Left Wing), the Social Democracy of the Polish Kingdom and Lithuania, and the Bund. The plans and attempts of these parties to overthrow the Regency Council and replace it by revolutionary government, as well as the organization of political strikes are also described. Stecki's papers are now preserved in the manuscript collection of the Catholic University in Lublin. A. F. Dygnas

3048. Shuster, V. A. K REVOLIUTSIONNYM SOBYTIAM V POL'SHE (OKTIABR'-DEKABR' 1905 G.) [On the revolutionary events in Poland (October-December 1905)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (6): 103-137. Publishes Social Democratic leaflets advocating a strike and continuation of the revolutionary struggle, and telegrams and reports of the authorities on strike and insurrectionist activities. G. Lovas

3049. Stetskevich, S. M. VSEOBSHCHAIIA POLITICHESKAIA STACHKA V VARSHAVE V DEKABRE 1905 GODA [The general political strike in Warsaw in December 1905]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1956 (20): 40-49. Warsaw as a great proletarian center was, together with Lodz, one of the most important points from which the revolution originated in Poland. The massive general strike in December 1905, in which people from all sections of the population joined under the leadership of the workers employed in heavy industry, could not develop into an armed rebellion. The reasons were, first, that the Social Democrats had underrated the technical preparations for the organization of the strike, secondly, the presence of effective military forces in Warsaw, and, finally, the fact that there were no soviets of delegated workers in Poland. Based on material from the Central Historical State Archives. Erna Wollert

3050. Unsigned. IZ ISTORII SOTSIAL-DEMOKRATSII POL'SHII I LITVY V PEROVOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII (IANVAR'-AVGUST 1905 G.) [On the history of the Polish and Lithuanian Social Democracy during the first Russian revolution (January-August 1905)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (4): 54-95. Presents twenty-three documents con-

sisting of leaflets, letters and reports which contain valuable information on revolutionary events in Poland in the first six months of 1905. Seven documents are published for the first time. G. Lovas

RUSSIA

See also: 2822, 2993, 2996, 3044, 3046, 3050, 3151

3051. Anisimova, L. N. BOL'SHEVISTSKIE LISTOVKI 1905 G. [Bolshevik leaflets from the year 1905]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (1): 44-72. Presents previously unpublished leaflets issued by the Central Committee of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party and by the twelve local Party committees. Included are six documents each referring to the events of 5 January 1905 (the shooting of demonstrators in St. Petersburg) and to the December 1905 political strike throughout Russia, and seven documents on the armed insurrection of December 1905. G. Lovas

3052. Antonova, S. I. RABOCHEE DVIZHENIE VESNOI I LETOM 1905 G. [The labor movement in the spring and summer of 1905]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istoriia Akademii Nauk SSSR* 1955 (8): 56-64. A report presented at a 1955 meeting of the Institute of History of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. The author surveys the strike movement in the Russian Empire. In May 1905 there were more strikes than in the summer, when, however, strikes were still reported from all districts of Russia. The individual strikes that took place in the summer lasted longer, were better organized and more severe. G. Lovas

3053. Ast, Karl. ESTONIA'S STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE. *Baltic Review* 1958 13: 40-57. Deals with the Estonian struggle for independence from the end of 1916 to the end of 1918. The author discusses the political activities of the Estonians under Russian and German rule and the actual declaration of Estonian independence. E. Anderson

3054. Atsarkin, A. N. VOSNIKNOVENIE SOIUZOV RABOCHEI MOLODEZHI V PETROGRADE I MOSKVE [The rise of associations of working youth in Petrograd and Moscow]. *Voprosy Istoriia* 1956 (12): 35-51. Describes in detail the growth of youth organizations, patterned after the International Youth Association, during the Provisional Government (March-November 1917). The author emphasizes the gradual success of the Bolsheviks in educating the youth for conscious economic and political activity and training them to be active fighters for the ideas of Lenin, against the opposition of the moderate parties, which tried to keep the youth groups independent and unpolitical. Erna Wollert

3055. Avrekh, A. I. REVOLIUTSIONNOE DVIZHENIE V PRIBALTIKE (NOIABR'-DEKABR' 1905 G.) [The revolutionary movements in the Baltic area (November-December 1905)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (1): 194-228. Presents twenty-six documents dealing with the events of November and December 1905 in the provinces of Estonia, Livonia and Kurland. They describe the workers' and peasants' movements, the revolutionary movements within the army and the Czarist policy of retaliation. Several documents elucidate the armed insurrection in Tuccum, Vindava. G. Lovas

3056. Babichev, V. A. UCHASTIE M. V. FRUNZE V OBRAZOVANII IVANOVO-VOZNESENSKOI GUBERNII [Frunze's role in the establishment of the province of Ivanovo-Voznesensk]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (5): 88-104. After the October Revolution the reorganization of the administration in the most important districts of Russia began. The new province of Ivanovo-Voznesensk was thus created on 20 June 1918. The ten documents which are here published (minutes of meetings, resolutions and letters) disclose the role which the president of the executive committee of the province, Frunze, played in the organization of the new administration and in the determination of the boundaries of the administrative units. G. Lovas

3057. Baron, Samuel H. (Grinnell College). PLEKHA-NOV'S RUSSIA: THE IMPACT OF THE WEST UPON AN

"ORIENTAL" SOCIETY. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(3): 388-404. K. A. Wittfogel's excellent work Oriental Despotism overlooks Plekhanov's views. These were developed, after Plekhanov's exile from Russia, within a Marxian framework, but along independent lines. Plekhanov came to believe that the decay of the primitive tribal commune preceded the imposition of an "oriental despotism," but that Russia's contact with the West made possible the overthrow of the "Asiatic system of oppression." Despite the brilliance and originality of Plekhanov's analysis, his methodology was not sufficiently empirical. W. H. Coates

3058. Barzho, I. I. K VOPROSU OB ISTOCHNIKAKH PO ISTORII SOVETSKOI AGRARNOI POLITIKI 1917-1919 GG. [On the question of source material on the history of Soviet agrarian policy from 1917-1919]. Problemy Istochnikov 1956 (5): 5-20. Surveys and classifies the documents which have to be considered in the study of Soviet agrarian policy in the period 1917-1919. The author discusses in detail the methodological principles relating to the research on, and critical evaluation of, such sources. G. Lovas

3059. Bestuzhev, I. V. OBSUZHDENIE DOKLADA A. V. FADEEVA [Discussion on the lecture given by A. V. Fadeev]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (10): 18-26. Raises the following objections to A. V. Fadeev's paper "Razvitie Kapitalizma Vshir' v Poreformennoi Rossii" [The horizontal development of capitalism in Russia after the agrarian reform] [See abstract 4: 3073]: 1) the function not only of Russian but also of local and foreign capital should be investigated; 2) the policy of Czarism with reference to the nationalities should be examined more closely, and 3) the concept of horizontal capitalist development should be defined not only geographically but also chronologically. G. Lovas

3060. Bonch-Bruевич, V. D. GAPON I GAPONOV-CHINA (K PIATIDESIATILETIU PEROVO RUSSKOI REVOLUTSII) [Gapon and Gaponism (on the fiftieth anniversary of the first Russian revolution)]. Voprosy Istorii Religii i Ateizma 1955 3: 15-46. Toward the end of the 19th and at the beginning of the 20th century the Russian clergy engaged in a considerable amount of provocative activity. His aim was to divert the working population from the propaganda of the democratic workers' party and to deliver the revolutionaries to the Czarist Okhrana. Gapon founded the ham labor organization called Soiuz Russkogo Naroda [Union of the Russian People] in 1904. In trying to gain the confidence of the workers he played a dual role in the revolutionary struggle. On 9 January 1905 he led masses of demonstrating workers to the Winter Palace. The demonstration was put down by the Czarist troops after much bloodshed, and Gapon fled abroad unmolested. When he returned to St. Petersburg in 1906 the Social Revolutionaries unmasked his duplicity and murdered him. Based on documents from the manuscript department of the Historical Institute of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. Erna Wollert

3061. Bovykin, V. I., and K. N. Tarnovskii. KONSENTRATSIIA PROIZVODSTVA I RAZVITIE MONOPOLII METALLOBRABATYVAIUSHCHEI PROMYSHLENNOSTI ROSSII [The concentration of production and the development of monopolies in Russian heavy industry]. Voprosy Istorii 1957 (2): 19-31. Little research has been done on the development of trusts in Russian industry. The authors deal with the period 1900-1916, using historical and statistical material from the state archives. They conclude that in a period in which syndicates dominated in the field of heavy industry, new and higher forms of business combinations, namely concerns and trusts, came into being in the metal industry. Their growth was made possible by a fusion of bank and industrial capital and was fostered by the use of heavy industry for the production of war materials. The existence of trusts was one of the most important material conditions necessary for the victory of the October Revolution. Erna Wollert

3062. Bychkova, N. V. PIS'MA I. M. SVERDLOVA IZ SYLKI (1911-1916 GG.) [Letters written by I. M. Sverdlov when he was in exile (1911-1916)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956

(5): 105-129. Publishes seventeen letters which show that Sverdlov, even while in exile in Siberia, continued to keep in touch with the Social Democratic Labor Party (Bolshevik), and that he always supported Lenin's views. In some letters he described everyday events in his life in exile. G. Lovas

3063. Chebaevskii, F. V. K ISTORII ORGANIZATSII SOVETSKOGO GOSUDARSTVENNOGO APPARATA (1917-1918 GG.) [On the history of the organization of the Soviet state apparatus (1917-1918)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (5): 63-87. A report, written on 5 July 1918, covering six months of the activities of the People's Commissariat of Internal Affairs (NKVD). It elucidates the formation and structure of the People's Commissariat and the organization of the local commissariats and soviets. G. Lovas

3064. Chermenskii, E. D. FEVRAL'SKAIA BURZHUAZNO-DEMOKRATICHESKAIA REVOLUTSIIA 1917 GODA [The bourgeois democratic revolution in February 1917]. Voprosy Istorii 1957 (2): 3-18. A survey of the political situation in Petrograd from the time of the first revolutionary insurrections to the formation of the Provisional Government. The workers' and soldiers' soviets temporarily came to an agreement with the bourgeois parties because the newly formed soviets had not yet gained the organizational experience of the anti-Czarist bourgeoisie, which had become increasingly powerful since 1905. The proletariat was not yet sufficiently self-confident and, for a time, fell victim to the promises of the bourgeoisie. The Bolshevik Party finally created the conditions necessary for the transition from the bourgeois democratic revolution to the socialist revolution. Erna Wollert

3065. Demidova, A. P. IZ ISTORII ORGANIZATSII KOMITETOV BEDNOTY V TUL'SKOI GUBERNII (IUL' - AVGUST 1918 G.) [From the history of organizing the committees of the village poor in Tula Province (July-August 1918)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (4): 176-187. Publishes the diary kept by the agitator Demida during her travels. It gives a detailed description of the class struggle in the rural areas in 1918. G. Lovas

3066. Derenkovskii, G. M. DEKABR'SKIE DNI 1905 G. V. NIZHEGORODSKOI GUBERNII [The December 1905 days in the province of Nizhni-Novgorod]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (1): 165-193. Publishes eighteen documents dealing with the armed insurrection of December in the town of Nizhni-Novgorod, and five documents containing material on the activities of the United Nizhni-Novgorod Committee of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party in the agrarian settlements. G. Lovas

3067. Derenkovskii, G. M. K ISTORII VOORUZHENNOGO VOZSTANIYA V DONBASSE V DEKABRE 1905 G. [On the history of the armed insurrection in the Donets Basin in December 1905]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (1): 134-164. Publishes documents which throw light on the preparations for, and the course of, the general political strike of December 1905 in Ekaterinoslav, on the Ekaterin railway line and in several industrial centers of the Donets Basin. The documents also describe the revolutionary propaganda work of the local Social Democratic organizations among the peasants. The first set of nine documents comprises decrees and reports of the strike action committee in Ekaterinoslav, and the second set (thirteen documents) contains governmental attorney reports and letters of the agent of the Ministry of Interior. G. Lovas

3068. Drabkina, S. M. POMOSHCH RUSSKIKH RABOCHIKH PROLETARIATU UKRAINY V 1918 G. [The assistance given by Russian workers to the Ukrainian proletariat in 1918]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (2): 92-109. All through the German occupation of the Ukraine in 1918 Russian workers maintained contact with their Ukrainian brothers and gave them material and moral assistance. The twenty-four documents which are here published contain workers' resolutions in which they agreed to sacrifice part of their earnings to help the Ukrainians. Several documents deal with the railway strike of 1918 in the Ukraine, which was organized with the help of Russian railway workers. G. Lovas

3069. Dubrovskii, S. M. KREST'IANSKOE DVIZHENIE 1905-1907 GG. [The peasants' movement in 1905-1907]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 18-39. Examines the individual phases of the peasants' movement: the beginning of the revolution, the autumn of 1905, and the course of the revolution. The fact that the rise and decline of the peasants' movement were concomitant with the development of the workers' movement indicates the leading role of the working class. Using statistical material, the author shows the trends of the peasants' movement, the tactics employed by the peasants in their struggle against the landowners, and the demands made by the peasants. Based on archival material and published works. G. Lovas

3070. Dubrovskii, S. M. NACHALO NARODNOI REVOLIUTSII V ROSSII [The beginning of the people's revolution in Russia]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (6): 52-60. Lists the most important strikes and political demonstrations in Russia in the period January-February 1905, following Bloody Sunday (9 January 1905, Old Style) in St. Petersburg. Based on Volume I of *Revoliutsiia 1905-1907 gg. v Rossii* [The Revolution of 1905-1907 in Russia] (Moscow, 1955). G. Lovas

3071. Dzerzhinskaia, S. S. LISTOVKA O DEKABR'-SKOM VOORUZHENNOM VOSSTANII 1905 G. V MOSKVE [Leaflet concerning the armed insurrection of December 1905 in Moscow]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (6): 42-46. Reprints the leaflet *How Moscow Fought for Freedom*, published by the Warsaw committee of the revolutionary action organization of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party in the early months of 1906. G. Lovas

3072. Emeliakh, L. I. ANTITSERKOVNOE DVIZHENIE KREST'AN V GODU PEROVOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII. DOKUMENTY [Anti-Church peasants' movement in the years of the first Russian revolution. Documents]. Voprosy Istorii Religii i Ateizma 1955 (3): 459-494. At the beginning of the 20th century the total number of Russian orthodox priests in Russia was 166,517. There were 40 dessiatines (108 acres) of land to each monk or nun and about 25 dessiatines to each church. The influence of the Church was impaired by the revolution of 1905-1907 and many peasants renounced their faith. The author describes the peasants' anti-clerical fight, which was at the same time a fight for land. They demanded the reduction of collections of money by the Church, and the expropriation of Church lands. Attempts were made to seize land from monasteries and churches and Church property was set on fire. The following previously unpublished documents from the State Historical Central Archives in Leningrad (TSGIAL) and the Archives of the Moscow Region are included: written demands made by the peasants' communities, secret intelligence reports of the police of the provinces about peasants' meetings and disturbances, protocols relating to police searches and court trials, and reports made by priests on anticlerical and atheist sentiment in the villages. Erna Wollert

3073. Fadeev, A. V. RAZVITIE KAPITALIZMA VSHIR' V POREFORMENNOI ROSSII [The horizontal development of capitalism in Russia after the agrarian reform]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (10): 3-17. Examines the horizontal capitalist development, defined by Lenin as the extension of the sphere of influence of capitalism to new areas, in the period from 1860 to 1913. The infiltration of Russian capital into the underdeveloped districts of Russia took different forms. The author examines only the southern and eastern areas inhabited by non-Russian nationalities, and describes in detail the process in the Caucasus and Transcaucasus. G. Lovas
See also: 4: 3059

3074. Farsobin, V. V. O DATE MANIFESTA TSK RSDRP "KO VSEM GRAZHDANAM ROSSII" (FEVRAL' 1917 G.) [On the dating of the manifesto To all citizens of Russia issued by the Central Committee of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party (February 1917)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (5): 148. On the basis of a statement of V. Molotov, maintains that this manifesto dates from 27

February and not, as previously thought, from 28 February 1917, and that it was confirmed by the Bureau of the Central Committee. G. Lovas

3075. Fofanova, M. V. POSLEDNEE PODPOL'E V. I. LENINA [V. I. Lenin's last underground]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (4): 166-172. Memoirs of the landlady at whose lodgings Lenin stayed from 22 September to 24 October 1917. G. Lovas

3076. Galkin, V. A. IVANOVO-VOZNESENSKII SOVET UPOLNOMOCHENNYKH V 1905 G. - ODIN IZ PERYKH SOVETOV RABOCHIKH DEPUTATOV V ROSSII [The Ivanovo-Voznesensk soviet of deputies in 1905, one of the first soviets of workers' deputies in Russia]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (8): 27-39. The formation of the Deputy Soviet at the time of the summer strike of the textile workers was not an accidental event, but was the result of large-scale political work conducted by the local organization of the Bolshevik Party. The author throws light on the structure and activity of the soviet. G. Lovas

3077. Geffer, M. I. EKONOMICHESKIE PREDPOSYLKI PEROVOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII [Economic presuppositions of the first Russian revolution]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (6): 3-26. After the abolition of serfdom in 1861 the feudal system of production was replaced by the capitalist system. The reform was not completed: feudal elements remained and there was a direct connection between these and the exploitation of workers, one of the main sources of profit to the capitalists. Monopolist business was responsible for the decline of the purchasing power of the people's wages. The Russian bourgeoisie and international capitalists were interested in preserving the semifeudal conditions, particularly in Central Asia. All these factors conditioned the revolution of 1905. G. Lovas

3078. Gingerich, Melvin, Heinhold Fast, and Robert Friedmann. LEO TOLSTOY AND THE MENNONITE AUTHOR DANIEL MUSSER. *Mennonite Quarterly Review* 32 (3): 234-235. Observes that an editor of Tolstoy's *The Kingdom of God Is Within You* as well Mennonite scholars have failed to locate the quotations and references therein to Non-Resistance Asserted, by Daniel Musser, the chief historian of the Reformed Mennonite Church. C. G. Hamilton

3079. Gnevusheva, E. I. IZ ISTORII VOSTOKOVEDNOI PRESSY V ROSSII [The history of Russian Orientalist periodicals]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (3): 151-157. The periodical *Asiatskii Vestnik*, which appeared in St. Petersburg in 1872, aimed at comprehensive research on Siberia, the Amur, the Caucasus and Turkestan as well as on Russia's eastern neighbors. Only one volume, consisting of two numbers, was issued. The second volume was printed but not placed on sale. A complete set is kept only at the State Public Historical Library in Moscow. G. Lovas

3080. Ivanov, I. D. DOKUMENTY O RUSSKO-SERBSKIIKH REVOLUTSIONNYKH SVIAZIAKH 80-KH GODOV XIX V. [Documents on Russo-Serbian revolutionary relations in the 1880s]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia 1956 (19): 64-77. The relations between Serbs and Russians have hardly been studied in the Soviet Union. The author presents previously unknown bills of indictment against students who took an active part in the revolutionary movement. These documents, which are from the Central Committee of the Historical Archives in Moscow, show that Serbian revolutionaries had already in the 1870s many contacts with well-known revolutionaries in Russia and that there was some co-operation between the Serbian and the Russian people during a period in which both countries had reactionary governments. Erna Wollert

3081. Ivanov, L. M. VSEROSSIISKAIA OKTIABR'SKAIA POLITICHESKAIA STACHKA I SOVETY RABOCHIKH DEPUTATOV [The Russian general strike of October 1905 and the soviets of workers' deputies]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 7-17. The Czar's

manifesto on the convocation of the Duma was published on August 1905. The workers protested against the manifesto and called a general strike in October, but the liberal bourgeoisie adopted a more moderate policy and strove for compromise with absolutism. The working intelligentsia, teachers, railway employees, etc.) took part in the active boycott which was organized by the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party. The author mentions the main centers of the general strike. G. Lovas

3082. Khachapuridze, G. V. UCHASTIE RABOCHIKH I REST'IAN ZAKAVKAZ'IA V REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. [The share of the Transcaucasian workers and peasants in the revolution of 1905-1907]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 40-47. The Social Democrats of the Caucasus joined the Lenin wing of the Party as early as 1901. Political demonstrations took place in Tiflis in protest against the Petrograd events of January 1905. The center of the peasants' movement in Georgia was the Ozurget district. The author describes the strikes, the armed conflicts between the government forces and the workers and peasants during the second half of 1905 and the activities of the Georgian Bolsheviks. G. Lovas

3083. Kheifets, A. N. REVOLUTSIONNYE SVIAZI NARODOV ROSSII I KITAIA V NACHALE XX. VEKA. [The revolutionary partnership of the Russian and Chinese peoples at the beginning of the 20th century]. Voprosy Istorii 1956 (12): 91-100. A strong bond existed between the Russian and the Chinese workers following the revolution of 1905. The author describes the systematic educational work done by the Bolshevik party founded in Harbin and the influence of Russian émigrés in China. Erna Wollert

3084. Kliatskin, S. M. OTCHET REVVOENSOVETA RESPUBLIKI ZA 1917-1919 GG. [Report of the Revolutionary War Council of the Republic on the years 1917-1919]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (1): 132-155. Publishes a report that throws light on the most important phases in the organization of the Red Army, and also presents data pertaining to various aspects of the history of the Red Army, such as the number of Party members within the army, the education of officers, and the work of the War Commissars. G. Lovas

3085. Kondrat'ev, V. A., and I. M. Pashchetnova. CHEVIDTSY O 9 IANVARIA 1905 G. V PETERBURGE [Eyewitnesses on the events of 9 January 1905 in St. Petersburg]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (1): 73-90. Statements made by, and letters from, eyewitnesses, taken from the private archives of D. F. Trepov, who was appointed Governor General and given dictatorial authority in St. Petersburg after January 1905. The ten documents referred to are published for the first time. G. Lovas

3086. Korovin, N. A. IVANOVO-VOZNESENSKIE BOLSHEVIKI V PERIOD PEROVOI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII [The Ivanovo-Voznesensk Bolsheviks during the first Russian revolution]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (8): 40-46. A report presented at a 1955 meeting of the Institute of History of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. The Ivanovo-Voznesensk Bolsheviks were under the leadership of the northern committee group of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party, which organized the strike of the textile workers. The organization of the Party was rebuilt during the strike. M. W. Frunze was one of the persons who entered the party organization at that time. G. Lovas

3087. Kovalev, I. F. BOR'BA TSARSKOI TSENZURY PROTIV ATEISTICHESKOI PROPAGANDY V ROSSII [Measures taken by the Czarist censorship to suppress atheist propaganda in Russia]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (4): 212-216. Survey of hitherto unpublished decrees issued by the censorship commissions. Most of the works prohibited were of a political, philosophical or scientific nature. Based on archival material. G. Lovas

3088. Kovalev, I. F. O PRESLEDOVANII TSARSKOI TSENZUROI PROIZVEDENIIA G. V. PLEKHANOVA "K OPROSU O RAZVITII MONISTICHESKOGO VZGLIADA NA ISTORIIU" [On the steps taken by the Czarist censorship to

suppress Plekhanov's work On the question of the development of the monistic conception of history]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (6): 29-35. In 1895 the Czarist censorship prohibited the reading of Plekhanov's work by political prisoners. The publication of new editions was prohibited in 1896, and the book was withdrawn from all libraries and reading rooms in 1898. G. Lovas

3089. Krastyn', I. P. SOVMESTNAIA BOR'BA NARODOV PRIBALTIKI I ROSSII V REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. [Common struggle of the Baltic peoples and Russia in the revolution of 1905-1907]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 64-79. Survey of the strikes and peasants' and soldiers' risings in Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia. The author enlarges on the role of the Bolshevik organizations in this context. The Baltic revolutionary movement reached its climax in the armed insurrection in November-December 1905. G. Lovas

3090. Kudriashev, N. N. PODPOL'NYE TIPOGRAFII RSDRP V 1902-1906 GG. V NIZHNEM NOVGORODE, EKATERINOSLAVE I MOSKVE [Illegal printing offices of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party in Nizhni Novgorod, Ekaterinoslav and Moscow, 1902-1906]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (2): 184-191, and (3): 156-170. Notes written by a Bolshevik who played a prominent part in the establishment of illegal printing plants. G. Lovas

3091. Kutsenko, I. I., and V. F. Latkin. K ISTORII VOORUZHENNAGO VOSTANIIA V SOCHI V DEKABRE 1905 G. [On the history of the armed insurrection in Sochi in December 1905]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (6): 47-74. This rebellion broke out in a peripheral district with a population of mixed nationalities, including Russians, Georgians, Imeritians and Armenians. Incited by Bolshevik propaganda the peasants of all the nationalities rose against absolutism. The author publishes fifteen documents consisting of letters in which peasants expressed their refusal to pay taxes, letters from the local Social Democratic committee, leaflets, and eyewitness reports and records on the activities of the revolutionary people's Tribunals and on the armed insurrection in Sochi. G. Lovas

3092. Liudkovskii, S. S. (Nikolaev). ANTIVOENNAIA ZABASTOVKA 1916 G. V G. NIKOLAEVE [The antiwar strike in the town of Nikolaev in 1916]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (5): 97-109. Fourteen thousand workers of the "Naval" docks in Nikolaev struck for two months in 1916 under Bolshevik leadership. Although the workers' demands were of an economic nature, the fact that the strike broke out in a large plant directly connected with armaments demonstrates the political character of the strike. When the workers were drafted into the army, a shortage of skilled labor developed and production declined. The government was finally forced to release the Nikolaev dock workers from military service. The twenty-four documents published consist of reports and telegrams of the authorities, appeals made by the management of the docks, and letters written by the workers. G. Lovas

3093. Melamedova, V. M., and M. A. Plukhina. OBZOR DOKUMENTAL'NYKH MATERIALOV TSGIAL SSSR O RABOCHEM DVIZHENII V REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. [Survey of documentary material of the Central Historical State Archives of the Soviet Union concerning the workers' movement during the revolution of 1905-1907]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (3): 194-210. Indicates the collections that have to be considered when studying the individual phases of the revolution. G. Lovas

3094. Mosberg, G. I. NACHALO REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. V ESTONII [The beginning of the revolution of 1905-1907 in Estonia]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (6): 68-76. A survey of strikes and political demonstrations in the period January-March 1905 in such industrial cities of Estonia as Tallin, Narva and Tartu. The author describes the role of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party in these actions immediately following Bloody Sunday in St. Petersburg. Based on material in the Central Historical Archives of the Estonian SSR, Moscow. G. Lovas

3095. Naida, S. F., and Iu. P. Petrov. KOMMUNISTI-CHESKAIA PARTIIA -- ORGANIZATOR POBEDY NA VOSTOCHNOM FRONTE V 1918 GODU [The Communist Party -- organizer of the victory on the Eastern Front in 1918]. Voprosy Istorii 1956 (10): 3-15. The peace of Brest-Litovsk afforded only a short respite to the Soviets. The Entente, the White Guardists, the kulaks and the Czech Legion encircled the Soviets already in the spring of 1918. The Soviets soon succeeded in stabilizing the Northern front at Murmansk but fighting continued on the Southern front at Voronezh and Tsaritsyn-Stalingrad for some time. The importance of the struggle for Tsaritsyn has been overestimated in Soviet historiography as part of the Stalin cult. The outcome was really decided on the Eastern front along the Kazan-Ural-Samara line, where workers and members of the Party, badly equipped and inexperienced in warfare, defeated the wealthy kulaks, White Guardists and the well-organized Czech Legion. G. Liersch

3096. Oulianoff, N. (Yale Univ.). IN COMMEMORATION OF S. P. MELGUNOV. Russian Review 1958 17(3): 193-200. Surveys S. Melgunov's career as a political figure and as a Russian historian, particularly his contributions to the historiography of the Russian revolution of 1917.

D. von Mohrenschildt

3097. Panachin, F. G. IVANOVO-VOZNESENSKAIA POLITICHESKAIA STACHKA 1905. G. - SHKOLA POLITICHESKOGO VOSPITANIIA RABOCHIKH [The Ivanovo-Voznesensk political strike in 1905. The school for the political education of the workers]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (8): 19-26. A report delivered at a scientific session in the Historical Institute of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR dedicated to the fiftieth anniversary of the revolution of 1905-1907. An account of the organization and execution of the strike. Its characteristics were: 1) a long period of preparation; 2) a large number of strikers, and 3) a strong political character from the very start. The author concludes that the number of strikers reached 30,000 and that the figure 70,000 in Stalin's Short Course probably included workers from the surrounding areas. G. Lovas

3098. Petrov, V. A. IZ ISTORII REVOLIUTSIONNOGO DVIZHENIIA V ARMII V NACHALE 1905 G. [Concerning the history of the revolutionary movement in the army at the beginning of 1905]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (6): 61-67. A tense atmosphere prevailed in the Russian army as early as 1904, when reservists were mobilized because of the Japanese war. The author describes revolutionary activity in the army, which resulted from the revolution of January 1905. Based on material from the Central War Historical Archives in Leningrad. G. Lovas

3099. Piaskovskii, A. V. KRATKII OBZOR ISTOCHNIKOV PO ISTORII REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. V TURKESTANE [Short survey of the source material on the history of the revolution of 1905-1907 in Turkestan]. Problemy Istochnikovedeniia 1955 (4): 114-165. Gives a list of the archives where documents concerning the revolution of 1905-1907 in Turkestan are kept. The author describes and evaluates the most important collections and points out those events which cannot be adequately documented owing to the lack of factual material. Very little archival material has been published before, although only documents of this type can help correct some widely held erroneous opinions concerning the revolution of 1905-1907 in Turkestan and the part played by the various sections of the population. G. Lovas

3100. Piaskovskii, A. V. OB OSOBNOSTIYAKH REVOLIUTSII 1905-1907 GG. V SREDNEI AZII [On the characteristics of the revolution of 1905-1907 in Central Asia]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1956 (9): 48-63. The most important characteristic of the revolution in Central Asia is the fact that it broke out in a colonial state, namely Turkistan. Though essentially bourgeois and antifeudal, the revolution in Turkistan was distinguished by anti-imperialist elements and was simultaneously a national movement for freedom. In Turkistan the poorest Russian colonists made an alliance with the indigenous population against Czarism. The author describes

such revolutionary events as strikes, peasants' uprisings and rebellions in the army, and the role of the national Mohammedan population. Based on archival material.

G. Lovas

3101. Pod'apol'skaia, E. P. K ISTORII NELEGAL'NYKH IZDANII KNIGI V. I. LENINA "CHTO TAKOE 'DRUZ'IA NARODA' I KAK ONI VOIUIUT PROTIV SO-TSIAL'-DEMOKRATOV?" [On the history of the illegal edition of V. I. Lenin's book *Who are the Friends of the People and How Do They Struggle Against Social Democracy?*]. Problemy Istochnikovedeniia 1955 (4): 20-45. Examines the history of the origins of the work and that of the editions of individual parts of it in order to find a way of discovering the second part, which is still missing. The author shows how further research should be conducted. G. Lovas

3102. Present, I. I. K 100-LETIIU SO DNIA ROZHDE NIIA I. V. MICHURINA [On the occasion of the one hundred anniversary of I. V. Michurin's birth]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (4): 96-132. Presents thirty documents concerning Michurin's activities in the years 1908 to 1934. They consist of his reports and plans, confirmations, in writing, of the helpfulness of Soviet authorities, and his correspondence with prominent Soviet statesmen. G. Lovas

3103. Rivkin, B. FINANSY ROSSII V PERIOD 1905-1907 GODOV (K PIATIDESIATILETIU PЕРВОI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII) [Russia's finances in the period 1905-1907 (On the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the first Russian revolution)]. Finansy SSSR 1955 (12): 73-82. An analysis of the 1905-1906 budget. Based on published works by Lenin and Stalin and on published documents. G. Lovas

3104. Shipulina, A. V. IVANOVO-VOZNESENSKIE RABOCHIE NAKANUNE PЕРВОI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII. USLOVIA IKH TRUDA I BYTA [The Ivanovo-Voznesensk workers on the eve of the first Russian revolution. Working and living conditions]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (8): 47-55. A report presented at a 1955 meeting of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. The author surveys the housing and working conditions, such as low wages, poor hygienic conditions in the factories, and the lack of cultural life, of the Ivanovo-Voznesensk workers, and gives information on the number of workers and their social origins. G. Lovas

3105. Sidorov, A. L. DENEZHNOE OBRASHCHENIE I FINANSOVOE POLOZHENIE ROSSII (1904-1907 GG.) [Money circulation and the financial situation of Russia (1904-1907)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (3): 88-123. Publishes a report of S. I. Timashev, president of the State Bank of Russia, of 12 February 1907. The report was designed to create the impression that the disastrous development of money circulation since the end of 1905 could be stopped and that the economy could recover. The author of the report enlarges on the effects of domestic and foreign loans granted to Russian industry. G. Lovas

3106. Sidorov, A. L. FINANSOVOE POLOZHENIE TSARSKOGO SAMODERZHAVIIA V PERIOD RUSSKO-IPONSKOI VOINY I PЕРВОI RUSSKOI REVOLIUTSII [The financial situation of Czarist absolutism during the Russo-Japanese War and the first Russian revolution]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (2): 121-149. Presents six documents containing reports and resolutions of the Committee of Finance and elucidating the enormous growth of the foreign debt and the disastrous financial situation of Russia during the Russo-Japanese War and the revolution of 1905. G. Lovas

3107. Sidorov, A. L. K ISTORII REVOLIUTSIONNOGO DVIZHENIIA V ROSSII (OKTIA BR' - NOIABR' 1905 G.) [From the history of the revolutionary movement in Russia (October-November 1905)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (1): 117-133. Publishes a report on the revolutionary movement in Russia made by D. F. Trepov, Governor General of St. Petersburg, to Czar Nicholas II. The report, which is dated 17 November 1905, contains a general survey of information that had reached the capital from authorities in various parts of Russia. G. Lovas

3108. Simonova, M. S. IZ ISTORII AMURSKOGO ISKOVOGO KAZACH'EGO S'EZDA (DEKABR' 1905 G. - IANVAR' 1906 G.) [On the history of the meeting of the Amur ssack troops (December 1905-January 1906)]. Istoricheskii khiv 1955 (2): 110-120. After the revolution of 1905 Amur Cossacks, who suffered great hardship from poverty and strenuous military service, demanded the improvement of their condition. Several resolutions to this effect were passed 29 December 1905 at a meeting of Cossack troops in Blagoshchensk. Based on six documents comprising: 1) instructions given by the Cossacks to the deputies of the meeting; three resolutions, and 3) reports on the meeting by the governor of the Amur Oblast. G. Lovas
3109. Simonova, M. S. O CHITINSKOM VOORUZHENNOM SOSTANII (DEKABR' 1905-IANVAR' 1906 G.) [On the armed insurrection in Chita (December 1905-January 1906)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (6): 75-102. The most important documents on the insurrection in Chita have been published Karatelnye ekspeditsii v Sibiri v 1905-1906 gg [Punitive expeditions in Siberia in 1905-1906] (Moscow, 1932). The fifteen documents published here -- reports, minutes and letters given by army and civil authorities -- show how the Bolsheviks prepared the revolt and directed the moves of the insurgents. G. Lovas
3110. Smith, C. Jay, Jr. (Univ. of Georgia). THE RUSSIAN THIRD STATE DUMA: AN ANALYTICAL PROFILE. Russian Review 1958 17(3): 201-210. Analytical inquiry into the personal backgrounds of the members of the Russian Third Duma of 1907-12, with particular reference to landownership, education, political experience and regional influences. Based mainly on Russian sources: N. Olshansky, Tretii Sozvyv Gosudarstvennoi Dumy. Portrety, Biografii, Lografii (St. Petersburg, 1910); L. Velikov, Sravnitel'naya Glitsa Russkikh Politicheskikh Partii (St. Petersburg, 1906), Ministerstvo Vnutrennikh Del. Ego Prava i Obiazannosti (St. Petersburg: Ministry of Internal Affairs, 1904). The author concludes that geographical rather than socio-economic factors were most important in determining the political attitudes of the obshchestvo (educated strata) in 1907. D. von Mohrenschildt
3111. Smolin, I. S. 9-E IANVARIA 1905 G. V PETERBURGE [9 January 1905 in St. Petersburg]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (7): 38-51. Description of the events of 2-9 January 1905 (Old Style). 9 January a peaceful demonstration of workers, who wished to present to the Czar a petition outlining their needs, was suppressed by military and police detachments. Following Bloody Sunday strikes and political demonstrations commenced the entire country. G. Lovas
3112. Sobolev, P. N. K ISTORII BOR'BY MOSKOVSKIKH BOL'SHEVIKOV ZA POBEDU OKTIABR'SKOI REVOLIUTSII (ART-OKTIABR' 1917 G.) [On the history of the fight of the Moscow Bolsheviks for victory in the October Revolution (March-October 1917)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (5): 40-51. Presents thirty-five documents giving information about the activities of the Bolsheviks in Moscow, their struggle against those parties that were willing to compromise, and their endeavors to isolate the Mensheviks and the Social Revolutionaries from the working classes. The author shows how the Bolsheviks had prepared an armed insurrection and seizure of power in October 1917. Most of these documents were published for the first time. G. Lovas
3113. Strakhovsky, Leonid I. (Univ. of Toronto). COUNT PAUL N. IGNATYEV, REFORMER OF RUSSIAN EDUCATION. Slavonic and East European Review 1957 36(86): 1-26. Discusses the educational reforms proposed by Count Paul N. Ignatyev, who was Minister of Public Instruction in the last years of the Russian Empire (21 January 1915-9 January 1917). Count P. N. Ignatyev stands out as an intelligent, humane, progressive statesman whose ideas, although not original, were a practical application of modern educational trends, influenced to a certain extent by the educational philosophy of John Dewey. He was dismissed from his post as a result of the intrigues of the Rasputin cabal. Based partly on Ignatyev's unpublished memoirs. V. S. Mamatey
3114. Trusova, N. A. M. GORKII I SOBYTIIA 9 IANVARIA 1905 G. V PETERBURGE [A. M. Gorki and the events of 9 January 1905 in St. Petersburg]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (1): 91-116. After the bloodshed of 9 January 1905 in St. Petersburg Gorki wrote a statement of accusation against Czarism, in which he called upon the whole people to fight against absolutism. He was arrested after the discovery of this manuscript. The twenty-two documents published here for the first time deal with Gorki's imprisonment (reports, leaflets, etc., written in protest against the imprisonment of the writer, and the statement of accusation). G. Lovas
3115. Trusova, N. S. 55-DNEVNAIA STACHKA RABOCHIKH PUTILOVSKOGO ZAVODA V IANVARE-FEVRAL'E 1905 G. [A strike of the Putilov factory workers lasting 55 days in January-February 1905]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (6): 27-37. Describes a strike in one of the largest war factories in Russia. This strike initiated the general strike of 7 January 1905 in St. Petersburg which in turn resulted in Bloody Sunday. Based on material from the State Historical Archives in Leningrad and Moscow. G. Lovas
3116. Tsukernik, A. A. K VOPROSU OB ISPOL'ZOVANII STATISTICHESKIKH DANNYKH O RAZVITII RUSSKOI METALLURGII [On the question of the use of statistical material on the development of the Russian iron and steel industry]. Problemy Istokhnikovedeniia 1955 (4): 166-176. I. Glivits' Zheleznaia promyshlennost' Rossii (St. Petersburg, 1911), which is widely used by Soviet historians and economists, contains some incorrect information, particularly in a table which shows the added index figures of the iron and steel industry of Southern Russia, the Urals and Poland. Tsukernik presents a corrected table. G. Lovas
3117. Unsigned. ADRESA MESTNYKH ORGANIZATSII RSDRP (1917-1918 GG.) [Addresses of the local organizations of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party (1917-1918)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1956 (5): 31-45, and (6): 36-66. Gives the addresses of local organizations of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party which were directly in touch with the Central Committee of the Party from the first half of 1917 to the middle of 1918. This list embraces probably all Bolshevik organizations which existed in Russia at the time. G. Lovas
3118. Unsigned. IZ ISTORII RABOCHEGO DVIZHENIIA V GODY REVOLIUTSIONNOGO POD'EMA. REZOLIUTSII I KORRESPONDENTSII PETERBURGSKIKH RABOCHIKH (1913-1914 GG.) [On the history of the workers' movement in the years of its growth before the Revolution. Resolutions and letters from workers of St. Petersburg (1913-1914)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (5): 68-96. Publishes 65 documents dealing with 1) the strike of more than 100,000 workers in St. Petersburg on 5-7 November 1913, which was in protest against the conviction of seven workers of state-owned factories for participation in strikes, and 2) the political strike of 13-14 March in St. Petersburg. G. Lovas
3119. Unsigned. IZ PEREPISKI E. D. STASOVOI I K. T. NOVGORODTSEVOI (SVERDLOVOI), MART-DEKABR' 1918 G. [From the correspondence between E. D. Stasova and K. T. Novgorodtseva from March to December 1918]. Voprosy Istorii 1956 (10): 85-101. Elena Dimitrievna Stasova worked as a secretary in the Bureau of the Central Committee of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party from March 1917 on. Klavdiia Timofeevna Novgorodtseva was managing director of "Priboi," the publishing agency of the Central Committee, from July 1917 to March 1918, and took part in the work of the Central Committee. After the government's move from St. Petersburg to Moscow in March 1918 she was deputy secretary of the Central Committee of the Russian Communist Party and technical secretary of the Central Committee and of the publishing agency of the Party, "Volna." The two correspondents describe their work and the problems of their offices, touch on many aspects of general and domestic policy of the period and refer to several Russian and Estonian papers and periodicals. G. Liersch

3120. Unsigned. K ISTORII IZDANIIA ZHURNALA "RABOTNITSA" [On the history of the publication of the periodical Rabotnitsa]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (4): 25-53. Presents 34 documents relating to the periodical Rabotnitsa [Woman worker], issued from February to June 1914 in St. Petersburg by the Central Committee of the Bolshevik Party with permission of the authorities. G. Lovas

3121. Unsigned. K PIATIDESIATILETIU III S'EZDA RSDRP [On the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the third Party congress of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (1): 6-43. Publishes documents dealing with the preparations for the third Party congress of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party. In view of the aggravation of the revolutionary situation in Russia Lenin and his closest associates in the Party called for the congress to be held at the earliest possible date. The documents cover 1) the Bolshevik efforts on behalf of the convocation of the third Party congress (36 documents), and 2) reports on the reaction of local Bolshevik organizations to the resolutions made at the third Party congress (9 documents). Most of the documents are published for the first time. G. Lovas

3122. Unsigned. NOVYE MATERIALY O RABOTE V. I. LENINA V REDAKTSII GAZETY "ISKRA" [New material concerning V. I. Lenin's activity as member of the editorial board of the periodical Iskra]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (6): 3-27. Publishes 1) reports and letters sent from Russia to the editor, showing Lenin's remarks and corrections, and 2) editorial notes made by Lenin. The twelve documents provide new information on the history of Russian Social Democracy and on the workers' and peasants' movement before the revolution of 1905. G. Lovas

3123. Unsigned. PEREPISKA TSENTRAL'NOGO KOMITETA RSDRP(B) S MESTNYMI ORGANIZATSIAMI (OKTIABR' - NACHALO NOIABRIA 1917 G.). [Correspondence between the Central Committee of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party (Bolshevik) and the local Party organizations (October - beginning of November 1917)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (5): 3-30. Publishes forty letters exchanged between the Central Committee of the Party and local organizations and individuals. These documents, which deal with the preparation and carrying out of the October Revolution, show the growing influence of the Bolsheviks on the masses in this period. G. Lovas

3124. Unsigned. PIS'MA TSENTRAL'NOGO KOMITETA RSDRP(B) MESTNYM BOL'SHEVISTSKIM ORGANIZATSIAM (SENTIABR' - OKTIABR' 1917 G.). [Letters of the Central Committee of the Social Democratic Labor Party (Bolshevik) to the local Bolshevik organizations (September-October 1917)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (5): 3-39. Publishes 72 letters containing instructions to the newly founded local organizations concerning their fight against the Mensheviks and the Social Revolutionary Party. The letters emphasize the importance of co-operation between Bolshevik organizations within the army and in the rural areas. Almost all the letters are published for the first time. G. Lovas

3125. Unsigned. VOSTANIE NA BRONENOSTZE "POTEMKIN" [The rebellion on the ironclad "Potemkin"]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (3): 104-133. Publishes 1) four letters written by Odessa Bolsheviks to the Central Committee of the Russian Social Democratic Labor Party concerning the activities of the Odessa committee and the revolt which it organized; 2) three reports on events in Odessa received by the editor of the Bolshevik newspaper *Proletarii*, and 3) two letters written by Bolshevik sailors to the editor of *Proletarii*. Two of the documents (Nos. 4 and 7) are published for the first time. G. Lovas

SCANDINAVIA AND BALTIC AREA

See: 3053, 3055, 3089, 3094

SPAIN

3126. Arco, Ricardo del, ed. UN ARTICULO DE JOAQUIN COSTA: "EL PORVENIR DEL ALTO ARAGON"

[An article by Joaquín Costa: "The future of Alto Aragón"]. *Argensola* (Spain) 1955 6(22): 135-140. A copy of an article by Joaquín Costa which was posthumously published in *El Ribagorzano* on 15 July 1911. The editor comments on Costa's preoccupation with the agricultural and economic problems of Spain. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12523)

3127. Encinas, Joaquín de. EL CONCEPTO DE ESPAÑA EN ANGEL GANIVET [The concept of Spain in Angel Ganivet]. *Crisis* (Spain) 1956 3(9): 5-53. Reveals the importance that Ganivet attributed to land and race in the formation of a nation in general and of Spain in particular, as well as the importance he attached to religion and art. Although Ganivet's selection of data was commendable his interpretations of it were inadequate. J. Pérez Ballestar (IHE 19988)

3128. García Blanco, Manuel. CARTAS INEDITAS DE ANTONIO MACHADO A UNAMUNO [Unpublished letters from Antonio Machado to Unamuno]. *Revista Hispánica Moderna* (USA) 1956 22(2): 97-114, and (3/4): 270-285. Annotated publication of fourteen letters (1912?-1934) constituting a document of great importance for the intellectual history of the generation of 1898. The letters contain, among others, references to the problem of Spain, Unamuno's dismissal as rector of the University of Salamanca, the First World War, Machado's personal and professional position in Baeza, Unamuno's Niebla and his article "Voluntad Nacional, and Unamuno's exile in Hendaye. A. Comas Pujol (IHE 18736)

3129. García y García de Castro, Rafael. CRITERIO DE MENENDEZ PELAYO [Menéndez Pelayo's criterion]. *Universidad de Antioquia* (Colombia) 1956 (127): 537-550. Summary of various chapters from a work of the same title on the controversy between the intolerant and the tolerant persons. The author suggests that Menéndez Pelayo was equanimous in this conflict. Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 18665)

3130. Gil F[arrés], O[ctavio]. BONOS DE "CARLOS VII" [Bonds of "Carlos VII"]. *Numario Hispánico* (Spain) 1955 4(8): 339. Refers to the issue of Carlist bonds and coins in the period 1873-1876. J. Lluís y Navas (IHE 18613)

3131. Grahit y Grau, José. LA ULTIMA GUERRA CARLISTA EN GERONA Y SU PROVINCIA [The last Carlist war in Gerona and its province]. *Anales del Instituto de Estudios Gerundenses* (Spain) 1954 [1956] 9: 97-162. Continuation of an article published *ibid.*, 1953, Volume 8 (pp. 29-118). The author describes, in diary form, the Carlist war and its aftermath in the region of Gerona from 1874 to 1894. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 18614)

3132. Llopis, Rodolfo. FRANCISCO GINER DE LOS RIOS Y LA REFORMA DEL HOMBRE [Francisco Giner de los Ríos and the reform of man]. *Cuadernos del Congreso por la Libertad de la Cultura* (France) 1956 (16): 60-67. An examination of Giner's life in relation to the principle of the reform of Spanish society through education. The author also gives information on the Institución Libre de Enseñanza. J. Vicens Vives (IHE 12445)

3133. M[ichelena], L[uis]. LA ULTIMA FERRERIA D GUIPUZCOA [The last ironworks in Guipúzcoa]. *Boletín de la Real Sociedad Vascongada de Amigos del País* (Spain) 1955 11(1): 102-104. Describes the Bengolea de Legazpia, the last ironworks in the province of Guipúzcoa, in existence about thirty-five years ago. The author states that his information was drawn from the account of "the youngest man who worked there." J. M. Jover Zamora (IHE 12520)

3134. Morón, Guillermo. HISTORIA DE UNA POSIBILIDAD [History of a possibility]. *Cultura Universitaria* (Guatemala) 1957 (59): 5-17. Essay on the political ideas of Ortega y Gasset from the end of the 19th century to the beginning of the Second Republic in reference to the history of Spain. The author concludes that Ortega was a socialist and not a republican in this period. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 19995)

3135. Olivar Bertrand, R[afael]. PUNTUALIZACIONES EN TORNO AL 73 [Clarifications about 1873]. *Revista de Estudios Políticos* (Spain) 1956 58(90): 133-157. Anecdotal review of the political history of the First Spanish Republic. Based mainly on the congressional journal and on the Ruiz Zorrilla papers. J. Mercader Riba (IHE 19929)

3136. Reyes, Alfonso. RECONCILIACION DE MENENDEZ PELAYO [Reconciliation of Menéndez Pelayo]. *Revista Interamericana de Bibliografía* (USA) 1956 6(4): 325-328. Essay dealing with the question of Menéndez Pelayo's political party affiliation. The author concludes that he was, as he expressly stated, always a Liberal.

Angeles Flores Moscoso (IHE 18663)

3137. Robert, J. B. DOS "NAUTILUS" DE LA ARMADA ESPAÑOLA [Two "Nautilus" ships of the Spanish fleet]. *Revista General de Marina* (Spain) 1956 151: 587-590. Refers to two ships, one of which was a training ship, at the end of the 19th century. Nuria Coll Juliá (IHE 18615)

3138. Unsigned. EL 75 ANIVERSARIO DE LA FUNDACION DE LA COMPAÑIA GENERAL DE TABACOS DE FILIPINAS [The 75th anniversary of the foundation of the General Tobacco Company of the Philippines]. *Trabajo Nacional* (Spain) 1956 (1648): 39-40. Notes on this company, founded in Barcelona in 1881 by the first Marquis of Comillas, Antonio López.

Carmen Batlle Gallart (IHE 18617)

Latin America

See also: 2859

3139. Giraldo Jaramillo, Gabriel. COLOMBIA VISTA POR UN DIPLOMATICO CHILENO [Colombia seen by a Chilean diplomat]. *Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades* (Colombia) 1957 44(510-512): 255-270. Presents a summary of, and quotations from, a little-known description of Colombia in the period 1901-1903, written by the Chilean diplomat Francisco Heriberto y España. The work discusses people and scenery, and gives information on the civil war raging in Colombia at the time. D. Bushnell

3140. Gori, Gastón. CUADROS SUDAMERICANOS [South American scenes]. *Universidad* (Argentina) 1955 (30): 71-383. Comments on *Cuadros sudamericanos* by José Lepi (known under the pseudonym of Anibal Latino), which was published in 1888. The book deals with Italian emigration to Argentina during the 19th century. An extract from the book is included. Dolores Beltrán Carrión

3141. Guiral Moreno, Mario. "LA REVISTA DE CUBA." *Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional* (Cuba) 1956 7(4): 37-57. Describes the foundation and support of *Revista de Cuba* (1877) by Don José A. Cortina (1853-1884), and examines the latter's many-sided personality. Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 19211)

3142. Hoyos, Ramón P. de. REVIVIENDO LA HISTORIA [Reviving history]. *América Española* (Colombia) 1955 (58): 83-301. An account of the ostracism of fourteen representatives to the 1904 National Congress of Colombia who were opposed to the dictatorship of General Rafael Reyes, written by one of these representatives.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente

3143. Jaramillo Restrepo, Julio C. MARCO FIDEL SUAREZ, ALUMNO Y CATEDRATICO DEL SEMINARIO CONCILIAR DE MEDELLIN [Marco Fidel Suárez, pupil and professor of the conciliar seminary of Medellín]. *América Española* (Colombia) 1955 18(62): 225-254. Portrait of this Colombian politician (1872-1927), with emphasis on his activities at the seminary of Medellín. Based on documents of the seminary, some of which are included. The appendix contains six articles by Marco Fidel Suárez published in *El Seminarista*. Dolores Beltrán Carrión

3144. Martínez Bello, A. CARTAS INEDITAS DE MARTI RENTRE A LA TESIS DEL "SUICIDIO" [Unpublished letters from Martí concerning the suicide thesis]. *Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional* (Cuba) 1955 6(3): 69-79. Six

letters of Martí published for the first time in the newspaper *Diario de la Marina* show that the Cuban hero did commit suicide. These letters reveal that Martí was aware of the hostility toward him in certain Cuban sectors, but since he was nevertheless inclined to continue the struggle, it cannot be considered as a motive for suicide.

Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (IHE 12857)

3145. Mouchet, Carlos. ESTRADA Y SUS IDEAS SOBRE EL REGIMEN MUNICIPAL [Estrada and his ideas on municipal government]. *Historia* (Argentina) 1956 1(3): 118-131. After a short biographical sketch of the Argentine writer and historian Juan Manuel Estrada (1842-1897), groups together and comments on some of his ideas on municipal government, both in general and with regard to the Indians, particularly that of independent Argentina. He shows the influence of Estrada's ideas on the constitution of the province of Buenos Aires (1874) and on the law of its municipalities (1876).

Dolores Beltrán Carrión

3146. Quijano, Alejandro. CONFERENCIAS SOBRE JOSE MARTI [Lectures on José Martí]. *Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional* (Cuba) 1956 7(4): 21-31. A documented biographical sketch of the hero of Cuban independence. Carmen Báncora Cañero (IHE 19206)

3147. Rudenko, B. T. K VOPROSU OB EKONOMICHESKOM I POLITICHESKOM POLOZHENII MEKSIKI NAKA-NUNE BURZHUAZNO-DEMOKRATICHESKOI REVOLIUTSII 1910-1917 GG. [On the question of the economic and political situation in Mexico on the eve of the bourgeois-democratic revolution of 1910-1917]. *Uchenye Zapiski po Novoi i Noveishei Istorii* 1955 (1): 171-243. By 1910 the situation in Mexico was ripe for a revolution. A crisis had developed in the leadership elite. The national-bourgeois opposition to the government had increased. Squabbles between Díaz and Limantour were precipitated because both claimed the presidency. Furthermore, the poverty of the oppressed classes, i. e. the proletariat and the peasants, became severely aggravated. The violent and continuous antigovernment actions by the peasants and the proletariat were signs of the rise of the revolutionary activity of the masses. G. Lovas

3148. Vilardi, Julián A. BIO-BIBLIOGRAFIA DE CARLOS DE LAHITTE [Bio-bibliography of Carlos de Lahitte]. *Universidad* (Argentina) 1955 (30): 393-395. Deals with a French naturalist, etymologist, colonizer and explorer (1856-1927), many of whose activities took place in South America. Dolores Beltrán Carrión

3149. Yutronic Cruz, Marina. PRESENCIA DE OMER EMETH EN LA LITERATURA CHILENA [The figure of Omer Emeth in Chilean literature]. *Anales de la Universidad de Chile* (Chile) 1955 113(99): 11-117. Biographical and psychological notes on a French missionary in Chile whose real name was Emilio Vaise Huoles. The author describes his work as a teacher and journalist and his notable contribution to Chilean literature. A bibliography of books and pamphlets written by him is included.

Rocío Caracuel Moyano

3150. --. ARTICULOS DEDICADOS AL ESTUDIO DE LA VIDA Y OBRA DE VALENTIN LETELIER (1852-1919) [Articles dedicated to the life and work of Valentin Letelier (1852-1919)]. *Anales de la Universidad de Chile* (Chile) 1957 (105). Jobet, Julio César, VALENTIN LETELIER Y SUS CONTINUADORES [Valentin Letelier and his continuators], pp. 7-26. Posada, Adolfo, VALENTIN LETELIER, pp. 27-33. Seguel F., Leopoldo, IDEAS DE VALENTIN LETELIER SOBRE FILOSOFIA DE LA EDUCACION [Ideas of Valentin Letelier on philosophy of education], pp. 35-40. Munizaga Aguirre, Roberto, LETELIER Y NUESTRA TRADICION PEDAGOGICA [Letelier and our pedagogical tradition], pp. 41-49. Rodríguez Mendoza, Emilio, LETELIER, MAESTRO Y PURITANO [Letelier, master and puritan], pp. 51-52. Venturino, Pascual, ASPECTOS DE LA OBRA JURIDICA DE LETELIER [Aspects of the legal work of Letelier], pp. 53-54. Letelier, Valentin, TEORIA DE LA INSTRUCCION PUBLICA [Theory of public instruction], pp. 65-97. Letelier, Valentin, TEORIA DE LA ENSEÑANZA UNIVERSITARIA [Theory of university education], pp. 99-129.

Letelier, Valentín, EL INSTITUTO PEDAGOGICO ANTE SUS DETRACTORES [The pedagogical institute before its detractors], pp. 131-136. Letelier, Valentín, LOS POBRES, pp. 137-144. Letelier, Valentín, EPISTOLARIO [Letter collection], pp. 147-178. Gives biographical information on an outstanding reformer of education in Chile and examines his educational and political ideas. Some of the more important Letelier's works are reproduced.

F. Marquez

Middle East

See also: 3160, 3161

3151. Belova, N. K. OB OTKHODNICHESTVE IZ SEVERO-ZAPADNOGO IRANA V KONTSE XIX - NACHALE XX VEKA [Transient labor from northwest Iran at the end of the 19th and beginning of the 20th century]. Voprosy Istorii 1956 (10): 112-121. At the time immediately preceding the revolution of 1905-1911 a semicolonial political system prevailed in Iran. The economic situation forced hundreds of thousands of poor people to earn a living doing seasonal work in the neighboring Russian border districts where they met people akin to themselves, who spoke the Azerbaijan tongue. Particularly in the oil fields around Baku Iranian workers came into contact with Russian revolutionary groups. A group of Mohammedan workers called Gummet [Energy], under the leadership of the Bolshevik M. Azizbekov, was active in this district and published its own newspapers. The workers took the new revolutionary ideas back with them to their home in northwest Iran and spread them there.

G. Liersch

3152. Ivanov, M. S. IZ ISTORII EKSPANSII AMERIKAN-SKOGO IMPERIALIZMA V IRANE [On the history of the expansion of American imperialism in Iran]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (2): 96-106. Discusses, in connection with the Iranian revolution of 1905-1911, the role of American financial experts in Iran, in particular the activities of the most prominent of them, William Morgan Shuster, in 1911. He wanted to bring about a conflict between England and Russia in order to strengthen the influence of the USA in Iran. Based on William Morgan Shuster, The Strangling of Persia; Blue Book. Persia (1912), and on material in the Central Historical Archives, Leningrad, and Arkhiv Vneshnei Politiki Rossii [Russian Foreign Policy Archives]. G. Lovas

3153. Kulagina, L. M. IZ ISTORII ZAKABALENIIA IRANA ANGLIISKIM KAPITALIZMOM (SHAKHINSHAKHSHKII BANK V POSLEDNEE DESIATILETIE XIX V.) [From the history of the subjugation of Iran by English capitalism (Imperial Bank of Persia)]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1956 (19): 3-13. One of the objects of the imperialism of British capitalism in the last twenty years of the 19th century was Iran, which was a market for British goods, a supplier of raw materials and an outlet for investment. The export of capital in the form of loans and concessions made Iran completely dependent on England. One of the most important concessions was the permission granted to found the Imperial Bank of Persia, which received the Royal Charter in 1889. All important branches of industry thereby came under British control. Based on material in the Russian Foreign Policy Archives, Persian Department, and the Central Historical State Archives in Leningrad. Erna Wollert

United States of America

See also: 2932

3154. Chalmers, David (Univ. of Florida). RAY STANNARD BAKER'S SEARCH FOR REFORM. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(3): 422-434. From 1900 to 1912 Ray Stannard Baker's reforming spirit went from an individual phase, through a flirtation with organized socialism, to a Rauschenbusch type of Christian collectivism. After unsuccessful attempts to convert Theodore Roosevelt, whom he admired, Baker shifted his allegiance, briefly to La Follette and then to Woodrow Wilson. W. H. Coates

3155. Durden, Robert F. GROVER CLEVELAND AND THE BOURBON DEMOCRACY. South Atlantic Quarterly 1958 57(3): 333-338. A discussion of Grover Cleveland role as President of the United States. Based on Horace S. Merrill's Bourbon Leader: Grover Cleveland and the Democratic Party and The Cabinet Diary of William L. Wilson, 1896-1897, edited by Festus P. Summers. H. Kantor

3156. Erdman, H. E. THE DEVELOPMENT AND SIGNIFICANCE OF CALIFORNIA COOPERATIVES, 1900-1915. Agricultural History 1958 32(3): 179-184. The period from 1900 to 1915 was marked by a steady rise in the national index of farm prices received and by the successful establishment in California of about a half a dozen co-operative marketing associations that were regional in scope and handled only one or a few closely related products. None of these co-operatives were able to control the markets for their product. It was often to the advantage of an individual to stay out of the co-operative since he could sell his full production at the price established by the co-operative without paying any of the costs of operating the organization. Based upon published materials. W. D. Rasmussen

3157. Feuer, Lewis S. (Univ. of California, Berkeley). JOHN DEWEY'S READING AT COLLEGE. Journal of the History of Ideas 1958 19(3): 415-421. Records of the librarian of the University of Vermont include the titles of books borrowed by John Dewey as an undergraduate student from 1875 to 1879. These books, which are here listed, reveal Dewey's breadth of interest. W. H. Coates

3158. Hendee, J. Kirby. NEWSPAPER COVERAGE IN NEW ENGLAND OF THE ILLNESS AND DEATH OF POPE LEO XIII. Records of the American Catholic Society of Philadelphia 1957 68(3/4): 71-95. A collection of newspaper comment showing that the New England writers of 1903 mainly Protestant, regarded Leo XIII as the pope who "left a better impression of the papacy on the world than any pope in centuries." C. G. Hamilton

3159. Larsen, Grace (Univ. of California, Berkeley). A PROGRESSIVE IN AGRICULTURE: HARRIS WEINSTOCK. Agricultural History 1958 32(3): 187-193. Harris Weinstock was appointed California's first State market director in 1915. Associated with Hiram Johnson's reform movement, Weinstock had a background of a successful business career, farm ownership and a limitless interest in reform. His approach to farm problems was basically that of a successful merchant: aid to the State's producers to organize. Based upon unpublished documents and contemporary periodicals. W. D. Rasmussen

3160. Panitz, David H., and Esther L. Panitz. SIMON WOLF AS UNITED STATES CONSUL TO EGYPT. Publication of the American Jewish Historical Society 1957 47(2): 76-100. Simon Wolf of Washington, D. C., served as U. S. Consul at Cairo in 1881-1882. He received this appointment in recognition of his services to the Republican Party after a fourteen-year campaign to enter the diplomatic corps. Since he stayed in Egypt for only about five months his actual diplomatic contributions at the time of the Anglo-French intervention were but minor; Wolf's story is significant because it illustrated to Europe and the Islamic East that a Jew, even without conversion to the majority faith, could occupy high office in the service of the United States.

F. Rosenthal

3161. Perlmann, Moshe. PAUL HAUPT AND THE MESOPOTAMIAN PROJECT, 1892-1914. Publication of the American Jewish Historical Society 1958 47(3): 154-175. In 1892 Paul Haupt, professor of Semitic languages at Johns Hopkins University, published a small pamphlet concerning the settlement of Russian Jews in Mesopotamia. Through his student Cyrus Adler and his friends, who included Judge Mayer Sulzberger, Haupt was close to Jewish circles and aware of the serious problems raised by the mass exodus of Jews from Russia. For almost a quarter of a century philanthropists and the young Zionist movement gave serious consideration to this scheme until the events of the First World War led to the concentration of all efforts upon Palestine. F. Rosenthal

3162. Shpall, Leo. THE MEMOIR OF DOCTOR GEORGE PRICE. Publication of the American Jewish Historical Society 1957 47(2): 101-110. Price, who was active in American immigrant circles in the 1880s, published *Russkie vrei v Amerike* [Russian Jews in America] in St. Petersburg 1893. In an appendix he described what happened to him and some of his fellow immigrants soon after their arrival in the United States. These memoirs describe conditions at Castle Garden and at the Immigrant House on Ward's Island. The heartless exploitation the "greenhorns" had to endure and the inability of the officials of the Hebrew Emigrant Aid Society to cope with the problem are the main theme of these memoirs, which reflect with candor the feelings and perhaps also the bias of the immigrants. This is the first English translation of this work to be published. F. Rosenthal

3163. Singletary, Otis A. (Univ. of Texas). THE ELECTION OF 1878 IN LOUISIANA. *Louisiana Historical Quarterly* 1957 40(1): 46-53. Although the withdrawal of Federal troops from Louisiana in April 1877 is usually considered to have ended Reconstruction in that State, it was not until after the elections of November 1878 that white supremacy and the Democratic Party were firmly in control. Political fraud and violence won the election for the Democrats. Based on contemporary newspapers and documents. E. D. Johnson

3164. Smith, Warren I. THE FARM JOURNAL OF JOHN HARRY DENT. 1882-84. *Georgia Historical Quarterly*

1958 42(1): 43-53. John Harry Dent was a successful planter in Alabama before the Civil War, and he survived all the hardships of Reconstruction to become a successful farmer in Georgia after the war. His journal, portions of which are reproduced here, contains meticulous entries on agricultural matters which show that Dent was a progressive farmer interested in scientific agriculture. There are also scattered references to political and social questions. D. Houston

3165. Wirtschafter, Jonathan Dine. THE GENESIS AND IMPACT OF THE MEDICAL LOBBY: 1898-1906. *Journal of the History of Medicine and Allied Sciences* 1958 13(1): 15-49. The medical lobby of the American Medical Association had its origin in 1898 in a three-man committee on national legislation formed to oppose an antivivisection bill. By 1906 this committee had developed into a powerful national organization with more than two thousand local members, capable of triumphing over the most powerful lobbies in Washington in order to secure the passage of the Pure Food and Drug Act. Very early the physicians' lobby began to fulfill two functions in American society: it provided the specialized knowledge necessary for intelligent legislation on highly technical problems, and it acted as a special interest group dedicated to raising the social status of doctors. Based on contemporary periodicals and other published sources.

D. Houston

E. 1918-1939

GENERAL HISTORY

See also: 2936, 2945, 2948, 2952, 3313

3166. Araquistain, Luis. LAS GRANDES POTENCIAS Y LA GUERRA DE ESPAÑA (1936-1939) [The great powers and the Spanish Civil War (1936-1939)]. *Cuadernos del Congreso por la Libertad de la Cultura* 1957 (23): 65-73. Describes the establishment and development of the Committee of Non-Intervention and discusses the policy of Italy, France, Germany and England. The author throws light on the actions of Léon Blum. Undocumented. J. Vicens Vives (IHE 18756)

3167. Bedniak, I. I. K VOPROSU O NEITRALITETE SSHA V IAPONO-KITAISKOI VOINE (ZAIKAVLENIE GOSU-ARSTVENNOGO DEPARTAMENTA SSHA OT 14 SENTIABRIA 1937 G) [On the question of U.S. neutrality in the Sino-Japanese War (the declaration of the U.S. State Department of 14 September 1937)]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1955 (16): 18-30. This U.S. declaration, which reflected the interests of American monopolies, was far more advantageous to Japan than a declaration of neutrality would have been. It allowed the export of arms to Japan to continue, but prohibited further export of arms to China. The information based on American statistics concerning the export of arms to Japan did not reflect the true state of affairs. G. Lovas

3168. Caspar, C. (Harrow, England). MEIN KAMPF -- BEST SELLER. *Jewish Social Studies* 1958 20(1): 3-16. Traces the publishing history of *Mein Kampf* and analyzes some of the translations of the work. While there is little current demand for the volume in Germany, it continues to be in force in Spain and among the Arabs. A. B. Rollins, Jr.

3169. Gasiorowski, Zygmunt J. (Russian Research Center, Harvard Univ.). BENES AND LOCARNO: SOME UNPUBLISHED DOCUMENTS. *Review of Politics* 1958 20(2): 202-224. Examines the attitude of Benes toward the proposed Locarno treaties. Based on the United States Department of State files and the files of the German Foreign Office (on microfilm), both in the National Archives, Washington, D.C. C. B. Joynt

3170. Hambro, Edvard (Bergen, Norway). THE AMBATELOS ARBITRAL AWARD. *Archiv des Völkerrechts*

1957 6(2): 152-173. Describes how the International Court of Justice settled in 1956 a dispute litigated since 1919 between the Greek shipowner, E. N. Ambatielos, and the British government. The dispute resulted from Ambatielos' refusal to accept from and pay the British government for nine merchant vessels that had been constructed for him in British shipyards, claiming that they had not been delivered on the scheduled date. R. Mueller

3171. Howell, John M. DELIMITING "DOMESTIC JURISDICTION." *Western Political Quarterly* 1957 10(3): 512-526. Discusses the role played by the domestic jurisdiction reservation in Article 2, paragraph 7 of the United Nations Charter, referring to the experience of the League of Nations and the Permanent Court of International Justice. H. Kantor

3172. Kuz'minov, I. UGLUBLENIE OBSHCHEGO KRIZISA KAPITALIZMA POSLE VTOROI MIROVOI VOINY [The aggravation of the general crisis of capitalism after the Second World War]. *Mezhdunarodnaia Zhizn'* 1955 (1): 28-43. In determining the existence of an aggravation of the crisis in the capitalist world, presents the following statistical material: 1) the index numbers of the industrial production of several countries for the years 1937, 1938, 1944 and 1953; 2) the trend of wages in the automobile industry of the USA in 1937 and 1947-1952, and 3) the share of eight industrially advanced countries (USA, Great Britain, Germany, France, the Netherlands, Belgium, Italy and Japan) in the total export of the capitalist countries (1938 and 1945-1953). Based on Western sources as well as on *Vneshnaia torgovlia kapitalisticheskikh stran*, *Statisticheskii Spravochnik* 1952 and *Ekonomika i vneshnaia torgovlia kapitalisticheskikh stran* (1954). G. Lovas

3173. Murgescu, Costin. CONTRIBUTIE LA STUDIUL REDISTRIBUIRII INDUSTRIEI PETROLIFERE A ROMÂNIEI ÎNTRE CAPITALISTIÎI TARILOR ÎNGINGATOARE ÎN PRIMUL RAZBOI MONDIAL (1919-1922) [Contribution to the study of the redistribution of the petroleum industry in Rumania among the capitalists of the countries victorious in the First World War (1919-1922)]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1957 10(1): 35-63. After the First World War the Allied Powers distributed the capital assets which Germany had had in Rumania, leaving only a negligible part to Rumania. England took the biggest share and became

the leading power in Rumania's oil industry, followed by France and Belgium. The Entente powers thus gained political control over Rumania. I. Popinceanu

3174. Nikolaev, I. N. LOKARNSKAIA KONFERENTSIA 1925 G. (ZAPISKI ZASEDANIIA SDELANNYE FON DIRKSENOM) [The Locarno Conference in 1925 (Von Dirksen's notes)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 149-165, (5): 130-147, and (6): 67-86. Publishes, in Russian translation, documents which were discovered in German archives and passed into Soviet hands at the end of the Second World War. G. Lovas

3175. Orlova, M. IZ ISTORII SOVETSKO-GERMANSKIKH OTNOSHENII [From the history of Soviet-German relations]. *Mezhdunarodnaia Zhizn'* 1955 (8): 58-68. Describes the history preceding, and the consequences of, the Treaty of Rapallo. The author maintains that the Treaty contributed, up to the beginning of the thirties, much to the economic recovery of Germany. After the Dawes Plan and Locarno Treaties anti-Soviet feeling became more marked in German foreign policy. Based on German works and daily newspapers. G. Lovas

Paris Peace Settlements

3176. Degros, Maurice. LES DELIBERATIONS DU CONSEIL DES QUATRE (24 MARS-28 JUIN 1919) [The deliberations of the Council of Four (24 March-28 June 1919)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(2): 154-158. An analysis of the personal notes of Clemenceau's interpreter during these sessions, published in *Notes de l'officier interprète Paul Mantoux* (Paris: Editions du Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, 1950), 2 volumes. The notes cover the first period of the sessions, which is lacking in the Hankey minutes published by the U.S. government in 1944. Degros emphasizes that they reveal the desire of all the Allied leaders for a "just peace." J. H. Jensen

3177. Laroche, Jules. UNE OCCASION PERDUE: LA QUESTION DES ZONES FRANCHES [A lost opportunity: the question of the free zones]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(2): 106-125. Explains the failure of France in 1919 to procure the abrogation of restrictions on its sovereignty in the neutral zone of Savoy and the free zones of Savoy and Gex, imposed in 1815 at Vienna and confirmed in 1860 by the Treaty of Turin. In 1919 the Swiss were willing to trade these restrictions for French support for their admission to the League of Nations, but lack of interest on the part of Clemenceau encouraged them to bargain. The resulting negotiations were ruined by rejection in a Swiss plebiscite in 1923, resulting from the anger of German Switzerland at the French occupation of the Ruhr. The author was the official of the French foreign ministry who handled the brunt of these negotiations in 1919-1923. J. H. Jensen

HISTORY BY COUNTRY OR AREA

Africa

3178. García Figueras, Tomás. FIGURAS DEL MARRUECOS CONTEMPORANEO. MULEY AHMED BEN SI MOHAMMED RAISUNI [Personalities of contemporary Morocco. Mulai Ahmed ben si Mohammed Raisuni]. *Africa* (Spain) 1955 12: XXXIX: INTERREGNO JORDANA-BERENGUER (NOVIEMBRE DE 1918-ENERO DE 1919) [XXXIX: The Jordana-Berenguer interregnum (November 1918-January 1919)], (160): 164-171. XL: EL ROMPIMIENTO CON EL RAISUNI (MAYO 1919) [XL: The break with Raisuni (May 1919)], (166): 438-443. Continued from *ibid.*, 1954 11(154): 457-462. In the first part, the author discusses the Spanish plans to nominate a civil High Commissioner, and the designation in January 1919 of General Dámaso Berenguer, whose political ideas and activities are examined in detail. The second part deals with Raisuni's position and authority in Morocco, as well as his relations with Berenguer. Based

partly on Berenguer's *Campañas en el Rif y Yebala*. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 12910 and 12911)

3179. Roda, Rafael de. LA PROGRESION DEMOGRAFICA Y LA PROGRESION ECONOMICA DE MARRUECOS. EL PROBLEMA DE SU DESEQUILIBRIO [The demographic and economic progress of Morocco. The problem of their lack of balance]. *Revista Internacional de Sociología* (Spain) 1954 12(48): 743-771. Between 1930 and 1950 the population of Spanish Morocco increased every six months by an average of 15,162. The economic possibilities of the area (chiefly agricultural) have not increased proportionally. Even with industrialization it will not be possible to restore the balance in the next forty years. The author includes information on the distribution of property, the living standard and population shifts imposed by economic and demographic circumstances. E. Giralt Raventós (IHE 12916)

3180. Unsigned. DIARIO DE UN MISIONERO OCTOGENARIO: P. BETANZOS [Diary of an octogenarian missionary Father Betanzos]. *Mauritania* (Tangier) 1955 27(326): 4-5, (327): 26-27, (328): 51-52, (329): 74, (330): 99-100, (331): 122-123, (332): 147-148, (333): 171-172, (334): 195-196, (335): 220-221, (336): 245-246, and (337): 268-269. Continued from *ibid.*, 1954 26(325): 272-273. Publishes part of the diary kept by Father José María Betanzos in Morocco, referring to the period up to May 1936. Article to be continued. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 11390 and 12922)

3181. Unsigned. EL GOBIERNO MAJZEN EN LA ZONA JALIFIANA DE MARRUECOS [The Majzen government in the Jalifa zone of Morocco]. *Africa* (Spain) 1955 12(159): 104-106. A sketch of the organization of the government in the Jalifa zone of Morocco during the 20th century, with emphasis on the reforms of 1936, 1939, 1946 and 1954. D. Romano Ventura (IHE 12912)

3182. Unsigned. ORIGEN DE LA MISION DE SIDI IFNI [Origin of the Sidi Ifni Mission]. *Mauritania* (Tangier) 1957 30(352): 122-127. Describes the arrival of the Franciscan missionaries on 1 July 1936 and important events in the history of the Mission up to May 1939. M. Grau Montserrat (IHE 20504)

Asia

3183. Akatova, T. N. ANTIIMPERIALISTICHESKAIA BOR'BA RABOCHEGO KLASSA GUANDUNA V PERIOD PER VOI GRAZHDANSKOI REVOLIUTSIONNOI VOINY V KITAE (1924-1927) [The anti-imperialist struggle of the working class of Kwantung during the period of the first civil war in China (1924-1927)]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1955 (16): 3-17. During the years 1924-26 Kwantung province was the only practicable territorial base for the Communist revolution in China, and its capital, Canton, was the center of the workers' movement in China. Here the second and third All-Chinese Trade-Union Conferences took place and the strike committee which was to direct the struggle of the Hong Kong workers until 15 April 1927 was organized. At that time the strike committee, the Kwantung committee of the Chinese Communist Party and the council of workers' deputies from Canton began to work secretly as a consequence of Chiang K'ai shek's coup d'état. Based on published sources and contemporary newspapers. G. Lovas

3184. Bereznyi, L. A. INTERVENTSIIA SSHA V KITAE V PERIOD REVOLIUTSII 1924-1927 GG. [The intervention of the USA in China during the revolution of 1924-1927]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (2): 82-95. In order to protect its interests in China the USA strove to establish absolute economic and political domination. It played a decisive role in suppressing anti-imperialist movements in China. The author discusses the relations between the U.S. government and Chiang K'ai shek. Based on *Papers Relating to the Foreign Relations of the United States, 1925, 1927*. G. Lovas

3185. Hayashi, Kentarō (Univ. of Tokyo). JAPANISCHE QUELLEN ZUR VORGESCHICHTE DES PAZIFISCHEN KRIEGES [Japanese sources on the antecedents of the Pacific

ar]. Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte 1957 5(2): 199-207. Discussion of primary sources available to historians interested in Japanese history of the period 1926-1941. In addition to published Foreign Office papers and certain collections of unpublished and microfilmed documents, a substantial number of biographies, diaries and memoirs of prominent Japanese are available. For each work cited, the author provides enough biographic data about the man concerned to place him in the chronology of events in the period. C. R. Spurgin

3186. Kaufman, A. S. NATSIONAL'NO-OSVOBODITEL'SKOYE DVIZHENIE V BIRME V 30-KH GODAKH [The national movement for freedom during the thirties in Burma]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (5): 68-79. The period under discussion marks the birth of the forces that were opposed to the colonial system and which gained the independence of Burma after the Second World War. The author begins by describing the economic situation and then deals with the peasants' uprising of 1930-1932. He discusses the activities of the Communists in the Dobama Party and the strike of the rubber workers in Yenangyaung in 1938. Based on British, Japanese and American sources. G. Lovas

3187. Kawamura, Nozomu (Tokyo Metropolitan Univ.), and Ohtohiko Hasumi (Tokyo Univ.). KINDAI NIHON NI OKE-JU SONRAKU KŌZŌ NO TENKAI KATEI [Process of the development of village structure in modern Japan]. Shisō 1958 (407): 735-751, (408): 907-923. Criticizes the method of constructing a conventional "ideal type" of Japanese village structure through such means as the abstraction of production relations. A study of village structure should begin with the analysis of the basic structure of village economy. The prototype of the village in modern Japan came to existence on the premise of the growth of the parasitic landlord system. After the middle of the Taishō period, owing to the oppression of monopolistic capital and the intensification of the tenancy dispute, the landowners who cultivated their own land gained power and became the village rulers, replacing the parasitic landowners. As a result, the structure of the village changed. Its new characteristics were: 1) rule based not on landownership but on superior management, and 2) direct participation of the public authorities in the maintenance of order in the village (made necessary by the increased importance of landownership), resulting in greater significance of the village as an administrative unit. K. Sugiyama

3188. Kotovskii, G. G. ARENDA I ARENDNYE OTNOŠENIYA V TAMILNADE (IUZHNAIA INDIA) V 1917-1939 G. [Rent and land tenure in Tamilnad (South India), 1917-1939]. Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (12): 1-195. Agriculture in Tamilnad in 1917-39 still bore the characteristics of the feudal system because the Anglo-Indian colonial government and the large native estate owners possessed the sole right of property in the land. The author describes how the capitalist system of land tenure developed. Based on British and Indian publications. G. Lovas

3189. Kramer, Irving I. JAPAN IN MANCHURIA. Contemporary Japan 1958 25(2): 224-237. Article to be continued.

3190. Mel'nikov, A. M. ANTIFEODAL'NAIA BOR'BA PEZEMST'IANSTVA INDII NAKANUNE VTOROIO MIROVOIO VOYNY (1937-1939) [Struggle of the Indian peasantry against the feudal system before the Second World War (1937-1939)]. Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (12): 196-206. The local peasants' organizations (Kisan sabha) in India, which united in 1936 to form the All-Indian Peasants' Federation, fought the struggle of the peasantry against feudal agrarian conditions. They demanded that the power of the large landowners should be curtailed and forced the national Congress governments in the individual states to draft bills to that effect. G. Lovas

3191. Mikhailov, G. I. RAZVITIE KUL'TURY V MONGOLSKOI NARODNOI RESPUBLIKE [Cultural development in the People's Republic of Mongolia]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (6): 111-116. An undocumented survey of the period 1921-1955, covering such fields as theater, literature, schools and libraries. G. Lovas

3192. Shaposhnikova, L. V. BOR'BA INDIISKOGO PROLETARIATA ZA EDINSTVO DEISTVII (1934-1939 GG.) [The struggle of the Indian proletariat for solidarity]. Voprosy Istorii 1957 (2): 97-108. The economic and political interests of the working classes in India required the creation of a united workers' front. The author describes how the individual trade unions combined under the leadership of the All-Indian Trade Union Congress, thus enabling the workers to fight against imperialism and war and to use strikes not only as an economic weapon but for political ends as well. The more progressive workers won the peasants' organizations, the Mohammedan proletariat and the untouchables for the common cause. In the large industrially developed kingdoms the first workers' organizations were formed in 1938. Erna Wollert

3193. Unsigned. INDIVIDUAL TRAINING TWO DECADES BACK. Journal of the United Service Institution of India 1955 85(360): 255-258. A description of a twenty-hour endurance march in which the author participated as an Indian army cadet in 1934. D. Houston

3194. Unsigned. NEOPUBLIKOVANNYE DOKUMENTY SUN'-IAT-SENA [Sun Yat-sen's unpublished documents]. Mezhdunarodnaia Zhizn' 1955 (10): 155-156. Publishes 1) Sun Yat-sen's telegram of 21 January 1924 to the diplomatic representative of Soviet Russia in Peking, in which he explained the aims of the Kuomintang national congress, and 2) his letter of 16 February 1924 to the People's Commissar of Foreign Affairs, G. V. Chicherin, in which he congratulated the Soviet government on its recognition by Great Britain. G. Lovas

3195. Vinogradov, N. P. "DVIZHENIE 4 MAIA" 1919 G. V KITAIE [The "Fourth of May" movement of 1919 in China]. Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie 1955 (6): 46-53. On 4 May 1919 students in Peking demonstrated against the Tuan Ch'i-jui government because of the failure of the Chinese delegation at the Paris Peace Conference to obtain a guarantee of the sovereignty of China. Their demands had won the approval of the progressive Chinese intelligentsia and were supported also by the working classes. The "Fourth of May" movement initiated the movement to found a Marxist party in China. Based on Chinese works. G. Lovas

Europe

AUSTRIA

See: 3026

BALKANS and NEAR EAST

See also: 3261

3196. Lungu, Tr. and S. Columbeanu. CONTRIBUȚII LA STUDIUL MIȘCĂRII GREVIȘTE DIN ROMÂNIA ÎNTRE ANII 1919-1920 [Contribution to the study of the strike movement in Rumania in the years 1919-1920]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(5): 89-101. Examines some aspects of the strike movement in Rumania between 1919-1920. Workers from all parts of the country and from all branches of industry, including the railway workers, joined in the strikes, thus forcing the ruling class to adopt countermeasures. The government fought particularly against the Communists and tried to split the working class with the aid of the Social Democrats and the national trade unions. Laws were passed to suppress the workers' movements. The strike of 1920, in which the whole country participated, was definitely a political strike. Based on unpublished documents from the Central Historical Archives (state archives in Bucharest). I. Popinceanu

3197. Matei, Pompiliu. CHESTIUNI PROGRAMATICE ALE MIȘCĂRII MUNCITOREȘTI DIN ROMÂNIA ÎN PERIOADA AVÎNUTULUI REVOLUȚIONAR CREAT DE VICTORIA MARII REVOLUȚII SOCIALISTE DIN OCTOMBRIE (1918-1922) [Questions concerning the program of the workers' movement in Rumania during the period of the uplift created by the victory of the Great Socialist October Revolution (1918-1922)]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(5): 63-87.

In the course of the general uplift which followed the Great Socialist October Revolution the Rumanian proletariat found itself confronted with a number of new problems concerning its future activities. One of these was the development of a fighting program. The Rumanian Socialist Party, which was officially at the head of the workers' movement at the time, prepared a draft of a program, but it was inadequate in many respects and nationalist bourgeois in character. Thus, its authors approved of the annexation of Bessarabia and North Bucovina by Rumania, and treated agrarian problems in a way completely alien to Marxism-Leninism. The illegal Communist groups constituted the only power capable of effective action in this period. Communist propaganda, which called for expropriation of the large estates and for a democratic republic, was addressed to the peasants, soldiers and young people, and was intensified at the time of strikes, demonstrations and other crises. The Communist Party of Rumania, however, was not founded until May 1921, due to the opportunism and Trotskyism of the leadership of the Socialist Party. I. Popinceanu

3198. Matei, P. and T. Ion. DESPRE SITUATIA REVOLUȚIONARA DIN ROMÂNIA ÎNTRE ANII 1918 ȘI 1922 [On the revolutionary situation in Rumania between 1918 and 1922]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(2): 159-176. During the German occupation in 1916-1917 Rumania was systematically exploited. In the interwar period a great deal of foreign capital came into the country, and American, British and French trusts bought up the oil industry. An economic crisis began in 1917 and grew more serious in the years 1918-1920. It was characterized by budget deficits, poverty, increasing cost of living, unemployment and work to the point of exhaustion for lower real wages. The fact that there were many changes of government shows that the crisis also had its political side. In 1918 a reactionary Rumanian government attacked the newly founded Soviet Republic and occupied and annexed Bessarabia. The economic and political crisis developed into a general national crisis. After the victory of the Great Socialist October Revolution Rumania was affected by revolutionary movements but the leaders of the workers' movement who belonged to the Socialist Party prevented a revolution. I. Popinceanu

3199. Mergl, Georg. PREOTEASA UND GROZA. Ost-europa 1958 8(2): 125-127. A biographical note on: 1) Peter Groza (1884-1957), member of the Rumanian parliament, 1919-1927, minister for Transylvania, 1921-1922, minister of public works, 1926-1927, prime minister of Rumania, 1945-1952, and 2) Grigore Preoteasa (1915-1958), member of the Rumanian Communist Party from 1935 on, editor of România Libera, 1945-1956, minister of foreign affairs, 1956-1957, and member of the Communist Party secretariat. E. C. Helmreich

3200. Mocanu, C. LUPȚA P. C. R. PENTRU REALIZAREA FRONTULUI UNIC ÎN RÎNDURILE TINERETULUI MUNCITORESC ÎN ANII 1933-1935 [The struggle of the Rumanian Communist Party for the realization of the united front among the young workers in the years 1933-1935]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(1): 111-131. One of the main problems of the Rumanian Communist Party was its work among the young people of the working class. The Party strove to mobilize the broad masses of young people and to organize them in a united fighting front. More and more of the young workers took part in the strikes, the railway and oil workers being particularly active. The Union of Communist Youth repeatedly made efforts toward union with the Socialists in order to create a united front, but the old Socialists refused to co-operate with the Communists. I. Popinceanu

3201. Rozaliev, I. N. SISTEMA ARBITRAZHA PO "KOLLEKTIVNYM TRUDOVYM RAZNOGLASIAM" V TURTSII I ANTIRABOCHAIA DEIATEL'NOST' ARBITRAZH-NYKH SUDOV [The system of arbitration concerning "the disagreements of collective labor" in Turkey, and the activity of the arbitration courts hostile to the workers]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1955 (14): 68-78. As a result of strikes in Turkey a "labor law" was adopted on 8 June 1936 establishing an arbitration system, which the author discusses in detail. The consequences of this law as

a strike preventing measure are traced from that time until 1950. Based on M. Görkey, Son degisikliklere göre s kanunu ve bu kanunla ilgili meozuat (Istanbul, 1947). G. Lovas

3202. Unc, Gh. LUPȚA CLASEI MUNCITOARE DIN ROMÂNIA PENTRU APARAREA STATULUI SOVIETIC ÎN CEA DE-A TREIA CAMPANIE A ANTANTEI (1920) [The struggle of the Rumanian working class in the third Entente campaign (1920)]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(5): 43-62. The victory of the Soviet state in the years of the anti-Soviet military intervention was due to the boundless heroism of the Soviet people and to the solidarity between workers from the capitalist countries and the Soviet people. The U. S. government granted a loan of five million dollars to Rumania in order to make the country join Poland in the war against Russia. Communist Rumanian groups at that time fought for the defense of Russia. Those opposed to the war held meeting in Bucharest and other towns of the country, demanding demobilization and peace with Russia, and there were disturbances in the army. The Rumanian government was forced to declare the state's neutrality. When Marshal Joffre was sent to Rumania with a military mission to prevail on the Rumanian government to enter war against Russia, antiwar meetings and strikes took place throughout the country. Because of these efforts of the working class the Rumanian government did not attack Soviet Russia. I. Popinceanu

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

See also: 3019, 3020

3203. Dubský, V. K OTÁZCE VĚDECKÉHO ZPRACOVÁNÍ VÝVOJE KSC V LETECH 1921-1925 [Contribution to the scientific elaboration of the development of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, 1921-1925]. Československý Časopis Historický 1957 5(3): 549-555. Criticizes the present efforts of historical science to write the history of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia and labor movement during the period 1921-1925. The complexity of the Party's historical development should be depicted in order to help the masses orient themselves in contemporary political and ideological struggles. F. Wagner

3204. Melnikova, I. N. K KHAŘAKTERISTIKE EKONOMICHESKOGO RAZVITIJA CHEKHOSLOVAKII V GODY CHASTICHNOI STABILIZATSII KAPITALIZMA (1924-1929) [On the characteristics of the economic development of Czechoslovakia during the years of partial stabilization of capitalism (1924-1929)]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavjanovedeniia 1955 (16): 21-33. The domestic market could not absorb the Czech capital that was available for investment, and ways of penetrating into other countries were sought. The expansion of war industry in the Balkans and the Baltic States offered the most lucrative possibility for exporting Czech capital. The author analyzes the cause of the crisis of 1926 in Czech industry and of the improvement of Czech industry from 1927 to 1929. G. Lovas

3205. Mlynárik, Ján. K HOSPODÁRSKEJ A SOCIÁLNEJ PROBLEMATIKE SLOVENSKA V ROKOCH DOČASNEJ STABILIZÁCIE KAPITALIZMU (1924-1929) [Contribution to the economic and social problems of Slovakia during the years of temporary stabilization of capitalism, 1924-1929]. Historický Časopis 1958 6(2): 224-256. Discusses the growth of Slovakia's industrial enterprises and employment between 1900 and 1930, with special emphasis on the 1924-1929 period, as a key to the correct interpretation of contemporary economic and social phenomena, including Slovak emigration to the United States and other countries. All questions touched on are analyzed by means of published statistical information. F. Wagner

3206. Otáhalová, Libuše. NĚKOLIK POZNÁMEK K VYDÁVÁNÍ NOVODOBÝCH PRAMENŮ [Some remarks on the publishing of modern sources]. Československý Časopis Historický 1957 5(3): 555-559. The Institute of History of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences in co-operation with several other leading historical institutions is preparing a series of publications of important source material relating to the foundation of Czechoslovakia and the echo of the Great October Socialist Revolution in that country. A general discussion of some guiding principles in the selections, system-

tization and publication of historical sources relating to these subjects is included. F. Wagner

FRANCE

3207. Dufieux, J. 1940: LA GUERRE DES OCCASIONS PERDUES (A PROPOS DU LIVRE DU COLONEL GOUTARD) 1940: The war of lost opportunities (with regard to the book of Colonel Goutard). *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1956 4(4): 362-374. The French inspector-general of infantry and armor in the period of 1931-1938 recounts his vain attempts in the 1930s to get appropriations for the purchase of a large number of modern tanks, with which Panzer divisions were to be formed. The author agrees that inertia and personal incompetence at all levels in the army caused French collapse in 1940, but emphasizes that the civilian ministers of the 1930s who refused to purchase the needed tanks must share the blame. J. H. Jensen

3208. Rabkin, E. L. BOR'BA FRANTSUZKOI KOMUNISTICHESKOI PARTII PROTIV OKKUPATSII RURA V 1923 G. [The struggle of the French Communist Party against the occupation of the Ruhr in 1923]. *Uchenye Zapiski po Novoi Noveishei Istorii* 1955 (1): 244-288. A strong strike movement began in 1923 in France as a result of the sharp deterioration in living conditions caused by the payment which the French government had to make to maintain the occupation forces in the Ruhr district. Based mainly on the newspaper "Humanité", which reported on these strikes and the struggle of the French Communist Party against the occupation of the Ruhr. G. Lovas

3209. Warner, Geoffrey (Cambridge Univ.). THE STAVISKY AFFAIR AND THE RIOTS OF FEBRUARY 6TH 1934. *History Today* 1958 8(6): 377-385. A review of the political situation in France in early 1934, and of the effect of the murder of Serge-Alexandre Stavisky on the governments of the premiers Camille Chautemps and Edouard Daladier. The actions of the right-wing organizations in promoting the subsequent riots, and the dismissal of the Paris Prefect of police, Jean Chiappe, by Daladier are also described. E. D. Johnson

GERMANY

See also: 3208, 3227

3210. Bracher, Karl Dietrich (Freie Univ., Berlin). DAS ANFANGSSTADIUM DER HITLERSCHEN AUSSEN- UND POLITIK [The first stage of Hitlerite foreign policy]. *Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte* 1957 5(1): 63-76. As a means of consolidating Nazi control in Germany and building sufficient internal strength to dictate a settlement of outstanding foreign policy problems, Hitler abandoned the Weimar policy based on conciliation and co-operation with the Great Powers in the League of Nations and led Germany into a state of potentially dangerous diplomatic isolation. This policy shift, which occurred in spite of considerable continuity in German Foreign Office personnel, resulted from Hitler's refusal to let foreign public opinion determine the course of domestic political events. The unwillingness of the Western Powers to act decisively and the eventual breakdown of the Abyssinian front (partly over Ethiopia and Spain) enabled the success of Hitler's gamble. C. R. Spurgin

3211. Carsten, F. L. (Univ. of London). THE GERMAN GENERALS AND HITLER. *History Today* 1958 8(8): 556-564. Between 1933 and 1938 there was a small but determined group of officers in the German army who strongly opposed Hitler and the Nazi regime. On several occasions they had the chance to attempt to overthrow the Nazis, but lack of unity and political foresight rather than lack of courage or determination prevented them from acting. E. D. Johnson

3212. Caspar, G. A. DIE DEUTSCHE SOZIALDEMOKRATIE UND DIE ENTSTEHUNG DER REICHSWEHR (1918/19) [The German Social Democracy and the formation of the Reichswehr (1918-1921)]. *Wehrwissenschaftliche Rundschau* 1958 8(4): 194-207. A survey of the critical position of the Socialists in the formation of the Reichswehr. Emphasizing in each case the interest and position of the Socialists, the author discusses 1) the military situation after

the Armistice; 2) the events leading up to the Kapp Putsch, and 3) the army's subsequent consolidation of power. Based mainly on sources of a secondary nature. C. Burdick

3213. E. C. DALLA REPUBBLICA DI WEIMAR AL NAZIONALSOCIALISMO [From the Weimar Republic to National Socialism]. *Relazioni Internazionali* 1957 21(51): 1495-1496. Analyzing five books devoted to this period, examines the play of forces in the Weimar Republic and describes as the most important factors in its final collapse the activity of Hindenburg, the interests of big industry and the passive attitude of the army. The author questions the importance of two generally accepted factors: the myth of Germany's collapse under the weight of reparations and the irrational and demoniac interpretation of the Nazi phenomenon. R. Valdés del Toro

3214. Eschenburg, Theodor (Univ. of Tübingen). DAS PROBLEM DER DEUTSCHEN EINHEIT NACH DEN BEIDEN WELTKRIEGEN [The problem of German unity after the two World Wars]. *Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte* 1957 5(2): 107-133. Compares and contrasts the periods 1918-1924 and 1945-1949 from the standpoint of Allied occupation policy and the impact of such policy on German attempts to restore economic and political unity. C. R. Spurgin

3215. Gatzke, Hans W. (Johns Hopkins Univ.). STRESEMANN UND LITWIN [Stresemann and Litwin]. *Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte* 1957 5(1): 76-90. Paul Litwin, an immigrant industrialist of somewhat unsavory reputation, maintained a close relationship with Stresemann during the years 1914-1927. The latter intervened on numerous occasions on Litwin's behalf either to obtain German government concessions for him or to limit government legal action against him. Litwin in turn helped finance the Deutsche Volkspartei and certain Stresemann-backed newspapers. Based on unpublished material in the Stresemann Nachlass. C. R. Spurgin

3216. Nakamura, Mikio. WAIMĀRU-KYŌWASEI ZENHANKI NI OKERU TEISEI-FUKKŌ-UNDŌ O MEGURU ICHI KOSATSU -- DOITSU-KOKUMIN-JINMIN-TŌ O CHŪSHIN TO SHITE [A study of the monarchist movement in the first half of the Weimar Republic -- especially concerning the German National People's Party]. *Shirin* 1958 41(3): 215-233. Such writers as A. Rosenberg and F. Neumann have maintained that the collapse of the Weimar Republic was the result of its weakness at birth. The author criticizes this view, asserting that the Weimar Republic experienced stabilization in the mid-twenties. During the controversy about the Dawes Plan, the German National People's Party (DNVP), which had been a center of the monarchist movement, decided, under the influence of pressure groups such as the Reichsverband der deutschen Industrie, that it would be more advantageous to carry out its policy within the republican framework. M. Nishikawa

3217. Rothfels, Hans (Univ. of Tübingen). PROMEMORIA EINES BAYRISCHEN RICHTERS ZU DEN JUNI-MORDEN 1934 [Memorandum of a Bavarian judge on the murders of June 1934]. *Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte* 1957 5(1): 102-104. Presents a previously unpublished protest by a Bavarian judge against Nazi brutality after the massacres of 30 June 1934 ("the night of the long knives"). The writer was urged by his superior on the bench to draft a protest condemning the Nazi crimes. The senior judge ultimately decided against circulating the tract, which is an eloquent defense of traditional law and justice. C. R. Spurgin

3218. Shelike, B. F. O NEKOTORYKH PROBLEMAKH REVOLUTSII 1918-1919 V GERMANII [On some problems of the revolution of 1918-1919 in Germany]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (12): 65-72. Criticizes inconsistencies in Ia. S. Drabkin's article "O kharaktere Dvizhushchikh Silakh Noiabr'skoi Revolutsii v Germanii" [Concerning the nature and the motive forces of the November revolution in Germany] (*Voprosy Istorii*, 1956, No. 5) [See abstract 2: 2790]. Shelike compares the objective historical tasks of the revolution in Berlin with its results, and concludes that the revolution was bourgeois democratic in character and that no Socialist victory was achieved. Erna Wollert

3219. Smith, Arthur L., Jr. (Los Angeles State College). GENERAL VON SEECKT AND THE WEIMAR REPUBLIC. Review of Politics 1958 20(3): 347-357. Shows that the one consistent policy followed by General Hans von Seeckt was the protection of the Reichswehr and the continuance of secret rearmament at all costs. At the time of the Hitler - Ludendorff Putsch in 1923 Seeckt was on the verge of attempting to establish a military dictatorship. Based on the microfilms of the papers of General Hans von Seeckt in the National Archives, Washington, D. C. C. B. Joynt

3220. Sontheimer, Kurt (Univ. of Freiburg). ANTI-DEMOKRATISCHES DENKEN IN DER WEIMARER REPUBLIK [Antidemocratic thought in the Weimar Republic]. Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte 1957 5(1): 42-62. Discusses non-Nazi, anti-Weimar conservative writers of the 1920s. Some writers opposed parliamentary democracy because it was a "Western" import not adaptable to conditions peculiar to Germany. Others wished to restore privileges and responsibilities to those who had had them before 1918. Still others attacked the regime for its failure to provide for an elite which was not dependent on decadent political parties and the masses for support. Emphasis on the irrational and the mystical was characteristic of most of the writing. Among the authors cited are Thomas Mann, Ernst Jünger, Moeller van den Bruck, Carl Schmitt, August Winnig and Oswald Spengler. C. R. Spurgin

3221. Unsigned. DER MUNITIONSARBEITERSTREIK IM JANUAR 1918 [The strike of the munition workers in January 1918]. Dokumentation der Zeit 1958 (157): 34-43, and 48. The following subjects concerning the strike are traced with the use of quotations from the press and other contemporary publications: its immediate causes, its history, "The treasonable attitude of Social Democratic leadership," "The press of the bourgeoisie concerning the January strike," and "On the reasons for its failure." Relevant documentation and books are cited on p. 48. E. H. Boehm

3222. Vogelsang, Thilo (Institut für Zeitgeschichte, Munich). DIE REICHSWEHR IN BAYERN UND DER MÜNCHNER PUTSCH 1923 [The Reichswehr in Bavaria and the Munich putsch, 1923]. Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte 1957 5(1): 91-101. Presents two documents throwing light on the role of the Reichswehr before and during Hitler's abortive putsch in November 1923: 1) a letter expressing a Prussian lieutenant's sympathy with the Nazis and his unwillingness to take the Bavarian oath of allegiance required of units stationed in Bavaria, and 2) an excerpt from the unpublished memoirs of General Hilmar Ritter von Mittelberger. Among the topics treated are the rivalry between Bavarian and Prussian military leaders, the pro-Hitler orientation of many of the officers and men, and the means by which Berlin learned that the Reichswehr was suppressing the putsch. C. R. Spurgin

GREAT BRITAIN

3223. Warth, Robert D. (Rutgers Univ.). THE ARCOS RAID AND THE ANGLO-SOVIET 'COLD WAR' OF THE 1920's. World Affairs Quarterly 1958 29(2): 115-151. Britain's Conservative Government of Stanley Baldwin and Austen Chamberlain broke diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union in 1927 after a raid staged by the Home Secretary, Sir William Joynson-Hicks, upon a Russian trading organization's London office. Relations were resumed in 1929 by the Labour Government of Ramsay MacDonald and Arthur Henderson. Factors other than those of party politics were involved, including Chinese affairs and rivalry between Soviet and British oil interests. Anti-British propaganda by the Comintern was the reason given for the break. Resumption took place without settlement of any outstanding issues. S. E. Humphreys

HUNGARY

3224. Orlik, I. I. IZ ISTORII VENGERSKOI SOVETSKOI RESPUBLIKI [From the history of the Hungarian Soviet Republic]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (7): 70-75. A lecture delivered at a scientific session of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR dedicated to the tenth anniversary of the Hungarian liberation. The Western powers, especially the USA, played an important

part in the suppression of the Hungarian Soviet Republic. The U. S. military mission in Hungary actively participated in the organization of the counterrevolution and sabotage. Based on Papers Relating to the Foreign Relations of the United States: The Paris Peace Conference, 1919, Volume 2. G. Lovas

ITALY

3225. Caranti, Elio. IL PARTITO POPOLARE NELLE ELEZIONI DELL'ALTRO DOPOGUERRA [The Popular Party in the post-World War I elections]. Civitas 1956 7(9/10): 46-64. Examines the vote for the Italian Popular Party (P. P. I.) in the elections of the period after the First World War, particularly those of 1919, (when the P. P. I. appeared for the first time), and of 1921 and 1924, both of which were effected by Fascist legislation and violence. The author also compares the Popular Party's vote in 1919 and in 1921 with that of Christian Democracy (the heir of the P. P. I.) in 1946 and 1948. Journal

3226. Rosa, Gabriele de. I POPOLARI, I SOCIALISTI E LA CRISI DEL PRIMO MINISTERO FACTA [The Popular Party, the Socialists and the crisis of the first Facta ministry]. Civitas 1956 7(9/10): 11-47. Examines the position of the Socialists and the Italian Popular Party during the crisis of the first Facta Cabinet in July 1922. The solution found for this crisis, and the failure of the Popular Party and the Socialists to meet represented a precedent for the political weakness which was to bring about the surrender of the government in face of Fascist violence and the March on Rome. Journal

3227. Rosen, Edgar R. (Univ. of Kansas City). MUSSOLINI UND DEUTSCHLAND 1922-1923 [Mussolini and Germany, 1922-1923]. Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte 1957 5(1): 17-41. Discusses three aspects of Italian policy toward Germany in Mussolini's first year of rule: the Bavarian separatist movement, the reparations issue, and the Fiume dispute. Appreciating the economic and strategic advantages that would accrue to Italy if Bavaria were independent, the Italians watched Bavarian developments closely but took no active part in the movement. Italian diplomacy sought to prevent a reparations settlement which might result in closer Franco-German co-operation and possible isolation of Italy on the Continent. The Italians also sought to win concessions in the Near East in return for support of the French position. Mussolini's diplomats made tentative suggestions to German leaders about military co-operation at the time of the Yugoslav-Italian dispute over Fiume, in which Mussolini feared French intervention. Possible arms deliveries were mentioned. C. R. Spurgin

POLAND

See also: 3271

3228. Jeszke, Witold. CYRYL RATAJSKI. JAK POWSTAŁA MYŚL STWORZENIA PEWUKI [Cyril Ratajski: How the idea of organizing the Poznań Fairs was born]. Wiadomości 1958 13(27): 3. Personal recollections referring to the mayor of Poznań (and for a time minister of the interior) during the interwar period. The author describes Ratajski's trip to the Wembley Exhibition, which gave him the idea of organizing the Powszechna Wystawa Krajowa [Great Polish Exhibition] in Poznań. A. F. Dygnas

3229. Lestchinsky, Jacob. THE INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL STRUCTURE OF THE JEWISH POPULATION OF INTERBELLUM POLAND. Yivo Annual of Jewish Social Science 1956/57 11: 243-269. A study of the economic life of Polish Jewry, including tables noting the percentage of Jewish participation in industry, agriculture, trade and medicine. B. W. Korn

3230. Nagórski, Zygmunt Sr. LUDZIE MEGO CZASU. WŁADYSŁAW GRABSKI [People of my times: Władysław Grabski]. Wiadomości 1958 13(31): 2. Personal recollections of several meetings with Grabski, who was several times minister and prime minister of Poland. A. F. Dygnas

3231. Rot, B. I. KROVAVYE SOBYTIIA VO L'VOVE V APRELE 1936 G. [Bloody events in Lvov in April 1936].

storicheskii Arkhiv 1956 (3): 70-87. Publishes illegal Communist leaflets and police reports elucidating the anti-fascist struggle of the Communists in the Western Ukraine from 1935-1936. When police fired on a demonstration of unemployed workers in Lvov barricade-fighting resulted.

G. Lovas

SCANDINAVIA and BALTIC AREA

3232. Krastyn', I. P. RABOCHEE DVIZHENIE V BURZHUAZNOI LATVII (1920-1940 GG.) [The workers' movement in bourgeois Latvia (1920-1940)]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (4): 53-57. A survey of the workers' movement, strikes and demonstrations organized and directed by the illegal Communist Party in the period 1920-1940. G. Lovas

3233. Krivickas, D. ECONOMIC ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE LITHUANIAN STATE. Baltic Review 1958 13: 8-28. Presents data on the development of the economic life of the independent Lithuanian state in the period from 1918 to 1940. E. Anderson

3234. Maldeikis, Petras. THE TREND OF EDUCATION IN INDEPENDENT LITHUANIA. Lituanus 1957 2(11): 22-24. Reviews Lithuanian cultural and educational policies in the interwar period. C. F. Latour

3235. Miciulis, J. K. CULTURAL PROGRESS OF INDEPENDENT LITHUANIA. Baltic Review 1958 13: 29-39. Deals with the educational system, periodicals, literature, arts and scientific progress of the Lithuanians during their period of independence. E. Anderson

3236. Niunka, V. I. BOR'BA KOMMUNISTICHESKOI PARTII LITVY ZA UKREPLENIE SOIUZA RABOCHEGO KLASSA S KREST'IANSTVOM [The struggle of the Communist Party of Lithuania to strengthen the alliance of the working class with the peasantry]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (4): 100-114. Survey of the agrarian policy of the Communist Party of Lithuania from 1919 to 1955. From 1919 to 1940 the illegal Communist Party fought for land reform and for democratic rights. In the summer of 1940, with Lithuania under Soviet control, all land was nationalized, but the decree was nullified at the time of the German occupation. On 21 August 1945 the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Lithuania passed a resolution by which all decrees concerning agriculture passed under the German occupation were revoked. G. Lovas

3237. Pel'she, A. I. VELIKAIA OKTIABR'SKAIA SOTSIALISTICHESKAIA REVOLIUTSIA I EE ZNACHENIE DLIA NARODOV PRIBALTIKI [The Great Socialist October Revolution and its significance for the people of the Baltic area]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (4): 20-30. The Soviet forces were defeated in the Baltic primarily because they had to fight against overwhelming odds. The opposing forces, consisting of the local bourgeoisie and the Russian White Guardists, were aided by Western imperialists. Errors made by the Soviets in agrarian and other questions also helped to weaken the position of the Soviet forces. G. Lovas

3238. Saat, I. M. VOORUZHENNOE VOSTANIE V EESTI 1 DEKABRIA 1924 G. [The armed uprising in Tallin on 1 December 1924]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (4): 42-52. The authority of the Communist Party in Estonia grew as a consequence of the industrial and agrarian crises which began in Estonia after 1920. The Communist Party led the resistance of the masses of workers and peasants against the threatening Fascist danger. The immediate occasion of the uprising of 1 December 1924 was the sentence by a military court against the leaders of the Unity Front (Communist Party). The causes of the failure of the uprising were analyzed in Pravda No. 330 of 1 December 1930. Based on material extracted from Kommunist, 1924, the illegal newspaper of the Communist Party of Estonia. G. Lovas

3239. Taygro, I. I. BOR'BA TRUDIASHCHIKHSIA ESTONII PROTIV AMERIKANO-ANGLIISKIKH INTERVENTOV V 1918-1920 GG. [The struggle of the working people of Estonia against the American-English intervention, 1918-1920]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (4): 31-41. Discusses 1) the demonstration of the workers of Tallin on 15 December 1919; 2) the peasants' uprisings on the islands of Sarema and Muhu; 3) the strikes in the summer of 1919; 4) the measures taken by the bourgeois government to frustrate the first meeting of the Estonian trade unions in August 1919, and 5) the insurrections in the Estonian army. Based on material from the Central State Archives of the Estonian SSR and the Party Archives of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Estonia. G. Lovas

SPAIN

See also: 3128, 3134

3240. Salvá y Miquel, Francisco. EL "GRACIA Y JUSTICIA". Punta Europa (Spain) 1956 1(10): 87-105. Concludes a previous article [See abstract 3: 3062]. Using examples referring to politicians and intellectuals of the Second Republic, emphasizes the main characteristics of the satirical technique of the weekly Gracia y Justicia. J. Nadal Oller (IHE 20007)

3241. Sánchez Mazas, Rafael. LA IDEA DE PATRIA EN JOSE ANTONIO [The idea of the fatherland in José Antonio]. Revista de Estudios Políticos (Spain) 1955 55(84): 5-23. Apologetic commentary on José Antonio's idea of the fatherland. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 12530)

3242. Unsigned. EUGENIO D'ORS ET LA FRANCE [Eugenio d'Ors and France]. Bulletin de l'Institut Français en Espagne (Spain) 1955 (85): 137-154. Notes on the philosophy and aesthetics of Ors (1882-1954) and their significance in the cultural life of Spain. Rosa Ortega Canadell (IHE 12485)

3243. Zambrano, María. JOSE ORTEGA Y GASSET. Cuadernos del Congreso por la Libertad de la Cultura 1956 (16): 7-13. An obituary describing Ortega as a person and as a philosopher. J. Vicens Vives (IHE 12480)

Latin America

See also: 3143, 3148, 3149

3244. --. ARTICULOS CONMEMORATIVOS DEL PRIMER CENTENARIO DE MARCO FIDEL SUAREZ [Commemorative articles on the first centennial of Marco Fidel Suárez]. Universidad de Antioquia (Colombia) 1955 (121): González, José Ignacio, SUAREZ HUMANISTA [Suárez the humanist], pp. 179-190. Mesa, Carlos E., SUAREZ HOMBRE DE CRISTO [Suárez, the man of Christ], pp. 191-208. Jaramillo, Roberto, ORACION POR SUAREZ [Oration for Suárez], pp. 209-219. García Valencia, Abel, LA VIDA DOLOROSA Y GLORIOSA DE DON MARCO FIDEL SUAREZ [The sorrowful and glorious life of Don Marco Fidel Suárez], pp. 220-223. Cok Arango, Alfredo, EL SEÑOR SUAREZ INTERNACIONALISTA [Señor Suárez the internationalist], pp. 224-239. Pineda, José J., ESTUDIO SOBRE MARCO FIDEL SUAREZ [Study of Marco Fidel Suárez], pp. 240-269. Gironza, Telmo, EL CENTENARIO DE DOS GRANDES COLOMBIANOS (MARCO FIDEL SUAREZ Y ANTONIO JOSE RESTREPO) [The centennial of two great Colombians (Marco Fidel Suárez and Antonio José Restrepo)], pp. 270-284. Suárez, Marco Fidel, HORACIO Y SUS POESIAS [Horace and his poetry], pp. 285-291. Laudatory articles on Marco Fidel Suárez (1855-1927), the man of letters and conservative president of Colombia in 1918. A reprint of one of his works is included. F. Márquez

Middle East

3245. Carson, William Morris. THE SOCIAL HISTORY OF AN EGYPTIAN FACTORY. Middle East Journal 1957

11(4): 361-370. Analyzes the social, political and economic significance of an Egyptian textile plant founded in 1927.
C. F. Latour

3246. Doroshenko, E. A. IDEOLOGICHESKIE OSNOVY IRANSKIKH UCHEBNIKOV PERIODA PRAVLENIIA RESA-SHAKHA-PEKHLEVI [The ideological foundations of Iranian textbooks during the period of the rule of Riza Shah Pahlevi]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1955 (14): 58-67. Criticizes the new textbooks introduced in Iranian schools after the school reform in the late twenties. Compared with the earlier obsolete scholastic educational methods, the new program marked a step forward, but its chauvinist traits, the cult of the shah, and the rigid control exercised by an absolutist state were the cause of much distortion and artificial simplification of reality and of concepts used in history, geography and literature.

Erna Wollert

3247. Ivanova, M. N. NATSIONAL'NO-OSVOBODITEL'-NOE DVIZHENIE V GILANSKOI PROVINTSII IRANA V 1920-1921 GG. [The national liberation movement in the Gilan province of Iran, 1920-1921]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (3): 46-55. The liberation movement in Gilan was directed against British domination in Iran. Conflicts arose among the insurgents because the commercial bourgeoisie and the medium-sized landowners, the main supporters of the Kuchik Khan government, prevented any agrarian reforms. By murdering Gaidar Khan and his collaborators in 1921 Kuchik Khan and his clique helped the counterrevolution. Based on works by Ali Azeri and Khossein Makki. G. Lovas

3248. Ivanova, M. N. NATSIONAL'NO-OSVOBODITEL'-NOE DVIZHENIE V IRANSKOM AZERBAIDZHANE [The national liberation movement in Iranian Azerbaijan]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1955 (14): 3-13. Sheikh Mohammed Khiabani, who played an active part in the Iranian revolution of 1905, became the leader of the liberation movement in Azerbaijan in 1918 and formed a national government in Tabriz in 1920. He succeeded in making several progressive social reforms, which, however, still remained essentially bourgeois. The national liberation movement, which was not yet mature, was suppressed by Iranian reactionaries. Yet, on the whole, it was important as part of the Iranian people's struggle against feudalism and British imperialism. Erna Wollert

3249. Potskhveria, B. M., and I. N. Rozaliev. TREBOVANIIA RABOCHEI GRUPPY NA IZMIRSKOM EKONOMICHESKOM KONGRESSE 1923 G. [The demands of the workers' groups at the economic congress in Izmir in 1923]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1956 (22): 82-87. Presents in Russian translation the document *Izmiri kisad kongresi Türkiye umumi emekçi grubu tarafından tesbit edilen esasat umumi* [General principles presented by the group of Turkish workers at the economic congress in Izmir] (1923). The Turkish workers' movement received fresh impetus from the fact that Turkish workers were for the first time allowed to take part officially in a congress, even though they represented only twenty percent of all delegates. The demands worked out by the Communist Party in Ankara concerned, among other things, the allocation of land to poor peasants, the permission to form independent workers' associations, the prohibition of child labor, limitation of working hours, the legalization of strikes and the liquidation of foreign concessions in Turkey. None of these demands were fulfilled.

Erna Wollert

3250. Tveritinova, A. S. OB AGRARNOI POLITIKE I SOSTOIANII KREST'IANSKOGO KHOZIAISTVA V TURTSII V 1923-1929 GG. (PO DANNYM TURETSKOI PRESSY) [On the agrarian policy and the situation of agriculture in Turkey (based on data from the Turkish press)]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1956 (19): 41-48. After the First World War and the national war for independence of 1919-1922, Turkish agriculture, little developed as it was, was severely disrupted, particularly in south and southeast Anatolia. Scarcity of land and heavy taxation contributed to the impoverishment of the peasants. The foundation of agrarian credit agencies and the so-called Village Law, both measures initiated by the government, were only sham reforms,

which were really designed to favor capitalist entrepreneurs and made the peasants even more dependent on the landowners and kulaks. Erna Wollert

Soviet Union

See also: 2964, 3058, 3084, 3102, 3194, 3223, 3237, 3239

3251. Adams, Arthur E. (Michigan State Univ.). BOLSHEVIK ADMINISTRATION IN THE UKRAINE -- 1918. *Review of Politics* 1958 20(3): 289-306. Traces the struggle for the establishment of the second Ukrainian Provisional Soviet Government in November 1918. This struggle foreshadowed many of the issues and interests which later developed between Russian and Ukrainian Bolshevism. C. B. Joynt

3252. Akopian, A. M. 35 LET ARMIANSKOI SSR I USPEKHI SOTSIALISTICHESKOGO STROITEL'STVA [Thirty-five years of the Armenian Soviet Socialist Republic and successes in the building of socialism]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (6): 62-71. Survey of the history and of the economic and cultural development of the Armenian SSR from 1920 to 1955. Undocumented. G. Lovas

3253. Bandera, Stepan. THE MEMORY OF EUGENE KONOVALETS LIVES ON. *Ukrainian Review* 1958 5(2): 3-8. Commemorates the twentieth anniversary of the murder of the Ukrainian nationalist leader Eugene Konovalets. D. Houston

3254. Bergson, Abram, Roman Bernaut, and Lynn Turgeon. PRICES OF BASIC INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS IN THE USSR, 1928-50. *Journal of Political Economy* 1956 64(4): 303-328. Deals with Soviet industrial price trends of the period 1928-1950. The author also discusses some of the difficulties encountered in the collection of the relevant raw price data, as well as some of the methodological problems involved in an investigation of this type. He concludes that Soviet basic industrial prices rose substantially during the period 1928-1950; they reached their peak in 1949 (667 percent of the 1938 level) and declined thereafter to a limited extent. The rise in prices in the period occurred almost entirely in the years 1933-1941 and 1949. E. März

3255. Bogdenko, M. L. IZ ISTORII PODGOTOVKI KADROV DLIIA ZERNOVYKH SOVKHOZOV V 1928-1932 GG. [From the history of cadre training for the grain sovkhozes, 1928-1932]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istории Akademii Nauk SSSR* 1955 (8): 101-116. In 1928 the cultural and technical standards of the sovkhoz workers were very low. In view of this fact the Communist Party worked out a plan for the training of new cadres for the sovkhozes without interrupting the production process. A broad network of agricultural educational establishments was also created at this time. The author describes the development of production and the rise of cultural and living standards in the sovkhozes. G. Lovas

3256. Borisov, I. S. IZ ISTORII SOZDANIIA KOL-KHOZNYKH KADROV V PERVYI GOD SOTSIALISTICHESKOI REORGANIZATSII SEL'SKOGO KHOZIAISTVA (1930 G.) [From the history of the training of kolkhoz experts in the first year of socialist reorganization of agriculture (1930)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (2): 67-90. Publishes a document containing an excerpt from the report submitted in October 1930 by the kolkhozes of the USSR to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (Bolshevik) on measures for the training, re-education, selection, registration and distribution of kolkhoz cadres. The document elucidates the methods and results of the training of kolkhoz experts in the most difficult period of agrarian reorganization. G. Lovas

3257. Chernomorskii, M. N. PROMYSHLENNYE PEREPISI 1920 I 1923 GG. KAK ISTORICHESKII ISTOCHNIK [Industrial statistics of 1920 and 1923 as historical sources]. *Problemy Istchnikovedeniia* 1956 (5): 21-43. Describes principles concerning the compilation of industrial statistics. The author examines the statistical material obtained in 1920 and 1923 and its evaluation in the central

office of statistics. Some of the defects of the system applied in compiling the data were its use of categories which were too comprehensive, and its failure to furnish such information as the kind of goods produced and the capacity of plants. Nevertheless, the data are indispensable for the study of the distribution of industry in the country, the prospects of development of private and nationalized industry, and trends in the development of the individual sectors of socialist industry. Based on *Trudy Tsentral'nogo Statisticheskogo Upravleniia* and other Soviet statistical periodicals. G. Lovas

3258. Eiselt, Werner. STAATSKAPITALISMUS UND KLASSENSTRUKTUR [State capitalism and class structure]. *Zukunft* 1958 (6): 163-168. Concludes from an analysis of the economic and social structure of the USSR and its history, that it developed into a society properly described as state capitalism, and that the Communist Party represents a genuine class, in the sense used by Marx and Max Weber. E. H. Boehm

3259. Esin, V. Z. V. I. LENIN NA ELEKTROPAKHOTE V. I. Lenin on electric plowing]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 173-175. The author was present when the newly developed electric plow was tested near Moscow on 22 October 1921. The author tries to explain why Lenin, who was also here, supported the developmental work. G. Lovas

3260. Ezerskaia, D. M., V. E. Poletaev, and I. U. Tomachevich. IZ ISTORII STROITEL'STVA Pervykh Zernoovykh Sovkhozov V SSSR (1928-1929 GG.) [From the history of the organization of the first grain sovkhozes in the USSR (1928-1929)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (1): 74-98. Presents excerpts from the "Notes on the Balance Sheet of the United Grain Sovkhozes" (29 December 1929), omitting certain calculations and bookkeeping entries. The document gives a survey of the organization of the grain producing sovkhozes in the years 1928 and 1929 and contains important economic information. G. Lovas

3261. Glugovskii, A. N. (Chernovtsy). IZ ISTORII RUMYNSKIKH KOMMUNISTICHESKIKH ORGANIZATSII I INTERNATSIONAL'NIKH CHASTEI NA TERRITORII SOVETSKOI ROSSII (1918-1920 GG.) [From the history of Rumanian Communist organizations and international detachments on Soviet Russian territory (1918-1920)]. *Novaia i Staraia Istorii* 1957 (3): 8-29. Insufficient attention has been paid to the 4155 foreign prisoners of war (as of December 1919) who fought alongside Russians, Ukrainians, Latvians, and others in the ranks of the Red Army. Such a bourgeois work as C. Kirişescu, *Istoria războiului pentru întregirea României* treats in great detail the Rumanian-Transylvanian counterrevolutionary detachments which participated in the Russian civil war, but passes over in silence the activities of Rumanian-Transylvanian Red Guardists. A Red Rumanian regiment of four hundred men, for example, was formed at Poltava in February 1919 and took part in guerrilla warfare in the neighborhood of Kharkov and Kiev. Rumanian war prisoners also played a major role in spreading revolutionary ideas in Rumania itself. R. V. Burks

3262. Golubiatnikov, S. S., E. A. Mozgunova, and D. I. Novopolianskii. IZ ISTORII ORGANIZATSII Pervykh Kommun Petrogradskikh Rabochikh (1918 G.) [From the history of the organization of the first communes by Petrograd workers (1918)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (3): 18-44. In 1918 several Petrograd workers decided to form agrarian communes in the Irtysh area in Kazakhstan in order to help overcome the food shortage. These settlements were destroyed in 1919 by counterrevolutionary Cossack troops. The 22 documents of the year 1918 which are published here consist of the statutes of the communes, and reports and petitions of members of the communes for material help. G. Lovas

3263. Grobkova, O. M., and M. E. Lepekhina. UCHASTIE RABOCHIKH-METALLISTOV V KOLKHOZNOM STROITEL'STVE VESNOI 1930 [The participation of the metal workers in the organization of kolkhozes in the spring of 1930]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (2): 26-58. Fifteen unsigned documents concerning the activities in rural areas of workers

from the metallurgical industries. The workers gave considerable help to the kolkhoz peasants in repair of agricultural machinery, selection of seed and other tasks. They also assisted in the reorganization of the local soviets, in purging the kolkhozes of kulaks and encouraging the peasants to form new kolkhozes. The third and fourth documents show the errors that were made in the course of collectivization of farms. Based on reports and intelligence material of functionaries of the Soviet Metal Workers' Union. G. Lovas

3264. Iakubovskaia, S. ROL' V. I. LENINA V SOZDANII SOIUZA SOVETSKIKH SOTSIALISTICHESKIKH RESPUBLIK [V. I. Lenin's role in the creation of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics]. *Kommunist* 1956 (10): 27-41. In order to correct erroneous views, maintains that Lenin played the leading role in the creation of the USSR, because he developed the theory on which the federation is based. Stalin's attitude in reference to the question of the federation and to the so-called autonomy question differed from that of Lenin. It was Lenin who settled the dispute between the Communist Party of Georgia and the Krai Committee of Transcaucasia. G. Lovas

3265. Ivnikskii, N. A. DVADTSATIPIATITITSIAKHNIKI-MOSKVICH I NA KOLKHOZNOI RABOTE (1930 G.) [The twenty-five thousandth worker to work on the kolkhozes (1930)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (1): 99-131. In 1930 25,000 industrial workers were sent to kolkhozes in compliance with a resolution passed by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. They were to occupy highly important posts in the management of the kolkhozes. Eighteen documents are published, comprising the appeal made by Moscow trade unions to the Moscow workers to take part in the organization of kolkhozes, letters written by workers who worked in the kolkhozes, and reports of various authorities on their activities. G. Lovas

3266. Ivnikskii, N. A. FOND KOLKHOZTSENTRA SSSR I RSFSR I EGO ZNACHENIE DLIA IZUCHENIIA ISTORII KOLKHOZNOGO DVIZHENIIA V SSSR (1927-1932 GG.) [The documentary holdings of the central authority of the kolkhozes of the USSR and of the Russian Soviet Federated Socialist Republic and their importance in research on the history of the kolkhoz movement in the USSR (1927-1932)]. *Problemy Istochnikovovedeniia* 1955 (4): 60-113. Describes the history of the central authority of the kolkhozes, which collected documentary material relating to the organization of kolkhozes during the period 1927-1929, when the kolkhoz movement gained enormous strength, and during the period of the reorganization of agriculture (1930-1932). G. Lovas

3267. Kiseleva, M. V. VOLKHOVSKAIA GIDROELEKTROSTANTSIA - Pervenets Leninskogo Plana GOELRO (K ISTORII STROITEL'STVA V 1921-1926 GG.) [The Volkhov hydraulic power station -- first achievement of the Lenin electrification scheme for Russia (on the history of the construction work in the years 1921-1926)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (1): 41-73. Presents 36 documents consisting of official and newspaper reports on the construction work, orders issued by the directors of the project, resolutions pertaining to the construction passed by the Council of Labor and Defense of the USSR, and documents on the participation of several factories in the project. G. Lovas

3268. Kladt, A. P. S. M. KIROV NA FRONTAKH GRAZHDANSKOI VOINY (1919-1920 GG.) [S. M. Kirov in the front lines of the Civil War (1919-1920)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 39-81. The 53 documents published (military orders, reports, telegrams and letters) deal with the fight of the Communists in Astrakhan, under the leadership of Kirov, against Denikin and British troops in the area at the mouth of the Volga and in the northern Caucasus, from June 1919 to April 1920. G. Lovas

3269. Kovalev, P. P. V. I. LENIN I SOZDANIE ELEKTROPLUGOV (1920-1922 GG.) [V. I. Lenin and the production of electric plows]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (4): 3-38. Publishes 39 documents dealing with the history of the development of the first electric plows and the testing of them, at which Lenin himself was present. G. Lovas

3270. Kovalev, P. P. V. I. LENIN I SOZDANIE GIDRAVLICHESKOGO SPOSOBA DOBYCHI TORFA (1920-1923 GG.) [V. I. Lenin and the invention of methods of hydraulic peat extraction]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (1): 9-40. Presents 27 documents, mostly published for the first time, consisting of government resolutions, reports and letters. Lenin recognized the importance of hydraulic peat extraction for the development of industry and for electrification, and wholeheartedly supported the development of this technique. G. Lovas

3271. Krutalevich, V. A., and V. A. Il'icheva. REVKOMY BELORUSSII V BOR'BE ZA VOSSTANOVLENIE I UPROCHENIE SOVETSKOI VLASTI LETOM I OSEN'IU 1920 G. [The efforts of the revolutionary committee in Belorussia on behalf of the restoration and strengthening of the Soviet power in the summer and autumn of 1920]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (3): 45-69. After the liberation of Belorussia from Polish occupation by the Red Army in July 1920, revolutionary committees were formed in the Belorussian area and given full authority. They had such responsibilities as the restoration of public order, the fight against counterrevolutionary elements, and the supply of food to the population. Their contribution to economic and cultural development was considerable. Based on twenty-two documents dated from the second half of 1920. G. Lovas

3272. Kulikovič, M. SOVIET BELORUSSIAN OPERA. *Belorussian Review* 1957 5: 58-75. The history of Soviet Belorussian opera can be divided into three phases: 1) the period of the creation of Soviet opera, up to 1936; 2) the period when Belorussian opera was assimilated into the Soviet classical style, 1936-41, and 3) the most recent stage, 1942-56. After a promising beginning, sovietization finally destroyed the national content and disorganized the national form of Belorussian opera. Today the composer is expected to conform to certain arbitrary and contradictory principles. Politics have finally succeeded in eliminating aesthetics from art. D. Houston

3273. Lipatov, N. P. OBORONA IUGO-ZAPADNOGO RAIONA UKRAINY PROTIV VRANGELEVTSEV V 1920 G. [The defense of the southwest region of the Ukraine against Wrangel's forces]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR* 1955 (8): 117-132. Describes the combat activities of the Ust'Dnieper flotilla of the Red Army. The task of the flotilla was to defend the strategically important southwest region of the Ukraine where the main industrial centers and ports, such as Nikolaev, Kherson, and Odessa, were located. Based on material from the Central State Archives of the Red Army and the Central State Archives of the Navy. G. Lovas

3274. Maksakova, L. V. DEIATEL'NOST' KOLLEKTIVA AGITPOEZDA "OKTIABR'SKAIA REVOLIUTSIA" SREDI KREST'IANSTVA (1919-1920) [The activity of the collective of the propaganda train "October Revolution" among the peasants (1919-1920)]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (10): 102-111. As part of their mass agitation work the government and the Party invented a new and original form of propaganda in the period 1919-1920: the use of trains and ships for propaganda purposes. The plans were developed by Lenin and Kalinin personally. A political committee of veteran Party members headed the propaganda train "October Revolution," which was sent to all important points from which the Revolution had taken its course. Party members organized meetings in these places, gave support to the local soviets, advocated a just distribution of land among the peasants, attended to such matters as the fair distribution of grain in South and North Russia and supplied the Red Army with reinforcements, particularly on the eastern front. G. Liersch

3275. Mironenko, Y. P. THE SOVIET URBAN POPULATION. *Bulletin [of the] Institute for the Study of the USSR* 1958 5(5): 26-39. Examines the distribution and growth rates of Soviet urban population from 1928 to 1956. The more rapid rate of increase in eastern cities is attributed to the impact of the Second World War and industrial planning. W. F. Woehrlin

3276. Mukhamed'iarov, S. F. K ISTORII PROVEDENIIA NATSIONAL'NOGOSUDARSTVENNOGO RAZMEZHEVANIIA

SREDNEI AZII V 1924 G. [On the history of the determination of the borders of the Central Asiatic states in 1924]. *Sovetskoe Vostokovedenie* 1955 (1): 44-56. In the Central Asian states which came into being after the October Revolution in districts that had previously belonged to Russia (the Autonomous Soviet Republic Turkistan, established in 1918, the Soviet Socialist Republics Khoresm and Bukhara, formed in 1920) nationality problems existed for which there was no immediate solution. The most important changes were made in 1924: the Uzbek and Turkmen Soviet Republics, the Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic of Tadzhikistan and the autonomous areas of Kara-Kirghiz and Kara-Kalpak were created. The Kazakh population of the Turkmenistan republic was allowed to join the Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic of Kirghiz. G. Lovas

3277. Mykulyn, Andriy. THE RUSSIAN TERRORIST REGIME AND THE ARTIFICIAL FAMINE IN UKRAINE (1932-33). *Ukrainian Review* 1958 5(2): 10-25. The organization of artificial famines to help achieve imperialist aims is a Muscovite practice dating back to the 12th century. This policy was applied by the Czars to the Ukraine in the 18th century. The Bolsheviks encouraged famine in the Ukraine in 1921, and in 1932 deliberately created one as a means of fostering their program of ruthless Russification. The resistance of Ukrainian peasants was partly broken by Moscow's starvation policy, but the Ukraine nevertheless continued its anti-Russian liberation fight. D. Houston

3278. Niamiha, H. THE INSTITUTE OF BELORUSSIAN CULTURE. *Belorussian Review* 1957 5: 5-33. After a brief survey of the study of Belorussian history and culture during the 19th century, describes the founding in 1922 of the Institute of Belorussian Culture and its transformation into the Belorussian Academy of Sciences in 1928. The Institute played an important role in the Belorussian national revival, and firmly established itself as a serious independent research organization, acquiring authority and recognition abroad as well as at home. The beginnings were modest because Belorussia originally had almost no education facilities at all. Significantly, the Institute grew out of a committee set up to devise a scientific vocabulary for the Belorussian language. D. Houston

3279. Pavasars, Roderiks. LATVIJAS LIKTENIS ANGLU GRAMATA [The fate of Latvia in an English book]. *Ceja Zimes* 1958 36: 159-160. A favorable review of a recent English publication, *Tomorrow Sometimes Comes, Ten Years Against Tyranny*, by J. L. Ludovici. The book describes the life of a Latvian captain, Adolf Albats, who was captured by the Russian NKVD and sent to a Siberian concentration camp but managed to escape. It lacks the superficiality or distortion of facts characteristic of many other publications on recent Baltic history. E. Anderson

3280. Rigby, T. H. (London School of Economics and Political Science). SOCIAL ORIENTATION OF RECRUITMENT AND DISTRIBUTION OF MEMBERSHIP IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION. *American Slavic and East European Review* 1957 16(3): 275-290. Four different concepts of the role of the Party have influenced its recruiting policy: the Party as the general staff of the revolution, as the party of the proletariat, as the leading and directing force of Soviet society, and as the association of the "best people." The author deals with the last two concepts. In the five years before Germany's invasion of Russia, more than half the recruits came from the intelligentsia. A policy of mass recruiting during World War II gave the Party firmer roots in the lower strata of Soviet society. The "best people" now were the best in each occupational group. Post-war recruiting policies are also discussed. R. B. Holtman

3281. Robinson, Geroid Tonquary (Columbia Univ.). STALIN'S VISION OF UTOPIA: THE FUTURE COMMUNIST SOCIETY. *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society* 1955 99(1): 11-21. Describes the nature of the ideal goal Stalin set before the world and in particular what he meant by freedom. The author concludes that in Stalin's Utopia men would perform work according to their abilities, enjoy an abundance of goods suited to their needs, live on a high intellectual and moral level as determined and

efined by the Communists. Personal choice was to be coned within the limits of Communist philosophy, and no one could be free to dissent from or oppose this unified system theory and practice. The new Communist man was to be ained to rejoice in this way of life. C. B. Joynt

3282. Unsigned. DOKUMENTY G. K. ORDZHONIKIDZE-ERVOGO NARKOMA TIAZHELOI PROMYSHLENNOSTI SSSR 1932-1937 GG.) [Documents on G. K. Ordzhonikidze, the first People's Commissar for heavy industry in the USSR (1932-1937)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (5): 46-62. Publishes two unfinished newspaper articles, four letters and a decree. One of the documents gives a survey of the situation and problems of Soviet heavy industry in 1933-34.

G. Lovas

3283. Unsigned. K 80-LETIIU SO DNIA ROZHDENIIA M. I. KALININA [On the occasion of the eightieth birthday of M. I. Kalinin]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (6): 28-41. The following documents are published for the first time: 1) Kalinin's speech to the miners in Prokop'ev on 26 March 1934 about the construction of a new coal mining and foundry enter; 2) a speech delivered on 5 November 1940 to the professors and students of the Kalinin Academy of Non-ferrous Metals; 3) notes from the years 1935-1941 concerning principles for the education of Soviet youth, and 4) a letter of 14 October 1940 on guiding principles for the reconstruction of Soviet cities destroyed during the war. G. Lovas

3284. Unsigned. K 80-LETIIU SO DNIA ROZHDENIIA M. I. KALININA (NEOPUBLIKOVANNYE MATERIALY) [On the occasion of the eightieth birthday of M. I. Kalinin (unpublished documents)]. *Partinaiia Zhizn'* 1955 (20): 32-46. Presents excerpts from speeches made 1) in the "Krasnoe ormovo" factory on 7 January 1927; 2) at a meeting of the Society of Inventors on 20 January 1932; 3) in the organization department of the Central Executive Committee of the Soviet Union (1931); 4) during an interview with students of the Institute for Constitutional Law and State Administration on 1 May 1938, and 5) during a talk with former students of the Molotov Academy of Light Industry, 25 July 1938.

G. Lovas

3285. Unsigned. NEOPUBLIKOVANNYE DOKUMENTY M. I. LENINA [V. I. Lenin's unpublished documents]. *Communist* 1956 (9): 15-26. Presents notes from the years 1922-1923, in which Lenin criticized the leading functionaries of the Party (Stalin, Trotsky, Zinoviev, Piataev and Bukharin) as well as the attitude of Stalin, Dzerzhin-iv and Ordzhonikidze toward the so-called nationality question. G. Lovas

3286. Unsigned. SHIRE RAZVERNUT' PUBLIKATSIIU DOKUMENTOV PO ISTORII SOVETSKOGO OBSHCHESTVA [For a stronger promotion of the publication of documents on the history of Soviet society]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (5): 3-8. Many documents concerning socialist development in the years 1921-1941 and in the post-war period, and the history of the Great Patriotic War have not yet been published. This is the result of the neglect of the problems of Soviet archeography and research on sources. There are rules governing the publication of documents of the Soviet period, a circumstance which affects research work unfavorably. G. Lovas

3287. Unsigned. UKRAINE IN THE ANTI-BOLSHEVIST FIGHT. *Ukrainian Review* 1958 5(1): 3-8. Sketches the history of the Ukraine's fight against Bolshevism since 18. This conflict is seen as a continuation of the three-hundred-year-old fight against Russian imperialism. The Ukraine fights not only for its own freedom but for all peoples subjugated by Moscow. D. Houston

3288. Unsigned. VIERZIG JAHRE FRIEDENSPOLITIK DER UdSSR [Forty years of peace policy of the USSR]. *Dokumentation der Zeit* 1957 (153): 63-91. A chronology of Soviet foreign relations, 1917-1957, including numerous statements made by Lenin, Stalin and other Soviet leaders. E. H. Boehm

3289. Uratadze, Grigory. NOTES ON THE HISTORY OF COLLECTIVIZATION IN GEORGIA. *Caucasian Review* 1958 (6): 97-106. Discusses the enforced collectivization of agriculture in the Georgian SSR in 1929-1930. The results were disastrous: not only was the economy in the area ruined, but the social basis of country life was destroyed. D. Houston

3290. Zvezdin, Z. K. SHEFSTVO TEKSTILCHIKOV MOSKOVSKOI, LENINGRADSKOI I IVANOVO-VOZNESENSKOI OBLASTEI NAD KHLOPKOROBAM SREDNEI ASII (1929-1930 GG.) [The patronage which the workers from the Oblasts of Moscow, Leningrad and Ivanovo-Voznesensk exercised over the cotton peasants in Central Asia (1929-1930)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1955 (2): 59-91. A resolution of the Central Committee of the Communist Party directed that cotton production in the Soviet republics of Central Asia be greatly increased. Several textile works decided to give material aid to the cotton producers and to send experts to the cotton producing districts. Based on fifteen documents containing reports on the participation of textile workers in the campaign for seed, harvest and for the filling of delivery quotas. G. Lovas

United States of America

See also: 3184, 3224

3291. Fogel, David. SOCIAL WORK AND NEGROES. *Phylon Quarterly* 1957 18(3): 277-285. Reviews the history of social welfare work for Negroes, which began during World War I, as recorded in the *Proceedings of the National Conference on Social Welfare*. C. F. Latour

3292. Keiser, Norman F. PUBLIC RESPONSIBILITY AND FEDERAL ADVISORY GROUPS: A CASE STUDY. *Western Political Quarterly* 1958 11(2): 251-264. Describes the activities of the Business Advisory Council of the United States Department of Commerce as an example of a private group influencing public policy, yet not subject to control by the legislature. The author also discusses the history of the organization, which was created on 26 June 1933. H. Kantor

3293. Miller, Robert Moats (Univ. of North Carolina). THE SOCIAL ATTITUDES OF THE AMERICAN METHODISTS, 1919-29. *Religion in Life* 1958 27(2): 185-198. Analyzes Methodist thought on war and peace, civil liberties, race relations, labor, and the issue capitalism vs. collectivism. Methodists supported World War I, the League, the World Court and disarmament. Although many Southern ministers joined the Ku Klux Klan, the church generally opposed both it and lynchings. Japanese exclusion, Ford's "Protocols of Zion," and race discrimination were opposed, but Southern Methodists tended to favor justice for Negroes within the framework of segregation. The social creed of 1908 was endorsed. Generally, Methodism was strongly conservative, but a strong undercurrent of Social Christianity continued in the North. Undocumented. E. Oberholzer, Jr.

3294. Peterson, John M. EMPLOYMENT EFFECTS OF MINIMUM WAGES 1938-1950. *Journal of Political Economy* 1957 65(5): 412-430. Opposes the often held view that Fair Labor Standard Act minimum wages have had no significant net employment effects. In examining the wage experience during the years 1938-1950 in the Southern sawmill, men's cotton garment and seamless hosiery industries the author shows that employment changes are inversely related to wage increases imposed by a minimum wage among firms in the same industry, i. e. high wage firms whose wages increase little or not at all will have net increases or small decreases in employment, while low wage firms whose wages increase more will have smaller increases or larger decreases in employment. E. März

3295. Pitchell, Robert J. THE INFLUENCE OF PROFESSIONAL CAMPAIGN MANAGEMENT FIRMS IN PARTISAN ELECTIONS IN CALIFORNIA. *Western Political Quarterly* 1958 11(2): 278-300. Analyzes the role of

professional campaign management firms in partisan elections in California, touching upon facets of their history since 1930, the year in which the first one was created. H. Kantor

3296. Potshkveria, B. M. TURETSKII VOPROS V SENATE SSHA (KONETS 1919 - SEREDINA 1920 G.) [The Turkish question in the Senate of the USA (end of 1919 to the

middle of 1920)]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1956 (19): 57-64. Describes the historical background and the course of the debate on Armenia held in the U. S. Senate in May and June 1920. Wilson's plan was rejected because neither the Republicans nor the Democrats were content with a mandate over Armenia. Both parties wanted to subjugate Armenia politically and economically. Based on the Congressional Record. G. Lovas

F. 1939-1945

General History

See also: 3168, 3172

3297. Barrell, Lawrence L. (Long Island Univ.). POLAND AND EAST EUROPEAN UNION 1939-1945. Polish Review 1958 3(1/2): 87-127. A survey of the background to, and the development of, plans for a Polish-Czechoslovak Confederation, a Middle European Union and a Balkan Union. The author presents a detailed account of the part played by the Central and Eastern European Planning Board, and considers the elements responsible for the failure of these plans. E. Kusielewicz

3298. Hermes, Gustav. [ALLIED CAMPS FOR GERMAN WAR PRISONERS]. Nationalpolitisches Forum 1958 7. HINTER DEN KULISSEN VON ASCOT UND WILTON PARK [Behind the scenes at Ascot and Wilton Park], (5): 10-13, and (6): 13-15. ROT-WEISS-ROT ÜBER ASCOT [Red-white-red (the Austrian colors) over Ascot], (7): 15-17. Discusses English attempts to educate Germans for democracy and plans to arm Germany against Russia. The author mentions prominent British and German participants in these endeavors and in the second part lists prominent Germans in the Allied prisoner-of-war camps at Ascot and Wilton Park. In the last installment he relates Anglo-American plans for post-war Austria and lists Austrians who co-operated in this planning. See also: 4: 2084 F. B. M. Hollyday

3299. Izakov, B. KOGDA TAINOE STANOVITSIA IAV-NYM [When that which was secret becomes manifest]. Mezhdunarodnaia Zhizn' 1955 (2): 84-93. Presents, in connection with Churchill's speech in Woodford on 23 November 1954, a survey of Churchill's anti-Soviet utterances, orders and instructions from the Second World War. Based on Churchill's The Second World War and newspapers. G. Lovas

3300. Riisman, Vaino J. THE CONTINUED LEGAL EXISTENCE OF THE BALTIC STATES. Baltic Review 1957 12: 48-68. During the seventeen years since the absorption of the Baltic Republics by the Soviet Union, most nations have persistently refused to give de facto or de jure recognition to this act, a fact which renders it legally ineffective. The representatives of the national Baltic governments still enjoy recognition by many countries. The example of non-recognition of the absorption of the Baltic States by Soviet Union also shows the determined opposition by the international community to such unlawful conquests and serves as a warning to all other potential lawbreakers. The author describes the present legal status of the diplomatic representatives of the national Baltic governments in different countries. E. Anderson

3301. Sabaliūnas, Leonas. PRELUDE TO AGGRESSION. Lituanus 1957 3(12): 2-8. Reviews Lithuanian foreign policy during the period 1939-40, with emphasis on the negotiations for the return of the Vilnius territory. C. F. Latour

Occupation, Resistance, Deportation and Concentration Camps

3302. Boelcke, Willi (Deutsches Zentralarchiv, Potsdam). DER DEUTSCHE ÜBERFALL AUF DIE SOWJETUNION 1941

IM SPIEGEL DER VERWALTUNGSGESCHICHTE [The German attack on the Soviet Union, 1941, in the light of administrative history]. Archivmitteilungen 1957 7(4): 141-150. A study of German plans and the administrative structure established for the control of Soviet areas conquered by the Wehrmacht. Göring was appointed as the main coordinator for the economic exploitation of the USSR under "Plan Oldenburg." A major role was played also by Rosenberg's Reichsministerium für die besetzten Ostgebiete, whose structure is here described. Himmler and Sauckel had separate offices for their special assignments. Functional offices were often in conflict with area administrations, such as that of Erich Koch, who was appointed Reichskommissar für die Ukraine. Based mostly on published sources. E. H. Boehm

3303. Iranek-Osmecki, Kazimierz (Colonel). DO KRAJU PRZEZ CZTERY KONTYNTENTY. Z BUDAPESZTU DO WARSZAWY [To Poland through four continents: from Budapest to Warsaw]. Wiadomości 1958 13(32): 2. Third installment of the personal recollections of a courier who traveled from London to Poland in 1940. The author describes in detail the illegal crossing of the frontier between Hungary and occupied Poland, and the much easier trip from there to Warsaw. A. F. Dygnas

See also: 3: 787, 4: 671

3304. Kholodenin, A. D. IZ ISTORII BOR'BY TRUDIASHCHIKHSIA DONBASSA PROTIV NEMETSKO-FASHISTS-KIKH SAKHVATCHIKOV [From the history of the struggle of the workers of the Donets Basin against the German fascist occupiers]. Voprosy Istorii 1956 (12): 101-107. Describes the various groups belonging to the Russian underground movement during the German occupation in the Second World War and names their most deserving members. The author describes the activities of the Soviet patriots, their co-operation with the partisans and their tactics. Erna Wollert

3305. Kliatskin, S. M. SOVETSKIE LISTOVKI V TYLU FASHISTS-KIKH OKKUPANTOV (1941-1944 GG.) [Soviet leaflets in the hinterland of the fascist occupiers (1941-1944)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (3): 12-62. Publishes thirty documents consisting of leaflets which were distributed in the Ukraine, Belorussia and other districts under German occupation. Fifteen of the leaflets are in Russian, eleven in Ukrainian, and four in Belorussian. All but two of the documents are published for the first time. G. Lovas

3306. Krausnick, Helmut (Institut für Zeitgeschichte, Munich). DENKSCHRIFT HIMMLERS ÜBER DIE BEHANDLUNG DER FREMDVÖLKISCHEN IM OSTEN (MAI 1940) [Himmler's memorandum on the treatment of foreign racial elements in the East (May 1940)]. Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte 1957 5(2): 194-198. Publishes for the first time in German a memorandum by Heinrich Himmler to senior Nazi officials setting forth the SS leader's views on the treatment of non-German peoples in Germany's Eastern provinces and in the newly-conquered Polish territory. Most of the individuals in these areas were to be relegated to menial tasks after four years of elementary school. Certain carefully selected, "racially pure" persons could be sent back to Germany to be methodically Germanized. C. R. Spurgin

3307. Melnikov, D. PERED KONTOSOM [Before the end]. Mezhdunarodnaia Zhizn' 1955 (5): 72-87. On the basis of a survey of the German resistance movement from 20 July 1944 to 8 May 1945, maintains that the persons connected with the plot of 20 July wanted to dispose of Hitler but did not plan any change in the political system, which was that of a military dictatorship. The leading personalities of 20 July strove to conclude a separate peace with the Western powers and to continue the war against the Soviet Union. The true fighters of the resistance were the German Communists and anti-fascist German youth. Based on West and East German publications. G. Lovas

3308. Scherer, Emanuel (Secretary, International Jewish Workers' League). DIE MÄRTYRER DES WARSCHAUER GETTOS [The martyrs of the Warsaw ghetto]. Geist und Zeit 1958 13(7): 200-201. Traces the background and course of the uprising of 19 April 1943 which ended with the destruction of the Warsaw ghetto toward the end of May. H. Hirsch

3309. Sloan, Jacob, ed. FROM THE JOURNAL OF EMANUEL RINGELBLUM. "NOTES FROM THE WARSZAWA GETTO." Commentary 1958 25(6): 518-527. Selections from a forthcoming book "Notes from the Warsaw Ghetto" (McGraw-Hill) describing events in the Warsaw ghetto in 1940. N. Kurland

WORLD WAR II

Antecedents

See also: 3185

3310. Campus, Eliza. TRATATIVELE DIPLOMATICE PREAJMA DICTATULUI DE LA VIENNA [The diplomatic negotiations at the time of the Vienna dictate]. Studii. Revistă de Istorie 1957 10(3): 167-195. In the spring of 1940 King Carol and his government were convinced that the Nazis would hand over Transylvania to the Magyar revisionists, but they did not intend to put up any resistance. Their policy was directed at maintaining the status quo at all costs and remained unequivocally hostile to the Soviet Union and the communist movement. The results of the Vienna conference were not, therefore, come as a surprise to the King and his government, and did not represent an ultimatum, as has always been maintained. Although the government gave in to West and wanted to enter into war against the Soviet Union, the people wanted to defend Transylvania against the West. Prime Minister Girguțu and his foreign minister, M. Manoiu, were able to gain approval of the Vienna mediation by the council of ministers and the privy council on 29-30 August. No other decrees were signed at the same time: one containing a guarantee by Germany and Italy of the integrity and inviolability of Rumanian territory, which represented an outright provocation of the Soviet Union, and the other granting rights to the German minority in Rumania. The Rumanian Communist Party alone defended the true interests of the masses at that time, by organizing protest demonstrations against the surrender of Transylvania in various parts of the country. I. Popinceanu

3311. Menzel, Johanna M. (Vassar College). DER GEHEIME DEUTSCH-JAPANISCHE NOTENAUSTAUSCH ZUM EIMÄCHTEPAKT [The secret German-Japanese exchange of notes on the Tripartite Pact]. Vierteljahrshefte Zeitgeschichte 1957 5(2): 182-193. Publishes the secret agreements made between the Germans (Ambassador Henning von Thullier and Special Envoy Heinrich Stahmer) and the Japanese (Foreign Minister Matsuoka) in Tokyo on 27 September 1940, the day of the signing of the Tripartite Pact. The notes concerned Japan's interpretation of the two signatories' responsibilities in case the United States entered the war and the possibility of an Anglo-Japanese conflict in the Pacific, as well as German mediation of Soviet-Japanese differences, and the disposition of former German possessions under Japanese mandate. Although the German representatives in Tokyo probably went further than the German Foreign Office was willing to go, there is no evidence that subsequent German-Japanese relations were strongly influenced by the exchange of notes. C. R. Spurgin

3312. Meyer-Hermann, Ernst. GÖRING UND DIE ENGLISCHE KRIEGSERKLÄRUNG AM 3.9.1939 [Göring and the English declaration of war on 3 September 1939]. Geschichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht 1958 9(6): 375-376. Compares the contrasting reports of Göring's actions on 3 September 1939 presented in the memoirs of the Swedish industrialist Dahlerus and the interpreter Paul Otto Schmidt, concluding that Dahlerus is correct and that Schmidt's account is unreliable. F. B. M. Hollyday

3313. Rain, Pierre. AUX LENDEMAINS DE MUNICH [Munich's immediate aftermath]. Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique 1955 69(3): 235-246. Discusses certain German diplomatic moves in the period September 1938-March 1939 in the light of the German documents published in Les archives secrètes de la Wilhelmstrasse (Paris, 1954-55), volumes IV and V; notably the German proposal to France of a new "Locarno" on the Rhine, the German search for economic concessions by France, the German-Polish conversations on the Polish Corridor and the Carpathian Ukraine, and the German-Russian conversations on economic matters which served as a prelude to the Non-Aggression Pact of 23 August 1939. These documents throw light on the demoralization of the small states of eastern Europe caused by the defeat of the democracies at Munich and the German plans for its exploitation. J. H. Jensen

Military History

GENERAL

3314. --. [THE STUDY OF THE GREAT PATRIOTIC WAR]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istории Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (8). Mitrofanova, A. V., K VOPROSU OB IZUCHENII ISTORII VELIKOI OTECHESTVENNOI VOINY [On the question of historical study of the Great Patriotic War], pp. 75-82. Tel'pukhovskii, V. V., OBSUZHDENIE DOKLADA A. V. MITROFANOVOI [Discussion of A. V. Mitrofanova's lecture], pp. 83-87. A lecture delivered at a meeting of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR, and an account of the discussion of the paper. Mitrofanova refers to the lack of sufficient thoroughness and perfection in research on the history of the Great Patriotic War. All existing literature concerning the history of the war is of a popular and commercial nature. Not a single book exists which gives a coherent account of military operations, a complete picture of the operations of the Soviet rear guard or of Soviet foreign policy. The descriptions of the course of the war are all biased. The greatest number of errors occur in treatment of the personality cult. Many who took part in the discussion of Mitrofanova's lecture severely criticized the research on the history of the Second World War and suggested ways to improve it. G. Lovas

THEATRES OF OPERATION

Western and Northern Europe (1939/40)

3315. Jacobsen, Hans Adolf. DER DEUTSCHE LUFT-ANGRIFF AUF ROTTERDAM (14. MAI 1940) [The German air attack on Rotterdam (14 May 1940)]. Wehrwissenschaftliche Rundschau 1958 8(5): 257-284. A survey of the air attack on Rotterdam and its place in the German Western campaign of 1940. The author finds that the unfortunate incident was militarily justified. Rotterdam represented an important phase of German plans, and it was a defended city. Based on unpublished materials, in part from the Bundesarchiv in Koblenz. C. Burdick

3316. Liss, Ulrich. DIE DEUTSCHE WESTOFFENSIVE 1940 VOM BLICKPUNKT DES IC [The German Western offensive of 1940 as seen by the IC]. Wehrwissenschaftliche Rundschau 1958 8(4): 208-219. Studies the development of the German attack on France from the point of view of an intelligence officer. C. Burdick

Africa, Mediterranean Theatre and Italy

3317. Caracciolo di Feroletto, Mario. L'ULTIMA VINCENDA DELLA QUINTA ARMATA [The last events of the

Fifth Army]. *Rivista Storica Italiana* 1957 69(4): 542-583, and 1958 70(1): 82-128. The commander of the Fifth Italian Army relates the experiences of his army from the end of August to 11 September 1943. During this time the Fifth Army was stationed along the coast of the Tyrrhenian Sea, between the Magra and Garigliano rivers. It was put in charge of the port of La Spezia, where a large part of the Italian navy was concentrated. Latium, however, was no longer the responsibility of the Fifth Army, being placed under the direct command of the general staff. The author describes the successful endeavors of the Fifth Army to prevent German troops from drawing near La Spezia and gaining possession of the fleet. According to the author, this was largely due to the Army general staff and to his own resolute actions. He then deals with the dissolution of the few remaining troops of the Fifth Army between 8 and 11 September, resulting from the lack of clear orders from headquarters and from the close pursuit of German divisions advancing toward Florence and Rome. Based on personal recollections as well as reports of Caracciolo's officers to the clearance commissions and to the Ministry of Defense. The previously unpublished documents used by the author are contained in an appendix. P. Pastorelli

3318. "J.K." AN OUTLINE OF THE ITALIAN CAMPAIGN, 1943-45. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1957 87(368): 253-267. Reprint of an article from the *Journal of the Royal United Service Institution* [See abstract 3: 815].

3319. Pal, Dharm. THE ITALIAN CAMPAIGN, (1943-1945). *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1957 87(367): 116-125. Discusses the Allied assault on Rome, with particular emphasis on the cover plan, a simulated amphibious landing in the vicinity of Civitavecchia, which to a great extent made possible the success of the real offensive aimed at the Gustav Line. A glance at the German order of battle shows that the Germans were deceived by the cover plan and that the Allies gained overwhelming superiority in numbers at the vital point of attack. D. Houston

Soviet-German Theatre (1941-1945)

3320. Babiński, Witold. NA MARGINESIE POLEMIKI [On the margin of polemics]. *Kultura* 1958 12(5): 97-106. Refers to the conversation of the Polish commander in chief, General Sosnkowski, with the British general Wilson on 3 August 1944. The author comments on Sosnkowski's attitude toward the Polish-Soviet treaty of 1941, and analyzes in detail, quoting passages from documents, the negative attitude of Sosnkowski toward the Polish government's policy with reference to the Home Army, which ultimately culminated in the Warsaw rising on the one hand, and led to mass arrests of Home Army members by the Soviet authorities on the other. A. F. Dygnas

3321. Karasev, A. V. DOKUMENTAL'NYE MATERIALY O TRUDIAKHSHCHIKHSIA LENINGRADA V GODY BLOKADY [Documentary material concerning the Leningrad workers during the years of the blockade]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (6): 144-152. Interpretations on the blockade of 1941 are re-examined on the basis of previously unpublished archival material. The German troops did not intend to take Leningrad by storm but to starve its population. Documentary material dealing with the life of the Leningrad population in the days of the blockade is cited. G. Lovas

3322. Nemes, Dezső. BOR'BA NARODOV VENGRII ZA OSVOBOZHDENIE OT NEMETSKO-NILASHISTKOGO GOSPODSTVA [The struggle of the people of Hungary for the liberation from the German-Nyilas rule]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR* 1955 (7): 32-46. A lecture delivered at a meeting of the Academy of Sciences of the SSSR. The armed resistance organized by the Hungarian Communist Party against the German and Nyilas armies represented the highest form of the antifascist movement in Hungary. The author describes the activities of the Hungarian Communist Party and Hungarian guerrilla groups in the period October 1944-April 1945. Based partly on material from the Archives of the Institute of the Hungarian Workers' Movement, Budapest, and from the Hungarian State Archives, Budapest. G. Lovas

3323. Petrov, I. E. SEVASTOPOL' V VELIKOI OTECHESTVENNOI VOINE [Sevastopol during the Great Patriotic War]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR* 1955 (5): 29-42. Describes military operations in the period preceding the siege of Sevastopol (24 September-30 October 1941), as well as the three German attacks on the city. Maps are included. Undocumented. G. Lovas

3324. Sakharov, N. N. PATRIOTICHESKII POCHIN TAMBOVSKIKH KOLKHOZNIKOV V GODY VELIKOI OTECHESTVENNOI VOINY (1942-1943 GG.) [The patriotic initiative of the Tambov kolkhoz peasants in the years of the Great Patriotic War (1942-1943)]. *Istoricheskii Arkhiv* 1956 (3): 3-17. On 7 November 1942 the members of the "Krasnyi Dobrovolets" kolkhoz (Izberdeevsk) decided to pay for the construction of a column of tanks out of their own savings. This initiative was taken up by all kolkhozes in the Oblast and forty million rubles were collected by 9 December 1942. On 15 December the decision was made to add 25 airplane squadrons to the donation, and they were handed over to the Red Army on 27 February 1943. Based on twenty documents (resolutions and letters of thanks from soldiers at the front). G. Lovas

3325. Shlemin, I. T. ISTORICHESKAIA ROL' SOVETSKO ARMI V OSVOBOZHDENII VENGRII OT FASHISTSKOGO IGA [The historical role of the Soviet army in the liberation of Hungary from the fascist yoke]. *Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR* 1955 (7): 26-31. A lecture delivered at a 1955 meeting of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. The author throws light on the advance of the Second and Third Ukrainian Army Group on Hungarian soil from September 1944 until April 1945. A map shows the military operations of the Battle of Budapest (October 1944 to February 1945). Undocumented. G. Lovas

3326. Sirota, F. I. VOENNO-ORGANIZATORSKAIA RABOTA LENINGRADSKOI ORGANIZATSII VKP(B) V PERVYI PERIOD VELIKOI OTECHESTVENNOI VOINY [The war-organizational work of the Leningrad organization of the Communist Party during the first period of the Great Patriotic War]. *Voprosy Istorii* 1956 (10): 16-31. Stalin ignored all warnings of Hitler's imminent attack on the USSR. He made no countermeasures, and the German army could therefore rapidly advance as far as Leningrad. There, however, they met with determined resistance from the Party. A defense organization was set up to deal with military, economic and transportation problems, and it succeeded in keeping up the morale of the people. Seventy thousand Party members and workers and 180,000 members of the Komsomol fought side by side with soldiers of the Red Army and partisans. After nine hundred days of hunger, air raids and conflagrations the Red Army and the Party were at last victorious. G. Liersch

Negotiations, Conferences and Agreements

3327. Baume, R. de la. L'ESPAGNE "NON BELLIGERANTE" (1940) ["Non-belligerent" Spain (1940)]. *Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique* 1955 69(2): 126-129. Claims that Spanish refusal to go beyond a position of friendly "non-belligerence" toward Germany in 1940 was based on Franco's belief that Hitler would not give Spain the additional Moroccan territory which would have provided the only motivation for more energetic action by Spain. The author was French ambassador to Madrid in 1940. J. H. Jensen

3328. Kotyk, Václav. KRYMSKÁ KONFERENCE A POSTOJ SOVĚTSKÉHO SVAZU K PROBLÉMU JEDNOTY NĚMECKA [The Crimean Conference and the attitude of the Soviet Union toward the problem of German unity]. *Československý Časopis Historický* 1957 5(4): 728-757. Summarizes briefly the more important diplomatic negotiation on the future of Germany conducted by Great Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union during the Second World War, with special regard to the 1944 Yalta and 1945 Potsdam conferences. The author states that only the United States and Great Britain consistently insisted on the division of Germany, whereas the USSR was the sole power which defended the principle of German political unity, chiefly during the Potsdam Conference. He depicts, chiefly on the basis of English-language publications, the international atmosphere in which the so-called Morgenthau plan for the forcible transformation of Germany into a purely agricultural state was born. The

main factor in the changing Anglo-American attitude toward German reunification has been the increasing economic and military power of the Soviet Union, in other words, the fear of Communism by leading circles of the capitalistic countries. Based partly on unpublished sources. F. Wagner

3329. Nikolaev, I. ESHCHE ODNA POPLYTKA FAL'SIFIKATSII ISTORII [Another attempt to falsify history]. *Vezhdunarodnaia Zhizn'* 1955 (5): 35-48. Questions the authenticity of the publication *The Conference at Malta and Yalta, 1945*. This volume contains only unauthorized protocols, notes and memoirs which do not deserve to be called documents. G. Lovas

3330. Vloyantes, John P. THE SIGNIFICANCE OF PRE-YALTA POLICIES REGARDING LIBERATED COUNTRIES IN EUROPE. *Western Political Quarterly* 1958 11(2): 209-228. Examines the conferences, negotiations and declarations of the United States, the United Kingdom and the Soviet Union dealing with the future liberated countries of Europe. The author concludes that Big Three policies in the period before Yalta combined with military developments to determine the fate of the liberated countries, particularly those in the Balkans and Eastern-Central Europe. Following a general discussion, separate sections dealing with Poland, Yugoslavia, and Greece and Italy are presented. H. Kantor

HISTORY BY COUNTRY OR AREA

Africa

See: 3179

Asia

See also: 3191

3331. Fujita, Masanori. DAI-ICHIJI SEIFU UNDO NO HITEKI HAIKEI [The historical background of the first hêng-fêng movement--movement for the correction of unorthodox tendencies]. *Rekishigaku-Kenkyû* 1958 (216): 11-23. Examines the significance of the Chêng-fêng movement within the Chinese Communist Party since 1942, in relation to the military, political and economic conditions in China in that period. The Chinese Communist Party, which experienced a crisis because of the intensified campaign of the Japanese army in China and the stiffened attitude of the Chinese Nationalist Party toward it, was able to end the disunity within the party by means of this movement, and succeeded in laying the foundation on which it was able to lead the anti-Japanese struggle to victory. M. Oyama

3332. Iakovlev, A. G. K VOPROSU O NATSIONAL'NO-SVOBODITEL'NOM DVIZHENII NARODOV SIN'TSZIANA 1944-1949 GG. [On the question of the national liberation movement of the peoples of Sinkiang in 1944-1949]. *Uchenye Zapiski Instituta Vostokovedeniia* 1955 (11): 155-188. Part of *Kitaiskii Sbornik*, a special issue of this periodical devoted to China. The author describes the role of Sinkiang province in the general revolutionary movement of the Chinese people against the Kuomintang and against imperialist influence. The revolutionary forces, particularly in the northern districts of Ili, Tarbagadai and Altai, fought against the feudal system, the chauvinism of the Kuomintang, and the intrigues of international imperialism with varying success. International imperialists tried to isolate the minority nationalities from China with the help of Pan-Turkish and Pan-Slavic elements. The national liberation movement eventually contributed to the establishment of new contact between the minorities and China and created the basis for future educational activities of the Communist Party. Erna Wollert

3333. Sharma, S. C. (Captain). SCIENTIFIC SELECTION IN THE SERVICES. HOW IT EVOLVED IN INDIA. *Journal of the United Service Institution of India* 1956 86 (62): 79-84. The need for large numbers of officers and noncommissioned officers led to the introduction in 1943 of psychological testing and other scientific methods of personnel selection in the Indian army. D. Houston

Europe

BALKANS

See also: 3199

3334. Bălteanu, Boris. SITUAȚIA POLITICĂ A ROMÂNIEI ÎN PREAJMA INSTAURĂRII REGIMULUI DEMOCRAT-POPULAR [The Rumanian political situation shortly before the introduction of the people's democratic regime]. *Studii. Revistă de Istorie* 1957 10(2): 69-96. After World War II a government composed chiefly of reactionary generals came into power. The masses led by the Communist Party overthrew this government, but the second post-war government, formed by members of the old political parties, also had a reactionary majority. It was succeeded by a government of General N. Rădescu, which consisted of generals and representatives of big business. The Communist Party and the National Democratic Front (F.N.D.) fought against Rădescu's government, and the masses represented by Dr. Petre Groza demanded his resignation. The Rumanian reactionary forces also made plans to overthrow Rădescu and to this end established contact with Horia Sima. The presence of Soviet troops in Rumania resulted in the failure of these reactionary designs, and after the arrival of the Soviet foreign minister, Vyshinsky, on 27 February 1945 the King was forced to turn over the government to the president of the Peasants' Front. The new government, confirmed by the King on 6 March 1945, was the first of a democratic revolutionary dictatorship in Rumania. I. Popinceanu

3335. Sazina, M. G. Pervye SVOBODNYE VYBORY V RUMYNII [The first free elections in Rumania]. *Uchenye Zapiski po Novoi i Noveishei Istorii* 1955 (1): 369-416. Deals with the period from 23 August 1944, when Soviet forces occupied Rumania, until 29 November 1946, when the second government of Petre Groza was formed. From June 1945 to July 1946 the country underwent a major social transformation through the realization of agrarian reforms. In April 1946 a political bloc made up of pro-government left-wing parties was organized. By the electoral law of 13 June 1946 all fascist elements were deprived of the suffrage. Anti-government underground terrorist organizations were uncovered and eliminated in June 1946. The leader of the opposition, Maniu, demanded that the United Nations send inspectors to Rumania to supervise the election of 19 November 1946. Actually the election proceeded according to law, and resulted in a landslide victory for the democratic bloc. G. Lovas

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

3336. Gratsa [Gracza], B. O NEKOTORYKH VOPROSAKH NATSIONAL'NO-SVOBODITEL'NOI BOR'BY NARODOV CHEKHOSLOVAKII V PERIOD VTOROI MIROVOI VOINY [On some questions connected with the national struggle for liberation of the peoples of Czechoslovakia during the Second World War]. *Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Slavianovedeniia* 1956 (19): 17-26. An abridged version of a report delivered at a meeting at the Institute Slavianovedeniia on 18 May 1955. All progressive forces of the Czechs and Slovaks participated in the fight for liberation during the Second World War. It became a genuine national mass movement, and the question of liberating the country from fascism was identified with that of democratic reforms. By joining the liberation drive of the Soviet Union, the Czechoslovak Communists prevented a repetition of the events of 1918, when the Czech and Slovak bourgeoisie assumed power with the help of foreign imperialists. Erna Wollert

FRANCE

See: 3207, 3338

GERMANY

See also: 3214

3337. Gulyga, A. V. AGRARNAIA REFORMA V VOSTOCHNOI GERMANII (1945 G.) [Agrarian reform in Eastern Germany (1945)]. *Uchenye Zapiski po Novoi i Noveishei Istorii* 1955 (1): 417-454. The agrarian reform in Eastern Germany had to solve the following prob-

lems: 1) the allocation of arable land to farms smaller than five hectares; 2) the creation of new independent farms for former landless peasants; 3) the allotment of land to migrants and refugees, and 4) the organization of farms close to towns for the purpose of supplying the town inhabitants with farm produce. Based on Bodenreform. Junkerland in Bauernhand (Berlin, 1945) and Das gesamte Boden- und Baurecht (Berlin, 1945). G. Lovas

3338. Heiber, Helmut (Institut für Zeitgeschichte, Munich). DER FALL GRÜNSPAN [The Grünspan case]. Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte 1957 5(2): 134-172. A young Jew, Herschel Grünspan, killed a German diplomat in the German Embassy in Paris in 1938, thereby triggering an intensification of Nazi violence in Germany. Countless Jews suffered directly or indirectly as a result of the murder. Grünspan, however, was never convicted of the crime and survived the war in a concentration camp. The French trial was not completed before the German armies captured Paris in 1940. The Nazis, saving Grünspan for a spectacular "show-trial," never found the appropriate moment to reap propaganda benefits. In particular, the trial was to have demonstrated the collective guilt of the Jews in an international conspiracy against Germany and to have justified Nazi policy before world (and especially French) public opinion. C. R. Spurgin

POLAND

3339. Mitkiewicz, Leon (Colonel). Z WYPADKÓW LOTNICZYCH GEN. SIKORSKIEGO [On the air accidents of General Sikorski]. Kultura 1958 12(6): 123-134. Fragments from the diary (20 March-21 May 1942) of an officer who accompanied General Sikorski on his trip to Canada and the United States. The author describes how Lieutenant Colonel Kleczynski, who also took part in the trip, found an "incendiary candle" in the airplane which could have destroyed it in the middle of the ocean. A. F. Dygnas

SCANDINAVIA and BALTIC AREA

See also: 3232, 3236

3340. Drizul, A. A. VOSTANOVLENIE SOVETSKOY VLASTI V LATVII V 1940 G. [The re-establishment of Soviet power in Latvia in 1940]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (4): 68-84. After the outbreak of the Second World War and the military blockade of the Latvian coast the Ulmanis government signed a pact of mutual assistance with the USSR on 5 October 1939. The Soviet government demanded a change of government in each of the Baltic States, because of the concentration of anti-Soviet elements evident in the discussions in Tallin on 7-8 December 1939 and in Riga on 14-16 March 1940. The democratic government of A. Kirichenstein was formed in Latvia on 20 July 1940 as a result of the antifascist struggle of the masses. This government effected all those democratic reforms which made the country ready to become a Soviet republic. Based on the Latvian newspapers Tsinia and Valdilas Vestnesis. G. Lovas

3341. Pakštas, Kazys. CHANGING POPULATION IN LITHUANIA. Lituanus 1957 1(10): 16-19. Presents a confidential, hitherto unpublished German population census prepared in May 1942. C. F. Latour

3342. Zhiugzhda, I. I. UNICHTOZHENIE FASHISTSKOGO REZHIMA I VOSTANOVLENIE SOVETSKOI VLASTI V LITVE [The destruction of the fascist regime and the re-establishment of Soviet power in Lithuania]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii AN SSSR 1955 (4): 85-99. After the German attack on Poland on 17 September 1939 the Red Army crossed the borders of the western Ukraine and the Vilna district. This district, including the town of Vilnius, was handed over to the USSR in accordance with the terms of the mutual assistance pact concluded between the USSR and Lithuania on 10 October 1939. The USSR was forced to occupy the Baltic States because their governments had made preparations for the entry of Hitler's army, despite the pact with the USSR. Elections were held in Lithuania from 15 to 17 July 1940. They ended with a victory for the "Union of the Working People" headed by the Communist Party. The newly elected parliament declared the incorporation of Lithuania into the Soviet Union. G. Lovas

SPAIN

See also: 3242

3343. Bosch Aymerich, Alfonso. INDICE PONDERADO DEL PRECIO DE LAS SUBSISTENCIAS [Weighted index of the cost of living]. Cuadernos de Información Económica y Sociológica (Spain) 1955/56 (2/3): 147-150. Comments on tables of weighted indexes covering the years 1940-1955. E. Giral Raventós (IHE 18762)

3344. Royo, J., and J. L. Tendero. LA ENSEÑANZA EN ESPAÑA: COMO SE DISTRIBUYEN LOS ALUMNOS ENTRE LOS DISTINTOS TIPOS DE ESTUDIOS [Schooling in Spain: how students are distributed among the different types of studies]. Revista Española de Pedagogía (Spain) 1956 14(55): 271-292. Continuation of an article published *ibid.*, 1954 12(46): 169-176. Publishes and comments upon seven diagrams and nineteen statistical tables concerning the affluence of students in the Enseñanza Media in the years 1939-1953. E. Serrafina Cirici Sch. P. (IHE 20061)

Latin America

3345. García Becerra, Celso. LA SITUACION CACAOTERA EN COLOMBIA [The cocoa situation in Colombia]. Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia (Colombia) 1957 13(45/46): 103-113. A study of cocoa production in Colombia, containing some statistical data relating to the period 1941-1953. Rocío Caracuel Moyano

Middle East

3346. Moiseev, P. P. ROST NALOGOV V TURTSII V GODY VTOROY MIROVOY VOINY [The increase of taxation in Turkey during the Second World War]. Kratkie Soobshcheniia Instituta Vostokovedeniia 1956 (19): 49-56. From 1941 on agricultural production in Turkey declined sharply owing to the mobilization of an army of one million. In order to make up the grain deficit the Turkish government introduced a system of fixed compulsory delivery quotas, the burden of which rested wholly on the small and medium peasants. The author discusses the relevant laws and regulations of the period 1942-1945. Based on Turkish works. G. Lovas

Soviet Union

See also: 3236, 3252, 3254, 3258, 3272, 3275, 3279, 3280, 3281, 3283, 3286, 3287, 3288, 3340, 3342

3347. Antropov, N. P. IZ ISTORII VSESOIUZNOGO SOTSIALISTICHESKOGO SOREVNOVANIIA V GODY VELIKOI OTECHESTVENNOI VOINY (1941-1945) [On the history of the socialist competition in the whole of the Soviet Union in the years of the Great Patriotic War (1941-1945)]. Istoricheskii Arkhiv 1955 (3): 63-103. Presents 37 documents, 29 of which are published for the first time, consisting of appeals for the organization of socialist contests, reports on achievements and statements about socialist duties. G. Lovas

3348. Mansvetov, N. V. IZ ISTORII SOTSIALISTICHESKOY VZAIMOPOMOSHCHI TRUDIASHCHIKHSIA GORODA I DEREVNI V GODY VELIKOI OTECHESTVENNOI VOINY [On the history of socialist mutual aid between the working classes in the towns and in the villages during the years of the Great Patriotic War]. Doklady i Soobshcheniia Instituta Istorii Akademii Nauk SSSR 1955 (8): 88-100. During this period the most significant step taken was the industrial towns' support of the kolkhoz villages. Industrial enterprises manufactured agricultural machines, conducted repair work in the villages, and on Sundays assisted with the work in the fields. Based on newspapers. G. Lovas

United States of America

See: 3291, 3292, 3294, 3295

BIBLIOGRAPHICAL NEWS

HOOVER LIBRARY COLLECTION SURVEYS

In order to widen the use of the resources of the Library of the Hoover Institution on War, Revolution, and Peace (Stanford Univ., Stanford, California), the staff has begun publication of a series of Collection Surveys. These surveys, which are each devoted to the Hoover Library's holdings on the history of various countries and areas, are "discussions of the holdings arranged in a manner which combines topical concentration and chronology. They undertake to evaluate the collections for research purposes, and to indicate their strengths and shortcomings." Up to the present Collection Surveys have been published on Russia, by Witold A. Sworowski (1954), Germany, by Hildegard R. Boenninger (1955), and Japan, by Nobutaka Ike (1958). A survey of the collections on the Middle East, by Derek Latham (Univ. of Manchester), as well as surveys on China, Poland and Czechoslovakia are now in preparation. [Based in part on the introduction in the Collection Surveys by C. Easton Rothwell, Director of the Hoover Institution].

land. G. O. Simms (Archbishop of Dublin), *Some Leaves From the Book of Kells*. Kenneth Garrad (Univ. of Leeds), *The Spanish Inquisition in the Sixteenth Century*. T. Desmond Williams, *The Origins of the Civil War in Ireland*, 6 December 1921 - 28 June 1922. [From a prospectus issued by the Association].

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NEW POLISH BIBLIOGRAPHY

The first volume of *Bibliografia Historii Polski XIX wieku* [Bibliography of Polish History in the 19th Century] was scheduled to be published in November 1958 by the Ossolineum in Wrocław, for the Historical Institute of the Polish Academy. This work was initiated by the late M. Handelsman in 1917 as a continuation of the *Bibliografia Historii Polskiej* of Ludwik Finkel [See *HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS*, Volume 2, p. 287]. The first volume, edited by S. Płoski, covers the period 1815-1831.

An introductory volume (*Tom wstępny*) covering general works and those on the auxiliary sciences relating to modern history was published by Państwowe Wydawnictwo Naukowe, Warsaw, in 1954. [A. F. Dygnas, based partly on *Zapowiedzi Wydawnicze*, 28 July 1958].

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KOREAN HISTORICAL ORGANIZATIONS

The January 1958 number of *Asiatic Research Bulletin*, published by the Asiatic Research Center, Korea University, Seoul, contains brief notes on the work of the Korean Historical Association and the Korean History Compilation Committee. The activities of the Korean Historical Association (c/o Korean History Compilation Committee, Ministry of Education, Republic of Korea, Seoul), which was organized in April 1957 under the directorship of Seok-ho Shin (Korea Univ.), includes 1) joint research and exploration trips; 2) collection and publication of historical documents; 3) publication of the journal *Korean History*, and 4) the sponsorship of historical conferences.

The Korean History Compilation Committee was established within the Korean Ministry of Education in July 1949 for the purpose of compiling materials on 1) the history of Korea, 2) the history of the Korean independence movement, and 3) the history of the Republic of Korea. The director of the committee is Seok-ho Shin. The Committee's main projects to now have been the publication of 43 of the projected 48 volumes of the *Annals of the Yi Dynasty* and 5 volumes of *Documentary Collections of Modern Korean History*. Completions of "The History of the Republic of Korea" and "Documentary Collections of Ancient and Recent Korean History" are planned for the future. [From *Asiatic Research Bulletin* 1958 (2): 8, 9].

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DUBLIN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

The aims of the Dublin Historical Association (c/o Hon. Secretary, John Watt, Department of History, University College, Dublin), which was founded on 22 June 1956, are 1) to develop public interest in all aspects of history; 2) to establish contact between historians, history teachers and the public; 3) to encourage the discussion of the problems of history teaching, and 4) to establish contact with kindred societies in Ireland and abroad. The Association, whose president is T. Desmond Williams (University College, Dublin), holds seven meetings each year, at which nontechnical papers on general historical topics are presented. The lectures read at the 1957/58 session are listed below.

R. Dudley Edwards (University College, Dublin), *Parliament and the American Challenge to Irish Nationalism 1876-80*. M. Nicol (University College, Dublin), *Greece Under Ottoman Occupation, 1204-61*. David Large (Trinity College, Dublin), *Some Aspects of the Social Life of Edwardian Eng-*

THE INSTITUTE OF ETHNIC STUDIES

"The Institute of Ethnic Studies was established at Georgetown University for the study of the history and culture (secular and religious), the economic, political and social development, the racial and linguistic characteristics a) of nations and peoples forcefully submerged in the Soviet-Russian dominated communist orbit, and b) of peoples who are emerging from their former colonial status and are securing their national independence.... The activities of the Institute include: a) preparation and maintenance of an international list of scholars recognized for their studies of ethnic problems; b) preparation of an annual Round-Table Conference on ethnic problems to be held each spring on the campus of Georgetown University; c) preparation for publication of the studies presented at the annual Round-Table Conference and of such other studies which were presented to and approved by the Institute; d) organization of lectures and series of lectures on ethnic problems; e) all such activities which further the aims and purposes of the Institute." The first annual Round-Table Conference of the Institute, held on 25 and 26 April 1958, was devoted to the topic "Nationalism in Our Divided World."

The Executive Director of the Institute is Tibor Kerekes.

[From a leaflet issued by the Institute].

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AMERICAN REVOLUTIONARY WAR NAVAL DOCUMENTS PROJECT

The U. S. Department of the Navy has announced a project for the gathering, editing and publication in a series of volumes of the documents relating to the naval and maritime history of the American Revolution. Relevant British, French, Spanish, and other foreign material will also be included. The documents will be published under the editorship of William Bell Clark. In an effort to produce a definitive work appeals have been made through historical society journals and other publications to persons possessing or knowing of unpublished letters, diaries, reports, ships' logs and other naval documents for the years 1775-1785 to make such material or information available for the project, on a loan basis. Material submitted should be addressed to the Director of Naval His-

tory, Navy Department, Washington, 25, D.C.
[E. M. Eller, Director of Naval History].

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NEWLY PUBLISHED

Comparative Studies in Society and History. An International Quarterly. Quarterly (1958/59: Vol. 1). Pub. by Mouton and Co., The Hague, Holland. Editor: Sylvia L. Thrupp, Faculty Exchange, University of Chicago, Chicago 37, Illinois. Contents: Comparative studies in history and society "with particular reference to the explanation of stability and of change in social organization or in ways of thought and expression"; notes and news of scholarly activities.

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NEWS OF PERIODICALS

American Economic Review (published by the American Economic Association, Stanford University, Stanford, California) Volume 48, Number 4 (1958) contains on pp. 804-835 the "Fifty-fifth List of Doctoral Dissertations in Political Economy in American Universities and Colleges," which also refers to papers on the history of economic thought and economic history.

American Quarterly (published by University of Pennsylvania Press, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania) publishes an annual annotated interdisciplinary bibliography of current articles in the field of American studies. This bibliography, edited by Donald N. Koster (Adelphi College), contains the following subheadings: Art and Architecture, Economics, Education, Folklore, History and Political Science, Literature and Drama, Mass Culture, Music, Philosophy, Psychiatry and Psychology, Religion, and Sociology and Anthropology. The most recent of these bibliographies to appear, "Articles in American Studies, 1957," appeared in Volume 10, Number 2, Part 2, pp. 225-262. This periodical also contains an annual bibliography entitled "American Studies Dissertations in Progress," which is prepared by Albert D. Van Nostrand.

Bulletin of Friends Historical Association (published by Haverford College Library, Haverford, Pennsylvania) Volume 47, Number 1 (1958), pp. 45-48 contains a list of doctoral dissertations on Quaker history available in typescript or microfilm in the libraries at Swarthmore and Haverford.

Central Asian Review (published by the Central Asian Research Centre, 66, King's Road, London, S. W. 3).

Most numbers of this journal include a bibliography ("Recent Source Material: A Selected List") which lists and briefly abstracts recent articles in Soviet periodicals pertaining to various aspects of Central Asia including history.

Contemporary China (published by Hong Kong University Press, Hong Kong) Volume 2 (1956/57) contains on pp. 247-326 a selected bibliography of books and articles on Mainland China published in the years 1955-57.

Journal of Oriental Studies (published by Hong Kong University Press, Hong Kong) Volume 3, Number 2 (1956), pp. 435-439 publishes a bibliography listing the titles and authors of articles on Oriental Studies, including history, in recent numbers of selected Western and Oriental periodicals.

Journal of the University of Bombay includes as a regular feature abstracts of doctoral dissertations prepared at the University in the fields of the social sciences and history.

Manuscripta (published by Saint Louis University Library, Saint Louis, Missouri) publishes each year "Writings on the History of Religion in the United States" compiled by Edward R. Vollmar (Saint Louis University). This bibliography contains primarily books and periodicals on the history of the Catholic Church but also includes items on non-Catholic groups as well. The items are arranged alphabetically by author, and brief abstracts of some of the works are included. The most recent bibliography, covering works written in 1957, is contained in Volume 2, Number 4, pp. 74-83.

Revista de los Archivos Nacionales de Costa Rica (Apartado 2148, San José, Costa Rica) contains in each number "Indice de Documentos del Período Federal," an index to the collections of the Archivos Nacionales pertaining to the Central American Federation, founded 1823 and renounced by Costa Rica in 1838. Each document is fully identified.

Victorian Studies (published by Indiana University, Bloomington, Indiana) Volume 1, Number 4, pp. 383-422, contains a "Victorian Bibliography for 1957," under the editorship of Frances G. Townsend (Florida State Univ.). This bibliography of books and periodicals consists of sections on 1) Bibliographical Material; 2) Economic, Political, Religious and Social Environment; 3) Movements of Ideas and Literary Forms, and 4) Individual Authors.

World Liberalism discontinued publication with the last number of 1957 (Volume 7, Number 4).

NOTE

VOLUNTEER ABSTRACTERS

Qualified persons desiring to abstract for HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS are requested to give the following information:

1. Name and address.
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5. Knowledge of foreign languages. List them in order of fluency and indicate degree of knowledge.

6. Select the journals you would like to abstract from those marked J or U in the Periodicals List (page 307, Vol. 3). Please indicate if a journal is available to you; if so, whether through library or through subscription. We particularly need qualified abstracters who know Arabic, Chinese, French, Italian, Japanese, Portuguese, Spanish, Turkish and Slav languages.
7. Any suggestions or comments you may have will be appreciated.

Abstracters will receive the H. A. Bulletin.

NOTES AND NEWS

This section contains information on past and forthcoming events of interest to historians. Associations of historians wishing to bring meetings of general interest to the attention of historians are invited to write to HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS, Attn.: "Notes and News."

MEETING OF THE ECONOMIC HISTORY ASSOCIATION

The eighteenth annual meeting of the Economic History Association (100 Washington Square, New York 3, N.Y.), which was held at the University of Toronto on 12 and 13 September 1958, was devoted to the subject "Some Recent Developments and New Interpretations in Economic History." A list of the lectures presented follows.

NEW VIEWPOINTS ON FAMILIAR SUBJECTS. Chairman: W. A. Mackintosh (Principal, Queen's Univ.). Raymond E. Roover (Boston College), The Concept of the Just Price: Theory and Economic Policy. Comments by J. A. Raftis (Pontifical Institute, Toronto) and David Herlihy (Bryn Mawr College). Kenneth A. H. Buckley (Univ. of Saskatchewan), The Role of Staples in Canada's Economic Development. Comments by Hugh G. J. Aitken (Univ. of California, Riverside) and Donald Macgregor (Univ. of Toronto).

BUSINESS HISTORY AND ECONOMIC HISTORY. Chairman: Edward C. Kirkland (Thetford Center, Vermont). John G. B. Hutchins (Cornell Univ.), The Use of Corporate Histories in Teaching Business History and Business Administration. Herman E. Krooss (New York Univ.), Economic History and the New Business History. Comments by Lance Davis (Purdue Univ.) and Thomas LeDuc (Oberlin College).

Annual Dinner. Presiding: Herbert Heaton (Univ. of Minnesota). Frederic C. Lane (Johns Hopkins Univ.), Some Economic Consequences of Organized Violence.

NEW VIEWPOINTS ON THE ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE. Chairman: Earl J. Hamilton (Univ. of Chicago). H. J. Habbakuk (Oxford Univ.), The Economic History of Modern Britain. Claude Fohlen (Univ. of Besançon), Recent Research in the Economic History of Modern France. Fritz Redlich (Harvard Univ.), Recent Developments in German Economic History: Men and Topics. Comments by David S. Landes (Univ. of California, Berkeley).

THE HISTORY OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND SHIPPING. Chairman: David B. Tyler (Wagner Lutheran College). Douglass C. North (Univ. of Washington), The History of Ocean Transportation and Economic Development. Max E. Fletcher (Univ. of Idaho), The Suez Canal and World Shipping, 1850-1914. Comments by J. H. Dales (Univ. of Toronto) and J. R. T. Hughes (Columbia Univ.).

MEETING ON ASIAN STUDIES

The Association for Asian Studies (c/o Secretary, Ronald Anderson, Univ. of Michigan) held its tenth annual meeting in New York City from 1 to 3 April 1958, in joint session with the American Oriental Society. The following papers were presented at the annual meeting.

AREA STUDY PROGRAMS: PROBLEMS AND POTENTIALITIES. Chairman: Richard L. Park (Univ. of California). Comments by Ernest Bender (Univ. of Pennsylvania), John Hall (Univ. of Michigan), George McT. Kahin (Cornell Univ.) and C. Martin Wilbur (Columbia Univ.).

AMERICAN LIBRARY RESOURCES FOR RESEARCH ON ASIA. Joint Session with the American Oriental Society. Chairman: Horace I. Poleman (Library of Congress). T. H. Tien (Univ. of Chicago), China. G. Raymond Nunn (Univ. of Michigan), Japan. Cecil Hobbs (Library of Congress), Southeast Asia. Horace I. Poleman (Library of Congress), South Asia. Harry W. Hazard, The Near East.

SOVIET STUDIES OF ASIA: AN APPRAISAL. Chairman: George B. Carson (American Historical Association). Paul Langer (Univ. of Southern California), The Soviet Far Eastern Specialist. Peter Berton (Univ. of Southern California), Post-War Soviet Research and Publication on Asia.

SOUTHEAST ASIAN RESEARCH: STATUS, PROSPECTS AND NEEDS. Chairman: Frank N. Trager (Council on Foreign Relations). William Henderson (Council on Foreign Relations), United States Foreign Policy and Southeast Asia. Frank M. LeBar (Human Relations Area Files [HRAF]), Anthropological Research on Southeast Asia with Special Reference to the HRAF Files. Guy Pauker (Univ. of California), Government and Politics of Southeast Asian Countries. Robert Van Niel (Russell Sage College), Southeast Asian Historical Research. Charles Wolf (RAND), Southeast Asian Economic Research. John F. Cady (Ohio Univ.), Comments on South Asian Research Resources, India Office Library and Public Record Office, London. Comments by Lauriston Sharp (Cornell Univ.).

STUDIES OF CENTRAL AND NORTHERN ASIA. Chairman: Claude Buss (Stanford Univ.). Robert A. Rupen (Bryn Mawr College), The City of Ulan Bator.

THE TEACHING OF COURSES ON ASIAN CIVILIZATIONS AT THE COLLEGE LEVEL. Chairman: Eugene P. Boardman (Univ. of Wisconsin). Milton B. Singer (Univ. of Chicago), The Asian Civilizations Program at Chicago. Wm. Theodore de Bary (Columbia Univ.), The Columbia College General Education Program in Oriental Studies. L. A. Peter Gosling (Univ. of Michigan), The General Course on Asian Civilizations at Michigan. Comments by Stanley Spector (Univ. of Washington).

SUMMER PROGRAMS ON ASIA FOR NON-SPECIALISTS. Chairman: Ronald S. Anderson (Univ. of Michigan). Ralph Braibanti (Duke Univ.), Summer Program in Asian Studies at Duke University. Hyman Kublin (Brooklyn College), Workshop on the Far East at Brooklyn College. Ward Morehouse (Asia Society), Survey of Summer Programs on Asia for Non-Specialists. Paul C. Sherbert (Asia Society), A Proposal for the Planned Development of Summer Programs on Asia for Non-Specialists.

ASIAN BIOGRAPHICAL STUDIES. Chairman: James T. C. Liu (Univ. of Pittsburgh). Woodbridge Bingham and Hans H. Frankel (Univ. of California), China, A. D. 220-960. Franz Michael (Univ. of Washington), Nineteenth and Twentieth Century China. Melville T. Kennedy (Columbia Univ.), Contemporary China. Stephen N. Hay (Univ. of Chicago), Modern India. Walter S. Perry (Univ. of Colorado), Japanese Biographies.

DIPLOMATIC CONSIDERATIONS. Theodore McNelly (Univ. of Maryland), The Japanese Constitution in the Cold War. Irwin J. Schulman (Columbia Univ.), The Sino-Russian Agreements of 1896.

SELECTED ASIAN CAREER STUDIES. H. Peter Chen (Harvard Univ.), Nishi Amame (1829-1897) and the Ethos of the Japanese Imperial Forces. Samuel C. Chu (HRAF), The Entrepreneurial and Non-Entrepreneurial Aspects of Pioneer Asian Modernizers: The Career of Chang Chien (1853-1926).

ASIAN RELIGIONS: THE WORSHIPPER AND HIS RITUAL GROUP. Morris E. Opler (Cornell Univ.).

Religious Functions of the Family in North Central India. Pauline Mahar (Cornell Univ.), Changing Religious Practices of an Untouchable Caste. C. K. Yang (Univ. of Pittsburgh), Magic and Ethico-Political Values in Local Worship of Deified Men. Louis M. J. Schram, Impact of Asian Religions (Shamanism, Lamaism, and Taoism) on Monguor Society. William F. Lebra (Univ. of Pittsburgh), Community Religion and Local Lineages in Okinawa.

TRANSFORMATIONS IN BUDDHISM IN CHINA, JAPAN AND TIBET. Chairman: Kenneth W. Morgan (Colgate Univ.). Wing-tsit Chan (Dartmouth College), Transformations in Buddhism in China. Joseph M. Kitagawa (Univ. of Chicago), Transformations in Buddhism in Japan. Kenneth Ch'en (Harvard Univ.), Transformations in Buddhism in Tibet.

CHRISTIANITY IN ASIA. James R. McGovern (Loyola Univ.), The Position of Christianity in Totalitarian Japan in the Period 1931-1941. G. Robina Quale (Albion College), Missionaries and Chinese Disputes, 1900-1920.

LANGUAGE AND CULTURE. Chairman: Arthur F. Wright (Stanford Univ.). John Gumperz (Univ. of California), Linguistic and Cultural Diversity in North India. Samuel E. Martin (Yale Univ.), Speech Levels and Social Structure in Japan and Korea. James Crump (Univ. of Michigan), From Reign-name to Planchette. Comments by David S. Nivison (Stanford Univ.).

TRADITION AND INNOVATION IN ORIENTAL ART (illustrated). Joint session with the American Oriental Society. Chairman: Aschwin Lippe (Metropolitan Museum of Art). Participants: Briggs Buchanan, Joseph Campbell (Sarah Lawrence College), Oleg Grabar (Univ. of Michigan) and Nelson Wu (Yale Univ.).

FREE ELECTIONS IN ASIA: A COMPARATIVE STUDY. Chairman: John M. Maki (Univ. of Washington). Margaret W. Fisher (Univ. of California), The Experience with Universal Franchise in India. Claude A. Buss (Stanford Univ.), The Philippine Election of 1957. Herbert Feith (Cornell Univ.), The Indonesian Elections of 1955. Herbert Phillips and David A. Wilson (Cornell Univ.), Elections, Coups and the Political Position in Thailand.

SOUTH ASIA IN TRANSITION. Chairman: Robert I. Crane (Univ. of Michigan). Richard Lambert (Univ. of Pennsylvania), Variations in Labor Force Characteristics in Five Factories in Poona. Frank J. Moore (Pan American Airways), Land Reform and Economic Planning in Nepal. Thomas Rusch (Asia Foundation), The Influence of Traditionalist and Non-Political Factors on the Political Process in South Asia.

BUSINESS ENTERPRISE IN INDIA AND JAPAN. Chairman: Warren S. Hunsberger (Univ. of Rochester). William W. Lockwood (Princeton Univ.), 'The Socialistic Society': India and Japan. Laurence P. Dowd (Univ. of Michigan), Business Factors in Current Japanese Economic Development. Comments by Edna Ehrlich (Federal Reserve Bank of New York).

CHINESE HISTORIOGRAPHY. Chairman: Charles S. Gardner. Hans H. Frankel (Univ. of California), Objectivity and Bias in Medieval Chinese Historiography. William Hung (Harvard Univ.), Some Problems in the Last Chapter of Liu Tzu-hsuan's *Study of Historiography*. Comments by Lien-sheng Yang (Harvard Univ.).

NEW STUDIES OF MING HISTORY. Chairman: L. Carrington Goodrich (Columbia Univ.). Lo Jung-pang (Univ. of Washington), Withdrawal of Chinese Naval Activity during the Mid-Ming Period. John Meskill (Northwestern Univ.), A Korean Traveller's Notes on Ming at Mid-Dynasty. Frederick W. Mote (Princeton Univ.), The Economic Basis of Ming T'ai-tsu's Strength, 1356-67. Comments by Wolfgang Franke (Univ. of Hamburg).

STUDIES OF MAINLAND CHINA. Chairman: Yuan-li Wu (Marquette Univ.). Franklin Houn (Michigan State College), Chinese Communist Control of the Press. Chao

Kuo-chün (Harvard Univ.), Major Developments and Problems in China's Agriculture Today. John Carter Vincent (Harvard Univ.), Some Dilemmas of Extraterritoriality in China in its Final Phase. Yuan-li Wu (Marquette Univ.), Mainland China's Trade with other Asian Countries: Its Nature and Design. Wen-djang Chu (Yale Univ.), The Finance of the Expeditionary Forces of Tso Tsung-t'ang in Northwest China.

RATES AND PATTERNS OF INDUSTRIAL GROWTH IN MODERN CHINA. Chairman: Alexander Eckstein (Harvard Univ.). Fred Hung (Univ. of California, Davis), Rates and Patterns of Industrial Growth in China Proper. S. H. Chou (Univ. of Pittsburgh), Rates and Patterns of Industrial Growth in Manchuria. Richard Moorsteen (RAND), Early Patterns of Economic Development in Communist China and in the Soviet Union. Comments by Y. L. Wu (Marquette Univ.).

NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT ESTIMATES FOR MAINLAND CHINA: A REVIEW AND APPRAISAL. Chairman: Carl Remer (Univ. of Michigan). Comments by T. C. Liu (International Monetary Fund), K. C. Yeh (RAND), Chang Twanmo (RAND), Alexander Eckstein (Harvard Univ.), Y. C. Yin (Harvard Univ.) and Helen Yin (Harvard Univ.).

ECONOMIC RETARDATION AND GROWTH IN NINETEENTH-CENTURY CHINA. Chairman: William W. Lockwood (Princeton Univ.). K. C. Liu (Harvard Univ.), Houqua, The Sources and Disposition of his Wealth. Frank King (Harvard Univ.), The Role of Non-Trading Enterprises in the Economic Development of Shanghai. Albert Feuerwerker (Univ. of Toronto), Chinese Communist Studies on Ch'ing Economic History: A Review and Appraisal.

A BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY OF THE MING PERIOD. Chairman: Arthur W. Hummel. Comments by John K. Fairbank (Harvard Univ.), L. Carrington Goodrich (Columbia Univ.) and Frederick W. Mote (Princeton Univ.).

CHINESE POETRY AND LITERATURE. Chairman: James Crump (Univ. of Michigan). Olga Lang (Swarthmore College), Russian Influence on Modern Chinese Literature, with Special Reference to Pa Chin. Li Chi (Univ. of California), *Tai-yu* and *vin-yu* in Chinese Poetry. Lo-shu Fu (Univ. of Chicago), 'Helen' of China, a New Interpretation of an Old Romance.

JAPAN IN TRANSITION. Chairman: George Beckmann (Univ. of Kansas). Albert Craig (Univ. of Massachusetts), The Choshu Civil War. Marius Jansen (Univ. of Washington), Takechi Zuisan and the Tosa Loyalists. Roger Hackett (Northwestern Univ.), Nishi Amame, a Tokugawa-Meiji Bureaucrat.

VARYING APPROACHES TO MEIJI HISTORY. Chairman: Hyman Kublin (Brooklyn College). Harry Harootian (Pennsylvania State College), 'The Progress of Japan' and the Samurai. Ronald Dore (Univ. of British Columbia), The Landlord in Fact and Fiction. George Beckmann (Univ. of Kansas), The Ronoha and the Meiji Restoration. Comments by John Harrison (Univ. of Florida).

RUSSIAN INTEREST IN KOREA. Chairman: Shannon McCune (Univ. of Massachusetts). Warren Smith, Jr., Circumstances of the First Russian-Korean Contacts. Ross H. Macdonald (Univ. of Toronto), Russian Scholarship on Korea in the Nineteenth Century. Glenn D. Paige (Northwestern Univ.), Korean Studies in the Soviet Union. Comments by Gregory Henderson (U. S. State Department).

PROBLEMS IN INDIA'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. Chairman: Burton Stein (Univ. of Chicago). Daniel L. Spencer (Univ. of Southern Illinois), New Sources of Industrial Finance in India. Harry J. Friedman (Michigan State College), Division of Responsibility between Centre and States for Development of Industry. Comments by Morris D. Morris (Univ. of Washington).

VILLAGE AND STATE IN INDIA. Chairman: Nirmal K. Bose (Univ. of Calcutta). Richard L. Park (Univ. of California), Anthropology and the Study of Indian Politics. Percival Spear (Univ. of California), Village Administration

nder British Rule. Burton Stein (Univ. of Chicago), The State and the Temple in Medieval South India: Village Agricultural Development. Comments by McKim Marriott (Univ. of Chicago) and Merrill Goodall (Claremont College).

ECONOMIC PROBLEMS AND DEVELOPMENTS IN SOUTHEAST ASIA. Chairman: Warren Hunsberger (Univ. of Rochester). Frank Golay (Cornell Univ.), The Structure of Public Economic Objectives in Countries of Southeast Asia. David Wurfel (Cornell Univ.), Foreign Aid and Social Reform in Philippine Politics. Bernard Fall (Howard Univ.), Economic Problems of South Viet-Nam. Robert Hackenberger (Univ. of Arizona), Factors in the Transition from Dry-Rice to Wet-Rice Cultivation.

POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS IN SOUTHEAST ASIA. Chairman: John F. Cady (Ohio). Harry Benda (Univ. of Rochester), The Intellectual as Maker of History in Southeast Asia. John Brohm (Harpur College), Religious Revivalism in Burma. Norman Parmer (Univ. of Maryland), Recent Constitutional Changes in Malaya. Josef Silverstein (Cornell Univ.), The Shan States Secession Issue.

ASPECTS OF CULTURAL CHANGE IN INDONESIA. Chairman: Cora DuBois (Harvard Univ.). Ruth McVey (Cornell Univ.), The Comintern and the Indonesian Independence Movement. Claire Holt (Cornell Univ.), The Arts in Contemporary Indonesia (illustrated).

James K. Irikura (Yale Univ.), Southeast Asia and Japan: Trade and Diplomacy (1580-1623). Tingsen S. Wei (Harvard-Yenching Institute), Yayoi Culture - The First Chinese Culture Found in Japan. Hide Shohara (Univ. of Michigan), Cultural Significance of Western Loan Words in Spoken Japanese.

Annual Luncheon. Hugh Borton, President (Association for Asian Studies) presented his address, Asian Studies and the American Colleges. [From *Journal of Asian Studies* 1958 17(4): 672-675].

CONFERENCE OF KOREAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATIONS

The first national conference of the historical associations of Korea was held on 24 and 25 May 1958 at Seoul National University. The conference was sponsored jointly by the Korean Historical Association (c/o Korean History Compilation Committee, Ministry of Education, Republic of Korea, Seoul) and the Chin Tan Society. Those papers of interest to the student of modern history are listed below.

Chairman: Cho Eui-seol (Yon-sei Univ.). Chhoe Mun-an (Seoul National Univ.), Max Weber's Problems of Chinese Society. Sin Seok-ho (Korea Univ.), The Independence Association. Ro Myeong-sik (Kyeong-buk Univ.), English Policy Toward Korea, 1909-1911. [From *Asiatic Research Bulletin* 1958 (6): 8].

CONFERENCE ON HISTORIOGRAPHY OF THE NEAR AND MIDDLE EAST

A Conference on Historical Writing on the Near and Middle East was held from 30 June to 4 July 1958 at the School of Oriental and African Studies in the University of London. The object was to investigate attitudes and preconceptions reflected in historical writings within the period from the rise of Islam to the present day. The conference was organized by Bernard Lewis (Professor of the History of the Near and Middle East, London), with the assistance of P. M. Holt (School of Oriental and African Studies) and J. R. Bracken (Secretary, School of Oriental and African Studies). Scholars from Canada, Egypt, France, Germany, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Italy, Lebanon, Netherlands, Syria, Turkey, the United Kingdom and the United States attended.

In the six months preceding the Conference, papers sent by the participants were considered at the School by the Near and Middle Eastern History Seminar, augmented by four young

historians from Middle Eastern countries, specially invited for this purpose. The sessions of the Conference were devoted to discussions arising from the papers, which had been circulated to all delegates in advance.

After an introductory session, addressed by the Director of the School, C. H. Philips (Univ. of London), papers were considered in the following sections: 1) Arabic Historiography from the Beginnings to the 12th/19th Century; 2) Development of Persian Historiography to the 12th/19th Century; 3) Development of Turkish Historiography to the 12th/19th Century; 4) The Historiography of Minority Groups; 5) Medieval European and Byzantine Writings, and European Writings to the 19th Century; 6) European, American and Russian Writings in the 20th Century; 7) Modern Middle Eastern Historical Writings, and 8) General Interpretative Studies of Middle Eastern Civilization.

Informal group discussions were also held on Arabic historiography, chairman: Sir Hamilton Gibb (Harvard Univ.); Persian and Turkish historiography, chairman: B. Spuler (Univ. of Hamburg); historiography of minority groups, chairman: A. H. Hourani (Oxford Univ.); European and American historiography, chairman: J. W. Fück (Univ. of Halle), and modern Middle Eastern historiography, chairman: G. E. von Grunebaum (Univ. of California, Los Angeles).

The proceedings of the Conference will be published. [P. M. Holt].

CONFERENCES ON BRITISH HISTORICAL STUDIES

A Midwest Conference on British Historical Studies is held each year at the University of Chicago (Secretary, C. L. Mowat, Department of History, Univ. of Chicago). The fifth such meeting took place on 1 and 2 November 1957. The complete program of speeches and papers is given below.

POPULATION PROBLEMS IN ENGLAND. Chairman: Bryce Lyon (Univ. of Illinois). Sylvia Thrupp (Univ. of Chicago), The Study of Medieval English Population. John Krause (Ohio State Univ.), Population Problems, 1700-1850.

THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY. Chairman: Robert Walcott (College of Wooster). Jacob M. Price (Univ. of Michigan), Sir Lewis Namier and the 18th Century. Comment by Charles R. Ritcheson (Kenyon College).

R. M. Crawford (Univ. of Melbourne), The Antipodean Pilgrimage of Arnold Wood: A Manchester Liberal and the Boer War.

PARTIES IN THE VICTORIAN AGE. Chairman: C. F. Mullett. J. B. Conacher (Univ. of Toronto), Party Politics of the Palmerston Era. Gordon Goodman (Univ. of Illinois), Liberal Unionism: the Revolt of the Whigs. Comment by W. N. Calkins (Wabash College).

MEETING OF GERMAN HISTORIANS

The twenty-fourth meeting of the Verband der Historiker Deutschlands (c/o President, Hermann Aubin, Freiburg im Breisgau, Beethovenstrasse 6) was held in Trier from 25-27 September 1958. The subjects of all sections and the titles of lectures in the field of modern history and those likely to be of general interest to the historian are given below.

Opening Session. Chairman: Joseph Vogt (Tübingen), Imperium Romanum. Idea and Reality in the Age of Constantine the Great.

General Lectures. Rudi Paret (Tübingen), The Islamic World Empire. Paul Kluge (Munich), Changes in the British Conception of Empire. Reinhard Wittram (Göttingen), The Russian Empire and the Change of its Structure. Max Silberschmidt (Zürich), The United States of America -- the Great Power between Europe and Asia.

ANCIENT HISTORY I. Chairman: Alexander Schenk Graf von Stauffenberg (Munich).

ANCIENT HISTORY II. Chairman: Johannes Straub (Bonn).

MEDIEVAL HISTORY. Chairman: Walter Kienast (Frankfurt am Main).

MODERN HISTORY. Chairman: Theodor Schieder (Cologne). E. Birke (Marburg), The Parisian Ecole Libre des Sciences Politiques and France's Recovery, 1871-1914. Rudolf von Albertini (Heidelberg), The Republican Idea of the Third Republic. Th. Nipperdey (Göttingen), Industrial Associations and Parties in Germany prior to 1914.

RECENT HISTORY. Chairman: Hans Herzfeld (Berlin). Werner Conze (Heidelberg), The Political Party in the Constitutional Transformations of the Modern Revolutionary Era. W. Bussmann (Berlin), Political Ideologies between Monarchy and Weimar Republic. Ulrich Scheuner (Bonn), The Parties in the Constitutional Law of Modern States.

CHURCH HISTORY. Chairman: Gerhard Ritter (Freiburg). Hubert Jedin (Bonn), The Germans at the Council of Trent. Heinrich Bornkamm (Heidelberg), The Problem of Tolerance in the Age of the Reformation.

SOCIAL HISTORY. Chairman: Otto Brunner (Hamburg). K. E. Born (Cologne), Socio-political Problems and Efforts in Germany from 1848 up to Bismarck's Social Legislation. W. Köllmann (Wuppertal), Industrialization, Internal Population Movements and the Social Question (Concerning the History of the Origins of the German Industrial City in the 19th Century).

EAST EUROPEAN HISTORY. Chairman: Georg von Rauch (Marburg). Günter Stökl (Cologne), Nonconformity in the Russian History of the 15th and 16th Centuries. Erwin Hölzle (Constance), The Dualism of Contemporary World Empires as a Historical Problem.

MEETING OF EAST GERMAN ARCHIVISTS

The second congress of the archivists of the German Democratic Republic was held in Leipzig from 24 to 27 June 1957. The main lectures delivered are listed below.

Karl Höhnelt (Director, Staatliche Archivverwaltung, Potsdam). The Development of the State Archival System since the Congress of Archivists in Weimar in 1952 and the Perspectives of our Work in the Second Five-Year Plan. Gerhard Schilfert (Director, Institut für Allgemeine Geschichte, Abteilung Neuzeit, Humboldt-Univ., Berlin), The Common Tasks of Archivists and Historians. Hellmut Kretzschmar (Director, Sächsisches Landeshauptarchiv, Dresden), Regionalism and Centralism in the State Archival System. Hanns Gringmuth-Dallmer (Director, Landeshauptarchiv Sachsen-Anhalt, Magdeburg), Problems of the Archival System of the Economy. [From *Fünf Jahre Archivarbeit, 1952-1957*, a pamphlet issued by the Staatliche Archivverwaltung of the German Democratic Republic].

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF AMERICANISTS

Proceedings of the Thirty-Second International Congress of Americanists. Copenhagen, 8-14 August 1956 have been recently published (Copenhagen: Ejnar Munksgaards Forlag, 1958). The activities of the Congress were conducted in six sections: A) American Indian Ethnology; B) American Indian Archeology; C) Arctic Ethnology and Archeology; D) Physical Anthropology; E) Linguistics, and F) Colonial History. The lectures delivered in the section on Colonial History are given below.

Guillermo Céspedes del Castillo (Univ. of Sevilla), Commerce Regulations between Peru and New Spain in the 17th Century. Carmen Bâncora Cañero, The Shipments of Precious

Metals from El Callao to Spain in the First Half of the 17th Century, Addressed to the King. Charles Verlinden (Univ. of Ghent), Santa María Antigua del Darién: First Colonial "City" of the American Continent. Gottfried Hotz (Zürich), Two Indian Hide Paintings in Swiss Private Possession.

Count Magnus Mörner (Stockholm), The Theory and Practice of Racial Segregation in Colonial Spanish America. Gerhard Jacob (Leipzig), The Problem of a Unified Cultural Awareness in Ibero-America. Encarnación Rodríguez Vicente (Sevilla), Juan de Belveder, Peruvian? Arbitrator of the 17th Century. Angeles Flores Moscoso, The juicia de residencia of the Viceroy of Peru, Marquis of Casteldosrius. Vicenta Cortés (Seville), The Carribbean in the 16th Century. José Rafael Arboleda (Univ. Católica Javeriana), On Afro-American Problems. Rocío Caracuel Moyano (Seville), Importations of Negro Slaves in the Provinces of Rio de la Plata. Bella Aurora Torres Martín, Trade of the Port of El Callao during the Government of Viceroy Conde de Chinchon. Dolores Beltran Carrión (Sevilla), The Fusion of State Monopolies and the Creation of "Administraciones de Rentas Unidas" in Peru at the End of the 18th Century. C. L. Vebæk (Copenhagen), Topographical and Archeological Investigations in the Norse Settlements in Greenland. A Summary of the Work of the Last Ten Years.

STATE AND LOCAL HISTORY ASSOCIATION MEETING

The seventeenth annual meeting of the American Association for State and Local History (c/o Secretary, Alexander J. Wall, Jr., Curator, Old Sturbridge Village, Massachusetts) was held from 4 to 6 October 1957 in Columbus, Ohio. One of the meetings was held jointly with the Society of American Archivists (see also HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS, Volume 3 page 270). The topics of the panel discussions and the titles of the papers read are given below.

THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY IS AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION. Chairman: J. Duane Squires (Colby Junior College). Panel: Richard P. McCormick (Rutgers Univ.), Phyllis H. Winkleman (Nebraska State Historical Society), and Everett Walters (Ohio State Univ.). Joint Luncheon with the Society of American Archivists. Presiding: Christopher Crittenden (North Carolina Department of Archives and History). Roy F. Nichols (Univ. of Pennsylvania), Alice in Wonderland after Eighteen Years.

ACQUISITION POLICIES OF PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARIES. Joint Meeting with the Society of American Archivists. Chairman: W. Edwin Hemphill (Virginia State Library). Panel: Herman Kahn (Franklin D. Roosevelt Library), Howard H. Peckham (William L. Clements Library), Stephen T. Riley (Massachusetts Historical Society) and David C. Mearns (Library of Congress).

THE ARTIFACT IN HISTORY. Chairman: Holman J. Swinney (Idaho State Historical Society). Panel: William B. Hesseltine (Univ. of Wisconsin), J. C. Harrington (National Park Service), and Anthony N. B. Garvan (Univ. of Pennsylvania).

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS IN LOCAL HISTORY. Chairman: William K. Aeschbacher (Nebraska State Historical Society). James M. Smith (Institute of Early American History and Culture), Colonial American History. Francis P. Weisenburger (Ohio State Univ.), Religious and Ethnic History. Philip D. Jordan (Univ. of Minnesota), Social and Cultural History.

Annual Dinner. Presiding: Clifford L. Lord. Thomas D. Clark (Univ. of Kentucky), The Present World of History.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST HISTORY CONFERENCE

The Eleventh Annual Pacific Northwest History Conference was held on 11 and 12 April 1958 in Victoria, British

Columbia. The complete program of lectures and panel discussions is given below.

WORKSHOP ON REGIONAL AND LOCAL HISTORY.

Chairman: Florence Reed (Eastern Washington State Historical Society). Claude Schaeffer (Oregon Historical Society). Let's Have a Good Museum. Mrs. Robert Jarvis (Museum Volunteers, Eastern Washington State Historical Society), Contribution of the Volunteer Worker in the Museum. Mrs. George Umbaugh (Cowlitz County Historical Society), What Uses Should Be Made of the Local Museum? Kenneth Duckett (Oregon Historical Society), Use and Abuse of Materials.

Dinner. Presiding: Raymond Muse (State College of Washington). John H. Binns (Tacoma), Northwest Region, Fact or Fiction?

LIBRARIES AND ARCHIVES, THEIR SERVICES TO REGIONAL AND LOCAL HISTORIANS. Chairman: Lesley Leathcote (Montana State College). Panel: H. J. Swinney (Idaho Historical Society), Martin Schmitt (Univ. of Oregon), Eva Anderson (Chelan, Washington), and Goldie Putnam (Inchelium, Washington).

STUDIES IN PACIFIC NORTHWEST HISTORY. Chairman: Robert Hitchman (Seattle). Paul Johnston (Univ. of Idaho), The Caxton Printers. Arthur L. Throckmorton (Lewis and Clark College), The Role of the Merchant on the Oregon Frontier. Lawrence Rakestraw (Northern Montana College), The West, States Rights, and Conservation: A Study of Six Public Land Conferences. Comments by Charles M. Bates (Univ. of Washington), Dorothy O. Johansen (Reed College), and C. Brewster Coulter (College of Puget Sound).

Luncheon. Presiding: Eli M. Oboler (Idaho State College). Merrill D. Beal (Idaho State College), Field Experiences in Historical Recording.

THE INDIAN OF THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST. Chairman: Keith Murray (Western Washington College of Education).

HISTORICAL INTERPRETATIONS. Panel: Francis Jaines, Sr. (Oregon College of Education), and Click Relander (Yakima Republic).

THE INDIAN VIEWPOINT. Panel: Siegfried B. Rolland (Co-ordinator, Univ. of Idaho), Richard A. Halfmoon (Lapwai, Idaho), Joseph Garry (Plummer, Idaho), J. J. Brown, S. J. (Desmet, Idaho), and Alba Shawaway (Yakima).

Dinner. Presiding: Herman J. Deutsch (State College of Washington). Walter Prescott Webb (Univ. of Texas), The Significance of the World Frontier to the Twentieth Century.

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SYMPOSIUM ON TWENTIETH CENTURY U. S. DIPLOMATIC HISTORY

The Department of History of the University of Kansas held from 20 to 30 August 1957 a symposium "Some Ideas, Areas and Factors in 20th Century American Diplomatic History." The complete program of lectures follows.

Louis M. Sears (Purdue Univ.), Historical Revisionism Following the Two World Wars. William L. Neumann (Goucher College), Determinism, Destiny and Myth in the American Image of Asia. David N. Rowe (Yale Univ.), American Diplomacy and Asian Nationalism in the Twentieth Century. Richard L. Walker (Univ. of South Carolina), The Developing Role of Cultural Diplomacy in Asia. James C. Malin (Univ. of Kansas), Sea, Landmass, and Air Power: Some Bearings of Cultural Technology Upon the Geography of International Relations. Fritz T. Epstein (Library of Congress), The United States and Germany. Basic Patterns of Conflict and Understanding. Eugene Davidson (Director, Yale Univ. Press), The Nuremberg Trials and One World. Arthur Kemp (Claremont Men's College), Summit Conferences During World War II as Instruments of Diplomacy. William S. Stokes (Univ. of Wisconsin), The Ideological Bases of Anti-Americanism in Latin America. Louis L. Gerson (Univ. of Connecticut), Ethnic Disunity in American Foreign Policy of the Twentieth Century. John A. DeNovo (Pennsylvania State Univ.), American Relations with the Middle East: Some Unfinished Business. Alfred M. Lilienthal (Columbia Law School), The Balfour Declaration: Forty Years Later. Robert Ferrell (Indiana Univ.), Woodrow Wilson and Open Diplomacy. Richard N. Current (Woman's College of the Univ. of North Carolina), Consequences of the Kellogg Pact. Roland N. Stromberg (Univ. of Maryland), The Riddle of Collective Security.

SCOPE AND METHOD

For details regarding the scope and method of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS, the attention of readers is drawn to the Abstracting Instructions (pp. VII-IX, Index number of Vol. 3). The more important relevant policies of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS are indicated below.

Scope. HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS includes articles on political, diplomatic, economic, social, cultural and intellectual history appearing on the period 1775 - 1945 in the periodical literature (including yearbooks) the world over. For the present it will not include historical articles of limited local interest (as counties and municipalities) or those normally understood to belong to another field (such as history of music), unless these articles are of significance or of relevance to the understanding of the developments of a particular period.

Periodicals to be included. As a bibliographical and reference publication containing non-evaluative abstracts, HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS is designed to satisfy a large variety of needs. It is consequently not limited exclusively to scholarly journals. All periodicals currently published are to be covered retroactive to 1 January 1955. This includes both historical periodicals and the numerous "peripheral" journals which carry occasional historical articles. Festschriften, dedicated to persons or institutions, or published to commemorate an event, are abstracted if any of their articles are within the scope of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS.

Procedural matters. It will be evident to the user of this bibliographic service that some journals conform to the ideology of the countries in which they are published. Abstracts mirror the views of the authors of the original articles, not of the abstracters nor of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS. On occasion it has been necessary to shorten the text of abstracts or to make minor editorial changes. As it is not practicable to show the changed version to the abstracter, the ultimate responsibility for the contents of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS rests with the editor.

Abstract headings are given as follows: Name of Author (Institutional affiliation or location). TITLE OF ARTICLE [Translation of title]. Title of publication. Indicated year of publication Volume number (Issue number or running number of fascicle): page numbers.

The explanation of the authorship of abstracts, other than the name of the person abstracting, is as follows:

"Journal": the journal cited furnished the abstract. The name of the abstracter on the staff of that journal, or the person delegated by the journal editor, when known, is indicated in parentheses.

"Author": the author prepared the abstract.

WORLD LIST OF HISTORICAL PERIODICALS

Finland

[Continued from Volume 4, page 191]

The following SUPPLEMENTARY LIST

completes the main Finnish list published in Vol. 4, No. 1, pp. 64-65.

Prepared by Nils Berndtson, M. A., Librarian of the Institutum
Historico-philologicum Universitatis Helsingiensis, Helsinki.

The letters Å and Ö are not alphabetized at the end but will instead be found with A and O

Local historical periodicals and serial publications which are not likely to be of primary interest to historians, but which do contain historical articles are cited in short form in this supplement to the WORLD LIST.

Åbo Stads Historiska Museum. Årsskrift [Yearbook of the Historical Museum of Turku]. Pub. by Turun Kaupungin Historiallinen Museo, Turku.

Åländsk Odling [Ålandian Culture]. Annual. Pub. by Ålands Folkminnesförbund [Folklore Society of Åland], Mariehamn.

Ankkapurha. Kymenlaakson Osakunnan Kotiseutujulkaisu [Regional Research Publication of the Student Association of Kymenlaakso]. Irreg. Pub. by Kymenlaakson Osakunta, Helsinki, Mannerheimintie 5A5.

Budkavlen [Fiery Cross]. Organ för Brages Folkklivsforskning och Institutet för Nordisk Etnologi vid Åbo Akademi [Organ for Ethnological Research of Brage and the Institute of Northern Ethnology at Åbo Academy]. Quarterly (at present once a year). Pub. by Förlaget Bro, Åbo (Turku), Kaskisgatan 2.

Entisaikain Helsinki [Helsinki of Olden Times]. Irreg. Pub. by Helsinki-Seura [Helsinki Society], Helsinki, Pohjois-Espilanaadikatu 25.

Finsk Tidskrift [Finnish Review]. Kultur, Ekonomi, Politik [Culture, Economics, Politics]. Eight times a year. Pub. by Föreningen Granskaren [Examiner Society], (Erik Bergh), Åbo, Konstmuseet.

Folkklivsstudier [Ethnological Studies]. Irreg. Pub. by Folkkultursarkivet [Ethnological Archives], Helsinki, Hallituskatu 11-13.

Hämeenmaa. Hämeen Heimoliiton Julkaisuja [Publications of the Tribal Association of Häme]. Irreg. Pub. by Hämeen Heimoliitto, Hämeenlinna.

Jouko. Pohjois-Pohjalaisen Osakunnan Kotiseutujulkaisu [Regional Research Publication of the Student Association of Northern Ostrobothnia]. Irreg. Pub. by Pohjois-Pohjalainen Osakunta, Helsinki, Töölönkatu 3.

Kaikuja Hämeestä [Echos from Häme]. Irreg. Pub. by Hämmäläis-Osakunta [Student Association of Häme], Helsinki, Kampinkatu 4-6. D.

Kalevalaseuran Vuosikirja [Yearbook of the Kalevala Society]. Annual. Pub. by Kalevalaseura, Helsinki, Kluuvikatu 8.

Karjalan Heimo [Tribe of Karelia]. Karjalan Sivistysseuran Aänenkannattaja [Organ of the Culture Society of Karelia]. Monthly. Pub. by Karjalan Sivistysseura, Helsinki, Kasarminkatu 25.

Keski-Pohjanmaa [Central Ostrobothnia]. Maakuntajulkaisu [Provincial Publication]. Irreg. Pub. by Keski-Pohjanmaan Maakuntaliitto [Provincial Union of Central Ostrobothnia], Kokkola.

Keski-Suomi [Central Finland]. Keski-Suomen Museoyhdistyksen Julkaisuja [Publications of the Museum Society of Central Finland]. Irreg. Pub. by Keski-Suomen Museoyhdistys, Jyväskylä.

Kirjallisuudentutkijain Seuran Vuosikirja [Yearbook of the Society of Historians of Literature]. "Annuaire des Historiens de la Littérature." Irreg. Pub. by Kirjallisuuden Tutkijain Seura (Lauri Viljanen), Helsinki, Mäntytie 17 B.

Kotiseutu [Regional Research]. Eight times a year. Pub. by Kotiseutuliitto [Union of Regional Research], Helsinki, Hallituskatu 1.

Koulu ja Menneisyys [School and History]. Suomen Kouluhistoriallisen Seuran Vuosikirja [Yearbook of the Society of School History of Finland]. Irreg. Pub. by Suomen Kouluhistoriallinen Seura, Helsinki, Kouluhallitus, Etelä-Espilanaadikatu 16.

Kymenlaakso. Kymenlaakson Maakuntaliiton Julkaisuja [Publications of the Provincial Union of Kymenlaakso]. Irreg. Pub. by Kymenlaakson Maakuntaliitto, Kouvola.

Kyrönmaa. Irreg. Pub. by Etelä-Pohjalainen Osakunta [Student Association of Southern Ostrobothnia], Helsinki, Töölönkatu 3 A.

Kytösavut [Smoke from Burning Turf]. Irreg. Pub. by Etelä-Pohjanmaan Maakuntaliitto [Provincial Union of Southern Ostrobothnia], Seinäjoki.

Lounais-Hämeen Kotiseutu- ja Museoyhdistyksen Vuosikirja [Yearbook of the Regional and Museum Society of Southwest Häme]. Annual. Pub. by Lounais-Hämeen Kotiseutu- ja Museoyhdistys, Forssa, Teatteritalo.

Nordenskiöld-Samfundets Tidskrift [Review of the Nordenskiöld Society]. Annual. Pub. by Nordenskiöld-Samfundet i Finland, Helsinki, Säätytalo, Snellmanninkatu 9-11.

Osma. Suomen Museoliiton Vuosikirja. Finlands Museiförbunds Årsbok [Yearbook of the Finnish Museum Association]. Annual. Pub. by Suomen Museoliitto, Helsinki, Cygnæuksenkatu 14.

Österbottensk Årsbok [Yearbook of Ostrobothnia]. Annual. Pub. by Svensk-Österbottenska Samfundet [Society of the Swedish Ostrobothnia], Vaasa.

Pohjois-Pohjanmaan Maakuntaliitto. Vuosikirja [Yearbook of the Provincial Union of Northern Ostrobothnia]. Annual.

Pub. by Pohjois-Pohjanmaan Maakuntaliitto, Oulu, Hallitus-katu 11.

Satakunta. Kotiseutututkimuksia [Regional Researches]. Irreg. Pub. by Satakuntalainen Osakunta [Student Association of Satakunta], Helsinki, Lapinrinne 1 A.

Sitzungsberichte der Finnischen Akademie der Wissenschaften. Proceedings of the Finnish Academy of Science and Letters. Annual. Pub. by Suomalainen Tiedeakatemia, Helsinki, Säätytalo, Snellmaninkatu 9-11.

Skolhistoriskt Arkiv [Archives of School History]. Uppsatser och Urkunder [Articles and Documents]. Irreg. Pub. by Svenska Skolhistoriska Föreningen i Finland [Society of Swedish School History of Finland], Helsinki, Kouluhallitus, Stelä-Esplanaadikatu 16.

Societas Scientiarum Fennica. Årsbok-Vuosikirja [Yearbook of the Finnish Scientific Society]. Annual. Pub. by Suomen Tiedeseura, Helsinki, Säätytalo, Snellmaninkatu 9-11.

Sotamuseo [War Museum]. Irreg. Pub. by Sotamuseo, Helsinki, Maurinkatu 3.

Suomalainen Suomi [Finnish Finland]. Suomalaisuuden Liiton Kulttuuripoliittinen Aikakauskirja [Review of Cultural Politics

of the Society of Finnish Nationalism]. Nine times a year. Pub. by Valiolehdet Oy., Helsinki, Hietalahdenranta 13.

Suomalainen Tiedeakatemia. Esitelmät ja Pöytäkirjat [Proceedings of the Finnish Academy of Science and Letters]. Annual. Pub. by Suomalainen Tiedeakatemia, Helsinki, Säätytalo, Snellmaninkatu 9-11.

Tammerkoski. Tampereen Kotiseutulehti [Regional Journal of Tampere]. Monthly. Pub. by Tampere-Seura [Tampere Society], Tampere, Hatanpäänvaltie 6.A.

Turun Kaupungin Historiallinen Museo. Vuosijulkaisu [Yearbook of the Historical Museum of Turku]. Pub. by Turun Kaupungin Historiallinen Museo, Turku.

Valvoja [Guardian]. Six times a year. Pub. by Valvoja-Ajan Kannatusyhdistys [Patrons' Association of Valvoja-Aika], Helsinki, Kluuvikatu 8.

Varsinais-Suomen Maakuntakirja [Provincial Book of Finland Proper]. Irreg. Pub. by Varsinais-Suomen Maakuntaliitto [Provincial Union of Finland Proper], Turku.

Yhteiskunta [Society]. Yhteiskunnallisen Korkeakoulun Vuosikirja [Yearbook of the School of Social Sciences]. Annual. Pub. by Yhteiskunnallinen Korkeakoulu, Helsinki, Franzéninkatu 13.

Sweden

[Continued from Volume 4, page 191]

Prepared with the assistance of Nils Palmborg, Librarian, Universitetsbiblioteket, Lund.

Grateful acknowledgment is made also to Raymond Lindgren, Occidental College, Los Angeles, California and the Scandinavian Seminar of the Los Angeles area for their assistance on the Swedish main list (Vol. 4, pp. 188-191) and on the list cited below.

SUPPLEMENTARY LIST (OF SERIALS) AND SERIES

NOTE: On occasion the name of the publisher is not cited when the town is so small that the title of the publication and the town will suffice as address. Quite often the name of the publisher is also evident from the title of the publication.

SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF SERIAL PUBLICATIONS

Local historical periodicals and serial publications which are not likely to be of primary interest to historians, but which contain historical articles are cited in short form in this supplement to the WORLD LIST.

Åkerbo Hembygdsförening. Årsbok [Yearbook of the Åkerbo Homeland Society]. Pub. by Åkerbo Hembygdsförening, Böda.

Blekingeboken [Blekinge Book]. Årsbok för Medlemmarna i Blekinge Musei- och Hembygdsförbund [Yearbook for the members of the Blekinge Museum and Homeland Society]. Annual. Pub. by Blekinge Musei- och Hembygdsförbund, Karlskrona.

Drag till Södermanlands Äldre Kulturhistoria [Contribution to Södermanlands Earlier Cultural History]. Irreg. Pub. by Södermanlands Fornminnesförening, Strängnäs.

Bonniers Litterära Magasin med All Världens Berättelser [Bonnier's Literary Magazine with Reports from the Whole World]. Ten times a year. Pub. by Albert Bonniers Förlag, Stockholm C, Sveavägen 56.

Bromma Hembygdsförenings Årsskrift [Yearbook of the Bromma Homeland Society]. Annual. Pub. by Hugo Hamilton, Bromma, Ålstensgatan 87.

Bygd och Natur [Countryside and Nature]. Five times a year. Pub. by Samfundet för Hembygdsvärd, Stockholm, Mäster Samuelsgatan 3.

Daedalus. Tekniska Museets Årsbok [Yearbook of the Technical Museum]. Annual. Pub. by Tekniska Museet, Stockholm Ö.

Dalarnas Hembygdsbok [Homeland Book of Dalarna]. Annual. Pub. by Dalarnas Fornminnes- och Hembygdsförbund, Falun.

Ekonomisk Tidskrift [Economic Review]. Quarterly. Pub. by Almquist and Wiksell, Uppsala.

Ekonomisk Revy [Economic Review]. Ten times a year. Pub. by Swedish Banks Association, Stockholm 16, B.P.16143.

Falbygden [Fal Country]. Annual. Pub. by Falbygdens Hembygds- och Fornminnesförening, Falköping.

Föreningen Gamla Halmstads Årsbok [Yearbook of the Society for Old Halmstad]. Annual. Pub. by Föreningen Gamla Halmstad, Halmstad.

Föreningen Örebro Läns Museum. Meddelanden [Communications of the Society of the Museum of Örebro Country]. Irreg. Pub. by Örebro Läns Museum, Örebro.

Från Bergslag och Bondebygd [From Mining District and Farmer's Country]. Annual. Pub. by Örebro Läns Museum, Örebro.

Från Borås och de Sju Häraderna [From Borås and the Seven Countries]. Annual. Pub. by Borås Museum, Borås.

Från Gästrikland [From Gästrikland]. Gästriklands Kulturhistoriska Förenings Meddelanden [Communications of the Society for Cultural History in Gästrikland]. Annual. Pub. by Gästriklands Kulturhistoriska Förening, Gävle, Gävle Museum.

Från Stad och Bygd i Medelpad [From Town and Country in Medelpad]. Irreg. Pub. in Sundsvall.

Gärds Härads Hembygdsförenings Årsbok [Yearbook of the Homeland Society of the Gärd Country]. Annual. Pub. by Gärds Härads Hembygdsförening, Djurröd.

Gammal Hälsingekultur [The Old Culture of the People of Hälsinge]. Irreg. Pub. by Hälsinglands Fornminnessällskap, Hudiksvall.

Geografiska Annaler [Geographical Annals]. Semi-annual. Pub. by Generalstabens Litografiska Anstalt, Stockholm, Vasagatan 16, for Svenska Sällskapet för Antropologi och Geografi [Swedish Society for Anthropology and Geography].

Gotländskt Arkiv [Gotland's Archive]. Meddelanden från Föreningen Gotlands Fornvänner [Communications from the Society of Gotland's Antiquity]. Annual. Pub. by Föreningen Gotlands Fornvänner, Gotlands Fornsal, Visby.

Göinge Hembygdsförenings Årsbok [Yearbook of the Göinge Homeland Society]. Annual. Pub. by Göinge Hembygdsförening, Broby.

Göteborgs och Bohusläns Fornminnesförenings Tidskrift [Journal of the Göteborg and Bohuslän Antiquarian Society]. Irreg. Pub. by Wettergren and Kerbers Förlag, Göteborg, V. Hamngatan 22, for Göteborgs och Bohusläns Fornminnesförening.

Halland, Vår Bygd [Halland, Our Country]. Hallands Hembygdsförbunds Årsskrift [Yearbook of the Homeland Society of Halland]. Annual. Pub. by Hallands Museum, Halmstad.

Handlingar Angående Villands Härad [Proceedings concerning Villand Country]. Annual. Pub. by Villands Härads Hembygdsförening, Kristianstad.

Hembygden [Homeland]. Annual. Pub. by A. B. Dalkrans, Karlstad, for Dalslands Fornminnes- och Hembygdsförbund, Museet, Vänersborg.

Jämten [The Man from Jämtland]. Annual. Pub. by Heimbygdas Förlag, Östersund.

Jämtlands Läns Biblioteks Årsskrift [Yearbook of the Provincial Library of Jämtland]. Annual. Pub. by Föreningen Jämtlands Läns Biblioteks Vänner, Jämtlands Läns Bibliotek, Östersund.

Jönköpings Läns Hembygdsförbund. Meddelanden [Communications of the Homeland Society of the Jönköping Country]. Annual. Pub. by Jönköpings Läns Hembygdsförbund, Jönköping.

Kalmar Län [The Province of Kalmar]. Årsbok för Kulturhistoria och Hembygdsvård [Yearbook for Cultural History and Protection of the Homeland]. Annual. Pub. by Kalmar Läns Fornminnesförening, Kalmar.

Konsthistorisk Tidskrift [Review of the History of Art]. Quarterly [Semi-annual, 2 double nos.]. Pub. by A. Bonniers Förlag, Stockholm C, Sveavägen 53, for Konsthistoriska Sällskapet [Society for the History of Art], Stockholm.

Kronobergsboken [Kronoberg Book]. Hyltén-Cavalliusföreningens Årsbok [Yearbook of the Hyltén-Cavallius Society]. Annual. Pub. by Kronobergs Läns Hembygdsförbund, Växjö, Smålands Museum.

Kullabygd [Hilly Country]. Kullens Hembygdsförenings Årsskrift [Yearbook of the Homeland Society of the Hills]. Annual. Pub. by Kullens Hembygdsförening, Höganäs.

Kulturen. Kulturhistoriska Museets i Lund Årsskrift [Yearbook of the Museum of Cultural History, Lund]. Annual. Pub. by Kulturhistoriska Föreningen för Södra Sverige, Lund.

Kungl. Vetenskaps-Societetens Årsbok [Yearbook of the Royal Society of Sciences]. Annual. Pub. by Kungl. Vetenskaps-Societeten, Uppsala, St Larsgatan 1.

Lidingöboken [Lidingö Book]. Lidingö Hembygdsförenings Årsbok [Yearbook of the Lidingö Homeland Society]. Irreg. Pub. in Lidingö.

Malmö Fornminnesförenings Årsskrift [Yearbook of the Malmö Antiquarian Society]. Annual. Pub. by Malmö Fornminnesförening, Malmö C, Stadsarkivet, Stortorget 2A.

Meddelanden från Lunds Universitets Historiska Museum [Communications from the Lund University Museum of History]. "Mémoires de la Musée Historique de Lund." Annual. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, Vårfrug 8, for Lunds Universitets Historiska Museum.

Meddelanden. Jönköpings Läns Hembygdsförbund. See Jönköpings Läns Hembygdsförbund.

Meddelanden. Östergötlands och Linköpings Stads Museum. See Östergötlands och Linköpings Stads Museum.

Meddelanden utg. av Föreningen Örebro Läns Museum. See Föreningen Örebro Läns Museum.

Natio Smolandica [The People of Småland]. Annual. Pub. by Smålands Nations Kamratförening, Uppsala.

Niederdeutsche Mitteilungen [Low German Communications]. Annual. Pub. by the Niederdeutsche Arbeitsgemeinschaft, Lund. In German, English, Swedish or Dutch.

Nordisk Tidskrift för Vetenskap, Konst och Industri [Scandinavian Review for Science, Art and Industry]. Eight times a year. Pub. by Letterstedtska Föreningen and Förening Norden, Stockholm, Vasagatan 52. In Scandinavian languages.

Norrbottnens Läns Hembygdsförening Årsbok [Yearbook of the Homeland Society of the Province of Norrbotten]. Annual. Pub. by Norrbottens Läns Hembygdsförening, Luleå.

Norrköpings Museum. Berättelse över Verksamheten. Jämtte Bifogade Skrifter [The Museum of Norrköping. Report on its Activities. With Supplements]. Annual. Pub. by Norrköpings Museum, Norrköping.

Östergötlands och Linköpings Stads Museum. Meddelanden [Communications of the Museum of Östergötland and the City of Linköping]. Biennial. Pub. by Östergötlands och Linköpings Stads Museum, Linköping.

Ord och Bild [Word and Picture]. Kulturtidskrift för de Nordiska Länderna [Cultural Review for the Scandinavian Countries]. Six times a year. Pub. by Ord och Bild, Stockholm C, Johannesgatan 22 BT.

Röhsska Konstslöjdmuseets Årstryck [Yearbook of the Röhsska Museum for Applied Arts]. Annual. Pub. by Röhsska Konstslöjdmuseet, Göteborg. In Swedish, English or German.

- alabygdens Fornminnesförenings Årsbok [Yearbook of the Antiquarian Society of the Sala Country]. Annual. Pub. by alabygdens Fornminnesförening, Sala.
- amfundet Sankt Eriks Årsbok [Yearbook of the St. Erik's Society]. Annual. Pub. by Samfundet St. Erik, Stockholms stadsmuseum, Stockholm Sö, Götgatan 1.
- amlaren [The Collector]. Tidskrift för Svensk Litteraturhistorisk Forskning [Review for the Research of the History of Swedish Literature]. Annual. Pub. by Svenska Litteratursällskapet, Uppsala.
- amtid och Framtid [The Present and the Future]. Tidskrift för Idépolitik och Kultur [Journal of Politics of Ideas and Culture]. Quarterly. Pub. by Bokförlaget Natur och Kultur, Stockholm, Torsgatan 31.
- skånes Hembygdsförbund Årsbok [Yearbook of the Skåne Homeland Society]. Annual. Pub. by Skånes Hembygdsförbund, Lund.
- sörmlandsbygden [Sörmland Country]. Annual. Pub. by Sörmanlands Hembygdsförbund, Nyköping.
- svensk-Finland [Swedish Finland]. Organ för Svensk-Finlands Vänner [Organ for the Friends of Swedish Finland]. Five times a year. Pub. by Föreningen Svensk-Finlands inner, Stockholm, Regeringsgatan 26.
- svensk Juristtidning [Swedish Legal Review]. Ten times a year. Pub. by Föreningen för utg. av Svensk Juristtidning, Stockholm, St. Nygatan 2 A.
- svensk Litteraturtidskrift [Swedish Review of Literature]. Quarterly. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for Samfundet. Pub. Nio.
- svensk Tidskrift [Swedish Review]. Ten times a year. Pub. by E. G. E. Anners, Uppsala.
- svensk Tidskrift för Musikforskning [Swedish Review of Music Research]. Annual. Pub. by Svenska Samfundet för Musikforskning, Stockholm.
- svenska Stadsförbundets Tidskrift [Review of the Swedish Federation of Municipalities]. Organ för Sveriges Städer, Öppningar och Municipal-samhällen [Organ for Towns, Villages and Municipalities of Sweden]. Twenty times a year. Pub. by Svenska Stadsförbundets Tidskrift, Stockholm C, Gustaf Holfs Torg 14.
- sveriges Allmänna Konstförenings Publikation [The Publication of the Swedish Art Society]. Annual. Pub. by Sveriges Allmänna Konstförening, Stockholm 7, B. P. 7002.
- sveriges Flotta [The Swedish Navy]. Monthly. Pub. by Sveriges Flotta, Förening för Sjövärn och Sjöfart, Stockholm Ö.
- sveriges Ridderskaps och Adels Kalender [Yearbook of Sweden's Knighthood and Aristocracy]. Annual. Pub. by Adelskammars Direktionen, Stockholm. Genealogies.
- svio-Estonica [Sweden-Estonia]. Irreg. Ed.: P. Wieselgren, Eslöv, Södergatan 14, for Svensk-Estniska Samfundet.
- Sydsvenska Ortnamnssällskapets Årsskrift [Yearbook of the South Sweden Society of Toponymy]. Annual. Pub. by Sydsvenska Ortnamnssällskapets Förlag, Lund.
- Täljebygden [Tälje Country]. Annual. Pub. by Östra Södermanlands Kulturhistoriska Förening, Södertälje.
- Tekniska Museets Årsbok. See Daedalus.
- Tofterydsbygden [Tofteryd Country]. Irreg. Pub. by Tofteryds Sockens Hembygdsförening, Tofteryd.
- Uppland. Årsbok för Medlemmarna i Upplands Fornminnesförening [Yearbook for the Members of the Uppland Antiquarian Society]. Annual. Pub. by Upplands Fornminnesförening, Uppsala.
- Upplands Fornminnesförenings Tidskrift [The Review of the Antiquarian Society of Uppland]. Irreg. Pub. by Upplands Fornminnesförening, Uppsala.
- Vadsbobygden [Vadsbo Country]. Tidskrift för Vadsbo Hembygds- och Fornminnesförening [Review of the Vadsbo Homeland and Antiquarian Society]. Annual. Pub. in Torsö.
- Vår Hembygd [Our Homeland]. Annual. Pub. by Huskvarna Hembygdsförening, Huskvarna.
- Vår Marin [Our Navy]. Marinens Årsbok [Yearbook of the Navy]. Annual. Pub. by Hörsta Förlag, Stockholm.
- Värendsbogder [Värend Country]. Annual. Pub. by Norra Allbo Hembygdsförening, Alvesta.
- Värmdö Skeppslags Fornminnesförenings Årsbok [Yearbook of the Antiquarian Society of the District of Värmdö]. Annual. Pub. in Norrtälje.
- Värmland Förr och Nu [Värmland, Past and Present]. Meddelanden från Värmlands Fornminnes- och Museiförening [Communications from the Association for Värmland's Antiquity and Museum]. Annual. Pub. by Värmlands Fornminnes- och Museiförening, Värmlands Museum, Karlstad.
- Västergötlands Fornminnesförening [The Antiquarian Society of Västergötland]. Irreg. Pub. by Västergötlands Fornminnesförening, Skara.
- Västerbotten. Annual. Pub. by Västerbottens Läns Hembygdsförening, Umeå.
- Västmanlands Fornminnesförenings Årsbok [Yearbook of the Antiquarian Society of Västmanland]. Irreg. Pub. by Västmanlands Fornminnesförening, Västerås.
- Ymer. Quarterly. Pub. by Generalstabens Litografiska Anstalt, Stockholm, Vasagatan 16, for Svenska Sällskapet för Antropologi och Geografi [The Swedish Society for Anthropology and Geography].

SERIES

The list below contains non-periodical publications which appear under a common title. Most of them are monographs published by scholarly societies. Frequently history is only one of several subjects dealt with. Longer citations are given of publications in history (except local history) and auxiliary disciplines of history. Local historical publications, and those from related fields which contain historical material more rarely are cited in the same short form normally allotted to the supplementary periodicals list.

Acta Archaeologica Lundensia [Lund Archeological Papers]. Irreg. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for Lunds Universitets Historiska Museum. Contents: Monographs in Scandinavian archeology. In Swedish or English; Swedish monographs with German summaries. Two series: Series in quarto: (1955: No. 2); first pub. in 1954. Series in octavo: (to date one no. pub. in 1957).

Acta Bibliothecae R. Universitatis Upsaliensis [Publications of the Royal University Library of Uppsala]. Irreg. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Uppsala. In Swedish, English and German; last 2 vols. with German summaries.

Acta Lapponica [Papers on the Lapps]. Irreg. (1958: Vol. 13). First pub. in 1938. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell/Geber,

Stockholm. for Nordiska Museet, Stockholm. Editor: E. Manker. Contents: Research papers on the Lapps. In Swedish, German or English. Illustrated.

Acta Musei Antiquitatum Septentrionalium Regiae Universitatis Upsaliensis [Proceedings of the Museum of Nordic Antiquities at the Royal University of Uppsala]. Irreg. (1954: No. 4). Pub. by Uppsala Universitets Museum för Nordiska Fornsaker [Museum of Nordic Antiquities at the University of Uppsala]. Editor: Sune Lindqvist, Uppsala. Contents: Monographs on the excavations at Valsgärde. In German. Two series: Die Gräberfunde von Valsgärde [The Grave Discoveries at Valsgärde]; irreg. (1954: No. 2); first pub. in 1942. Valsgärde-Studien [Studies on Valsgärde]; irreg. (1945: No. 2); first pub. in 1942.

Acta Universitatis Stockholmiensis [Papers of Stockholm University]. Irreg. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Stockholm. Contents: Monographs in English, German or French, or in Swedish with summaries in one of these languages. Of various series, the following are on history:

Stockholm Studies in History. Editors: T. Höjer, F. Lindberg, G. T. Westin. (1958: vol. 1-2). Twentieth century political history.

Stockholm Studies in History of Art. Editors: S. Karling and K. E. Steneberg. (1958: vol. 3:1). First pub. in 1956.

Stockholm Studies in History of Literature. Editors: H. Olsson and E. N. Tigerstedt. (1958: vol. 3). First pub. in 1956.

Acts and Investigations. See Kungl. Livrustkammaren.

Anthroponymica Suecana [Swedish Personal Names]. Irreg. (1958: Vol. 3). First pub. in 1955. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Stockholm. Editor: I. Modéér, Uppsala. Contents: Studies on the names of Swedish men and women, primarily for the purpose of preparing a dictionary of Old Swedish personal names, planned by the Swedish Personal Name Committee ("Personnamnskommittén"). Vols. 1 and 2 in Swedish with English summaries, vol. 3 in German.

Antikvariska Serien. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitetsakademiens Handlingar.

Antikvariskt Arkiv. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitetsakademiens Handlingar.

Arbetarnas Bildningsförbunds Skriftserie [Series of Publications of the Workers' Cultural Association]. Irreg. Pub. by Arbetarnas Bildningsförbund, Stockholm Ö, Sköldungagatan 3.

Arbeten utgivna med Understöd av Vilhelm Ekmans Universitetsfond. See Bibliotheca Ekmaniana Universitatis Regiae Upsaliensis.

Arctos Svecica [The Swedish North]. "Studia selecta res vetustas illustrantia" [Selected Studies from the Field of Famous Antiquities]. Irreg. (1951: Vol. 4). First pub. in 1941. Pub. by H. Geber, Stockholm. Editor: Oskar Lundberg. Contents: Monographs on Swedish archaeology and its methods, and old Scandinavian poetry. Summaries in English, French or German.

Bibliotheca Ekmaniana Universitatis Regiae Upsaliensis [Ekman's Library of the Royal University of Uppsala]. "Publications du Fonds universitaire V. Ekman, Uppsala." Irreg. (1957: No. 61). First pub. in 1903. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Uppsala, for the Ekman Foundation. Contents: Monographs on cultural and political history, linguistics, philology, philosophy, theology, and catalogues of the incunabula in Swedish libraries. In German, Swedish, French or English.

Bibliotheca Historica Lundensis [Historical Library of Lund]. Irreg. (1958: No. 7). First pub. in 1955. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Historical Institute of Lund University. Editors: S. Bolin, J. Rosén. Contents: Monographs on Scandinavian history from the Middle Ages to the 19th century. Last 2 vols. with summaries in French.

Bibliotheca Theologiae Practicae [Library of Practical Theology]. Irreg. (1958: No. 7). First pub. in 1957. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund. Editors: Åke Andrén, Sven Kjöllnerström. Contents: Monographs on the history of the Swedish church from the Middle Ages to the 19th century, on liturgy and church laws. Generally with German or English summaries.

The Ethnographical Museum of Sweden. Monograph Series. Irreg. Pub. by Statens Etnografiska Museum, Stockholm. In English, French or German.

Fahlbeckska Stiftelsen. Skrifter [Publications of the Fahlbeck Foundation]. Irreg. (1957: No. 44). First pub. in 1920. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Foundation. Contents: Monographs on social, political, cultural and economic history, predominantly of Sweden since the Middle Ages. Sometimes with English summaries.

Filologisk-Filosofiska Serien. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitetsakademiens Handlingar.

Filologiskt Arkiv. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitetsakademiens Handlingar.

Forum Navale [Naval Forum]. Irreg. (1957: Vol. 14). First pub. in 1940. Pub. by Sjöhistoriska Samfundet, Statens Sjöhistoriska Museum, Kavallerivägen, Stockholm Ö. Contents: Mostly studies on Swedish maritime history.

Genealogiska Föreningen. Skrifter [Publications of the Genealogical Society]. Irreg. (1953: No. 6). First pub. in 1938. Pub. by Genealogiska Föreningen [Genealogical Society], Riksförening för Släktforskning [National Society for Genealogical Research], Stockholm 80, Försvarstabens Krigshist. avd. Editor: B. Furtenbach. Contents: Monographs on Swedish genealogy.

Genealogiska Föreningens Släktböcker [Family Books of the Genealogical Society]. Irreg. (1955: No. 9). First pub. in 1937. Pub. by Genealogiska Föreningen [Genealogical Society], Riksförening för Släktforskning [National Society for Genealogical Research], Stockholm 80, Försvarstabens Krigshist. avd. Editor: B. Furtenbach. Contents: Genealogical books of Swedish families.

Göteborgs Universitets Årsskrift [Yearbook of the University of Göteborg]. "Acta Universitatis Gotoburgensis." Title till 1954 (Vol. 60): Göteborgs Högskolas Årsskrift. Annual (1958: Vol. 64). First pub. in 1895. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Stockholm, for the University. Contents: Monographs on history (mainly cultural history), philology, literature, archeology, sociology, geography, statistics and medicine. Several separately bound studies constitute one volume. In Swedish, English, French, German or Italian.

Historiska Handlingar [Historical Documents]. Irreg. (1957: Vol. 36:2). First pub. in 1861. Pub. by Norstedt and Söner Stockholm, for Kungl. Samfundet för utgivande af Handskrifter rörande Skandinaviens Historia [The Royal Society for the Publication of Manuscripts in regard to the History of Scandinavia]. Contents: Historical documents on Scandinavian history in their original languages.

Historiska Serien. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitets Akademiens Handlingar.

Historiskt Arkiv. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitets Akademiens Handlingar.

Institutet för Rättshistorisk Forskning. Skrifter [Publications of the Institute for Research in Legal History]. Irreg. Pub. by Nordiska Bokhandeln, Stockholm, for the Institute. Two series:

Ser. 1. Rättshistoriskt Bibliotek [Library of Legal History]. (1958: Vol. 5). First pub. in 1952: Vol. 3; so far vols. 3-5 have been published. Contents: Monographs in legal history.

Ser. 2. Rättshistoriska Studier [Studies in Legal History]. (1957: Vol. 2). First pub. in 1951. Contents:

udies in Swedish legal history; bk. rev.; Vol. 1 includes a bibliography on Scandinavian literature on legal history, 1941-1950, Vol. 2 on the period 1950-1955.

stitutet för Västsvensk Kulturforskning. Skrifter [Publications of the Institute for Research in West Swedish Culture]. Irreg. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund. Sometimes with English summaries.

ngliga Gustav Adolfs Akademien för Folklivsforskning. Skrifter [Proceedings of the Royal Gustavus Adolphus Academy of Folklore Research]. Irreg. (1958: No. 32). First pub. in 1933. Pub. by Lundequistska Bokhandeln, Uppsala, for the Academy. Editor: Jöran Sahlgren. Monographs in folklore and linguistics, especially Swedish toponymy and dialects.

ngl. Humanistiska Vetenskapssamfundet i Lund. Skrifter [Publications of the Royal Society of Letters at Lund]. "Acta Regiae Societatis Humaniorum Litterarum Lundensis." Irreg. (1958: No. 55). First pub. in 1920. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Society. Contents: Monographs on cultural, church and constitutional history, literature, linguistics and archeology. In English, German, Swedish or French. When Swedish sometimes with a German or English summary.

ngl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet i Uppsala. Monografier [Monographs of the Royal Society for the Humanities Uppsala]. Irreg. (1938: No. 1). Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Uppsala for the Society. Editor: Secretary of the Society (Sune Lindqvist, Uppsala, St Larsgatan 6A). Contents: One number to date: *Türkische Urkunden* (in German and Turkish), documents from Swedish archives, with facsimile reproductions.

ngl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet i Uppsala. Skrifter [Publications of the Royal Society for the Humanities in Uppsala]. Irreg. (1958: No. 42). First pub. in 1890. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Uppsala for the Society. Editor: Secretary of the Society (Sune Lindqvist, Uppsala, St Larsgatan 6A). Contents: Studies on linguistics, the cultural history of Western civilization, philosophy, and history (mostly political) predominantly of Sweden; the latest numbers (or volumes) contained from 1-4 studies (or articles), earlier ones up to 18. In Swedish, German, English or French. Summaries in English.

ngl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet i Uppsala [Royal Society for the Humanities in Uppsala]. *Uppländska Domböcker* [Court Records from Uppland]. Irreg. (1956: Vol. 9). First pub. in 1925. Pub. by Kungl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet, Uppsala. Contents: Medieval court records from the province of Uppland.

ngl. Livrustkammaren [Royal Armory]. *Acts and Investigations*. Irreg. (1943: No. 4). First pub. in 1900. Pub. by Kungl. Livrustkammaren, Stockholm Ö. Contents: Monographs on old Swedish arms, Swedish royal banners and regimental colors and arms production in Swedish history.

ngl. Livrustkammaren [Royal Armory]. *The Major Series*. Irreg. (1951: no vol. indic.). First pub. in 1930. Pub. by Kungl. Livrustkammaren, Stockholm Ö. Contents: Monographs on the Swedish royal house. Sometimes with a summary in English or French.

ngl. Livrustkammaren [Royal Armory]. *Picture Books*. Irreg. (1950: no vol. indic.). First pub. in 1927. Pub. by Kungl. Livrustkammaren, Stockholm Ö. Contents: Illustrated books of famous objects in the Royal Armory and of items connected with Swedish campaigns in Finland, Poland and Denmark.

ngl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitets Akademiens Handlingar [Proceedings of the Royal Academy of Letters, History and Antiquities]. First pub. in 1789. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Stockholm. These are now divided in several series, among others the following, which appear at irregular intervals:

Antikvariska Serien [Antiquarian Series]. (1956: vol. 6). First pub. in 1954. Contents: Studies in archeology, fine arts, history of architecture, etc. In German or Swedish (usually with a summary in German).

Antikvariskt Arkiv [Antiquarian Archives]. (1958: vol. 9). First pub. in 1954. Contents: Studies in archeology, history of art and numismatics. In Swedish, sometimes in German or English.

Filologisk-Filosofiska Serien [Philological-Philosophical Series]. (1958: vol. 5). First pub. in 1954. Contents: Mostly philology and literary history, also ethnological matters. In Swedish, usually with a summary in German; one vol. in English.

Filologiskt Arkiv [Philological Archives]. (1957: vol. 4). First pub. in 1955. Contents: History of philology or literature. In French, Swedish, English or Spanish.

Historiska Serien [Historical Series]. (1958: vol. 4). First pub. in 1957. Contents: Monographs on history, mostly of Scandinavia. In Swedish, sometimes with summaries in English or German.

Historiskt Arkiv [Historical Archives]. (1957: vol. 6). First pub. in 1954. Contents: Studies in Swedish and foreign history. Mostly in Swedish, summaries in English, German or French.

Monografier [Monographs]. (No nos. indic.). First pub. in 1905. Contents: Monographs in archeology and history of art. In German, Swedish, English or French.

Sveriges Runinskrifter [Runic Inscriptions in Sweden]. Nine vols. to date. First pub. in 1900, not complete. Editors: E. Wessén and S. B. F. Jansson.

Kyrkohistoriska Arkivet i Lund. See Meddelanden, and Opuscula Instituti Hist.-Eccl. Lundensis.

Landsmåls- och Folkminnesarkivet i Uppsala. Skrifter [Publications from the Archive for Dialect and Folklore. Uppsala]. "Schriften des Institutes für Mundarten und Volkskunde in Uppsala." Pub. by Landsmåls- och Folkminnesarkivet, Universitetsbiblioteket, Uppsala. Editor: Dag Strömbäck.

Ser. A: *Folksmål* [Dialect]. Irreg. (1955: No. 11). First pub. in 1940. Contents: Monographs on Swedish dialects.

Ser. B: *Folkminnen och Folkliv* [Folklore and Folklife]. Irreg. (1953: No. 8). First pub. in 1943. Contents: Monographs on Swedish folklore and ethnology.

Ser. C: *Lapskt Språk och Lapsk Kultur* [Lappish Language and Lappish Culture]. Irreg. (1958: No. 2). First pub. in 1946. Contents: No. 1: H. Grundström, *Lule-lapsk Ordbok* [Dictionary of the Lulelapps]. Fasc. 1 1946 to Fasc. 12: 2 1954. No. 2: Lapska Sångar. *Texter och Melodier från Svenska Lappland* [Songs of the Lapps. Words and Melodies from Swedish Lappland]. I. Jonas Eriksson Steggo's Sångar [Songs of Jonas Eriksson Steggo]. 1958.

Lärdomshistoriska Samfundet. See Lychnos-Bibliotek.

Linköpings Biblioteks Handlingar. Ny Serie [Proceedings of the Library of Linköping. New Series]. Irreg. Pub. by Linköpings Stiftsbiblioteks Vänner [Friends of the Diocesan Library of Linköping], Stifts- och Landsbiblioteket, Linköping.

Liv och Folkkultur [Life and Culture of the People]. Irreg. Pub. by Samfundet för Svensk Folklivsforskning [Association for Swedish Folklore]. Editor: S. Erixon, Stockholm-Vällingby, Ormängsgatan 63. Two series: Ser. A (1953: Vol. 7); First pub. in 1948. Ser. B (1955: Vol. 1). Contents: Monographs on Swedish ethnology and culture.

Lund Social Science Studies. See Samhällsvetenskapliga Studier.

Lunds Universitets Årsskrift [Yearbook of the University of Lund]. "Acta Universitatis Lundensis." *Avdelningen I* [Section I]: *Teologie, Juridik och Humanistiska Ämnen* [Theology, Law and Humanities]. Ny följd [New Series]. Annual (1956: Vol. 52). First pub. in 1864. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the University. Contents: Mono-

graphs on philology, political and cultural history, law, literature, philosophy and liturgy. In Swedish, German or English. Swedish studies occasionally with a summary in German or English. Several separately bound studies constitute one volume. Volume 40a (1948) contains an index of articles, subjects and authors for the years 1905 to 1944.

Lychnos-Bibliotek [Lychnos Library]. Irreg. (1956: no no. indic.). First pub. in 1936. Pub. by Lärdomshistoriska Samfundet [History of Science Society], Uppsala, N. Rudbecksgatan 14. Editor: Johan Nordström. Contents: Monographs on the history of science and intellectual history.

The Major Series. See Kungl. Livrustkammaren.

Meddelanden från Kyrkohistoriska Arkivet i Lund [Communications from the Archive of Church History in Lund]. Irreg. (1957: No. 12). First pub. in 1942. Pub. by Kyrkohistoriska Arkivet, University of Lund. Editor: Hilding Pleijel, Lund. Contents: Monographs on the church in Sweden, its customs, worship, liturgy and history; on archival holdings and bibliographies of devotional literature.

Meddelanden från Postmuseum [Communications of the Postal Museum]. Irreg. (1957: No. 32). First pub. in 1919. Pub. by Kungl. Generalpoststyrelsen, Stockholm. Contents: Articles on the history of the post office department and studies in philately; reports on the collections of the Postal Museum. In English or Swedish.

Monografier utg. av K. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet i Uppsala. See Kungl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet i Uppsala.

Monografier utg. av Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitetsakademiens Handlingar. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitetsakademiens Handlingar.

Nomina Germanica [Germanic Names]. Arkiv för Germansk Namnforskning [Archives of Research on Germanic Names]. Irreg. (1954: No. 11). First pub. in 1937. Pub. by Lundequistska Bokhandeln, Uppsala, and Rosenkilde and Bagger, Copenhagen. Editor: J. Sahlgren. Contents: Studies on Germanic toponymy and personal names. Earlier vols. in Swedish, recent vols. in German, English or French.

Nordiska Museets Handlingar [Proceedings of the Scandinavian Museum]. Irreg. (1958: No. 50). First pub. in 1932. Pub. by Nordiska Museet, Stockholm No. Contents: Monographs on Swedish cultural history and Swedish artisans' products. Illustrated. Sometimes with summaries in English, French or German.

Opuscula Instituti Hist.-Eccl. Lundensis [Studies of the Institute for Church History in Lund]. Irreg. (1958: No. 5). First pub. in 1952. Pub. by Kyrkohistoriska Arkivet [Archive of Church History], Univ. of Lund, Lund. Editor: Hilding Pleijel. Contents: Monographs on the Swedish church and its relations to Swedish folklife. In English, German or Swedish. Swedish studies with an English summary.

Picture Books. See Kungl. Livrustkammaren.

Samhällsvetenskapliga Studier [Social Science Studies]. Irreg. (1957: No. 14). First pub. in 1946. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Institutes of Economic History and Social Science, Lund University. Contents: Studies in social, political and economic history, economics and statistics. In Swedish, English or German. Sometimes with English summaries. English vols. pub. under the title: Lund Social Science Studies.

Samlingar och Studier till Svenska Kyrkans Historia [Studies in the History of the Church of Sweden]. Irreg. (1956: No. 34). First pub. in 1940. Pub. by Svenska Kyrkans Diakonistyrelses Bokförlag, Stockholm 7, Jakobsbergsgatan 15. Editor: Hilding Pleijel. Contents: Monographs on Swedish church history from the Middle Ages to the present. Summary in German. Illustrated.

Samlingar och Studier utg. av Svenskt Arkivsamfund. See Svenskt Arkivsamfund.

Samlingar utg. av Svenska Fornskrift-Sällskapet. See Svenska Fornskrift-Sällskapet.

Skånsk Senmedeltid och Renässans [The Scanian Provinces during the late Middle Ages and the Renaissance]. Irreg. Pub. by Vetenskaps-Societeten i Lund, Lund.

Skrifter utg. av Fahlbeckska Stiftelsen. See Fahlbeckska Stiftelsen.

Skrifter utg. av Genealogiska Föreningen. See Genealogiska Föreningen.

Skrifter utg. av Institutet för Rättshistorisk Forskning. See Institutet för Rättshistorisk Forskning.

Skrifter utg. av Institutet för Västsvensk Kulturforskning. See Institutet för Västsvensk Kulturforskning.

Skrifter utg. av Kungl. Gustav Adolfs Akademien för Folklivsforskning. See Kungl. Gustav Adolfs Akademien för Folklivsforskning.

Skrifter utg. av Kungl. Humanistiska Vetenskapssamfundet i Lund. See Kungl. Humanistiska Vetenskapssamfundet i Lund.

Skrifter utg. av Kungl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet i Uppsala. See Kungl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Samfundet i Uppsala.

Skrifter utg. av Statsvetenskapliga Föreningen i Uppsala. See Statsvetenskapliga Föreningen i Uppsala.

Skrifter utg. av Svenska Institutet i Athen. See Svenska Institutet i Athen.

Skrifter utg. av Svenska Institutet i Rom. See Svenska Institutet i Rom.

Skrifter utg. av Svenska Kyrkohistoriska Föreningen. See Svenska Kyrkohistoriska Föreningen.

Skrifter utg. av Svenska Riksarkivet. See Svenska Riksarkivet.

Skrifter utg. av Svenska Sällskapet för Missionsforskning. See Svenska Sällskapet för Missionsforskning.

Skrifter utg. av Vetenskaps-Societeten i Lund. See Vetenskaps-Societeten i Lund.

Skrifter utg. genom Landsmåls- och Folkminnesarkivet i Uppsala. See Landsmåls- och Folkminnesarkivet i Uppsala.

Sockenmonografier [Monographs of Villages]. Irreg. Pub. by Förlag Björkåbruk, Stockholm, for Samfundet för Svensk Folklivsforskning. Editor: S. Erixon, Stockholm-Vällingby, Ormångsgatan 63.

Statsvetenskapliga Föreningen i Uppsala. Skrifter [Publications of the Uppsala Society of Political Science]. Irreg. (1958: No. 39). First pub. in 1933. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Stockholm, for the Society. Editor: C. A. Hessler, Skytteanum, Uppsala. Contents: Monographs on European constitutional and political history, concentrating on Sweden.

Stockholm Studies. See Acta Universitatis Stockholmiensis.

Studia Ethnographica Upsaliensis [Uppsala Studies in Ethnography]. Irreg. (1958: Vol. 15). First pub. in 1950. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Uppsala. Editors: A. Furumark, S. Lagercrantz and G. Widengren. Contents: Studies in ethnography, predominantly of Africa. In English, French or German. Illustrated.

Svenska Akademiens Handlingar [Proceedings of the Swedish Academy]. Annual. Pub. by P. A. Norstedt and Söners, Stockholm, for the Academy.

Svenska Arkivsamfundets Skriftserie [Series of Publications of the Swedish Archives Association]. Annual (1958: No. 4).

First pub. in 1953. Pub. by Svenska Arkivsambundet, Stockholm. Editor: O. Jägerskiöld, Riksarkivet, Stockholm, Arkivgatan 3. Contents: Articles on archives, primarily in Sweden, and on paper and printing; reports on archival congresses; review articles; bibliography (mostly in Swedish) of articles and books on Swedish archives. Illustrated.

Svenska Fornskrift-Sällskapet. Samlingar [Collections published by the Swedish Society for Old Manuscripts]. Irreg. Pub. by Svenska Fornskrift-Sällskapet, c/o Carl Ivar Ståhle, Lidingö 1, Gärdesvägen 28. Two series:

Ser. 1. Svenska Skrifter [Swedish Documents]. (1958: No. 220, Supplement 23). First pub. in 1844. Contents: Editions of Swedish medieval manuscripts with introduction and commentary.

Ser. 2. Latinska Skrifter [Latin Documents]. (1956: No. 5). First pub. in 1924. Contents: Editions of Latin documents concerning Sweden with introduction and commentary.

Svenska Humanistiska Förbundets Skrifter [Publications of the Swedish Society for the Humanities]. Irreg. Pub. by P. A. Norstedt and Söner, Stockholm, for the Society.

Svenska Institutet i Athen. Skrifter [Publications of the Swedish Institute in Athens]. "Acta Instituti Atheniensis Regni Sueciae." Irreg. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Institute. Two series:

Series Prima. (1957: No. 6). First pub. in 1951. Contents: Monographs on archeology. In English or German. In quarto.

Series Altera. (1957: No. 5). First pub. in 1951. Contents: Monographs on Greek religion, history and philology. In English or German. In octavo.

Svenska Institutet i Rom. Skrifter [Publications of the Swedish Institute in Rome]. "Acta Instituti Romani Regni Sueciae." Irreg. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Institute. Two series:

Series Prima. (1954: No. 19). First pub. in 1932. Contents: Studies mostly in Roman archeology. In quarto.

Series Altera. (1955: No. 8). First pub. in 1939. Contents: Studies in Roman religion, epigraphy, topography and Latin philology. In octavo.

Svenska Kyrkohistoriska Föreningen. Skrifter, Ny Följd [Publications of the Swedish Society of Church History. New Series]. Irreg. (1956: No. 11). First pub. in 1950. Pub. by Almqvist and Wiksell, Stockholm, for the Society. Contents: Monographs on Swedish post-Reformation church history. In Swedish, one so far in German.

Svenska Kyrkohistoriska Föreningen. See also Kyrkohistorisk Årsskrift.

Svenska Riksarkivet. Skrifter [Publications of the Swedish National Archive]. Irreg. Pub. by Svenska Riksarkivet, Stockholm. Only one number published to date:

No. 1: Joh. Ax. Almqvist, Frälsegodsen i Sverige under förhållanden med särskild hänsyn till proveniens och säteri- ändring [Freeholds in Sweden during its Time as a Great Power with Special Regard to the Formation of Society and the Development of Manors]. Första delen [First Part]. Stockholm and Uppsala Län [The Provinces of Stockholm and Uppsala]. Stockholm, 1931. Andra delen [Second Part]. Nyköpings län och Livgedingets Södermanlandsdel [The Province of Nyköping and the Livgedingets Part of Södermanland]. Stockholm, 1934/35. Tredje delen [Third Part]. Östergötland. Stockholm, 1946/47.

Svenska Sällskapet för Missionsforskning. Skrifter [Publications of the Swedish Society for Missionary Research]. Irreg. (1952: Vol. 4). First pub. in 1946. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Society. Editor: Bengt Sundkler, Uppsala.

Contents: Biographical studies of Swedish missionaries and monographs on religion. In Swedish, English or German.

Svenska Vapenhistoriska Sällskapetets Skrifter. N. S. [Publications of the Swedish Society for the History of Arms. New Series]. Irreg. (1957: No. 5). First pub. in 1926. New Series in 1951. Pub. by Svenska Vapenhistoriska Sällskapet, Kungl. Armémuseum, Stockholm 7, B. P. 7075. Editor: N. E. Hellsten. Contents: Articles on the history of Swedish arms. English, German or French summaries.

Svenskt Arkivsambund. Samlingar och Studier [Collections and Studies published by the Swedish Archival Society]. Irreg. (to date No. 1 pub. in 1956). Pub. by Svenskt Arkivsambund, Riksarkivet, Stockholm. Editorial Board: I. Andersson, S. Tunberg, S. Engström, J. Liedgren. Contents: Articles primarily on Swedish history and technical studies of archives.

Svenskt Diplomatarium - Diplomatarium Suecanum [Collection of Swedish Diplomas]. Irreg. Pub. by Diplomatariekommissionen (Public Record Office), Riksarkivet, Stockholm. Contents: Swedish public records, with commentaries and, if the original is written in a foreign language, with abstracts in Swedish. Two series:

Svenskt Diplomatarium - Diplomatarium Suecanum [Collection of Swedish Diplomas]. (1953: Vol. 8, No. 1). First pub. in 1829. Contains the public records for the years 817-1365, except for the years 1356-1360 which will be pub. in Vol. 7. Every Vol. contains place, name and subject indices.

Separately published: Svenskt Diplomatarium - Diplomatarium Suecanum [Collection of Swedish Diplomas]. Ort-, Person- och Sakregister - Indices Nominum Locorum, Personarum et Rerum [Place, Name and Subject Indices]. 2 vols. Stockholm 1910.

Svenskt Diplomatarium från och med År 1401 [Collection of Swedish Documents from, and including, the Year 1401]. Pub. from 1875-1903/04. Contains the public records for the years 1401-1420. Every Vol. contains place, name and subject indices.

Pub. separately by the Riksarkivet: Diplomatarium Suecanum [Collection of Swedish Documents]. Appendix. Acta Pontificum Suecica [Proceedings of the Swedish Bishops]. I. Acta Cameralia [Legal Papers]. Pub. from 1936-1957. Contains pontifical documents between 1062-1429. With Swedish abstracts and Swedish commentaries. 2 vols.

Svenskt Liv och Arbete [Swedish Life and Work]. Irreg. (1957: Vol. 22). First pub. in 1947. Pub. by Nordiska Museet, Stockholm. Contents: Descriptions, based mostly on personal experience, of the life of various social strata with emphasis on the lower classes.

Sveriges Runinskrifter. See Kungl. Vitterhets Historie och Antikvitetsakademiens Handlingar.

Uppländska Domböcker. See Kungl. Humanistiska Vetenskaps-Sambundet i Uppsala.

Uppsala Universitets Årsskrift [Yearbook of the University of Uppsala]. "Acta Universitatis Upsaliensis." Annual, in two volumes (1955: no vol. indic.). First pub. in 1861. Pub. by Lundequistiska Bokhandeln, Uppsala, for the University. Contents: Monographs on philology, linguistics, literature, folklore, philosophy, theology and sociology, not confined to any one area or period; the last number contains the annual report of the University of Uppsala, with a bibliography of studies and articles published during the academic year. In Swedish, English, German, French and Polish. Occasional summaries in French or German.

Uppsala Universitets Museum för Nordiska Fornsaker. See Acta Musei Antiquitatum Septentrionalium Regiae Universitatis Upsaliensis.

Utrikespolitiska Institutets Publikationer [Publications of the Institute of International Affairs]. Irr.

Ser. 1. Skrifter utgivna av Utrikespolitiska Institutet [Publications of the Institute of International Affairs].

Ser. 2. Internationell Politik [International Politics].

Ser. 3. Kriget 1939-1945 [The War of 1939/45].

Ser. 4. 1950-talets Världspolitik [World Politics in the 1950s]. Pub. by Utrikespolitiska Institutet, Stockholm, Birger Jarlsgatan 20. Contents: Monographs on political developments in the 20th century.

Vetenskaps-Societeten i Lund. Skrifter [Publications of the Society of Sciences at Lund]. Irreg. (1957: No. 52). First pub. in 1920. Pub. by C. W. K. Gleerup, Lund, for the Society. Contents: Monographs on philology, philosophy and the cultural history of Western civilization, especially the ancient period, and the constitutional, cultural and economic history of Sweden. In Swedish, German, English, French and Italian. Studies in Swedish after 1948 generally contain a summary in German, English or French.

Vetenskaps-Societeten i Lund. See also Skånsk Senmedeltid och Renässens.

ANNOUNCEMENT

This number of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS contains the last country installment of the World List of Historical Periodicals. This annotated list was included in HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS (and the H. A. Bulletin) because of the lack of adequate reference material which contained up-to-date information on serial publications in history and related fields.

We are now accelerating our efforts to complete worldwide collection of information on serial publications in history and related fields. The results will be published as a book, "Historical Periodicals," in about six months. Further information about this book, which will give up-to-date annotations on approximately 4,000 publications, will be found in an advertisement in this number. This book will be followed some months later by "Historical Series," a similar publication on series. Research on these is somewhat more diffi-

cult as so many scholarly publications are often barely known beyond the small membership group of the respective societies.

Beginning 1960 HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS (and the H. A. Bulletin) will from time to time carry revisions of "Historical Periodicals" and "Historical Series." These revisions will

- 1) announce serial publications and series which were discontinued
- 2) publish complete data on new serials and series, and
- 3) note significant changes in existing serials and series.

The broad criteria for inclusion are indicated in the advertisement in this number.

PERIODICALS LIST

HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS started abstracting articles beginning with issues (fascicles) of periodicals appearing after 1 June 1954, using the date indicated on the journal. An exception was made if an annual publication with a 1953 or earlier imprint was published in 1954 or later. Also, on journals added to our coverage since then, abstracting started with the first number which appeared after 1 January 1955. Any journal now being published which is to be added in the future will be abstracted retroactively to 1 January 1955. Readers are thus assured of bibliographical control of historical articles within the indicated scope of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS from that date.

Volume 4, Number 1 contained an alphabetical list of periodicals covered by HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS. Additions are published in each subsequent number, and a cumulative list, arranged by countries, will be published in the forthcoming Index Number.

The last country list was published in the Index Number of Volume 3.

Journal titles in languages other than English, German or the Romance languages will be translated in the Index Number.

PERIODICALS ADDED TO THE COVERAGE OF HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS

since Vol. 4, No. 2/3

Africa South (South Africa)
 Aktuellt och Historiskt (Sweden)
 Archivni Casopis (Czechoslovakia)
 Buletin ng Kapisanang Pangkasaysayan ng Pilipinas
 (Philippines)
 Eesti NSV Teaduste Akadeemia Toimetised (USSR)

Eesti NSV Teaduste Akadeemia Toimetised. Ühiskonnateaduste Seeria (USSR)
 Izvestiya na Instituta za Bulgarska Istorija (Bulgaria)
 Journal of the Arms and Armour Society (Great Britain)
 Sborník Prací Filosofické (Czechoslovakia)

Historical Abstracts

1775-1945

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БИБЛИОГРАФИЯ МИРОВОЙ ПЕРИОДИЧЕСКОЙ ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ

世界各國期刊目錄

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THIS VOLUME OF HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS
IS DEDICATED
TO THE MEMORY OF

Evelyn Ellen Boehm

27 April 1956 to 25 November 1958

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PERIODICALS LIST

VOLUME 4

Relevant aspects of the policy of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS are listed.

HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS started abstracting articles beginning with issues (fascicles) of periodicals appearing after 1 June 1954, giving the date indicated on the journal. All currently published periodicals which are added to the coverage will be abstracted retroactively to 1 January 1955, or to the date thereafter when they commenced publication. Readers are thus assured of bibliographical control of historical articles within the indicated scope of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS from that date.

Periodicals are listed below according to the following pattern:

Name of periodical. Translation of title (from languages other than English, German or the Romance languages). Frequency of appearance.

ABBREVIATIONS

B	- Biennial	B-M	- Bi-monthly
A	- Annual	M	- Monthly
S-A	- Semi-annual	S-M	- Semi-monthly
3 x y	- 3 times a year	B-W	- Bi-weekly
Q	- Quarterly	W	- Weekly
Irr.	- Irregular	D	- Daily

Africa

(See also Near and Middle East)

ALGERIA

Revue Africaine Q.
Revue de la Méditerranée B-M.

MOROCCO

Al-Jallat al-Abhath al-Maghribiyyah wa'l-Andalusiyyah [Bulletin of Moroccan and Andalusian Studies] A.
Auritanian muda

SUDAN

Sudan Notes and Records S-A.

TUNESIA

Annales de Tunisie Q.
Tunisia Q.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA

South Africa Q.

Albania

Shkencat Shqërore [Social Science Bulletin] Q.

Andorra

Andorra A.

Argentina

Argentina Austral M.
Boletín del Instituto de Investigaciones Históricas "Juan Manuel de Rosas" Q.
Boletín Instituto de Estudios Políticos Irr.
Boletín de Historia de España W.
Boletín de Genes Q.
Boletín de Radios M.
Boletín de Geología A.
Boletín de Historia Q.
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Boletín de Historia de la Cultura S-A.
Boletín de Educación M.

Argentina [continued]

Revista de la Academia Americana de la Historia
Revista de la Facultad de Derecho y Ciencias Sociales B-M.
Revista del Instituto de Historia del Derecho M.
San Martín. Revista del Instituto Nacional Sanmartiniano Q.
Stornia Irr.
Universidad S-A.

Australia

Australasian Journal of Philosophy Q.
Australian Journal of Politics and History S-A.
Australian Outlook Q.
The Australian Quarterly Q.
Current Notes on International Affairs M.
Historical Studies. Australia and New Zealand S-A.
Journal and Proceedings. Royal Australian Historical Society Irr.
The Victorian Historical Magazine Q.

Austria

Anzeiger der Österreichischen Akademie der Wissenschaften Irr.
Archiv für Österreichische Geschichte A.
Forum M.
Die Furche W.
Jahrbuch der Gesellschaft für die Geschichte des Protestantismus in Österreich A.
Jahrbuch des Oberösterreichischen Musealvereines A.
Jahrbuch des Vereines für Geschichte der Stadt Wien A.
Mitteilungen des Instituts für Österreichische Geschichtsforschung A.
Mitteilungen des Oberösterreichischen Landesarchivs Irr.
Mitteilungen des Oberösterreichischen Staatsarchivs A.
Österreichische Monatshefte M.
Österreichisches Archiv für Kirchenrecht Q.
Religion, Wissenschaft, Kultur Q.
Sitzungsberichte der Österreichischen Akademie der Wissenschaften. Philosophisch-Historische Klasse Irr.
Tagebuch M.
Der Wächter 3 x y.
Wiener Geschichtsblätter Q.
Wiener Zeitschrift für die Kunde des Morgenlandes A.
Wissenschaft und Weltbild Q.

Austria [continued]

Wort und Wahrheit M.
Zeitschrift für Katholische Theologie Q.
Die Zukunft M.

Belgium

Anciens Pays et Assemblées d'Etat Irr.
Annales de la Société d'Emulation des Bruges.
Handelingen van het Genootschap voor Geschiedenis. Gesticht onder de Benaming "Société d'Emulation" te Brugge Q.
Archives, Bibliothèques et Musées de Belgique S-A.
Bulletin de l'Académie Royale des Belges de la Classe des Lettres et des Sciences Morales et Politiques Irr.
Bulletin de la Classe des Lettres et des Sciences Morales et Politiques. Académie Royale de Belgique. Mededelingen van de Klasse der Letteren en der Morele en Staatkundige Wetenschappen. Koninklijke Academie van België M.
Bulletin de la Commission Royale d'Histoire. Handelingen van de Koninklijke Commissie voor Geschiedenis Q.
Bulletin de la Société Belge d'Etudes Napoléoniennes 3 x y.
Bulletin des Séances. Académie Royale des Sciences Coloniales B-M.
Les Cahiers de Bruges Q.
Cîteaux [formerly: Cîteaux in de Nederlanden (Cîteaux in the Low Countries)]. Q.
Civilisations Q.
Clair-Lieu S-A.
Collectanea Ordinis Cisterciensium Reformatorum [Papers of the Reformed Cistercian Order] Q.
Franciscana. Tijdschrift voor Franciscanische Geschiedenis en Bibliografie [Journal of Franciscan History and Bibliography] 3 x y.
Handelingen der Maatschappij voor Geschiedenis en Oudheidkunde van België [Proceedings of the Ghent Society of History and Archeology] Irr.
Histoire et Enseignement A.
Jaarboek. Federatie van de Kringen voor Geschiedenis en Oudheidkunde van België [Yearbook Federation of the Societies for History and Archeology of Belgium] A.
Revue Belge de Philologie et d'Histoire Q.
Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique Q.
Revue de l'Institut de Sociologie Q.
Synthèses M.
Zaire M.

Bolivia

Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica "Sucre" A.

Brazil

Boletim Paulista de Geografia S-A.
Revista de História Q.
Revista do Instituto Histórico e Geográfico Brasileiro Q.
Revista do Museu Julio de Castilhos e Arquivo Histórico do Estado do Rio Grande do Sul Irr.

British West Indies

The Caribbean Historical Review Irr.
Caribbean Quarterly Q.
Current Caribbean Bibliography A.

Bulgaria

Godishnik na Filosofsko-Istoricheska Fakultet [Annals of the Faculty of Philosophy and History] A.
Istoricheski Pregled [Historical Review] B-M.
Izvestiya na Instituta za Bulgarska Istoriya [Bulletin of the Institute of Bulgarian History] A.

Canada

The Beaver Q.
British Columbia Historical Quarterly Q.
Bulletin des Recherches Historiques Q.
The Canadian Historical Review Q.
Canadian Journal of Economics and Political Science Q.
External Affairs M.
International Journal Q.
Queen's Quarterly Q.
Revue d'Histoire de l'Amérique Française Q.
Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, Sections I and II A

Chile

Anales de la Universidad de Chile Q.
Atenea M.
Boletín de la Academia Chilena de la Historia B-A.
Estudios B-M.
Finis Terrae 3xy.
Revista Bibliográfica Chilena Q.
Revista Chilena de Historia y Geografía Q.
Revista de Marina M.

China**PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

Chin-tai-shih tzü-liao [Materials on Modern History] B-M.
Ching-chi yen-chiu [Researches in Economics] B-M.
Chu-i yü kuo-ts'ê [Dogma and National Stratagem] B-W.
Chung-kuo k'o-hsüeh-yüan li-shih yen-chiu-so ti-san-so chi-k'an [Journal of the Third Institute of the Institute of History of the Academia Sinica] A.
Chung-kuo yü-wen [The Chinese Language Monthly] M.
Hsin-hua yüeh-pao [New Language Monthly] M.
Hsin-Ya hsüeh-pao [New Asia Monthly] M.
Hsüeh-hsi [Intellectual History] M.

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Hsüeh-shu chi-k'an [Academic Review] Q.
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K'o-hsüeh chiao-yü [Science Education] B-W.
K'o-hsüeh t'ung-pao [Scientia] M.
Li-shih chiao-hsüeh [History Teaching] M.
Li-shih yen-chiu [Study of History] M.
Pei-ching ta-hsüeh hsüeh-pao [Peking University Gazette] Q.
Shih chieh chih-shih [World Events] B-W.
Shih-hsüeh [History] Supplement of Kuang-ming-jih-pao B-W.
Wên shih ch'ê (-Shantung Ta-hsüeh hsüeh-pao chih-i) [Literature, History and Philosophy (-one of the Shantung University Journals)] M.
Wên-i hsüeh-hsi [The Literature and Art Study] M.
Wên-wu ts'an-k'ao tz'ü-liao [Journal of Museums and Relics] M.

HONG KONG

Contemporary China A.
Journal of Oriental Studies S-A.
T'eng-t'a [Lighthouse Magazine] M.

TAIWAN (FORMOSA)

Ch'eng-lun chou-k'an [China Critic] W.
Chiao-yü yü-wên-hua [Education and Culture] W.
[Chung-yang yen-chiu yuan] li-shih yü-yen yen-chiu-so chi-k'an [Bulletin of the Institute of History and Philology, Academia Sinica] A.
Hsüeh-shu Chi-k'an [Academic Review] Q.
Sh'ê hui k'o-hsüeh lun-t'sun [Journal of Social Science]
Shi-ta hsüeh-pao [Bulletin of the Taiwan Normal University] Irr.
Ta-lu tsa-chih [Special Issue of the Continent Magazine] Irr.
Wên shi ch'ê hsüeh-pao [Review of Literature, History and Philosophy] Irr.

Colombia

América Española M.
Anuario de Labores
Anuario General de Estadística Colombia
Archivo Histórico Nacional
Boletín de Historia y Antigüedades Irr.
Boletín de la Academia de Historia del Valle del Cauca Q.
Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Colombia Q.
Boletín Historial M.
Bolívar M.
Estudio Irr.
Hacaritama Irr.
Historia Q.
Hojas de Cultura Popular Colombiana M.
Prometeo M.
Repertorio Boyacense Q.
Revista de América
Revista de Historia Q.
Revista del Colegio Mayor de Nuestra Señora del Rosario Irr.
Revista Javeriana M.
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Universidad de Antioquia B-M.
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Universitas Irr.
Virtud y Letras Q.
Ximénez de Quesada M.

Costa Rica

Memoria de la Academia de Geografía e Historia de Costa Rica Irr.

Costa Rica [continued]

Revista de la Universidad de Costa Rica S-A.
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Cuba

Anales de la Academia de la Historia Irr.
Archivo José Martí Irr.
Boletín del Archivo Nacional B-M.
Revista Bimestre Cubana B-M
Revista de la Biblioteca Nacional Q.
Revista del Instituto Nacional de Cultura Q.

Czechoslovakia

Archiv Orientální [Journal of the Czechoslovak Oriental Institute] Q.
Archivní Časopis [Archival Review] Q.
Časopis Matice Moravské [Review of the "Matic Moravské"] S-A.
Česká Literatura [Czech Literature] Q.
Československý Časopis Historický [Czechoslovak Journal of History] Q.
Historický Časopis [Journal of History] Q.
Nová Mysl [New Thought] M.
Praha Moskva [Prague - Moscow] 10 x y.
Sborník Archivních Prací [Collection of Archive Studies of the Archive of the Ministry of Interior] S-A.
Sborník Prací Filozofické Fakulty Brněnské University. Řada Historická (C) [Collection of Works of the Philosophical Faculty of the University of Brno. Historical Series] A.
Slezský Sborník [Silesian Journal] Q.
Slovanský Přehled [Slavonic Review] 10 x y.

Denmark

Arv og eje [Inheritance and Possession] A.
Budstikken [The Messenger] A.
Centaurus. International Magazine of the History of Sciences and Medicine Irr.
Danske Magazin [Danish Magazine] A.
Erhvervshistorisk årbog [Yearbook of Business History] A.
Fortid og nutid [Past and Present]. Tidsskrift for kulturhistorie og lokalhistorie [Journal of Cultural and Local History] Irr.
Historisk Tidsskrift [Historical Review] Irr.
Historisk-filosofiske meddelelser [Historical-Philosophical News] Irr.
Historisk-filosofiske skrifter [Historical-Philosophical Writings] Irr.
Historiske Meddelelser om København [Historical Notes on Copenhagen] Irr.
Jyske samlinger [Jutland Collections]. Tidsskrift for Danmarks historie [Journal for the History of Denmark] S-A.
Kirkehistoriske samlinger [Collections of Ecclesiastical History] A.
Kulturminde [Cultural History] A.
Nationaløkonomisk tidsskrift [Economic Review]. For samfundsspørgsmål, økonomi og handel [On Social Problems, Economics and Trade] B-M.
Økonomi og Politik [Economics and Politics] Q.
Personalhistorisk tidsskrift [Genealogical Journal] Q.
Sprog og kultur [Language and Culture] Irr.

Dominican Republic

Boletín del Archivo General de la Nación Q.
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Irr.
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Journal for Finland] Q.
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France

Actualité de l'Histoire Irr.
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Yugoslavia] Irr.
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ue d'Economie Politique B-M.

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Revue d'Histoire des Colonies Q.
Revue d'Histoire des Sciences et de leurs
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Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique Q.
Revue d'Histoire Economique et Sociale Q.
Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine
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Revue de Défense Nationale M.
La Revue de Paris M.
Revue de l'Enseignement Philosophique B-M.
Revue de l'Histoire des Religions Q.
Revue des Etudes Roumaines Irr.
Revue des Travaux de l'Académie des Sci-
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Rendus de ses Séances S-A.
Revue du Nord Q.
Revue Historique Q.
Revue Historique de Droit Français et Etran-
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Revue Historique de l'Armée Q.
Revue Internationale d'Histoire Militaire Q.
Revue Internationale d'Histoire Politique et
Constitutionnelle [New title: Politique.
Revue Internationale des Doctrines et
des Institutions]
Revue Internationale de Droit Comparé Q.
La Revue Libérale Q.
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Revue Socialiste M.
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Germany**EAST GERMANY****[Deutsche Demokratische Republik]**

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Historische Klasse Irr.
Archivmitteilungen Q.
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Sitzungsberichte der Deutschen Akademie
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Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Ernst Mo-
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Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Friedrich-
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und Sprachwissenschaftliche Reihe Irr.
Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Humboldt-
Universität. Gesellschafts- und Sprach-
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Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Martin-Lu-
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Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Universi-
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Zeitschrift für Geschichtswissenschaft B-M.

WEST GERMANY**[Deutsche Bundesrepublik]**

Abhandlungen der Akademie der Wissenschaft-
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Abhandlungen der Bayerischen Akademie der
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Archiv des Völkerrechts Q.
Archiv für Kulturgeschichte 3 x y.
Archivalische Zeitschrift A.
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Belorussian Review Irr.
Bulletin [of the] Institute for the Study of the
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Byelaruski Zbornik [Belorussian Review] Q.
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Deutsche Universitätszeitung B-W.
Dokumente B-M.
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Freie Gesellschaft M.
Funken M.
Die Gegenwart S-M.
Geist und Tat M.
Geschichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht M.
Heidelberger Jahrbücher [formerly: Neue
Heidelberger Jahrbücher] A.
Historische Zeitschrift 3 x y.
Historisches Jahrbuch A.
Hochland B-M.
Internationales Jahrbuch der Politik Q.
[ceased publication]
Internationales Jahrbuch für Geschichtsunter-
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Der Islam Irr.
Jahrbuch für Amerikastudien A.
Jahrbuch für die Geschichte Mittel- und Ost-
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Jahrbuch für Internationales Recht A.
Jahrbücher für Geschichte Osteuropas Q.
Látohatár [Horizon] B-M.
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Merkur M.
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Nachrichten der Akademie der Wissenschaft-
en in Göttingen. Philologisch-Histori-
sche Klasse Irr.
Nachrichten der Gesellschaft für Natur- und
Völkerkunde Ostasiens S-A.
Nationalpolitisches Forum M.
Neue Deutsche Hefte M.
Neue Heidelberger Jahrbücher [New title:
Heidelberger Jahrbücher]
Die Neue Rundschau Q.
Neues Abendland Q. [ceased publication]
Osteuropa M.
Ostkirchliche Studien Q.
Ost-Probleme S-M.
Politische Studien M.
Review of Eastern Medical Sciences Q.
Ruperto-Carola Irr.
Saeculum Q.
Die Sammlung M.
Schicksalslinie M.
Schmollers Jahrbuch für Gesetzgebung, Ver-
waltung und Volkswirtschaft B-M.
Slobodna Jugoslavija [Free Yugoslavia] Q.
Sowjet Studien S-A.
Stimmen der Zeit M.
Sudeten Bulletin M.
Südostforschungen A.
Ukrainian Review A.
Ukrayin's'kyi Zbirnyk [Ukrainian Review] Q.
Universitas M.
Vestnik Instituta po Izucheniu SSR [Journal
of the Institute for the Study of the USSR]
B-M.
Vierteljahresschrift für Sozial- und Wirt-
schaftsgeschichte Q.
Vierteljahrshefte für Zeitgeschichte Q.
Wehrkunde M.
Wehrwissenschaftliche Rundschau M.
Die Welt als Geschichte Q.
Zeitschrift der Savigny-Stiftung für Rechts-
geschichte A.
Zeitschrift für Kirchengeschichte 3 x y.
Zeitschrift für Ostforschung Q.
Zeitschrift für Politik Q.
Zeitschrift für Religions- und Geistesge-
schichte Q.
Zeitwende M.

Great Britain

Africa Q.
 African Affairs. Journal of the Royal African Society Q.
 Agricultural History Review S-A.
 The Amateur Historian Q.
 Annals of Science Q.
 Archives S-A.
 The Asian Review Q.
 Atlante Q.
 The Baptist Quarterly Q.
 Bellona Q.
 The Bodleian Library Record S-A.
 British Journal of Educational Studies S-A.
 The British Journal of Sociology Q.
 The British Survey M.
 Bulletin of Hispanic Studies Q.
 Bulletin of the British Society for the History of Science Irr.
 Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research S-A.
 Bulletin of the Japan Society of London 3 x y.
 Bulletin of the John Rylands Library Manchester S-A.
 Bulletin [of the] Military Historical Society Q.
 Bulletin of the School of Oriental and African Studies 3 x y.
 Bulletins on Soviet Economic Development Irr.
 Ceja Zimes [Road Signs] B-M.
 Central Asian Review Q.
 The Contemporary Review M.
 Cylchgrawn Llyfrgell Genedlaethol Cymru.
 The National Library of Wales Journal S-A.
 The Durham University Journal 3 x y.
 Eastern World M.
 The Economic History Review 3 x y.
 Economic Journal Q.
 Economica Q.
 Educational Review 3 x y.
 Encounter M.
 The English Historical Review Q.
 The Geographical Journal Q.
 The Guildhall Miscellany A.
 The Historical Journal S-A.
 History 3 x y.
 History Today M.
 Innes Review S-A.
 International Affairs Q.
 International Review of Missions Q.
 The Islamic Quarterly Q.
 Jewish Observer and Middle East Review W.
 Journal of the Arms and Armour Society Q.
 Journal of Ecclesiastical History S-A.
 Journal of the Friends' Historical Society S-A.
 Journal of Jewish Studies Q.
 Journal of the Presbyterian Historical Society of England A.
 Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland S-A.
 Journal of the Royal Central Asian Society Q.
 Journal [of the] Royal United Service Institution Q.
 Journal of Semitic Studies Q.
 The Journal of the Society for Army Historical Research Q.
 Journal of the Society of Archivists S-A.
 The Journal of Transport History S-A.
 Korean Survey 10 x y.
 The Manchester School of Economic and Social Studies 3 x y.
 The Mariner's Mirror Q.
 Memoirs and Proceedings of the Manchester Literary and Philosophical Society A.
 Mind Q.
 The Month M.
 The National and English Review M.
 National Library of Wales Journal S-A.
 Niepodległość [Independence] A.
 Notes and Queries M.
 Oxford Economic Papers 3 x y.
 Oxford Slavonic Papers Irr.
 Parliamentary Affairs Q.

Great Britain [continued]
 Past and Present S-A.
 Philosophy Q.
 The Political Quarterly Q.
 Political Studies 3 x y.
 Population Studies 3 x y.
 Proceedings of the British Academy A.
 Proceedings of the Huguenot Society of London A.
 Proceedings of the Leeds Philosophical and Literary Society. Literary and Historical Section Irr.
 Proceedings of the Royal Institution of Great Britain A.
 Proceedings of the Wesley Historical Society Q.
 Public Administration Q.
 The Quarterly Review Q.
 The Round Table Q.
 Scottish Historical Review S-A.
 Scottish Journal of Political Economy 3 x y.
 Slavonic and East European Review S-A.
 The Sociological Review S-A.
 Soviet Studies Q.
 St. Anthony's Papers 3 x y.
 Teki Historyczne [Historical Papers] Irr.
 Times Literary Supplement W.
 Transactions of the Cambridge Bibliographical Society A.
 Transactions of Congregational Historical Society Irr.
 Transactions [of the] Royal Historical Society A.
 Transactions of the Unitarian Historical Society A.
 Twentieth Century M.
 The Ukrainian Review Q.
 University of Birmingham Historical Journal A.
 Wiadomości [News] W.
 World Liberalism Q.
 Yorkshire Bulletin of Economic and Social Research S-A.

Greece

Angloellinikí Epitheórissi [Anglo-Hellenic Review] Q.
 Archeion Evvo'ikôn Meletôn [Archive of Euboean Studies] Irr.
 Archeion ton Oikonomikon kai Koinonikon Epistemon [Archives of Economic and Social Sciences] A.
 Athiná [Athena] A.
 Deltion tis Istorikís kai Ethnologikís Etairías tis Elládos [Bulletin of the Historical and Ethnological Society of Greece] A.
 Dodekanisiakón Archeion [Dodecanesian Archive] A.
 Ekklesiá [The Church] B-W.
 Elliniká [Matters pertaining to Greece and Greeks] S-A.
 Epetirís Etairías Byzantinôn Spoudôn [Annual Bulletin of the Society of Byzantine Studies] A.
 Epetirís tou Archeiou tis Istorías tou Ellinikoú Dikafou [Annual of the Archive of the History of Greek Law] A.
 Epistemonike Epeterís tes Philosophikes Scholes tou Panepistimiou Thessalonikes [Scientific Annual of the Philosophical Faculty of the University of Thessalonike] A.
 Epistimonikí Epetirís tis Philosophikís Scho-lis tou Panepistimíou Athinôn [Scientific Annual of the Philosophical Faculty of the University of Athens] A.
 L'Hellénisme Contemporain B-M.
 Kritiká Chroniká [Cretan Chronicles] 3 x y.
 Kypriaká Spoudá [Cypriot Studies] A.
 Laographía [Folklore] S-A.
 Lesviaká Deltion tis Etairías Lesviakôn Meletôn [Bulletin of the Society of Studies concerning Mytilíni] Irr.

Greece [continued]
 Makedoniká [Matters pertaining to Macedonia] Irr.
 Mikrasiatiká Chroniká [Chronicles of Asia Minor] Irr.
 Néon Athínaion [New Athenaeum] S-A.
 Peloponnisiaká [Peloponnesian Review] A.
 Theologia [Theology] Q.

Guatemala

Anales de la Sociedad de Geografía e Historia de Guatemala A.
 Antropología e Historia de Guatemala S-A.
 Escuela de Farmacia Q.
 Universidad de San Carlos Q.

Haiti

Revue de la Société Haïtienne d'Histoire, de Géographie et de Géologie Q.

Honduras

Boletín Mensual de Información M.
 Revista del Archivo y Biblioteca Nacionales Irr.

HONG KONG

(See China, Hong Kong)

Hungary

Acta Historica. Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae Q. (resumed publication in 1958)
 Századok [Centuries] B-M.

India

Bengal, Past and Present S-A.
 India Quarterly Q.
 Indo-Asian Culture Q.
 Itihas [History] Q.
 The Journal of Indian History 3 x y.
 Journal of the United Service Institution of India Q.
 Journal of the University of Bombay S-A.
 Report of the Regional Records Survey Committee for West Bengal Irr.
 United Asia B-M.

Indonesia

Indonesia Irr.

Ireland

[Northern Ireland and Irish Republic]

Archivum Hibernicum. Irish Historical Records A.
 Bulletin of the Irish Committee of Historical Sciences Q.
 Hermathena S-A.
 Irish Ecclesiastical Record M.
 Irish Geography A.
 Irish Historical Studies S-A.
 The Irish Sword S-A.
 Journal of the Cork Historical and Archaeological Society S-A.
 Journal of the County Kildare Archaeological Society Irr.
 Journal of the County Louth Archaeological Society Irr.
 Journal of the Royal Society of Antiquaries of Ireland S-A.

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 roceedings and Reports of the Belfast Nat-
 ural History and Philosophical Society Irr.
 roceedings of the Royal Irish Academy. Sec-
 tion C Irr.
 anchas Ardmhacha. Journal of the Armagh
 Diocesan Historical Society A.
 studies Q.
 ster Journal of Archaeology S-A.

Italy

evum B-M.
 nali della Scuola Superiore Normale di
 Pisa Q.
 ntonianum Q.
 rchivi Q.
 rchivio Storico Italiano Irr.
 rchivum Franciscanum Historicum Q.
 ti della Accademia delle Scienze di Tori-
 no S-A.
 ollettino dell'Istituto Storico e di Cultura
 dell'Arma del Genio Q.
 ollettino di Psicologia e Sociologia Appli-
 cate
 a Civiltà Cattolica S-M.
 vitas M.
 ollectanea Franciscana Q.
 omunità Europea
 omunità Internazionale Q.
 onvivium B-M.
 rvinia S-A.
 adernos de Trabajo de la Escuela Española
 de Historia y Arqueología Irr.
 plomazia M.
 st and West Q.
 onomia e Storia Q.
 storica B-M.
 lian Affairs B-M.
 Mondo W.
 Movimento di Liberazione in Italia Q.
 ova Antologia di Lettere, Arti e Scienze M.
 ova Rivista Storica 3 x y.
 ovi Argomenti B-M.
 cidente B-M.
 iente Moderno M.
 Politica Parlamentare M.
 Politico 3 x y.
 Ponte M.
 aderni di Cultura e Storia Sociale M.
 assegna degli Archivi di Stato 3 x y.
 assegna Italiana di Politica e di Cultura M.
 assegna Storica del Risorgimento Q.
 altà Sociale d'Oggi M.
 elazioni Internazionali W.
 Risorgimento 3 x y.
 rista di Storia della Chiesa in Italia 3 x y.
 rista di Studi Politici Internazionali Q.
 rista Internazionale de Scienze Sociali B-M.
 rista Militare M.
 rista Storica Italiana Q.
 rietà B-M.
 di Politici Q.
 di Romani B-M.
 sse 3 x y.

Japan

Kenkyū [Asian Research] Q.
 ademia 3 x y.
 yama Keizai Ronshu [The Aoyama Journal
 of Economics] Q.
 nka [Culture] B-M.
 sen Gakuhō [Korean Studies] S-A.
 sen Geppō Bessatsu I, Kenkyū Shiryō dai-
 issū [Korea Monthly] M.
 mporary Japan M.
 me Daigaku Kiyō dai-ichi-bu Jimbun Ka-
 gaku [Memoirs of the Ehime University:
 Section I, Humanistic Science] A.
 ne Ronsō [Hikone Economic Review] B-M.
 toria Q.

Japan [continued]
 Hitotsubashi Ronsō [The Hitotsubashi Re-
 view] M.
 Hōgaku Kenkyū [Research on Law] M.
 Hōgaku Ronsō [Law Review] B-M.
 Hōgaku Zasshi [Journal of Law] Q.
 Hōsei Ronshū [The Journal of the Associa-
 tion of Legal, Political and Economic
 Sciences] Q.
 Hokkaidō Daigaku Bungaku-bu Kiyō [The An-
 nual Reports on Cultural Science] A.
 Hōsei Daigaku Bungaku-bu Kiyō [Bulletin of
 the Faculty of Letters, Hōsei University]
 A.
 Hōsei-shi Kenkyū [Studies in History of
 Law] A.
 Ibaraki Daigaku Bunrigakubu Kiyō [Bulletin
 of the Faculty of Liberal Arts, Ibaraki
 University] A.
 Iwate Shigaku Kenkyū [Iwate Historical Re-
 search] A.
 Jimbun Gakuhō [Studies on the Humanities
 (Kyoto)] A.
 Jimbun Gakuhō [Studies on the Humanities
 (Tokyo)] Q.
 Jimbun Kenkyū [Research in the Humanities]
 M.
 Kanazawa Daigaku Hōbun Gakubu Ronshū Tet-
 sugaku Shigaku-hen [Department of Japan-
 ese Literature, Issue of Philosophy and
 History, Kanazawa University] M.
 Kansai Daigaku Bungaku Ron-shū [Essay and
 Studies, Kansai University] A.
 Keizai Riron [Economic Theory] B-M.
 Keizai Ronsō [Collected Essays on Econom-
 ics] M.
 Keizai Shirin [Economic Review] Q.
 Keizaigaku [Economics] A.
 Keizaigaku Zasshi [Journal of Economics] M.
 Kindai Chūgoku Kenkyū [The Study of Mod-
 ern China]
 Kindai Nihonshi Kenkyū [Research on Mod-
 ern Japan History] Irr.
 Kokka Gakkai Zasshi [Journal of the Nation-
 al Academy] B-M.
 Kokusai-hō Gaikō Zasshi [Journal of Inter-
 national Law and Diplomacy] B-M.
 Matsuyama Shōgyō Daigaku Ronshū [Col-
 lected Essays of the Matsuyam Univer-
 sity of Commerce] Q.
 Memoirs of the Research Department of
 the Toyo Bunko A.
 Mita Gakkai Zasshi [Journal of the Mita Aca-
 demy] M.
 Monumenta Nipponica S-A.
 Nagoya Daigaku Bungaku-bu Kenkyū Ronshū
 [Collected Essays on Research by the
 Faculty of Letters, Nagoya University] A.
 Nihon Rekishi [Japanese History] M.
 Nihon-shi Kenkyū [Research on Japanese
 History] B-M.
 Ochanomizu Joshi Daigaku Jimbun Kagaku
 Kiyō [Association of Humanistic Science,
 Ochanomizu Women's University] A.
 Ōkuma Kenkyū [Studies in Okuma and His-
 times] A.
 Ōsaka Gakugei Daigaku Kiyō [Association of
 the Osaka University of the Liberal Arts]
 Irr.
 Ōsaka Keizai Ronshu [Osaka Economic Re-
 view] 3 x y.
 Rekishi Hyōron [Critical Comments on His-
 tory] M.
 Rekishi gaku Kenkyū [Historical Research] M.
 Rekishi Kyoiku [History Teaching] M.
 Ritsumeikan Keizaigaku [The Ritsumeikan
 Economic Review] B-M.
 Saitama Daigaku Kiyō [Journal of the Sai-
 tama University] A.
 Seikei Daigaku Seiji Kei-zai Ronsō [The
 Journal of Political Science and Econom-
 ics] Q.
 Seikei Ronsō [Review of Politics and Eco-
 nomics] Q.

Japan [continued]
 Seiyō-shi-gaku [Studies in the History of the
 Occident] Q.
 Shakai Kagaku Kenkyū [Social Science Re-
 search] Q.
 Shakai Kagaku Kiyō [Association of Social
 Science] A.
 Shakai Kagaku Tokyū [Social Sciences] S-M.
 Shakai Keizai-shi-gaku [Socio-Economic
 History] B-M.
 Shakai-gaku Kenkyū [The Study of Sociol-
 ogy] Q.
 Shichō [Historical Papers] 3 x y.
 Shien [The Field of History] S-A.
 Shigaku [History] 3 x y.
 Shigaku Kenkyū [Research in History] Q.
 Shigaku Zasshi [Journal of History] M.
 Shikan [Observations on History] Q.
 Shimane Daigaku Ronshū [Bulletin of the Shi-
 mane University] A.
 Shirin [Historical Forest] B-M.
 Shisō [Historical Views] M.
 Shōgaku Rōnshū [Journal of Commerce,
 Economics and Economic History] Q.
 Takushoku Daigaku Ronshū [The Review of
 the Takushoku University] A.
 Tōhōgaku [Studies on the Orient] S-A
 Tōhō Gakuhō [Oriental Studies] Irr.
 Tōhoku Keizai [The Economy of Tohoku]
 Irr.
 Tōkushima Daigaku Gakugei Kiyō [Associa-
 tion of Liberal Arts, Tokushima Uni-
 versity] A.
 Tokyo Kyōiku-daigaku Bungaku-bu kiyō
 [The Bulletin of the Tokyo Kyōiku Uni-
 versity, Literature Department] Irr.
 Tōyō Bunka [Oriental Culture] B-M.
 Tōyō Bunka-Kenkyūsho Kiyō [The Memoirs
 of the Institute for Oriental Culture] A.
 Tōyō Gakuhō [Oriental Studies] Q.
 Tōyōshi-gaku Ronshū [Review of Oriental
 History] A.
 Tōyō-shi Kenkyū [Research on Oriental His-
 tory] B-M.
 Yamagata Daigaku Kiyō. Jimbun Kagaku
 [Bulletin of the Yamagata University.
 Cultural Science] Irr.

Korea

SOUTH KOREA
 [Republic of Korea]

Asiatic Research Bulletin M.
 Chindan Hakpo [Chindan (Korea) Journal]
 Irr.
 The Journal of Asiatic Studies Q.
 Sahoe Kwahak [Journal of Social Sciences] A.
 Yoksa Hakpo [History Studies] Irr.

Liechtenstein

Archives Diplomatiques et Consulaires M.
 Jahrbuch des Historischen Vereins für das
 Fürstentum Liechtenstein A.

Mexico

América Indígena Q.
 Anales del Instituto Nacional de Antropología
 e Historia A.
 Boletín Bibliográfico de Antropología Ameri-
 cana S-A.
 Boletín Bibliográfico de la Secretaría de
 Hacienda y Crédito Público S-M.
 Boletín Bibliográfico Mexicano B-M.
 Boletín de la Biblioteca Nacional Q.
 Boletín de la Sociedad Mexicana de Geografía
 y Estadística Irr.
 Boletín Indigenista Q.

Mexico [continued]

- Cuadernos Americanos B-M.
Estudios Históricos Irr.
Figuras y Episodios de la Historia de Mexico M.
Historia Mexicana Q.
Juan Diego M.
Memoria de la Academia Nacional de Historia y Geografía Irr.
Memorias de la Academia Mexicana de la Historia Q.
Revista de Historia
Revista de Historia de América S-A.
Revista Iberoamericana Irr.
Revista Internacional y Diplomática M.
Revista Mexicana de Sociología 3 x y.
Universidad Veracruzana Q.

Near and Middle East

EGYPT

- al-Hilāl [The Crescent]
al-Majalla al-tarikhiyya al-misriyya [The Egyptian Historical Review] Q.
Bulletin. Institut d'Égypte S-A.
Bulletin of the Faculty of Arts. University of Alexandria Irr.
Cahiers d'Histoire Egyptienne 5 x y.
Égypte Contemporaine Q.
Majallat Kuliyat al-Adāb bi Jāmi'at al-Iskandariyya [Bulletin of the Faculty of Arts in the University of Alexandria] Irr.
Majallat Ma'had al-Makhtūtāt al-'Arabiyyah bi Jāmi'at ad-Duwal al-'Arabiyyah [Bulletin of the Institute of Arabic Manuscripts of the League of Arab States] S-A.
Mélanges [Institut Dominicain d'Études Orientales] A.

IRAQ

- Majallat al-Majma' al-'Ilmī al-'Irāqī [Bulletin of the Iraq Academy] Irr.

ISRAEL

- Bulletin of the Muslim and Druze Division Q.
Hamizrah Hehadash [The New East] Q.
Zion Q.

LEBANON

- al-Abhāth [The Studies] Q.
al-Adib [The Liberator] M.
al-'Irfān [Knowledge] M.
al-Masarrāh [Good Will] M.
al-Mashriq [The East] B-M.
Awraq Lubnāniyyah [Lebanese Papers] M.
Mélanges de l'Université St. Joseph Irr.
Muhāḍarat al-Nuwah [Conference of the Cénacle] Q.

SYRIA

- Majallat al-Majma' al-'Ilmī al-'Arabī bi Dimashq [Bulletin of the Arab Scientific Society in Damascus] Q.

TURKEY

- Annales de l'Université d'Ankara Irr.
Islam Tetkikleri Enstitüsü Dergisi [Review of the Institute of Islamic Studies] Q.
Tarih Dergisi [Historical Review] S-A.
Türkiyat Mecmuası [Review of Turkish Studies] A.

Netherlands

- Akademiedagen [Meetings of the Academy] A.
Annalen van het Thijmgenootschap [Annals of the Thijm Society] 3 x y.
Bijdragen en Mededeelingen van het Historisch Genootschap Gevestigd te Utrecht [Contributions and Announcements of the Dutch Historical Society] [combined with: Verslag van de Algemene Vergadering van het Historisch Genootschap]
Bijdragen voor de Geschiedenis der Nederlanden [Contributions to the History of the Netherlands] Q.
Bijdragen voor de Geschiedenis van de Provincie der Minderbroeders in de Nederlanden [Contributions to the History of the Minors in the Netherlands] Irr.
De Gids [The Guide] M.
Indonesië [Indonesia] B-M.
International Review of Social History 3 x y.
Internationale Spectator [International Spectator] S-M.
Jaarboek van de Maatschappij der Nederlandse Letterkunde te Leiden [Yearbook of the Society of Dutch Literature in Leiden] B.
Mededeelingen der Koninklijke Nederlandse Akademie van Wetenschappen [Communications of the Royal Dutch Academy of Sciences] Irr.
Museum Q.
Nederlands Archief voor Kerkgeschiedenis [Netherlands Archives of Church History] Q.
Nederlands Archievenblad [Journal of Dutch Archives] 3 x y.
De Nieuwe Stem [The New Voice] M.
Oriens S-A.
Publicaties van het Genootschap voor Napoleontische Studiën [Publications of the Society of Napoleonic Studies] S-A.
Sacris Erudiri [Yearbook of Religious Studies] A.
Streven [Endeavor] M.
Tijdschrift voor Geschiedenis [Journal of History] 3 x y.
Tijdschrift voor Rechtsgeschiedenis [Journal of Legal History] Q.
T'oung Pao [General Review] Irr.
Verslag van de Algemene Vergadering van het Historisch Genootschap [Report of the General Meeting of the Dutch Historical Society] Q.
West-Indische Gids [West Indian Guide] Q.

New Zealand

- Landfall Q.
Political Science S-A.

Nicaragua

- Revista. Academia de Geografía e Historia de Nicaragua Irr.

Norway

- Historisk Tidsskrift [Historical Review] Q
Internasjonal Politikk [International Politics] 10 x y.
Det Kongelige norske videnskabers selskab. Skrifter [Proceedings of the Royal Norwegian Society of Sciences] A.
Norsk militært tidsskrift [Norwegian Military Review] M.
Norsk teologisk tidsskrift [Norwegian Theological Review] Q.
Det Norske videnskapsakademi i Oslo. Avhandlingar [Transactions of the Nor-

Norway [continued]

- wegian Academy of Science and Letters i Oslo]. II Historisk-filosofisk klasse [II Historical-Philosophical Section] A.
Det Norske videnskapsakademi i Oslo. Skrifter [Proceedings of the Norwegian Academy of Science and Letters in Oslo]. II Historisk-filosofisk klasse [II Historical-Philosophical Section] A.
Norvegia sacra. Årbok til kunnskap om den norske kirke i fortid og samtid [Yearbook of Information about the Norwegian Church Past and Present] Irr.
The Norway Yearbook Irr.
Samtiden [Our Time] 10 x y.
Universitetet i Bergen. Årbok [Yearbook of the University of Bergen]. Historisk-antivarisk rekke [Humanities Series] A.

Pakistan

- Pakistan Horizon Q.

Panama

- Academia Panameña de Historia Irr.
Lotería M.

Peru

- Ayacucho Irr.
Boletín Bibliográfico Q.
Boletín de la Biblioteca Nacional Irr.
Boletín de la Sociedad Geográfica de Lima Q.
Boletín del Instituto Riva Agüero Irr.
Cultura. Revista de la Dirección de Cultura Arqueología e Historia M.
Mercurio Peruano M.
Peru Indígena Irr.
Revista del Archivo Histórico del Cuzco Q.
Revista del Archivo Nacional del Perú S-A.
Revista del Centro de Estudios Histórico-Militares del Perú Irr.
Revista Histórica. Órgano del Instituto Histórico del Perú A.
Revista del Instituto Sanmartiniano del Perú Irr.
Revista del Museo Nacional A.
Revista del Museo Nacional de Historia A.
Salud y Bienestar Social

Philippines

- Buletin ng Kapisanang Pangkasaysayan ng Pilipinas [Bulletin of the Philippine Historical Association] Q.
Philippine Social Sciences and Humanities Review Q.
Philippine Studies Q.
Unitas Q.
University of Manila Journal of East Asiatic Studies Q.

Poland

- Archeion S-A.
Biuletyn Żydowskiego Instytutu Historycznego [Jewish Historical Institute] Q.
Bleter far Geszichte [Historical Papers] Q.
Czasopismo Prawno-Historyczne [Journal for Legal History] S-A.
Ekonomista [The Economist] B-M.
Etnografia Polska [Polish Ethnography] A.
Historia i Nauka o Konstytucji [History and Knowledge about the Constitution] B-M.
Kultura i Społeczeństwo [Culture and Society] Q.
Kwartalnik Historii Kultury Materialnej [Quarterly of the History of Material Culture] Q.

Land [continued]

- kwartalnik Historyczny [Historical Quarterly] B-M.
 kwartalnik Instytutu Polsko-Radzieckiego [Quarterly of the Polish-Soviet Institute] Q.
 Filozoficzna [Philosophical Thought] Q. [ceased publication]
 Nauka Polska [Science in Poland] Q.
 Nowe Drogi [New Ways] M.
 Przegląd Literacki [Literary Review] Q.
 Przegląd Słowiański [Slavonic Review] A. [ceased publication]
 Państwo i Prawo [State and Law] M.
 Przegląd Historyczny [Historical Review] Q.
 Przegląd Nauk Historycznych i Społecznych [Review of Historical and Social Sciences] A.
 Przegląd Orientalistyczny [Oriental Review] Q.
 Przegląd Socjologiczny [Sociological Review] Irr.
 Przegląd Zachodni [West Review] M.
 Rocznik Orientalistyczny [Oriental Yearbook] A.
 Roczniki Dziejów Społecznych i Gospodarczych [Annals of Social and Economic History] A.
 Roczniki Historyczne [Historical Yearbooks] Irr.
 Roczniki IR. [continued]
 Roczniki Międzynarodowe [International Affairs] M.
 Życie i Myśl [Life and Thought] B-M.
 Życie Szkoły Wyższej [University and College Life] M.

Portugal

- Anais de la Academia Portuguesa de Historia A.
 Boletim do Instituto Histórico da Ilha Terceira A.
 Bulletin des Etudes Portugaises et de l'Institut Français au Portugal A.
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VOLUME 4

Prepared by the staff of HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS,

with the collaboration of

LALIT ADOLPHUS, ANNETTE KUHN, WERNER RUF, ANNA K. SEIDEL

NOTE: The index was prepared from the abstracts, not from the articles. Recommendations by the abstracters on individual abstracts were considered, but the indexers avoided making entries which were not reflected

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INDEXING POLICIES

The emphasis in the annual subject, place and time index has been directed toward complementing a classification system used in HISTORICAL ABSTRACTS. The abstract classification pattern was designed primarily to satisfy search by periods and within these, by countries or areas. Except for the first five categories of the classification system (Bibliography, historiography, etc.), no general provision according to topical criteria has been provided nor would it have been practicable. In addition to the entries normally found in an index, this index concentrates on broad topical headings, such as Economic history, "with appropriate subheadings and further qualifying headings. There are more than forty topical headings in all.

These headings should be of service particularly to the persons who do not specialize exclusively the history of a given country or period, and they will, we hope, facilitate fruitful endeavors in comparative historical studies.

The topical headings conform generally to the expectations of persons trained in history, but occasionally they may not. Thus "coups d'état" have been grouped under "Revolutions and revolutionary movements, and political violence and coups d'état." It may appear at first too wide a sweep for the searcher, but we have found in practice, in the process of indexing, that broad headings are required to avoid "fractionating," that is, making necessary search in several places, with no certainty that any one heading contains all one may desire. Moreover, any system of classification involves decisions which may not be palatable to everyone. Broad and easily remembered headings lend an element of dependability to the index: the user can find the same type of information under the same heading year after year. To avoid any doubt about the findings, we cite them in full, and make ample use of cross-references.

The general topical headings are also used for the countries or areas, sometimes in somewhat modified form, or as combined headings. Bibliographical items, and those which are so broad they would go under more than two subheadings listed directly after the name of the country.

If a historic event or matter warrants separate treatment under a country, it will, if possible, be listed under the appropriate subheading, or the one deemed to fit best:

e.g. "Chartist movement" as a qualifying third heading under

"Great Britain
 politics, parties, government, and constitutional and legal history"

An item may not always fit perfectly under a given heading, but it will not be placed there if it does not fall under at least one aspect of the title.

A word of caution. The index topic selected is determined ultimately by the contents of the article. Hence any particular bias or ideological view may also be reflected in the index entries. For instance, if the author describes a particular event as revolutionary when it was in fact a strike to improve wages, without any genuine revolutionary manifestation, the interpretation of the author will be reflected under "Revolutions and revolutionary movements." It is the function of the individual user and specialist, not of the bibliography, to unravel the skeins of subjectivity.

Indexing has its pitfalls, and realism rather than modesty forces the editor to say that there can be no perfect index. We hope, however, that the results of our efforts in presenting a classified index will be of good service to the user. Suggestions or comments from the users are solicited, and will be carefully considered.

From the Indexing ABC:

Authors of articles are indexed in the subject index as well as the author index if their personal recollections are given.

"Foreign and other relations" under the countries is used to denote also cultural and intellectual relations. However, significant intellectual or cultural movements of a broad international character which are cited topically are not again cited under "foreign and other relations." For instance, "Liberalism" is cited topically under

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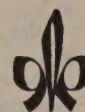
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Taking Kingship as his example Wolff-Windegg shows how the powers which are able to give permanence to an institution have to be constituted. Taking his illustrations from the rites, myths, and ceremonies of numerous peoples at various levels and stages of culture, occupies the 'mythical centre' and, by doing so, constitutes it as such. This ruler-figure - found in its purest form in ancient China - portrays at the same time the unity of the opposing types of the founder-king and the warrior-king (Romulus, David) and the priest-king (Numa, Solomon). Not only myths and sagas but also the works of modern writers provide impressive support for this picture of the King and the fundamental ideas of Kingship. The final impression, however, is not of a 'royalist' view of the world but rather of a world picture in which Kingship found its justification and its religious and social function.

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